

## Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS) – Safety of our people and environment

Section: Corporate Services	<b>Location:</b> Council facilities, parks, reserves and natural areas	Date: August 2022
Job / Task Description: VOLUNTEERS - PLANTING, MULCHING & HAND WEEDING	SWMS Ref #: 2	Next review date: August 2023

Training Required to Complete the Activ	rity:	This SWMS has been produced to comply with the following Legislation, Codes of Practice, Australian Standards and Guides:					
<ul> <li>1. List training accreditation required eg traffic Control, Confined Space, First Aid,</li> <li>SWAT induction</li> <li>At least one volunteer on site must have current first aid training</li> </ul>	2. Training details are located in:  ☐ Training Register in Authority	WHS Legislation 2017, WHS Act 2011, EP Procedure, WHS Policy, Sun Protection Pr Policy, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), PPE Procedure, National Standards For V First aid in the workplace, Code of Practice risks, Code of Practice – Labelling of workp Practice – Managing the risks of plant in the work environment and facilities. Hazard	ocedure, Training and Development ocedure, Lone Worker Procedure, PSC Volunteer Involvement, Code of Practice – e – How to manage work health and safety place hazardous chemicals, Code of e workplace, Code of Practice – Managing				
List Plant/Equipment/Tools required for the Activity:	List Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for the Activity:	List Equipment Maintenance Checks required for this Activity: e.g. daily inspection checklists, lifting slings, SWL, etc	Engineering Certificates /Permits/ Environmental Assessments Approvals required for this Activity e.g. demolition licences, road closure, hot works, confined spaces etc				
Mattock Secateurs Loppers Rakes Brooms Pitch fork Shovel Wheelbarrow	High vis vest Long sleeves/long pants Broad brim hat Sturdy shoes (closed in, non-slip) Gloves Sun screen and sun protection Insect repellent Sun glasses or other eye protection First Aid kit Hand sanitiser Effective communication	Daily inspection of all equipment required for the task.	<ul> <li>All works undertaken on Council land require the approval of Council prior to commencement of activity.</li> <li>A Specific Worksite Assessment and Toolbox (SWAT) form is to be completed by a Council Responsible Officer (RO) in conjunction with volunteer representatives prior to project starting. Only those volunteers directly inducted by a Council RO are then able to induct other volunteers.</li> <li>A Daily Attendance Form is required to be completed each day.</li> </ul>				

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Enterprise Risk Management System – Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS)

Version: 10

EDRMS: PSC2013-04700

	in the production and o	Potential for Environmental Harm							
Volunteers Coordinator	Parks Supervisors	WHS Officer	Natural Resources Team Leader	Air	Noise	Water	Soil	Flora & Fauna	Heritage
				Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
				*Please select	YES or NO fo	r each catego	ory- If selectir	ng YES also fill	box Red
Person(s) Respo	Person(s) Responsible for Supervising/ Inspecting Work:								
Person(s) respontools:	sible for supervising the v	pproving work areas, s	safe work method	statements, S	WAT's, prote	ctive measure	es, plant/ equip	oment & power	
Name:			sition: sition:			Signati Signati			

RISK ASSESSMENT GUIDELINES (Check for the following)									
Activity	Hazard/Risk	Initial Risk		Risk	Control Measures & Actions Required			After	Person Responsible
		L	С	Risk	(Implementation of risk control measures MUST be in accordance with the Hierarchy of Control)	L	C	Risk	respondible
Planting and hand weeding	Vegetation damage and destruction Lack of plant/weed knowledge	3	2	MED	<ul> <li>Follow supervisor instructions on weed removal techniques - if unsure of technical method ask supervisor.</li> <li>Identify your weed and lifecycle before removing.</li> <li>Seek advice on weeds/plants if unsure.</li> </ul>	2	3	MED	Council RO & Site Supervisor Volunteers
	Over clearing or re-infestation of weed species.	3	2	MED	<ul> <li>Pile or store weeded material as to prevent reinfestation. eg rafts or roots hung in trees</li> <li>Let natural regeneration dictate rate of weed removal.</li> </ul>	2	3	MED	Site Supervisor Volunteers
	Over clearing or opening up areas to weed invasion.	3	2	MED	Work from least infested to most infested areas (Bradley method)	2	3	MED	Council RO & Site Supervisor Volunteers
	Personal injury from contact with vegetation	3	2	MED	<ul> <li>Site induction by Supervisor.</li> <li>Wear suitable work clothing and PPE when working.</li> <li>Be aware of first aid kit location.</li> <li>Inform supervisor of any known plant allergies</li> </ul>	2	2	LOW	Council RO & Site Supervisor Volunteers
	Muscular strain/back injury	3	2	MED	<ul> <li>Use correct tools and manual handling techniques.</li> <li>Stretch and breaks as required.</li> <li>Use two person lift techniques if required.</li> <li>Refer to Hazardous Manual Tasks Code of Practice</li> </ul>	2	2	LOW	Site Supervisor Volunteers
Mulching	Contact with sharps (plastic, glass) contained within mulch  Insect bites, stings and allergies	3	2	MED	<ul> <li>Site induction by Supervisor.</li> <li>Wear suitable work clothing and PPE when working.</li> <li>Be aware of first aid kit location.</li> <li>Insect repellent available.</li> <li>Volunteers with allergies to advise site supervisor.</li> <li>Mobile phone and coverage.</li> </ul>	2	2	LOW	Site Supervisor Volunteers
	Inhalation of dust or liquid mists leading to Legionnaire's, hay fever or asthma	3	2	MED	<ul> <li>Avoid contact with skin and eyes through correct PPE.</li> <li>Avoid exposure to dust or liquid mists be wearing mask and eye protection.</li> <li>Keep mulch moist and do not do activity in dry windy conditions.</li> <li>Wash hands thoroughly after use, and clothes.</li> </ul>	2	2	LOW	Site Supervisor Volunteers

			RISK		SMENT GUIDELINES for the following)				
Activity	Hazard/Risk	Initial Risk		Risk	Control Measures & Actions Required (Implementation of risk control measures MUST be in			After tions	Person Responsible
		L	С	Risk	accordance with the Hierarchy of Control)		С	Risk	
	Allergic reaction to plants — • Eucalyptus hazard — toxic/skin irritant, if working with/planting eucalyptus (in particular mulching containing eucalyptus - it's the oil that may cause issues) ensure hands are washed before eating, drinking and smoking.	1	2	LOW	<ul> <li>Site induction by Supervisor.</li> <li>Wear suitable work clothing and PPE when working.</li> <li>Be aware of first aid kit location.</li> </ul>	1	2	LOW	Site Supervisor Volunteers
Set up/down, working outdoors, using tools etc	Various. Refer to WORKING OUTDOORS & TOOLS/EQUIPMENT SWMS	-	-	-	Refer to WORKING OUTDOORS & TOOLS/EQUIPMENT SWMS	-	-	-	Site Supervisor Volunteers

Note: Power tools are not permitted to be used by volunteers without site specific assessments and staff signoff.

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Note

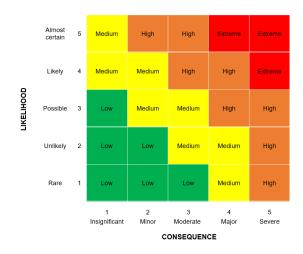
**Step 1:** Analyse the Consequences of each Risk Event using the **Consequence Criteria**. [Analysis 1 = prior to identified controls being applied (inherent risk)]

CONSEQUENCE		Insignificant (1)	Minor (2)	Moderate (3)	Major (4)	Severe (5)
Financial	Financial loss incurred directly	≤ \$50K	≤ \$250K	≤ \$1M	≤ \$5M	> \$5M
rillalicial	Excessive spend on Service Unit agreed budget	≤ 2.5%	≤ 5%	≤ 10%	≤ 25%	> 25%
Service delivery & assets	Impact of disruption to key operations, services or assets (including infrastructure)     Impact of remediation & recovery	Isolated impact on service or asset     Short-term customer inconvenience	Service disruption < 1 day     Assets degraded but still fit for purpose     Noticeable customer dissatisfaction     Minimal effort to resolve and resume normal operation	Service disruption < 5 days     Assets partially fit for purpose     Moderate customer inconvenience     Moderate effort to resolve and resume normal operation	Service disruption < 10 days     Unplanned outsourcing required to continue critical operations     Key assets are temporarily unfit for purpose     Major effort to resolve and resume normal operation	Long-term inability to deliver critical services     Key assets are long-term unfit for purpose     Extreme effort to resolve and resume normal operation
Reputation	Customer / community sensitivity Adverse social / media attention Key stakeholder relationships impacts Political attention (due to actions or decisions of Council &/or its workers)	Isolated complaints     One-off insignificant enquiries from local media or social media commentary     No brand or reputation damage	Minor localised adverse media / social media interest     Minor customer / community sensitivity     Minor loss of credibility with key stakeholders     Minor brand damage	Limited regional adverse media / social media attention     Moderate customer / community dissatisfaction     Moderate but temporary loss of credibility with key stakeholders     Moderate brand damage, but repairable	Widespread state media / social media adverse attention     Material customer / community dissatisfaction (multiple locality)     Significant damage to key stakeholder relationships     Major adverse political attention     Major brand damage, costly to remediate	Prolonged, extensive adverse national media / social media attention     Severe widespread community discontent & loss of trust     Extensive damage to key stakeholder relationships     Political censure or enquiry     Prolonged severe brand damage
Compliance	Regulatory attention / action Fines or penalties Legal action or prosecution	Isolated non-compliance     Short-term significance	Minor regulator warning or instruction     Individual minor legal actions	Substantial fine or penalty     Substantial legal action     Systemic non-compliance	Major fine or penalty     Multiple significant legal actions     Major systemic, recurring or significant breaches     Short-term regulator attention	Severe fine or penalty     Highly public, prolonged     significant legal action(s)     Dismissal of Council or     significant restrictions imposed     Potential or actual imprisonment     Severe adverse findings against     Council &/or officers     Extensive regulatory oversight
People	Safety & wellbeing of worker, contractor or member of public while on Council property or undertaking Council operations     Workplace relations     Employee morale & loyalty	Minor first aid.     No noticeable impact on morale     Minimal change to work     conditions	Minor medical attention required off-site     Minimal lost time     No long-term effects     Isolated loss of morale	Significant medical attention     Medium-term lost time     Short-term loss of morale     Industrial dispute or action localised at individual or team level	Major injury / illness or multiple serious     Long-term effects &/or lost time     Serious but localised loss of morale with moderate turnover     Industrial dispute or action localised at Section level	Fatality     Permanent disability / illness     Wide-spread loss of morale resulting in high turnover     Industrial action Council-wide
Environment & culture	Actual or potential impact on environment or items of cultural and/or heritage significance (places, sites or objects)	Negligible impact with no remediation required	Minor impact, reversible with short-term remediation required	Moderate impact, reversible with medium-term remediation required	Significant impact contained to site / project – irreversible or long-term remediation required	Significant ongoing impact, irreversible and not contained to site / project
	Quality sub-optimal (outcomes impacted)	Some minor requirements not met	A key requirement may not be met	Multiple key requirements may not be met	<ul> <li>Noticeable quality degradation requires remediation &amp; re- approval</li> </ul>	Major scope changes & quality degradation requires redesign
Project	Budget (whole of project) exceeded	≤ 2.5% of total project budget	≤ 5% of total project budget	≤ 10% of total project budget	≤ 25% of total project budget	> 25% of total project budget
	Delivery timeframe delay	No material milestone slippage	Some material milestone slippage	Multiple key milestone slippage, potential delay to delivery date	Multiple key milestone slippage requiring major revision of delivery date	Major timeframe over-run, requiring extensive revision of delivery date

**Step 2:** Analyse the Likelihood of the Risk Event occurring using the **Likelihood Criteria**. [Analysis 1 = prior to identified controls being applied (inherent risk)]

LIKELIHOOD Criteria	Descriptor	Frequency or Probability			
5 – Almost certain	Clear indication that the risk will materialise. Would be very surprised if it didn't.	Annual	> 90%		
4 – Likely	Risk is expected to occur. Would be quite surprised if it didn't.	1 in 2 year event	50 – 90%		
3 – Possible	Risk is not expected to occur, but would also not be surprised if it did.	1 in 4 year event	20 – 50%		
2 – Unlikely	Risk is not expected to occur, would be quite surprised if it did.	1 in 8 year event	5 – 20%		
1 - Rare	Would be very surprised if the risk occurred.	1 in 20 year event or less	< 5%		

**Step 3:** Plot the Inherent risk rating on the Matrix below.



Step 4: Confirm key controls to treat the risk (consider preventative, detective and responsive controls).

Step 5: Repeat steps 1-3 to analyse and assess the Residual Risk (i.e. risk after identified controls are applied).

	HIERARCHY OF CONTROLS						
Elimination	Remove the risk from the process by eliminating the step in the process – i.e. do not do it.	MOST PREFERABLE					
Substitution	Reduce risk by changing processes, materials or equipment to something that does the job more safely						
Isolation	Put in place physical preventative mechanisms – i.e. locks, alarms						
Engineering Control	Minimise the risk by engineering means – i.e. use a mechanical lifting device rather than manual handling techniques						
Administrative Control	Develop and implement work procedures – i.e. Safe Operating Procedures, training, direction, supervision, job rotation, consultation						
Personal Protective Equipment / Environmental Safeguard	Accept the initial hazards and protect personnel by using personal protective equipment to reduce the risk – i.e. safety glasses, ear muffs.  Accept the initial impact and protect the environmental with safeguards to reduce risk of pollution and harm – i.e. erosion and sediment controls, spill kits, wash down bays, water cart for dust suppression, no-go zones.	LEAST PREFERABLE					

**Note:** The cost associated with controlling the risk must also be considered, including whether the cost is grossly disproportionate to the risk.

Residual Risk Rating	Preferred Risk Treatment Options	Minimum reporting / escalation level for decision to cease or continue activity or take other necessary actions
	Preferred treatment options: AVOID	Group Managor
Fortuna	<ul> <li>Cease activity, process or task until further directed.</li> <li>Requires immediate escalation and active management through additional and effective treatment measures to reduce risk before</li> </ul>	Group Manager
Extreme	proceeding.  • Detailed planning required in consultation with relevant Group Manager (and/or General Manager) to prepare a risk management plan.	(escalate to General Manager as deemed necessary)
	• For safety risks, a Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS) must be approved by the Group Manager (and/or General Manager).	.,
	Preferred treatment options: AVOID, SHARE, REDUCE	Section Manager
High	<ul> <li>Subject to discussions with Section Manager (and/or Group Manager), consider ceasing activity, process or task temporarily to explore alternative options or review risk treatment strategies to enhance adequacy and effectiveness.</li> <li>For safety risks, a Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS) must be approved by the Section Manager (and/or Group Manager).</li> <li>Consider implementation of additional or improved controls to reduce risk to ALARP.</li> <li>Continue to monitor control effectiveness.</li> </ul>	(escalate to Group Manager as deemed necessary)
	Preferred treatment options: REDUCE, ACCEPT	Coordinator / Supervisor
Medium	<ul> <li>Subject to discussions with Coordinator or Supervisor (and/or Section Manager), review risk treatment strategies to determine their adequacy and effectiveness.</li> <li>Consider implementation of additional or improved controls to reduce risk to ALARP.</li> </ul>	(escalate to Section
	Continue to monitor control effectiveness.	Manager as deemed necessary)
	Preferred treatment options: ACCEPT	Responsible staff
Low	<ul> <li>Manage by existing approved procedures and work practices,</li> <li>Continue to monitor control effectiveness.</li> </ul>	(escalate as deemed necessary)

## **Version Control**

Version	Date	Author	Details
1.0	10/11/2010	WHS Manager	First Release - New document
2.0	9/3/2012	WHS Manager	Document reviewed March 2012 due to the new WHS Legislation. All reference to OHS was changed to WHS and <i>The cost associated with controlling the risk must also be considered, including whether the cost is grossly disproportionate to the risk</i> was inserted on page 4
3.0	25/06/2012	WHS Manager	Risk matrix replaced with 5 x 5 matrix and changes were made to document following a review based on WorkCover's recommendations.
4.0	13/02/2014	WHS Manager	Put into new format
5.0	10/02/2015	WHS Manager	Updated Risk Matrix Inserted
6.0	6/03/2015	WHS Manager	Added Compilation of SWMS
7.0	3/06/2015	WHS Manager	Updated to incorporate Brand Identity Style Guide v1.0
8.0	08/07/2016	WHS Manager	Inserted updated Risk Matrix
9.0	01/03/2018	Corporate Risk	Updated following a review of the Integrated Risk Management Framework
9.2	30/01/2020	WHS Manager	Integrated with Environment.
10.0	14/07/2021	Enterprise Risk	Updated to align with new Risk Management Plan.
11	3/8/2022	VMO	Note on power tool use added