# ATTACHMENTS UNDER SEPARATE COVER

# ORDINARY COUNCIL MEETING 14 JULY 2015



# PORT STEPHENS

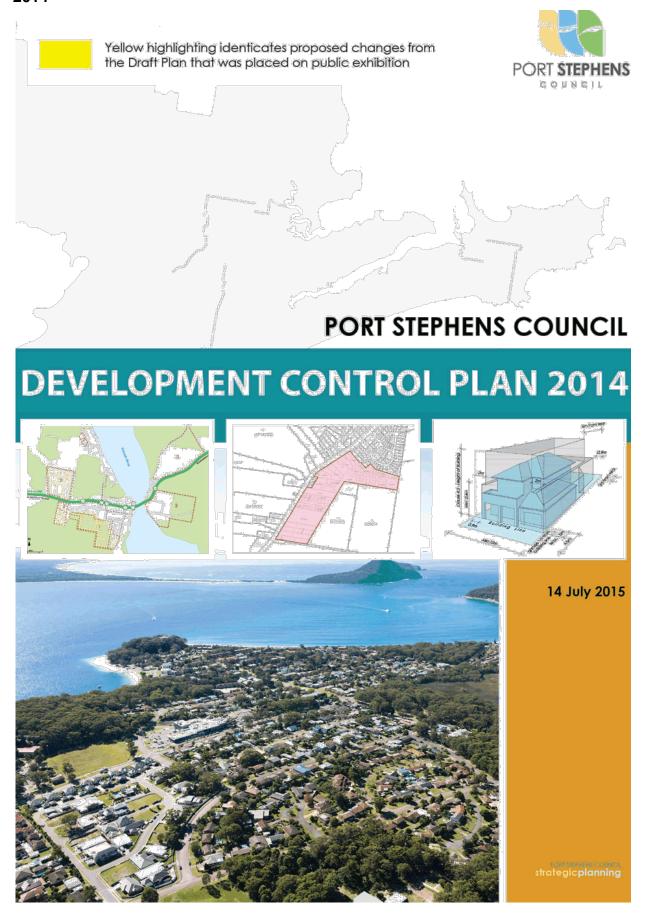
COUNCIL

ORDINARY COUNCIL - 14 JULY 2015 - ATTACHMENTS				

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# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014



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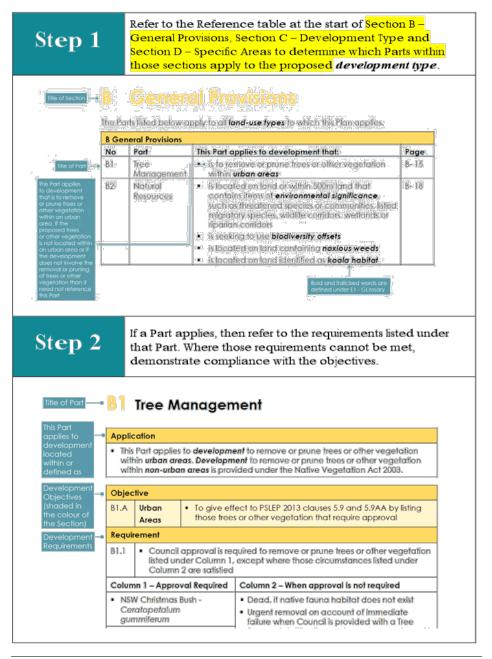
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QUICK START GUIDE

# **Quick Start Guide**

If the proposed *development type* is located on land identified by the Port Stephens Local Environmental Plan 2013 *land application map* or is *development* requiring *development consent* under the Port Stephens Local Environmental Plan 2013 then it is required to follow the steps listed below:



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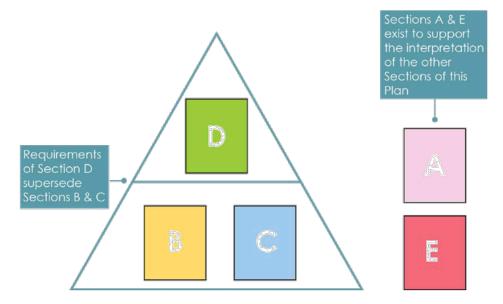
### QUICK START GUIDE

# Step 3

Address the relevant objectives and requirements within the Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) that is provided by the applicant with the lodgement of the development application.

This Quick Start Guide is not a formal part of this Plan. The legislative interpretation of this Plan is provided under Section A – Introduction.

The following diagram seeks to quickly illustrate the Structure of this Plan. Most notably, the requirements and objectives listed under Section D – Specific Areas overrides those requirements and objectives listed under Section B – General Provisions and Section C – Development Types. While, Section A – Introduction and Section E – Schedules simply exist to support the interpretation of the other Parts.



**CHECKLISTS** 

# **Checklists**

The following reference tables, which are provided at the start of each Part, are replicated here to serve as checklists for applicants. Unlike the reference tables at the start of each Part, these check lists do not serve as a part of statutory Plan.

B Ge	eneral Provisions			
No	Part	This Part applies to development that:	Page	Tick
В1	Tree Management	<ul> <li>is to remove or prune trees or other vegetation within urban areas</li> </ul>	B - 15	
B2	Natural Resources	<ul> <li>is located on land or is within 500m of land that contains items of environmental significance, such as, threatened species or communities, listed migratory species, wildlife conidors, wetlands or riparian conidors and has the potential to impact biodiversity</li> <li>is seeking to use biodiversity offsets</li> <li>is located on land containing noxious weeds</li> </ul>	B - 20	
-	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	s is located on and identified as koala habitat	D 01	
В3	Environmental Management	<ul> <li>is located on land identified as bushfire prone land</li> <li>is located on land that contains acid sulfate soils</li> </ul>	B - 24	
		has the potential to be <i>contaminated land</i>		
		has the potential to produce <i>air pollution</i> , such as dust or odour		
		<ul> <li>has the potential to produce adverse offensive noise</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>is defined as or involves earthworks</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>will produce significant waste</li> </ul>		
B4	Drainage &	<ul> <li>increases non-permeable surfaces</li> </ul>	B- 28	
	Water Quality	<ul> <li>requires connection to public drainage</li> </ul>		
		Is within 40m of waterfront land		
В5	Flooding	<ul> <li>is situated within the flood planning area or at/or below the flood planning level</li> </ul>	B -36	
В6	Essential Services	<ul> <li>is not connected to essential services, being water, electricity, sewerage, stormwater drainage and suitable vehicular access</li> </ul>	B - 40	
В7	Williamtown RAAF Base – Aircraft Noise & Safety	<ul> <li>is situated within the aircraft noise planning area, bird strike zone, extraneous lighting or the Williamtown RAAF Base Obstacle Limitations or Operations Surface Map</li> </ul>	B = 41	
В8	Heritage	<ul> <li>is situated on land that contains a heritage item or within a heritage conservation area</li> </ul>	B - 51	
В9	Road Network & Parking	<ul> <li>has the potential to impact on the existing road network or creates demand for on-site parking</li> </ul>	B - 54	

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### CHECKLISTS

B <mark>10</mark>	Social Impact	■ is deemed to have a significant social impact	B - 62	
	evelopment Types	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
No	Part	This Part applies to development that:	Page	Tick
Cl	Subdivision	■ is defined as <i>subdivision</i>	C- 64	
<b>C</b> 2	Commercial	■ is defined as commercial premises	C-71	
C3	Industrial	<ul> <li>is defined as industry and/or development within the Zone B5 Business Development.</li> </ul>	C- 77	
C4	Dwelling houses, Dual Occupancy & Ancillary Structures	<ul> <li>is defined as a dwelling house</li> <li>is defined as a dual occupancy</li> <li>is defined as an ancillary structure, which includes a swimming pool, shed, fence, retaining wall or shipping container</li> </ul>	C- 80	
C5	Multi Dwelling Housing	<ul> <li>is defined as multi dwelling housing</li> <li>is defined as a residential flat building refers to the requirements of SEPP No 65 – Design Quality of Residential Flat Development</li> </ul>	C- 87	
C6	Home Business or Home Industry	■ is defined as home business or home industry	C- 91	
<b>C</b> 7	Restricted or Sex Services Premises	<ul> <li>is defined as restricted premises</li> <li>is defined as sex services premises</li> </ul>	C- 93	
C8	Signage	■ is defined as <i>signage</i>	C- 96	
D Sp	ecific Areas			
No	Part	This Part applies to development that:	Page	Tick
D1	Heatherbrae Industrial	situated within Heatherbrae Industrial	D- 99	
<b>D</b> 2	Karuah	situated within Karuah	D- 102	
D3	Lemon Tree Passage	■ situated within Lemon Tree Passage	D- 106	
D4	Koala Bay - Tanilba Bay	■ situated within Koala Bay –Tanilba Bay	D- 110	
<b>D</b> 5	Nelson Bay Centre	situated within Nelson Bay Centre	D- 113	
D6	Nelson Bay West	situated within Nelson Bay West	D- 119	
<b>D</b> 7	Seabreeze Estate – Nelson Bay	situated within Seabreeze Estate – Nelson Bay	D- 123	
D8	Salamander Bay Shopping Centre – Nelson Bay	<ul> <li>identified as Salamander Bay Shopping</li> <li>Centre – Nelson Bay</li> </ul>	D- 126	

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### CHECKLISTS

D9	North Medowie - Medowie	situated within North Medowie	D- 128	
D10	Pacific Dunes - Medowie	situated within Pacific Dunes - Medowie	D- 133	
D11	Raymond Terrace Town Centre	situated within Raymond Terrace Centre	D- 140	
D12	Richardson Road – Raymond Terrace	<ul> <li>situated within Richardson Rd – Raymond Terrace</li> </ul>	D- 144	
D13	Rees James Road - Raymond Terrace	<ul> <li>situated within Rees James Rd – Raymond Terrace</li> </ul>	D- 148	
D14	Kings Hill – Raymond Terrace	situated within Kings Hill – Raymond Terrace	D- 151	
D15	Williamtown Defence and Airport Related Employment Zone (DAREZ)	<ul> <li>situated within Williamtown Defence and Airport Related Employment Zone (DAREZ)</li> </ul>	D- 167	
Sche	dules			
No	Part		Page	Tick
E1	Glossary	Defines terms used in this Plan	E- 173	
E2	Acronyms	Expands acronyms used in this Plan	E- 196	
Е3	Reference List - Endnotes	Provides a Reference List for those documents referenced through this Plan	E- 198	

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INTRODUCTION

# **A** Introduction

#### A.1 Name of this Plan

The name of this Plan is the Port Stephens Development Control Plan 2014.

#### A.2 Aim of this Plan

The aim of this Plan is to facilitate development in accordance with the Port Stephens Local Environmental Plan 2013 (PSLEP 2013).

#### A.3 Commencement of this Plan

This Plan was adopted by Council on 14 July 2015 and commenced on ####.

#### A.4 Land to which this Plan applies

This Plan applies to land to which the PSLEP 2013 applies. The PSLEP 2013 applies to all land identified on the *land application map*.

#### A.5 Development to which this Plan applies

This Plan applies to all *development* requiring *development consent* under the PSLEP 2013 in accordance with Part 4 Development Assessment of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act).

In determining a *development application* Council is to provide consideration to this Plan under Section 79C of the EP&A Act.

This Plan does not apply to development that is:

- Identified as permissible without consent under Land Use Table of the PSLEP 2013
- Carried out under Part 5 Environmental assessment of the EP&A Act
- Assessed under the provisions of another Environmental Planning Instrument (EPI) that excludes the provisions of the PSLEP 2013

### A.6 Interpretation

Terms requiring definition are bold and italicised; they are defined under E1 Glossary (p. E-133).

A reference to any Australian Standard, legislation or supporting documentation includes a reference to any amendment or replacement as made.

### A.7 Structure of this Plan

This Plan is divided into sections, parts, objectives and requirements. The Sections are as follows:

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#### INTRODUCTION

- Quick Start Guide, Table of Contents & Checklists
  - · Provides tools to increase the useability of the Plan
- Section A Introduction
  - Explains the purpose of this Plan and legislative requirements
- Section B General Provisions
  - Provides development objectives and requirements that relate to the site in all locations in which development is proposed. This Section is to be referenced by all development applications.
- Section C Development Types
  - Provides development objectives and requirements that relate to specific development types. Development will generally fall within one or more of these specified development types. The Requirements under this Section are to be read in conjunction with the General Provisions, which relate to all development applications.
- Section D Specific Areas
  - Provides development objectives and requirements that relate to a specific locality in which development is proposed. The provisions of this Section provide specific location requirements that apply in conjunction with other sections and prevail to the extent of any inconsistency.
- Section E Schedules
  - Provides important terms and references to assist in the accurate interpretation of the Plan, such as technical specifications

This structure seeks to facilitate permissible development and support alternative *merit-based* approaches to development that is permissible under the PSLEP 2013. This is consistent with the purpose and status of a development control plan under 74BA of the EP&A Act 1979 as follows:

- (1) The principal purpose of a development control plan is to provide guidance on the following matters to the persons proposing to carry out development which this Part applies and to the consent authority for any such development:
  - Giving effect to the aims of any environmental planning instrument that applies to the development
  - b. Facilitating development that is permissible under any instrument
  - c. Achieving the objectives of land zones under any such instrument
    - The provisions of a development control plan made for that purposes are not statutory requirements.
- (2) The other purpose of a development control plan is to make provisions of the kind referred to in section 74C(1)(b)-(e)
- (3) Subsection (1) does not affect any requirement under Division 4 of Part 4 in relation to complying development

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INTRODUCTION

#### A.8 Explanation of Development Objectives and Requirements

The relevant parts of this Plan contain development objectives and requirements. A development objective clearly states the intent of a development requirement.

Where the development requirement cannot be achieved, the applicant is provided with the opportunity to demonstrate through alternative merit-based solutions how the proposed development complies with the development objective. This approach seeks to encourage a merit-based approach to the evaluation of development applications, while ensuring appropriate consideration is provided to the intent of the development requirements.

#### A.9 Relationship to Legislation, Plans & Policies

This Plan must be read in conjunction with the PSLEP 2013. This Plan:

- Was prepared in accordance with 74C of the EP&A Act and Part 3 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000
- Identifies further detail of Council's requirements for local development requiring development consent under PSLEP 2013
- Is consistent with the provisions of the PSLEP 2013 and other applicable Environmental Planning Instruments (EPI), however, in the event of any inconsistency, the requirements of the EPI will prevail in accordance with Clause 36 Inconsistency between instruments of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 (EPA&A Act)
- Replaces the whole of the Port Stephens Development Control Plan 2013 (PSDCP 2013)
- Is to be applied in conjunction with other Council development guidelines, policy, specifications and technical manuals, where cited

#### A.10 Savings and Transitional Provisions

PSDCP 2013 continues to apply to 78A Development Applications, s96 Modifications of consent and s82A Review of Determination of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 that were lodged prior, but not determined, on the date of the commencement of this Plan (A.3, p. A-7)

To the extent of any inconsistency between this Plan and the former PSDCP2013 a development application lodged within 3 months from the date of commencement of this Plan under A-8 (p. ##) may either use the provisions of this Plan or the former PSDCP2013. For the purpose of \$74C (3) of the Act the provisions of the former PSDCP2013 apply for the transitional period of 3 months.

#### A.11 Monitoring and Review

Clause 73 of the EP&A Act requires councils to keep their local environmental plans and development controls plans under regular and periodic review for the purpose of ensuring that the objects of this Act are — having regard to such changing circumstances as may be relevant — achieved to the maximum extent possible.

Port Stephens Council will aim to regularly review this Plan.

# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014



INTRODUCTION

### A.12 Development Notification

Development that is required to be notified by Figure AA: Notification Requirements for Development Applications (p. A-10) will be notified by Council by providing the following information:

### 1. No Notification Required

### 2. Notification

- Written notice to immediately adjoining landowners
  - At the discretion of Council, written notice may also be additionally provided to those landowners not immediately adjoining

#### 3. Notification and Advertisement

- Notification requirements as required by 2. Notification (above), and
- Newspaper notice in the Port Stephens Examiner

Note: Information relating to all developments being notified or advertised (in accordance with 2 and 3 above) will be available on Council's website through the DA tracker.

Figure AA: Notification Requirements for Development Applications

Development	1	2	3	Development	1	2	3
Airstrip				Registered clubs			
Airport transport facilities				Research stations			
Agriculture				Boarding houses			
Amusement centres				Dual occupancies			
Animal boarding or training establishments				Dwelling houses – single storey			
Boat building and repair facilities				Dwelling houses – double storey			
Boat launching ramps				Group homes			
Boat sheds				Hostels			
Camping grounds				Multi dwelling housing			
Caravan parks				Residential flat buildings			
Car parks				Secondary dwellings			
Cemetery				Seniors housing			
Charter & tourism boating facilities				Shop-top housing			
Child care centres				Respite day care centres			
Commercial premises				Restricted premises			

# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014



### INTRODUCTION

Developm ent	1	2	3	Developm ent	1	2	3
Correctional centres				Roads			
Community facilities				Rural industries			
Crematorium				Sewerage systems			
Depots				Sex services premises			
Eco-tourist facilities				Advertising structure			
Educational establishments				Building identification sign			
Electricity generating works				Storage premises			
Emergency services facilities				Subdivision 4 lots or less			
Environmental facilities				Subdivision 5 to 10 lots			
Environmental protection works				Subdivision 11 or more lots			
Entertainment facilities				Subdivision with public road			
Exhibition homes				Strata subdivision			
Exhibition villages				Transport depots			
Extractive industries				Tourist and visitor accommodation			
Farm buildings				Truck depots			
Flood mitigation works				Veterinary premises			
Freight transport facilities				Wholesale supplies			
Forestry				Vehicle body repair workshops			
Function centres				Vehicle repair stations			
Health service facilities				Warehouse or distribution centres			
Heavy industrial storage establishments				Water recreation structure			
Helipad				Water or resource management facilities			
Home-based childcare				Water supply systems			
Home business				Wharf or boating facilities			
Industrial retail outlets				Places of public worship			
Industrial training facilities				Port facilities			
Heavy industry				Public administration building			
Light industry				Recreation areas			

# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014



#### INTRODUCTION

Development	1	2	3	Development	1	2	3
General industry				Recreation facilities (indoor)			
Information and education facilities				Recreation facilities (major)			
Jetties				Recreation facilities (outdoor)			
Marinas						-	
Mortuaries							
Moorings							
Mooring pens							
Passenger transport facilities							

Note: Despite Figure AA development may be advertised and/or notified at the discretion of Council where it is considered appropriate (depending on the nature of the proposal). Where Council is of the opinion that the proposed development is minor in nature and its location, size, height, bulk and proposed use will not adversely affect the amenity of the adjoining land, advertising and/or notification of the development may not be required. Conversely, where Council is of the opinion the development may have an impact, Council may choose to notify or advertise.

Additional advertising and notification requirements are required for Designated Development, Nominated Integrated and Advertised Development as detailed in the EP&A Act 1979. In addition to the above, developments that involve significant works to heritage items and Council projects above \$100,000 in value or that are likely to be of significant community interest will also be advertised and/or notified.



GENERAL PROVISIONS

# **B** General Provisions

The Parts listed below apply to all land-use types to which this Plan applies.

B General Provisions								
No	Part	This Part applies to development that:	Page					
В1	Tree Management	<ul> <li>is to remove or prune trees or other vegetation within urban areas</li> </ul>	B- 15					
B2	Natural Resources	<ul> <li>is located on land or is within 500m of land that contains items of environmental significance, such as threatened species or communities, listed migratory species, wildlife conidors, wetlands or iparian conidors and has the potential to impact biodiversity</li> <li>is seeking to use biodiversity offsets</li> <li>is located on land containing noxious weeds</li> <li>is located on land identified as koala habitat</li> </ul>	B- 20					
В3	Environmental Management	<ul> <li>is located on land identified as bushfire prone land</li> <li>is located on land that contains acid sulfate soils</li> <li>has the potential to be contaminated land</li> <li>has the potential to produce air pollution, such as dust or odour</li> <li>has the potential to produce adverse offensive noise</li> <li>is defined as or involves earthworks</li> <li>will produce significant waste</li> </ul>	B- 24					
B4	Drainage & Water Quality	<ul> <li>increases non-permeable surfaces</li> <li>requires connection to public drainage</li> <li>involves a controlled activity within 40m of waterfront land</li> </ul>	B- 28					
B5	Flooding	<ul> <li>is situated within the flood planning area or at/or below the flood planning level</li> </ul>	B- 36					
В6	Essential Services	<ul> <li>is not connected to essential services, being water, electricity, sewerage, stormwater drainage and suitable vehicular access</li> </ul>	B- 41					
В7	Williamtown RAAF Base - Aircraft Noise & Safety	<ul> <li>is situated within the aircraft noise planning area, bird strike zone, extraneous lighting area or the Williamtown RAAF Base Obstacle Limitations or Operations Surface Map</li> </ul>	B- 42					
B8	Heritage	<ul> <li>is situated on land that contains a heritage item or within a heritage conservation area</li> </ul>	B- 52					
В9	Road Network & Parking	<ul> <li>has the potential to impact on the existing road network or creates demand for on-site parking</li> </ul>	B- 55					
B10	Social Impact	■ is deemed to have a significant social impact	B- 63					



TREE MANAGEMENT

# **B1** Tree Management

### Application

This Part applies to development to remove or prune trees or other vegetation within urban areas as identified by Figure BB (p. B- 19). Development to remove or prune trees or other vegetation within non-urban areas is provided under the Native Vegetation Act 2003

<b>Objective</b>							
B1.A Urban Areas	there trees and the research that a grain approved						
Requirement							
listed und		quired to remove or prune trees or other vegetation except where those circumstances listed under					
Column 1 – Approv	al Required	Column 2 – When approval is not required					
NSW Christmas B Ceratopetalum gummiferum	ush -	Dead, if native fauna habitat does not exist     Urgent removal on account of immediate failure when Council is provided with a Tree					
<ul> <li>Cabbage Tree P Livistona australis</li> </ul>		Removal Notification post-event, onus of proof is on the landholder, photos should be taken before and after removal					
• species listed under the ISC Act 1995		before and after removal					
<ul> <li>trees or vegetation listed under the register of significant trees<sup>3</sup></li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>trees or vegetating positioned on land containing a here or within a herital conservation are</li> </ul>	nd itage item ge						
trees or other very where height excircumference be exceeds 300mm	ceeds 3m or	<ul> <li>within 5m of the wall of an approved structure measured from the wall to the trunk of the tree</li> <li>in accordance with a construction/subdivision certificate</li> <li>a tree grown for fruit or nut production</li> <li>vegetation cleaning work authorised under the Rural Fires Act 1997 – e.g. covered by the 10/50 Vegetation Cleaning Code of Practice</li> <li>maintenance of less than 12 months growth or 10% of foliage in accordance with AS4373-2007</li> <li>declared as an exotic species</li> <li>within parks, easements or reserves when work is undertaken by a responsible authority</li> </ul>					



### TREE MANAGEMENT

		<ul> <li>Dead, if native fauna habitat does not exist</li> <li>Urgent removal on account of immediate failure when Council is provided with a tree removal notification post-event, onus of proof is on the landholder, photos should be taken before and after removal</li> </ul>	
Objec	tive		
B1.B	Heads of Consideration	<ul> <li>To ensure adequate consideration is provided to the relevant matters for the removal of trees or vegetation</li> </ul>	
Requir	rement		
B1.2	<ul> <li>Council approval to remove or prune trees or other vegetation has regard for:         <ul> <li>damage to an existing structure or utility service substantiated by a qualified person</li> <li>interfering with a solar photovoltaic/hot water system</li> <li>interfering with the amenity of a habitable room</li> <li>threatened by a development consent</li> <li>consistency with a flora, fauna or conservation strategy</li> <li>the tree is interfering, or likely to interfere, with the provision of a public utility or road/driveway construction, provided the impact on the trees has been considered in the design phase</li> <li>impact on threatened species, populations or ecological communities and their habitats</li> </ul> </li> <li>retention value under the tree technical specification<sup>1</sup></li> </ul>		
	other relevant circumstances		
Objec	other rel		
Object B1.C	other rel		
B1.C	other rel  tive  Supporting	To ensure adequate information is provided to determine	
B1.C	other relative  Supporting Information  Tements  An arborist relation  for a tree to assess Applicat to supportechnicates	To ensure adequate information is provided to determine the application for the removal of trees or vegetation  port consistent with tree technical specification is required: e or other vegetation listed under register of significant trees the impact on existing trees as part of a Development tion as per AS 4970-2009 or reassessment of applications for tree removal on a	
B1.C	other relative  Supporting Information  Tements  An arborist relation to assess Applicate to support technicate to support to suppor	To ensure adequate information is provided to determine the application for the removal of trees or vegetation  port consistent with tree technical specification is required: e or other vegetation listed under register of significant trees the impact on existing trees as part of a Development tion as per AS 4970-2009 or reassessment of applications for tree removal on a labasis	
B1.C  Requir B1.3  B1.4  B1.5	Supporting Information  Tements  An arborist reference to assess Applicate to support technicate to support t	To ensure adequate information is provided to determine the application for the removal of trees or vegetation  **Port* consistent with **tree technical specification** is required:  **e or other vegetation listed under **register of significant trees** is the impact on existing trees as part of a Development tion as per AS 4970-2009  **ort reassessment of applications for tree removal on a all basis  **ort the release of a tree bond  **consistent with the **tree technical specification** is imposed and deems a public tree is at risk  **remove 20 or more trees requires a **vegetation management** in with **vegetation technical specification**  **30) requires an application to remove 20 or more trees to be inter Water by the assessing officer for a period of 14 days	
B1.C Requir B1.3	Supporting Information  Tements  An arborist re for a tree to assess Applicat to supportechnicate to supportect to supporte	■ To ensure adequate information is provided to determine the application for the removal of trees or vegetation  **Port consistent with tree technical specification¹ is required:  **e or other vegetation listed under register of significant trees³  ** the impact on existing trees as part of a Development tion as per AS 4970-2009  **ort reassessment of applications for tree removal on a all basis  **ort the release of a tree bond  **consistent with the tree technical specification¹ is imposed and deems a public tree is at risk  **remove 20 or more trees requires a vegetation management and with vegetation technical specification²  **30) requires an application to remove 20 or more trees to be	

# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014



### TREE MANAGEMENT

- Two replacement hollows are provided for each hollow tree identified by the hollow tree assessment
- Salvaged hollows are preferred over nest boxes, which are consistent
  with the nest box technical specification<sup>5</sup>

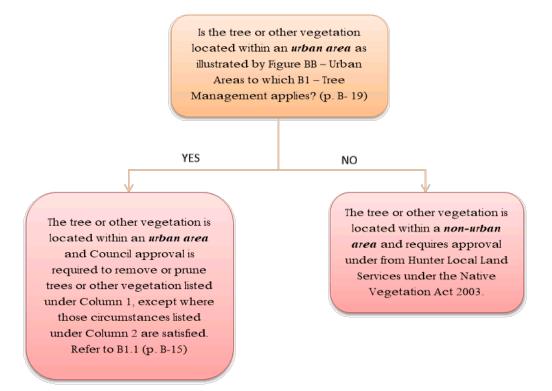
Note: B2.1 (p. B-20) requires a hollow tree assessment and replacement or salvaged hollows if a *Flora and Fauna Survey* Report proposes their removal

# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014



TREE MANAGEMENT

Figure BA: Explanation of Requirement B1 - When approval is required (p. B-15)

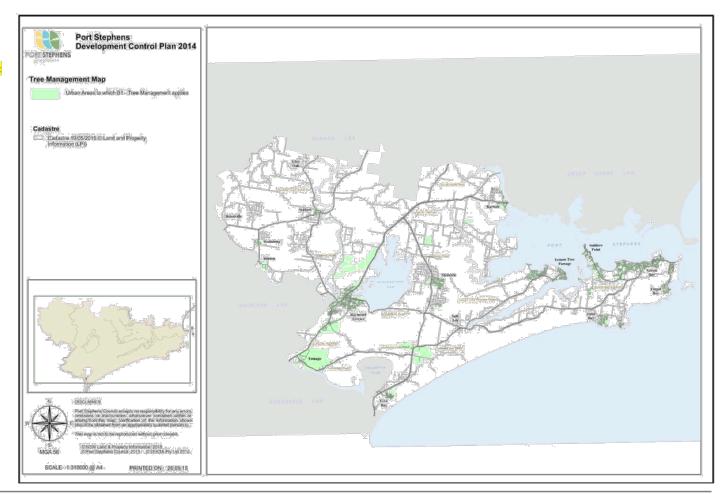


## ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014



TREE MANAGEMENT

Figure BB: Urban Areas to which B1 Tree Management applies



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**B**2

NATURAL RESOURCES

# **B2** Natural Resources

### Application

- This part applies to development that:
  - is located on land or is within 500m of land that contains items of
     environmental significance, such as threatened species or communities,
     listed migratory species, wildlife corridors, wetlands or riparian corridors and
     has the potential to impact biodiversity
  - is seeking to use biodiversity offsets
  - is located on land containing noxious weeds
  - is located on or is in proximity to land that contains koala habitat

Objec	tive		
B2.A	Environmental Significance	<ul> <li>To ensure adequate consideration is provided to the protection and conservation of items of <i>environmental</i> significance</li> </ul>	
<b>Requir</b>	em ent		
B2.1	■ Development located on land or is within 500m of land that contains items of environmental significance, such as threatened species or communities, listed migratory species, wildlife corridors, wetlands or riparian corridors and has the potential to impact biodiversity provides:  ■ A Flora and Fauna Survey to inform the 7-Pant Test of Significance, or The Flora and Fauna Survey is in accordance with:  ✓ NSW Department of Environment and Conservation. 2004, "Threatened Species Survey and Assessment: Guidelines for development and activities*  ✓ Hunter & Central Coast Regional Environmental Management Systems. 2002, "Lower Hunter & Central Coast Regional Fauna & Flora Guidelines*  ✓ If development poses a significant effect under 5A of the EP&A Act or if development is on land which is, or is part of, critical habitat then a Species Impact Statement (SIS) is required  ✓ If development does not pose a significant effect under 5A of the EP&A Act, but proposes unavoidable vegetation impacts then a Vegetation Management Plan (VPA) that is consistent with the vegetation management technical specification² is required		
		of the EP&A Act 1979 the determining authority has a duty	
	o If the Flora and Fauna Survey proposes the removal of he bearing trees then a hollow tree assessment is required:  ✓ Two replacement hollows are provided for each he tree identified by the hollow tree assessment  ✓ Salvaged hollows are preferred over nest boxes the are consistent with the nest box technical specification.  Note: This is consistent with B1.7 (p. B-17) that requires a hollow tree		

**B2** 

#### NATURAL RESOURCES

assessment to remove hollow bearing trees on land to which B1 applies

- A proposed buffer on the land subject to the development is
   provided to items of environmental significance. The width of the
   buffer is recommended by the Flora and Fauna Survey Report based
   and is based on taking into account the following parameters:
  - o The condition of the item of environmental significance
  - o Proposed methods of mitigating adverse impact
  - Possible external effects, such as weed encroachment or domestic animals and their potential to cause impact
    - Where the vegetation of buffers are proposed the vegetation is established along the relevant boundaries prior to the issuing of the relevant subdivision or occupation certificate

Note: C4.19 (p. C-83) nominates a suitable buffer for *residential* accommodation adjoining land used for agricultural purposes

### **Objective**

B2.B Biodiversity
Offsets

 To provide further guidance for the use of biodiversity offsets within the Port Stephens Local Government Area

#### Requirement

B2.2

- If biodiversity offsets are employed as a suitable compensatory measure under the TSC Act then they are:
  - calculated in accordance with the bio-metric terrestrial biodiversity assessment tool
  - consistent with the vegetation management technical specification<sup>2</sup>
  - in a secure tenure ownership
  - · located on land to which this Plan applies

#### Objective

B2.C Noxious Weeds  To reduce the negative impact of noxious weeds on the economy, community and environment by eliminating or restricting their geographical spread

### Requirement

B2.3

 Development situated on land that contains noxious weeds, as identified by a s64 Certificate under the Noxious Weeds Act 1993 will seek to prevent, eliminate or restrict the spread of noxious weeds in accordance with Noxious Weeds Technical Specification<sup>6</sup>

### Objective

B2.D Koalas

 To encourage the proper conservation and management of areas of natural vegetation that provide *koala habitat* to ensure a permanent free-living population over their present range and reverse the current trend of koala population decline

#### **Requirement**

B2.4

- Development located on or in proximity to land identified as koala habitat complies with the Port Stephens Comprehensive Koala Plan of Management<sup>10</sup> through consideration to the performance criteria, being:
  - Minimising the removal or degradation of native vegetation within preferred koala habit or supplementary habitat

# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014

R<sub>2</sub>

### NATURAL RESOURCES

- Maximising the retention and minimising degradation of native vegetation within supplementary habitat, habitat buffers and habitat linking areas
- Minimising removal of any individual preferred koala feed trees
- Where appropriate, restore and rehabilitate koala habitat/buffers and linking areas
  - Removal of koala habitat is off-set by a net gain of koala habitat on-site or adjacent
- Make provision for long-term management of both existing and restored koala habitat
- Not compromise the safe movement of koalas, through:
  - o Maximisation of tree retention
  - o Minimising barriers for movement, such as fences
- Restrict development to defined building envelopes
- Minimising the threat to koalas from dogs, motor vehicles and swimming pools
  - Development demonstrates consideration to the performance criteria within the Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) by providing the following:
    - ✓ Assessment of koala habit in accordance with Appendix 6 – Guidelines for Koala Habitat Assessment of the Port Stephens Comprehensive Koala Plan of Management¹0
    - Site Analysis Plan indicates vegetation to be disturbed, cleared or retained
    - ✓ Illustration of the Asset Protection Zone (APZ)
    - Proposed measures for the safe movement of koalas, such as fencing or traffic control measures
    - ✓ Details of any programs to monitor koala populations

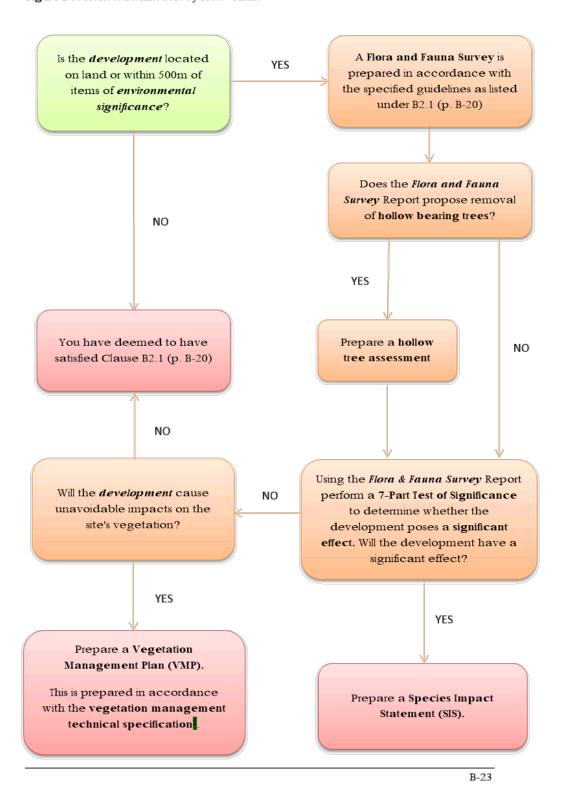
Note: The Port Stephens Comprehensive Koala Plan of Management<sup>10</sup> applies through the application of the SEPP No.44 – Koala Habitat Protection

# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014

**B**3

### **ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT**

Figure BC: Flora & Fauna Survey Flow-Chart



**B**3

**ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT** 

# **B3** Environmental Management

### Application

- This part applies to development that:
  - is located on land identified as bushfire prone land
  - is located on land that contains acid sulfate soils
  - · has the potential to be contaminated land
  - has the potential to produce air pollution, such as dust or odour
  - has the potential to produce adverse offensive noise
  - involves earthworks
  - will produce significant waste

Objec	Objective						
B3.A	Bushfire Prone Land	To prevent and mitigate for the impact of bushfire on development by ensuring bushfire protection measures are integrated into the design and siting					
Requir	Requirement						
B3.1	<ul> <li>Integrated development located on bushfire prone land is to be referred to the Rural Fire Service</li> <li>Development requiring referral to the Rural Fire Service will demonstrate in the Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) how bushfire protection measures have informed the site analysis plan</li> </ul>						
Objec	tive						
B3.B	Acid Sulfate Soils	To ensure that <i>development</i> does not disturb, expose or drain <i>acid sulfate soils</i> and cause environmental damage					
Requi	rem ent						
B3.2	quirement						

# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014

**B**3

### **ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT**

		ASS Assessment Guidelines					
	o The likelihood of the proposed <i>development</i> resulting in the						
	discharge of acid water						
Objective							
B3.C	C Contaminated Land  To reduce the potential risk from contaminated land by ensuring development provides consideration to SEPP No. 55  Contaminated Land						
Requir	em ent						
B3.3	Remedia proposed contamin	nent must satisfy State Environmental Planning Policy No.55 — tion of Land by demonstrating that the land to which the l development applies is not contaminated and if the land is nated than it is required to undertake remediation in the procedures outlined within that SEPP					
Objec	tive						
B3.D	Air Quality  To ensure air quality is not negatively impacted on by dust and odour in recognition of the associated human health impacts						
Requir	em ent						
B3.4	adversely An a deve R B S V E	ality report is required where development has potential to impact surrounding areas in terms of air quality report is to be generally provided for the following elopment types:  tural industries  leavy industry  ewerage systems  Vaste or resource management facilities  extractive industry  other development types identified by Council  The air quality report is to:  Address construction, operation and occupational impacts  Identify emissions and measures to mitigate against impact on any nearby residences, especially on sensitive receivers  Prepared in accordance with the NSW Department of Environment and Conservation, 2001. 'Approved Methods for Modelling and Assessment of Air Pollutants in New South Wales' 199					
Objec	tive						
B3.E	Noise	To identify potentially offensive noise to ensure it is managed within the relevant legislative requirements					
Requir	<mark>em ent</mark>						
B3.5	An acoustic/vibration report is required for <i>development</i> that has the potential to produce <i>offensive noise</i> , meaning,  That, by reason of its level, nature, character or quality or the time at which it is made, or any other circumstances:						

# **B**3

### **ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT**

- Is harmful to (or is likely to be harmful) to a person who is outside the premises from which it is emitted, or
- Interferes unreasonable with (or is likely to interfere unreasonably with) the comfort or repose of a person who is outside the premises from which it is emitted
- That is of a level, nature, character or quality prescribed by the regulations or that is made at a time, or in other circumstances, prescribed by the regulations, such as:
  - Environmental Protection Authority. 2000, 'NSW Industrial Noise Policy'<sup>14</sup>

#### **Objective**

B3.F

Earthworks

 To facilitate earthworks so as to minimise potential environmental impacts, such as erosion or the release of sulphuric acids as identified by the PSLEP 2013

#### Requirement

B3.6

- PSLEP2013 Clause 7.2 seeks to ensure that development consent for earthworks will not have a detrimental impact on environmental functions and processes, neighbouring uses, cultural or heritage items or features of the surrounding land
  - Earthworks that:
    - cannot satisfy SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, Subdivision 15 Earthworks, retaining walls and structural support Clause 2.30 Development Standards, or

Note: SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 generally classifies cut or fill of less than 600mm below or above ground level (existing) to be defined as **exempt development**.

- is not ancillary to *development* that is permitted with consent under this Plan or to *development* for which *development* consent has been given, is to address the following matters of consideration under PSLEP2013 Clause 7.2
  - the likely disruption of, or any detrimental effect on, drainage patterns and soil stability in the locality of the development
  - the effect of the development on the likely future uses or redevelopment of the land
  - the quality of the fill or the soil to be excavated, or both
  - the effect of the development on the existing and likely amenity of adjoining properties
  - the source of any fill material and the destination of any excavated material
  - √ the likelihood of disturbing relics

Note: B8.5 (p. B-53) requires due diligence in regard to aboriginal heritage

- the proximity to, and potential for adverse impacts on, any waterway, drinking water catchment or environmentally sensitive area
- any appropriate measures proposed to avoid, minimise or mitigate the impacts of the development
  - Development may need to provide a cut and fill plan in order to adequately address the above matters when:
    - > Cut exceeds 2m in depth
    - Fill has a total area of 100m² or more

# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014

**B**3

### **ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT**

B3.7	■ Fill must consist of Virgin Excavated Natural Material (VENM) or Excavated Natural Material (ENM) as defined under the Protection of Environment Operations Act 1997				
Objec					
B3.G	Waste  To ensure <i>waste</i> is minimised and disposed in an appropriate manner				
Requir	ement				
B3.8	A waste management plan is required for development involving on-site construction works that details the following:				
	Volume and type of waste				
	Storage and treatment of waste				
	Disposal of residual material				

**B**4

**DRAINAGE AND WATER QUALITY** 

# **B4** Drainage and Water Quality

### Application

- This part applies to development that:
  - increases non-permeable surfaces
  - requires connection to public drainage
  - involves a controlled activity within 40m of waterfront land

Objec	<b>Objective</b>				
B4.A	Stormwater Drainage Plan	<ul> <li>To ensure a stormwater drainage plan is submitted when development increases non-permeable surfaces and will place significant additional flows into public drainage</li> <li>To ensure the stormwater drainage plan details a legal and physical point of discharge to minimise impacts on water balance, surface water and groundwater flow regimes and flooding</li> <li>To implement sustainable mitigation systems that can be maintained using resources available to the maintainer.</li> </ul>			
Requir	ement				
B4.1	Requirement  B4.1  Development that increases non-permeable surfaces and will place significant additional flows into public drainage is to provide a stormwater drainage plan and description of the proposed drainage system within the Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE)  The stormwater drainage plan includes:  catchment boundaries existing surface conditions proposed surface contours proposed surface contours proposed building flood or floor levels location and levels of discharge points overland flow paths and flood liable areas location of drainage pits and lines location and area of on-site detention easements calculations for any proposed stormwater system methods of draining the land water quality measures identified by Small Scale Stormwater Water Quality Model (SSSQM) or water quality modelling, such as MUSIC Modelling  Note: C1.H (p. C-69) also provides drainage requirements for development relating to subdivision				
Objec	bjective				
B4.B	On-site Detention	To regulate the impacts on the capacity of the <i>public drainage</i> system			
Requir	em ent				
B4.2	<ul> <li>On-site detention is required where:</li> <li>non-permeable surfaces exceed the total percentage of site area listed under Figure BD (p. B-31)</li> </ul>				

**B4** 

#### DRAINAGE AND WATER QUALITY

- · it is identified under Part C- Specific Areas
- · the stormwater catchment is identified to have stormwater issues
  - o On-site detention is to be:
    - sized so that post-development flows equal predevelopment flows up to the 1% Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP) design flood level
    - provided by either underground chambers, surface storage or a combination of the two and are generally positioned:
      - √ under grassed areas for any cellular system
      - under hardstand areas such as driveways for any concrete tank structures
- The following details of the on-site detention concept design are to be provided in the stormwater drainage plan:
  - o location and type of detention system
  - o demonstrated volume for maximum AEP
  - o pipes, pits, overland flow and discharge point
  - surface grates and maintenance access points
  - o orifice type, location and screening facility
  - slope/gradient of the land
  - post-development flows for the site equal to predevelopment flows for the site

Note: B4.3 (p. B-29) states that *on-site detention* will not be required for *single dwellings* and *dual occupancy development* if the water quality requirements under Figure BE (p. B-31) have been satisfied

### **Objective**

B4.C

Water Quality

- To ensure development does not impact on water quality through the use of water quality through use of water quality modelling, such as MUSIC Modelling and subsequent WSUD measures
- To safeguard the environment by improving the quality of stormwater run-off
- To ensure water quality is protected and maintained during the construction phase through the conditioning of appropriate measures
- To provide further guidance to PSLEP 2013 Clauses 7.8, 7.9 and 7.10 relating to water quality for *development* in drinking water catchments

### Requirement

B4.3

- Development is to provide water quality measures in accordance with Table BE: Water Quality Table (p. B-31), unless:
  - a WSUD Strategy has previously been prepared in accordance with this requirement, which in that case, WSUD measures in accordance with that WSUD Strategy are to be implemented

Note: Refer to Part D – Specific Areas for any WSUD Strategy previously prepared under this requirement

- The WSUD Strategy includes the following:
  - o Background Information
  - Site Context

**B4** 

DRAINAGE AND WATER QUALITY

Proposed development WSUD objectives Best planning practices Integrated Water Cycle Management Stormwater management Operation and Maintenance Plan Modelling MUSIC model is provided in digital form Compliance with A\$3500:2003 - Plumbing and Drainage Stormwater Quality Improvement Devices (SQUIDS) are designed to be taken off-line from minor and major drainage systems Development submits the evidence of how the water quality targets have been achieved (e.g. SSSQM Certificate) On-site detention may not be required for single dwellings and dual occupancy development if the water quality requirements under Figure BE (p. B-31) for sites less than 2,500m<sup>2</sup> have been satisfied Erosion and sediment measures are provided during the construction phase in accordance with the issued conditions of consent Note: Under this Requirement, a new lot is a lot created through subdivision since the commencement of this Plan as specified under A.3 (p.A-8) B4.4 When the following types of development are located within a drinking water catchment, Hunter Water is notified and provided with a period of 21 days to provide a submission. After a period of 21 days, no response is deemed as a non-objection. Those development types include: Major subdivision for 4 or more lots Agriculture Industry Commercial premises Multi-dwelling housing Sewage reticulation system Extractive industry Request to remove 20 or more trees Note: B1.5 (p. B-17) requires a vegetation management plan when a proposal to remove 20 or more trees is submitted to Council Note: Section 51 of the Hunter Water Act 1991 requires Council to provide Hunter Water with 21 days to provide a submission **Objective** B4.D Riparian To protect and retain riparian corridors as localities of Corridors environmental importance Requirement B4.5 Development involving a controlled activity within waterfront land (within 40m from the highest bank of the river, lake or estuary) adheres to the NSW Water Management Act 2000 · Development provides the following buffers to riparian corridors that are generally consistent with the recommendations of the NSW Office of Water. 2012, 'Guidelines for riparian corridors on waterfront land'42: 50m buffer from 3rd order water courses or above with a 40m

> vegetated riparian zone and 10m vegetated buffer 30m buffer from 1<sup>st</sup>-2<sup>nd</sup> order water courses with a 20m vegetated riparian zone and 10m vegetated buffer

# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014

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**DRAINAGE AND WATER QUALITY** 

 Riparian corridors are dedicated as public open space when Council agrees to take ownership of that land

Note: Council can advise on the location and order of waterfront land

Figure BD: Non-Permeable Surface Table

Land-Use Zone	Maximum Non-Permeable (%)	
E4, R5, RU1, RU2 & RU3	Refer to Minimum Lot Size (below)	
E1, E2, E3, IN4, RE1, RE2, SP1, SP2, W1 & W2	merit-based approach	
R1, R2 & RU5	60	
R3	75	
B5, B7, IN1 & IN2	90	
B1, B2, B3 & B4	100	
Minimum Lot Size	Maximum Non-Permeable (%)	
5000sqm >	7.5	
2000 to 5000sqm	30	
900 to 2000sqm	40	
900sqm or less	60	

Figure BE: Water Quality Table

Type of	Wa	Tool used to		
Development or Site Area  New Lots created through subdivision within the Drinking Water Catchment		Existing lots within the Drinking Water Catchment and all other development outside of a Drinking Water Catchment	achieve target	
Minor Alterations and/or additions for all sites, which are less than 250m <sup>2</sup>	No water quality measures are required.	No water quality measures are required.	•	
Sites between 50m² and 50,000m², if residential or commercial and only if it drains to a maximum of two outlets	Before water is released into public drainage, Neutral or Beneficial Effect (NorBE) on water quality is to be achieved.	Before water is released into public drainage the following targets are to be achieved:  • Total nitrogen retention post-development load: 45%  • Total phosphorus retention post-development load: 60%  • Total suspended solids post-development load: 90%  • Gross pollutants post-development load: 90%	Small Scale Stormwater Water Quality Model (SSSQM) or deemed to comply provisions under Figure ## (p. ##)	
Sites equal to or greater than 2,500m <sup>2</sup> that drains to more	Before water is released into public drainage, Neutral or	Before water is released into public drainage the following targets are to be achieved:  Total nitrogen retention post-	Water Quality Modelling, such as MUSIC Modelling	

# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014

**B**4

### **DRAINAGE AND WATER QUALITY**

than two outlets or large scale development with a demonstrable impact on	Beneficial Effect (NorBE) on water quality is to be achieved.	development load: 45%  Total phosphorus retention post-development load: 60%  Total suspended solids post-development load: 90%  Gross pollutants post-development load: 90%
water quality		development load. 90%

### Figure BF: Deemed to Comply Provisions – Raingarden & Water Tanks

### The following deemed to comply provisions apply where:

- Minimum of 75% of the roof area is directed to the rainwater tank
- Water from the rainwater tank is used outdoors, in the toilet and laundry
- Rainwater tank overflow is directed to the Raingarden

		Clay Soil - Raingarden		Sandy Soil - Raingarden	
Lot (m²)	Roof (m <sup>2</sup> )	Tank (kL)	Raingarden (m²)	Tank (kL)	Infiltration Area (m²)
<mark>400</mark>	<mark>150</mark>	2	4	2	7
<mark>400</mark>	200	2	<u>5</u>	2	8
<mark>400</mark>	<mark>150</mark>	3	<mark>4</mark>	3	<mark>6</mark>
<mark>400</mark>	<mark>200</mark>	3	<mark>4</mark>	3	<mark>7</mark>
		Clay Soil - R	aingarden	Sandy Soil	- Raingarden
Lot (m²)	Roof (m²)	Tank (kL)	Raingarden (m²)	Tank (kL)	Infiltration Area (m²)
<mark>400</mark>	<mark>150</mark>	5	4	5	6
<mark>400</mark>	<mark>200</mark>	<mark>5</mark>	4	5	7
<mark>400</mark>	<mark>150</mark>	10	3	10	5
<mark>400</mark>	<mark>200</mark>	10	<u>3</u>	10	<mark>6</mark>
<mark>500</mark>	<mark>150</mark>	2	<u>5</u>	2	8
<mark>500</mark>	<mark>200</mark>	<mark>2</mark>	<u>5</u>	2	9
<mark>500</mark>	<mark>250</mark>	2	6	. <mark>2</mark>	10
<mark>500</mark>	<mark>150</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>4</mark>	3	<mark>7</mark>
<mark>500</mark>	200	3	<u>5</u>	3	8
<mark>500</mark>	<mark>250</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	<u>5</u>	3	9
<mark>500</mark>	<mark>150</mark>	5	4	5	7
<mark>500</mark>	<mark>200</mark>	<mark>5</mark>	4	<mark>5</mark>	8
<mark>500</mark>	<mark>250</mark>	5	5	5	8
<mark>500</mark>	150	10	4	10	6
<mark>500</mark>	200	10	4	10	7
<mark>500</mark>	<mark>250</mark>	10	4	10	7
<mark>600</mark>	<mark>150</mark>	2	6	2	9
<mark>600</mark>	200	2	6	2	10
600	250	2	6	2	10

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**B**4

**DRAINAGE AND WATER QUALITY** 

<mark>600</mark>	<mark>300</mark>	2	8	<mark>2</mark>	12
<mark>600</mark>	<mark>150</mark>	3	<u>5</u>	3	8
<mark>600</mark>	200	3	<mark>5</mark>	3	<mark>9</mark>
<mark>600</mark>	<mark>250</mark>	3	<mark>6</mark>	3	10
<mark>600</mark>	<mark>300</mark>	3	<mark>6</mark>	3	11
<mark>600</mark>	<mark>150</mark>	<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>	8
<mark>600</mark>	<mark>200</mark>	<mark>5</mark>	<mark>5</mark>	<mark>5</mark>	<mark>9</mark>
<mark>600</mark>	<mark>250</mark>	<mark>5</mark>	5	5	9
<mark>600</mark>	<mark>300</mark>	<mark>5</mark>	<mark>6</mark>	<mark>5</mark>	10
<mark>600</mark>	<mark>150</mark>	10	4	10	7
<mark>600</mark>	<mark>200</mark>	10	4	10	8
<mark>600</mark>	<mark>250</mark>	10	5	10	8
<mark>600</mark>	300	10	5	10	9
<mark>800</mark>	200	2	8	.2	12
<mark>800</mark>	<mark>250</mark>	2	8	2	12
800	300	2	8	.2	13
<mark>800</mark>	400	2	10	2	16
		Clay Soil - Raingarden		Sandy Soil - Raingarden	
Lot (m <sup>2</sup> )	Roof (m <sup>2</sup> )	Tank (kL)	Raingarden (m²)	Lot (m <sup>2</sup> )	Roof (m²)
800	500	2	12	2	18
	500	I <u>~</u>	12	∸	10
800	200	3	6	3	11
		_			
800	200	3	6	3	11
800 800	200 250	3	6 8	3	11 12
800 800 800	200 250 300	3 3	6 8 8	3 3 3	11 12 13
800 800 800 800	200 250 300 400	3 3 3	6 8 8 8	3 3 3	11 12 13 15
800 800 800 800 800	200 250 300 400 500	3 3 3 3	6 8 8 8	3 3 3 3	11 12 13 15 17
800 800 800 800 800	200 250 300 400 500 200	3 3 3 3 3 5	6 8 8 8 10 6	3 3 3 3 5	11 12 13 15 17
800 800 800 800 800 800	200 250 300 400 500 200 250	3 3 3 3 3 5	6 8 8 8 8 10 6	3 3 3 3 3 5	11 12 13 15 17 11
800 800 800 800 800 800 800	200 250 300 400 500 200 250 300	3 3 3 3 3 5 5	6 8 8 8 10 6 6	3 3 3 3 3 5 5	11 12 13 15 17 11 11
800 800 800 800 800 800 800	200 250 300 400 500 200 250 300 400	3 3 3 3 3 5 5 5	6 8 8 8 10 6 6 8	3 3 3 3 3 5 5 5	11 12 13 15 17 11 11 11
800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800	200 250 300 400 500 200 250 300 400 500	3 3 3 3 5 5 5	6 8 8 8 10 6 6 8 8	3 3 3 3 3 5 5 5 5	11 12 13 15 17 11 11 11 12 14
800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800	200 250 300 400 500 200 250 300 400 500 200	3 3 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5	6 8 8 8 8 10 6 6 8 8	3 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5	11 12 13 15 17 11 11 11 12 14 16
800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800	200 250 300 400 500 200 250 300 400 500 200 250	3 3 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5	6 8 8 8 10 6 6 8 8 8	3 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5	11 12 13 15 17 11 11 12 14 16 10
800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800	200 250 300 400 500 200 250 300 400 500 200 250 300	3 3 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5	6 8 8 8 8 10 6 6 8 8 8 10 6	3 3 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 10	11 12 13 15 17 11 11 12 14 16 10 10
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### ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014

**B**4

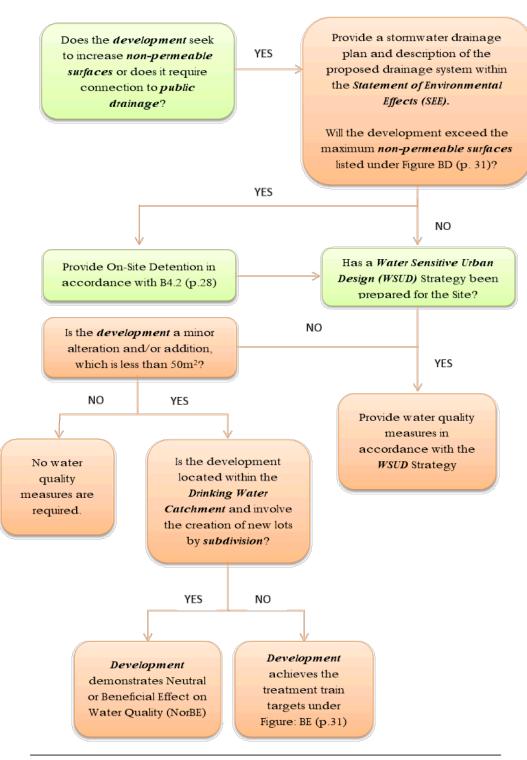
**DRAINAGE AND WATER QUALITY** 

	18
1000 500 2 12 2	
	<mark>20</mark>
	<mark>13</mark>
1000 250 3 8 3	<mark>14</mark>
	<mark>15</mark>
1000 400 3 10 3	<mark>17</mark>
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	<mark>13</mark>
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1000 400 <u>5</u> 10 <u>5</u>	<mark>16</mark>
1000 500 5 10 5	<mark>18</mark>
1000 200 10 8 10	<mark>12</mark>
	<mark>12</mark>
	<mark>13</mark>
1000 400 10 8 10	<mark>15</mark>
1000 500 10 10 10	<mark>17</mark>

B4

DRAINAGE AND WATER QUALITY

Figure BG: Drainage and Water Quality - Flow Chart



**B**5

FLOODING

### **B5** Flooding

#### Application

This Part applies to development to which Clause 7.3 of the LEP applies being land that is situated within the *flood planning area* or at/or below the *Flood Planning Level (FPL)*

B5.A	Flood Planning	<ul> <li>To reduce the impact of flooding and flood liability on individual owners and occupiers of flood prone property.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>To recognise flood prone land as a valuable resource that should not be sterilised by unnecessarily precluding its development.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>That flood risk is considered as early as possible in the planning and development process, is based on the best available flood information and is a flexible, locally- specific, merit-based approach.</li> </ul>
		To ensure that the use and development of flood prone land has risk consequences that are acceptable to the community, takes into account the full spectrum of flood risks and recognises the social, economic and environmental values of flood prone land.
		To implement the principles of the NSW Government 2005, 'Floodplain Development Manual' into new development and satisfy the provisions of PSLEP2013 Clause 7.3.
Requi	rements	
B5.1	Flood Hazard	<ul> <li>Development provides consideration to flood hazard, which includes consideration of the following:</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Depth of inundation</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Warning time</li> </ul>
		o Evacuation requirements o Access restrictions during flood
		<ul> <li>Development is compatible with the flood hazard</li> </ul>
		categories illustrated by Figure BH (p. B-40) and as defined in the relevant <i>flood study</i> or <i>floodplain risk</i>
		management plan  O Where flood hazard has not been defined by
		a flood report or floodplain risk management plan, the applicant may be required to
		undertake a <i>flood report</i> to define <i>flood</i> hazard. The <i>flood report</i> is consistent with the
		principles of the <i>Floodplain Development Manual</i> and the current version of <i>Australian</i>
		Rainfall and Runoff  To determine the flood hazard for a specific
		property contact Council's Flood Engineer by

R5

FLOODING

	I	
		floodrequests@portstephens.nsw.gov.au.
		Note: Clause 7.3 of the PSLEP2013 states that development
		consent must not be granted on land identified as the flood
		planning area or at or below the Flood Planning Level (FPL)
		unless Council is satisfied that development is compatible
		with the flood hazard of the land.
		Where inconsistencies between the subject site and flood
		hazard mapping occur, a ment assessment of flood risk and
		any necessary mitigation measures will apply. In these
		instances the applicant is required to provide a survey plan
		showing the sites natural ground levels. All contours and/or
		spot levels need to refer to AHD or an assumed reduced
		level (RCL) Benchmark.
B5.2	All Hazard Categories	<ul> <li>New residential development on land which becomes an island during a flood event must provide flood refuge</li> <li>Flood refuge incorporates convenient access to flood free ground, which:         <ul> <li>Is a route that is fail safe, plainly evident and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		self-directing
		<ul> <li>Situated above the PMF</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Cater for the number of persons that could</li> </ul>
		reasonably be expected to be on-site
		<ul> <li>Provide emergency lighting</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Be constructed to withstand hydraulic</li> </ul>
		loading due to flood events up to the PMF
		• Where the proposed development facilitates ongoing flood adaptation (e.g. where the design facilitates building raising in the future, such as pier and beam housing design) then Council will allow a reduced Flood Planning Horizon level 50 years from the date of application.
		Development considers the following:
		A habitable room is accompanied by a Certificate
		from a Chartered Professional Structural Engineer based on the information provided by a Charted professional Hydraulic Engineer, which certifies the
		following:
		o <b>Development</b> is capable of withstanding the
		effects of flooding, including immersion, structural stability, buoyancy and impact
		from debris up to and including the <i>Probable</i>
		Maximum Flood (PMF) Event
		<ul> <li>Development will not adversely affect the</li> </ul>
		flow of floodwaters
		<ul> <li>A non-habitable room demonstrates the following:</li> </ul>
		o Electrical fixtures, such as power points, light
		fittings and switches are located above the
		FPL, or if possible above the PMF
		o Provides an area where goods can be stored
		above the PMF
		<ul> <li>Fill should not substantially impede the flow of</li> </ul>
		floodwater, and must not contribute to

#### **B5**

#### FLOODING

		flooding or ponding of water on other
		properties  A garage or carport demonstrates the following:  Electrical fixtures, such as power points, light fittings and switches are located above the FPL, or if possible above the PMF  Finished floor height 0.5m above the 5% AEP
B5.3	Minimal Risk  – Flood Prone Land that is above the FPL	<ul> <li>Development located within Minimal Risk 1 considers the location of critical emergency response and recovery facilities, such as evacuation centres and the appropriateness of vulnerable development types, such as aged care and child care facilities</li> </ul>
B5.4	Low Hazard 1 - Floodway	<ul> <li>Development located within Low Hazard 1 – Floodway adheres to the following:</li> <li>Use of fill is not supported</li> <li>Minor alterations that will not significantly alter the flow pattern of waters, such as roads, parking, below ground structures &amp; landscaping will be considered</li> <li>Fences are to be of an permeable 'open type' pattern that does not restrict the flow of flood waters</li> </ul>
B5.5	Low Hazard 2 - Storage	<ul> <li>Development located within Low Hazard 2 – Storage adheres to the following:</li> <li>Fill is not supported unless accompanied by a flood report</li> <li>Any other development is supported by a flood risk management report</li> </ul>
B5.6	Low Hazard 3 - Fringe	■ Development located within Low Hazard 3 - Fringe considers the location of critical emergency response and recovery facilities, such as evacuation centres and the appropriateness of vulnerable development types, such as aged care and child care facilities
B5.7	High Hazard Categories	■ Development located within a high hazard category demonstrates the following:  ■ Development does not become an isolated island during a flood event. A flood refuge is required where isolation is likely to occur unless at least 40m of the PMF event  □ Flood refuge incorporates convenient access to flood free ground, which:  ✓ Is a route that is fail safe, plainly evident and self-directing  ✓ Situated above the PMF  ✓ Caters for the number of persons that could reasonably be expected to be on-site  ✓ Provides emergency lighting  ✓ Be constructed to withstand hydraulic loading due to flood events up to the PMF
B5.8	High Hazard 1 - Floodway	<ul> <li>Development located within High Hazard 1 – Floodway adheres to the following:</li> </ul>

## ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014

**B**5

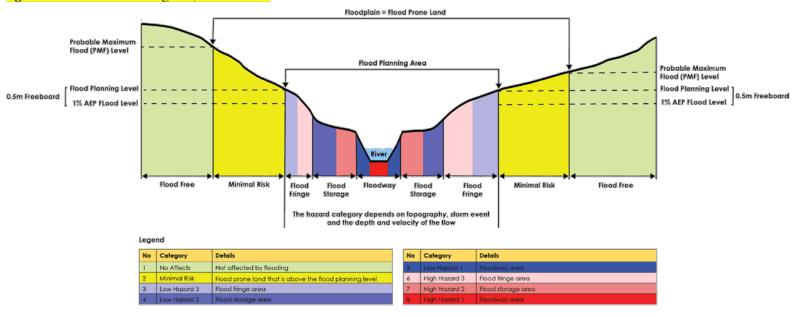
#### FLOODING

		<ul> <li>New buildings or structures and fill are not supported unless accompanied by a report</li> <li>Note: Development within a floodway is not encouraged. An application may only be considered where it demonstrated to have specific community needs/benefits, which does not relate to the provision of housing</li> </ul>	
B5.9	High Hazard 2 - Storage	<ul> <li>Development located within High Hazard 2 – Storage adheres to the following:</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>New residential and fill are not supported unless accompanied by a flood report and an flood emergency response plan</li> <li>Alterations and/or additions are considered when it is demonstrated that flood waters will not be displaced onto adjoining properties</li> </ul>	
		Note: Land but where a flood study has not been carried out to determine the flood hazard will be treated as being located within High Hazard 2 – Storage.	
B5.10	High Hazard 3 - Fringe	<ul> <li>Development located within High Hazard 3 – Fringe and below the FPL provides a flood emergency response plan</li> </ul>	

**B**5

FLOODING

#### Figure BH: Flood Hazard Categories, Cross-Section



Note: Land but where a flood study has not been carried out to determine the flood hazard will be treated as being located within High Hazard 2 – Storage.

B-40

**B6** 

**ESSENTIAL SERVICES** 

#### **B6** Essential Services

#### Application

 This Part applies to development not connected to essential services being, water, electricity, sewerage, stormwater drainage and suitable vehicular access

Objec	tives	
B6.A	Essential Services	To facilitate <i>development</i> by ensuring it is accompanied by the <i>essential services</i> of water, electricity, sewerage and suitable vehicular access
Requir	em ents	
B6.1	■ PSLEP 2013 Clause granted by Counce  • the supply of o Develop supply of supply of supply of or the disposal at o Develop that the is consist Develop o Subdivision minimum sustaining accord Framew 'On-Site'	pment must make adequate arrangements for the of water either through reticulated services or on-site and storage
	stormwater drainage or on-site conservation     suitable vehicular access	

**B**7

WILLIAMTOWN RAAF BASE - AIRCRAFT NOISE & SAFETY

# B7 Williamtown RAAF Base – Aircraft Noise & Safety

#### Application

This Part applies to development that is situated within the aircraft noise planning area, bird strike zone, extraneous lighting area or the Williamtown RAAF Base Obstacle Limitations or Operations Surface Map

Requir	ements		
B7.A	Site Acceptability	<ul> <li>To ensure <i>development</i> satisfies the requirements of PSLEP 2013 Clause 7.5</li> <li>To ensure appropriate consideration is given to land burdened by aircraft noise</li> </ul>	
B7.1	which is identified following classific  Acceptable or Conditional And And  Unaccepta the followin Dev 25-3 Airc: indo Rep nois nois requ Dev to th Note: Part D14 - DA	ent is located within the aircraft noise planning area, diby Figure BL (p. B-47) it is classified into one of the sations through referencing Figure BI (p. B-44) and end of the sations through referencing Figure BI (p. B-44) and Figure BI (p. B-45) and Figure BI (p. B-46) and Figure BI (p. B-46) and Figure BI (p. B-47) and Figure BI (p. B-47) and Figure BI (p. B-48) and Figure BI (p. B-48) and Figure BI (p. B-48) and Figure BI (p. B-49) and Figure BI (p. B-4	
B7.B	Indoor Noise	To ensure acceptable levels of indoor noise in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards	
B7.2	<ul> <li>Development must satisfy the maximum internal sound levels specified in Figure BJ (p. B-44)by providing an acoustic report</li> </ul>		
B7.3	<ul> <li>Noise attenuation levels that comply with Figure BJ (p. B-44) are not considered to be reasonable or practicable for a <i>dwelling</i> when seeking to achieve noise reduction greater than:</li> <li>35Db(A) for sleeping areas</li> </ul>		

#### **B**7

#### WILLIAMTOWN RAAF BASE - AIRCRAFT NOISE & SAFETY

	• 30 <b>Db(A)</b> for	habitable spaces	
B7.C	Alterations & Additions	To facilitate alterations and additions of existing development within the aircraft noise planning area	
B7.4	<ul> <li>Additions and/or alterations less than 40% of gross floor area of an existing building must be constructed to the same indoor sound levels as the existing building</li> <li>Additions and/or alterations greater than 40% gross floor area of an existing building requires noise attenuation measures consistent to meet the indoor noise levels listed in Figure BJ (p. B-44)</li> </ul>		
B7.D	Bird Strike	To ensure that the operational needs of the     Williamtown RAAF Base are considered	
В7.5	<b>F</b>		
B7.E	Referral Requirements	To ensure that the operational needs of the Williamtown RAAF Base are considered	
B7.6	located within the Figure BL (p. B-4 notified and give)  After a pend	the deemed to be noise sensitive development is the aircraft noise planning area, which is identified by 7), the Commonwealth Department of Defence is the noise period of 14 days to provide a submission and of 14 days, no response is deemed as no objection	
		otification Requirements (p. A-11) details general ments to be administered by Council Officers	
	Limitation or Op Systems Operati to the Common	at seeks to penetrate the RAAF Base Williamtown erations Surface or Procedures for Air Navigation ons Surface as identified by Figure BN (p. B-49) is referred wealth Department of Defence for comment	
	• Develop	ment that does not seek to penetrate these surfaces has	

B7

WILLIAMTOWN RAAF BASE - AIRCRAFT NOISE & SAFETY

compiled with the Commonwealth Department of Defence requirements of PSLEP 2013 Clause 7.4 Airspace Operations

Note: PSLEP 2013 Clause 7.4 requires the consent authority to be provided with the Commonwealth's consideration of the Limitation or Operations Surface

Development located within the extraneous lighting boundaries as
identified by Figure BO (p. B-50) and Figure BP (p. B-51) is referred to the
Commonwealth Department of Defence for comment. After a period of
14 days, no response is deemed as no objection

Note: Figure AA: Notification Requirements (p. A-11) details general notification requirements to be administered by Council Officers

Figure BI: Building Site Acceptability based on ANEF Zone

Development Type	Acceptable	Conditionally Acceptable	Unacceptable
		ANEF Zone	
residential accommodation caravan parks	<20	20 – 25	25>
tourist & visitor     accommodation	<25	<mark>25 – 30</mark>	30>
educational establishments	<20	20 – 25	25>
respite day care centres health services facilities	<20	20 – 25	25>
<ul> <li>places of public worship</li> <li>entertainment facility</li> <li>information and education facility</li> </ul>	<20	20 – 30	30>
commercial premises	<25	25 – 35	35>
general industry     light industry heavy industry	<30	30 – 40	40>
heavy industry	Acce	ptable in any AN	VEF Zone

Figure BJ: Indoor Design Sound Levels

Development type	Indoor Design Average Maximum Sound Level <i>Db (A)</i>		
residential accommodation & caravan parks			
sleeping areas & dedicated lounges	50		
habitable room other than sleeping areas & dedicated lounges	55		
bathrooms, toilets & laundries	60		
tourist and visitor accommodation			

### ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014

#### **B**7

#### WILLIAMTOWN RAAF BASE - AIRCRAFT NOISE & SAFETY

relaxing & sleeping	55
social activities	70
<ul> <li>service activities</li> </ul>	75
educational establishments	
■ libraries & study areas	50
<ul> <li>teaching &amp; assembly areas</li> </ul>	55
■ workshop areas & gymnasia	75
respite day care centres & health facilities	
<ul> <li>wards, theatres, treatment &amp; consulting rooms</li> </ul>	50
■ laboratories	65
service areas	75
public buildings	
places of public worship	50
entertainment facility	40
■ information & education facility	50
commercial buildings, offices & retail premises	
<ul> <li>private offices &amp; conference rooms</li> </ul>	55
drafting & open offices	65
<ul> <li>typing &amp; data processing</li> </ul>	70
shops, supermarkets & showrooms	75
industrial	
■ inspection, analysis & precision work	75
■ light machinery, assembly & bench work	80
heavy machinery, warehouse & maintenance	85

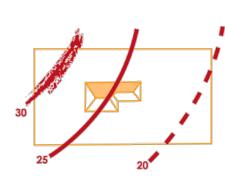
B7

WILLIAMTOWN RAAF BASE - AIRCRAFT NOISE & SAFETY

Figure BK: Illustration of Building Site Acceptability based on ANEF Zone



Acceptable - No design measures are required to reduce aircraft noise



Conditionally Acceptable - Design

measuresare required to reduce aircraft noise

Conditionally Acceptable - Design measures are required to reduce aircraft noise

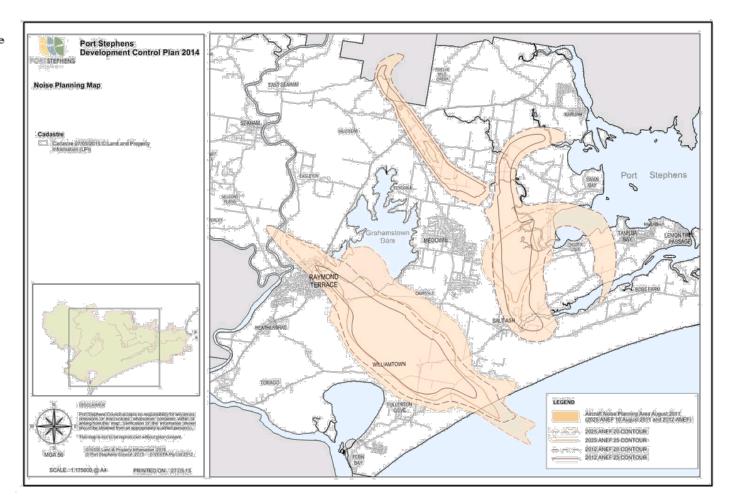
Where the contour line is placed over part of a building the higher contour will be applied

B-46

**B7** 

#### WILLIAMTOWN RAAF BASE - AIRCRAFT NOISE & SAFETY

Figure BL: Aircraft Noise Planning Map



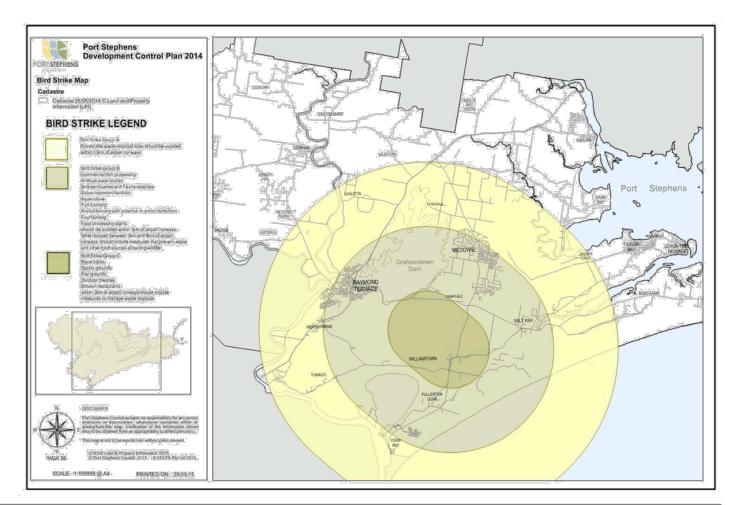
B-47

#### ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014

**B**7

WILLIAMTOWN RAAF BASE - AIRCRAFT NOISE & SAFETY

Figure BM: Bird Strike Zone

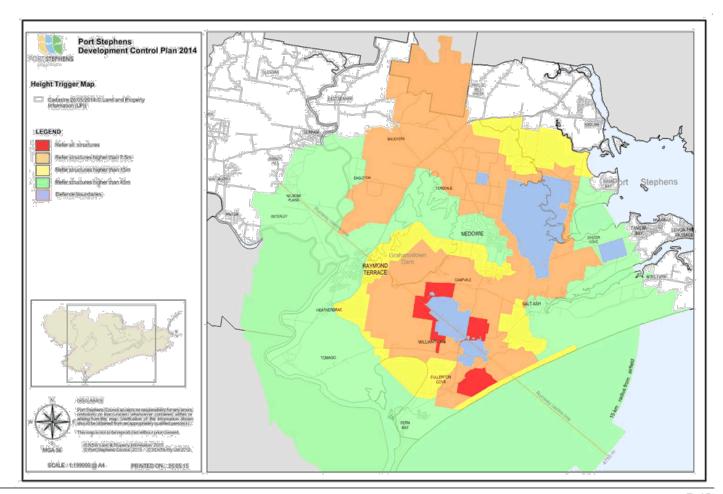


B-48

B7

#### WILLIAMTOWN RAAF BASE - AIRCRAFT NOISE & SAFETY

Figure BN: RAAF Base Williamtown Limitation or Operations Surface Map

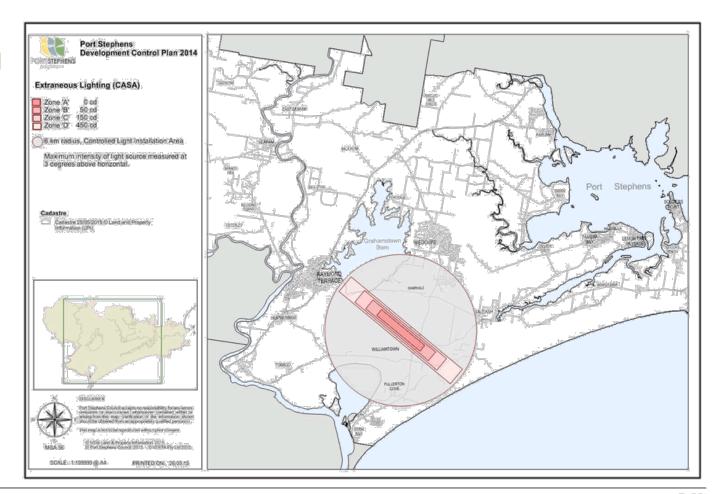


B-49

B7

#### WILLIAMTOWN RAAF BASE - AIRCRAFT NOISE & SAFETY

Figure BO: Extraneous Lighting Map 1

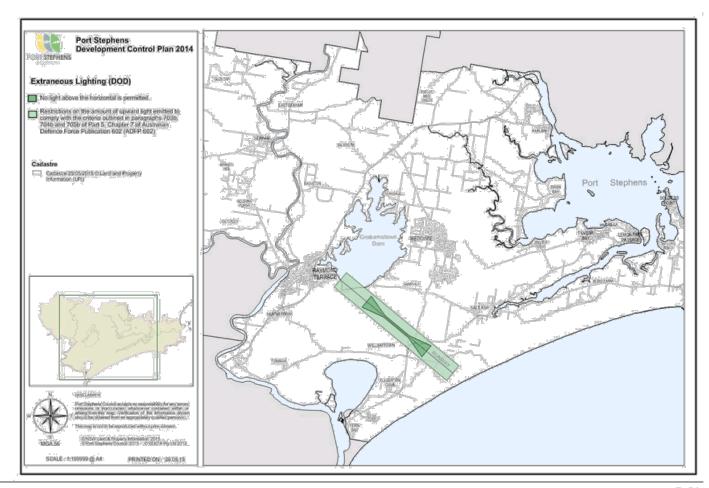


B-50

B7

WILLIAMTOWN RAAF BASE - AIRCRAFT NOISE & SAFETY

Figure BP: Extraneous Lighting Map 2



B-51

**B8** 

HERITAGE

### B8 Heritage

#### Application

 This Part applies to development that is situated on land that contains a heritage item or within a heritage conservation area

Objec	tives					
B8.A	Heritage Impact	■ To ensure satisfactory consideration of the objectives for PSLEP2013 Clause 5.10				
Requir	ements					
B8.1	<ul> <li>Development under PSLEP2013 Clause 5.10 that is likely to impact heritage significance of a heritage item provides a heritage impa- statement with the development application that is consistent with Office of Environment &amp; Heritage, N/A, 'Statements of Heritage In</li> </ul>					
	developm	ge impact statement demonstrates how the proposed ent conserves and mitigates for the protection of the heritage significance, based on the following principles:				
		welopment is consistent with the statement of heritage nificance for that item				
	o de	welopment protects the setting of the heritage item				
	spa	evelopment retains the significant internal and external acces and is to recycle, re-purpose and re-use fabric and ilding elements				
	co stn	welopment avoids facadism by using all of the imponents of the building including, but not limited to, the acture, floor, roof, floor and wall framing, fittings and ishes, fabric and materials				
		velopment removes alterations and additions that are sympathetic to the heritage significance of the heritage m				
	o rei	nstates missing building elements and details				
		es materials, finishes and colours that are appropriate to e architecture and stylistic period of the <i>heritage item</i>				
		nforces the dimensions, pattern, scale and style of the ginal windows, door openings and features of the <i>heritage</i> m				
	he	aintains and repairs building elements in order to retain the ritage item in a serviceable condition commensurate with e statement of heritage significance				
	sig an	ference to the Heritage Act 1977 is required where highly nificant archaeological items and relics are discovered disturbance, damage or an item stroyed by excavation				
	qualified o matters ar	ration of heritage reports is to be undertaken by a suitably consultant who has experience in heritage conservation and is registered on the NSW Office of Environment and Consultants Directory.				

## ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014

#### **B8**

#### HERITAGE

	ı					
B8.2	<ul> <li>Development under PSLEP 2013 Clause 5.10 that is likely to impact on the heritage significance of a heritage conservation area is to demonstrate how it is complementary to the statement of heritage significance for the heritage conservation area within the Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE)</li> </ul>					
Objec	tives					
B8.B	Minor Nature - Maintenance	To ensure that maintenance or repairs do not distract from the heritage significance of an existing item				
Requir	em ents					
B8.3	<ul> <li>A development application is required under PSLEP 2013 Clause 5.10(2), the proposed development does not, in the opinion of Council satisfy the requirements of PSLEP 2013 Clause 5.10(3)</li> </ul>					
	minor natu heritage si	ing types of <i>development</i> are considered to be works of a are or maintenance which would not adversely affect the agnificance of the <i>heritage item</i> or property within a conservation area for the purposes of Clause 5.10(3)				
	item lo with th	enance or repairs, including painting of a <i>heritage item</i> or ocated in the <i>heritage conservation area</i> that is consistent at the <i>statement of heritage significance</i> of the existing ag or the heritage character of surrounding areas				
	*	Prior to undertaking these works the applicant is to complete the PSC. 2014, 'Notification – Heritage Minor Works or Maintenance' <sup>24</sup>				
	Subdivision 25A M	pt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 – (aintenance of buildings in draft heritage conservation evelopment to be defined as exempt development				
Objec	tives					
B8.C	Demolition	To ensure evidence is provided for the demolition of a building of heritage significance				
Requi	ements					
B8.4	<ul> <li>Development that proposes the partial or total demolition of a heritage item or item within a heritage conservation area for reasons of structural integrity is supported by a structural engineering assessment. An archival record may be required by the relevant Heritage Branch Guidelines</li> </ul>					
Objec	tives					
B8.D	Aboriginal Heritage	<ul> <li>To ensure due diligence is followed before carrying out development that may harm Aboriginal objects</li> </ul>				
Requir	uirements					
B8.5	Where development involves significant cut, being greater than 2m under B3.7 (pp. B-27) the Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) addresses the following matters:  A statement indicating the results of the Australian Heritage Information Management System (AHIMS) database search and					
	A statement indicate to	ent indicating whether there are landscape features that the presence of Aboriginal objects				
	- A statem	ent indicating whether the proposed <i>development</i> is likely				

### ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014



#### HERITAGE

to harm Aboriginal objects

- A statement indicating whether an Aboriginal Heritage Impact Permit (AHIP) is required. When required:
  - Prepare an Aboriginal cultural heritage assessment to assess the impact of the proposed development on Aboriginal cultural heritage consistent with the Office of Environment & Heritage. N/A, 'Guide to investigating, assessing and reporting on Aboriginal cultural heritage in NSW'<sup>25</sup>

Note: s90 of the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974 requires an *AHIP* where harm to an Aboriginal object or Aboriginal place cannot be avoided. An AHIP can be issued under Part 6 of the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974

**B9** 

ROAD NETWORK & PARKING

### B9 Road Network & Parking

#### Application

**Objectives** 

This Part applies to development with the potential to impact on the existing road network or create demand for on-site parking. This Part lists general requirements more specific requirements relating to development types may be provided under Section C Development Types

B9.A	Traffic Impacts	<ul> <li>To ensure that the impacts of traffic generating development are considered and that the existing level of service of the road network is maintained</li> </ul>
Require	m ents	
B9.1	<ul> <li>Car parkin</li> <li>Access arr</li> <li>Street feat</li> <li>Pedestrian</li> <li>A Traffic Im</li> <li>Description</li> <li>Description</li> <li>A construction</li> <li>A subdivis</li> </ul>	of Environmental Effects (SEE) details: glocation, number and dimensions angements ares, such as trees, footpaths and pipes impacts and access for disabled persons apact Assessment (TLA) is required for: velopment for 20 or more dwellings velopment defined as traffic generating development velopment deemed in Council's opinion to impact on the string road network action management plan is provided prior to the issuing of aion certificate when development will impact on traffic
Objectiv		nts during the construction phase
B9.B	On-Site Parking Provisions	<ul> <li>To ensure development provides adequate on-site parking, loading and servicing spaces</li> <li>To ensure that vehicle access is in a safe location and has minimal impacts on existing transit movements</li> <li>To ensure driveways have adequate sight distances for traffic and pedestrians on footpaths</li> </ul>
Require	ments	
В9.2	parking provid  Where the accordance alternative  Part A reduction Figure BQ (	that has the potential to create demand for on-site are parking in accordance with Figure BQ (p. B-59) are parking requirements cannot be provided on-site in the with Figure BQ (p. B-59), Council may consider off-site arrangements for parking demand, such as: king provision on another site in proximity clanning agreement for contribution to common public king areas in Raymond Terrace or Nelson Bay, if available in in the number of spaces required in accordance with the p. B-59)may be considered when supported by a Traffic tressment (TLA) in the following circumstances:

#### **B9**

#### ROAD NETWORK & PARKING

		<ul> <li>Parking has a negative visual impact on heritage</li> <li>The current land-use has been approved with a parking shortfall and the proposed parking concession does not exceed the current shortfall for the approved use calculated in accordance with Figure BQ (p. B-59)</li> <li>Peak demand between commercial and residential development types is shared</li> <li>An upgraded public transit facility, such as a bus stop is</li> </ul>					
B9.3		ternal drive	led in proximity to the site eways and parking areas of pu ment or gravel sealed with bits				
B9.4			through large car parks will are on and pedestrian crossings in				
B9.5	•	in accorda to be loca	ple with a disability is designed ance with AS2890 and AS1428 ted as close to wheelchair acc an accessible/ continuous path	cessible entrances/lifts and			
B9.6	Note: C		r is located behind the <i>building</i> 83) requires a minimum garag tback				
Objecti	ves						
B9.C	On-Site Access	Parking	<ul> <li>To ensure that vehicle access is located in a safe location, where it least impacts on existing transit movements</li> <li>To ensure driveway exits maximise intersection sight distances for traffic and pedestrians on footpaths</li> </ul>				
Require	ments						
в9.7	<ul> <li>The entry, exit and driveway separation widths of access points from a site to a street frontage is provided in accordance with these steps:         <ol> <li>Determine the class of parking, either being A, B or C</li> <li>Determine the ingress/egress category by identifying whether that class is located on either an arterial or local street and by referencing the number of parking spaces that are required, which is determined by B9.2 (p. B-55)</li> </ol> </li> <li>Determine entry, exit and driveway separation widths by using the ingress/egress category</li> </ul>						
	Step 1.						
	Class		Examples of Uses	Required Door Opening			
	A		arking – resident, employee, tter parking and universities	Front door, first stop			
	В	and to faciliti	term parking – long-term city own centre parking, sports es, entertainment centres, motels and airport visitors	Front door, second stop			
	С		erm parking – town Centre king, shopping centres,	Rear door, full-opening			

#### **B9**

#### ROAD NETWORK & PARKING

			ent stores, s s and medi					
	Step 2.							
	Street Hie	rarchy		Number of Parking Spaces				
			<25	25-100	101-300	301-6	00 >600	
	Class			Ingres	ss/Egress Ca	ategory		
	A	Arterial	1	1 2		4	5	
		Local	1	1	2	3	4	
	В	Arterial	2	2	3	4	5	
		Local	1	2	3	4	5	
	C	Arterial	2	3	4	4	5	
		Local	1	2	3	4	4	
	Step 3.	-		-				
	Ingress/Eş Catego	-	Entry Wic	ith	Exit Wic	lth	Driveway Separation	
	1	- 1	ngle Maxim uble Maxin		Combined		-	
	2		6- 9m		Combined		-	
	3		6m		4-6m		1-3m	
	4		6-8m		6-8m	ı	1-3m	
	5	1	Direct connection from a dedicated public road via controlled intersection					
	first 6m	inside the	ensions are property bo ss exceeds	oundary wh	ien:	eased t	o 6.5m for the	
			/Egress exc intervals	eeding 30r	n in length	provide	es passing bays	
		ght distanc	e in accor oe achieve		ı Figure BS (	p. B-62)	) cannot	
	• Pi	rovides dire	ect access t	to an <i>arteri</i>	al road			
B9.8	_	_	to parking	•				
			n proximity restricted	to intersec	tions or whe	ere que	uing and sight	
	<ul> <li>not located opposite other traffic generating developments, unless separated by a median strip</li> </ul>					oments, unless		
	• nc		within the se	ections of k	erb illustrat	ed by F	igure BR (p. B-	
	<ul> <li>to provide a minimum of 0.5m from the side boundary at the front property line and minimum 0.5m clearance from the edge of existing street furniture</li> </ul>							
			the road b		_			
	• to	provide a	driveway c	r <i>oss-fall</i> for	the first 3 n	netres, r	which is to	

**B9** 

#### ROAD NETWORK & PARKING

	match the longitudinal gradient of the kerb/road pavement  to ensure vehicles can enter and leave in a forward direction					
	to provide the minimum sight distances required by Figure BS (p. B-					
	62) in accordance with the following table:					
	Road Speed km/h	Large Car P	ark MSD	Residential MSD		
	KIII/II	Safe Intersection Side Distance (SISD)	Stop Site Distance			
	40	65	40	30		
	50	90	55	40		
	60	115	75	55		
	70	140	90	70		
	80	170	115	95		
	90	200	140	-		
	100	235	165			
Objecti	ves					
B9.D	Visitor Parking Loading Facilities	easily identifiabl  To ensure loading	parking is convenie le ng facilities do not r work and are visua	negatively impact		
Require	ments					
B9.9		ng is clearly marked, sig ilding of the <i>developm</i>		ted in proximity to		
B9.10	At the l     Away fi     Away fi	is, car parking and loa pasement or ground le rom pedestrian public rom residential areas tely to staff and custor	vel at rear spaces	ided:		
B9.11		uts provide direct ped ge and is screened fro		lding entries and		
Objecti	ves					
B9.E	Access to Public Transport for 20 or more dwellings  To encourage more active lifestyles and ecologically sustainable development by providing convenient and accessible public transport options					
Requirements						
B9.12	<ul> <li>A development application for 20 or more dwellings shall demonstrate that bus stops and shelters are:</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Existing and fully accessible to current standards within a 400m walking catchment or bus stops within a 400m catchment are able upgraded</li> </ul>					
	develo	ed as close as possible  opment site, and are co  opment by a continuou	onnected to the en	atry of the		
	<ul> <li>Council ma</li> </ul>	y require the provision	of taxi, private veh	icle and		

**B**9

#### ROAD NETWORK & PARKING

- bus/coach drop off/set down areas for significant scale developments, such as *educational establishments* or *commercial premises*
- Ensure clear crossing points adjacent to public transport stops that are designed for pedestrian desire lines
  - Development unable to demonstrate the above is required to liaise with the public transport providers and Transport for NSW to meet the requirements

Figure BQ: On-Site Parking Requirements

Development Type	Parking Requirements	Accessible Parking
Residential Accommoda	ation	
boarding houses, secondary dwellings, supported accommodation and group homes	<ul> <li>Refer to State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Housing) 2009</li> <li>1 car space per 20 rooms</li> </ul>	Refer to SEPP(Affordabl e Housing) 2009
dwelling house, dual occupancy and semi- detached dwellings	<ul> <li>1 car space for one and two bedroom dwellings</li> <li>2 car spaces for three &gt; bedroom dwellings</li> </ul>	No requirement
residential flat buildings, attached dwellings, multi-unit housing and shop-top housing	1 car space for one and two bedroom dwellings     2 car spaces for three > bedroom dwellings     1 visitor space for every three dwellings	No requirement
home business or home industry	1 car space, plus 1 car space for each employee	No requirement
hostels	<ul> <li>1 car space per 10 beds</li> <li>1 car space for every 2 employees</li> <li>1 parking space for services and deliveries</li> </ul>	No requirement
seniors housing	<ul> <li>Refer to State Environmental Plans for Seniors or People with a Disabil</li> </ul>	
Tourist and Visitor Accor	nmodation	
backpackers accommodation	1 car space per 10 beds or 1 space per 5 rooms     1 car space per 2 employees	1 space per 20     parking spaces
hotel or motel accommodation, and eco-tourist facilities	<ul> <li>1 car space for each accommodation unit</li> <li>1 car space per 2 employees</li> <li>1 bike space per 20 accommodation units</li> </ul>	1 space per 20 parking spaces
serviced apartments	<ul> <li>Refer to PSLEP 2013 7.13 Serviced</li> </ul>	apartments
camping ground and caravan park	1 car space per site     1 visitor space for every 10 sites	No requirement
bed and breakfast	1 car space per guest room	No requirement

### ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014

#### **B9**

#### ROAD NETWORK & PARKING

establishment and farm stay			
Commercial Premises	l .		
office premises and business premises bulky goods	<ul> <li>1 car space per 40m² floor area</li> <li>1 bike space per 200m² floor area</li> <li>1 car space per 55m² floor area</li> </ul>	•	1 car space per 30 parking spaces 1 car space per
	1 bike space per 20 employees		30 parking spaces
food and drink premises, including restaurants, cafes and take-away drink premises	<ul> <li>1 car space per 25m² floor area within commercial premises</li> <li>15 car spaces per 100m² floor area or 1 car space per 3 seats outside of commercial premises</li> <li>Minimum queuing area of 5 cars for drive-thru</li> <li>1 bike space per 200m²</li> </ul>	•	1 car space per 30 parking spaces
pub and registered clubs	<ul> <li>1 car space per 7m² of floor area within commercial centres</li> <li>1 car space per 10m² courtyard / beer garden within commercial centres</li> <li>1 car space per 3.5m² of floor area outside of commercial centres</li> <li>1 bike space per 25m² bar area</li> <li>1 bike space per 100m² courtyard/ beer garden</li> <li>1 bike space per 20 accommodation rooms</li> </ul>	•	1 car space per 20 parking spaces
garden centre and plant nursery	1 car space per 130m² nursery area	•	1 car space
shop	1 car space per 20m² floor area	•	1 car space per 30 car spaces
roadside stall	4 car spaces	•	No requirement
motor showroom and vehicle sales or hire premises	0.75 car spaces per 100m²     vehicle display area     1 bike space per 20 employees	•	1 car space per 30 car spaces
hardware building supplies and industrial retail outlets	1 car space per 55m² floor area	•	No requirement
rural supplies, timber yards, landscaping material supplies and wholesale supplies	1 bike space per 20 employees	•	No requirement
market	2.5 car spaces per stall	•	No requirement
service station	4 car spaces per work bay 1 car space per 20m² floor area	•	1 car space

### ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014

#### **B9**

#### ROAD NETWORK & PARKING

	1 bike space per 15 employees	
sex services premises	2 car spaces per room used for	1 car space per
oca services premises	prostitution	20 car spaces
entertainment facilities	A traffic impact study is required	1 car space per
and function centres	1 bike space per 20 employees	20 car spaces
	■ 1 bike space per 20 visitors	
veterinary premises	<ul> <li>3 car spaces per practitioner</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1 car space per</li> </ul>
and health consulting rooms	1 car space per 2 employees not a practitioner	10 car spaces
	2 bike space per 10 practitioners and other employees not practitioners	
Industry	-	<u> </u>
home industry and	■ 1 car space per 100m²	No requirement
light industry	1 car space for each employee	_
	1 bike space per 20 employees	
rural industries	Merit-based approach	No requirement
heavy industrial	1 car space per 100m² floor	1 car space per
storage	area or 4 space per work bay	30 car spaces
establishments, heavy industry and general industry	1 bike space per 20 employees	
vehicle body repair workshops and vehicle repair stations	■ 4 car spaces per work bay	No requirement
warehouse or	■ 1 car space per 200m²	■ 1 car space
distribution centres, storage premises and depots	1 bike space per 20 employees	
Infrastructure		
passenger transport facility	Merit-based approach	1 car space per 20 car spaces
educational	1 car space per employee	1 car space per
establishment	1 car space per 8 senior high school students	20 car spaces
	2 bike spaces per 20 employees and students	
medical centres	■ 1 car space per 25m² floor area	1 car space per 10 car spaces
child care centre	1 car space for every 4     childcare places	1 car space
place of public	Merit-based approach	<ul> <li>1 car space per</li> </ul>
worship	2 bike spaces per 20 employees and visitors	20 car spaces
bowling green	30 car spaces for first bowling green, then 15 for each	1 car space per 20 car spaces
	additional bowling green  1 bike space per 15 employees	

**B**9

#### ROAD NETWORK & PARKING

<ul> <li>3 car spaces per bowling alley</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>1 bike space per 15 employees</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>3 car spaces per tennis court</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>1 bike space per 15 employees</li> </ul>	
■ 5 car space per 100m <sup>2</sup>	
<ul> <li>1 bike space per 15 employees</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>15 car spaces per pitch/court</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>1 bike space per 15 employees</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>0.6 spaces per wet berth</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No requirement</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>0.2. spaces per dry storage berth</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>0.2 spaces per swing mooring</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>0.5 spaces per marina employee</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>1 bike space per 15 employees</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>4.5 car spaces per 100m<sup>2</sup> floor area or 1 space per 10 passengers</li> </ul>	1 car spaces     per 20 car     spaces
Merit-based approach	1 car space per 20
	<ul> <li>1 bike space per 15 employees</li> <li>3 car spaces per tennis court</li> <li>1 bike space per 15 employees</li> <li>5 car space per 100m²</li> <li>1 bike space per 15 employees</li> <li>15 car spaces per pitch/court</li> <li>1 bike space per 15 employees</li> <li>0.6 spaces per wet berth</li> <li>0.2. spaces per dry storage berth</li> <li>0.2 spaces per swing mooring</li> <li>0.5 spaces per marina employee</li> <li>1 bike space per 15 employees</li> <li>4.5 car spaces per 100m² floor area or 1 space per 10 passengers</li> </ul>

Figure BR: Ingress/Egress is not supported in identified locations

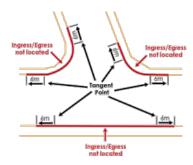
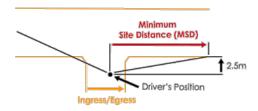


Figure BS: Illustration of Ingress and Egress Minimum Site Distances



**B**10

SOCIAL IMPACT



### Social Impact

#### Application

This Part applies to development deemed to have a significant social impact

Objectiv	bjectives					
B10.A	To promote community well-being and quality of life					
Require	m ents					
B10.1				ired for <i>development</i> with the ial impact, which may include:		
	0	sex services premises	0	hostels		
	0	restricted premises	0	entertainment facilities		
	0	caravans parks	0	tourist and visitor accommodation		
	0	backpacker	0	pubs		
		accommodation	0	registered clubs		
	0	boarding houses	0	major subdivisions		
	Note: All	<i>development type</i> s are	defi	ned under the PSLEP 2013 <mark>with the</mark>		
	exception	on of major subdivisions,	whic	ch is defined under this Plan		

### ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014



**DEVELOPMENT TYPES** 

### C Development Types

The Parts listed below apply to all land-use types to which this Plan applies.

C Dev	C Development Types					
No	Part	This Part applies to development that:	Page			
C1	Subdivision	■ is defined as <i>subdivision</i>	C- 65			
C2	Commercial	s defined as commercial premises	<b>C</b> - 72			
C3	Industrial	<ul> <li>is defined as industry and/or development within the Zone B5 Business Development.</li> </ul>	C- 78			
C4	Dwelling houses, Dual Occupancy & Ancillary Development	<ul> <li>is defined as a dwelling house</li> <li>is defined as a dual occupancy</li> <li>is defined as a ancillary structure, which includes a swimming pool, shed, fence, retaining wall or shipping container</li> </ul>	C- 81			
C5	Multi Dwelling Housing	<ul> <li>is defined as multi dwelling housing</li> <li>is defined as a residential flat building refers to the requirements of SEPP No 65 – Design Quality of Residential Flat Development</li> </ul>	C- 88			
C6	Home Business or Home Industry	■ is defined as home business or home industry	C- 92			
<b>C</b> 7	Restricted or Sex Services Premises	<ul> <li>is defined as restricted premises</li> <li>is defined as sex services premises</li> </ul>	C- 94			
C8	Signage	■ is defined as <i>signage</i>	C- 97			



SUBDIVISION

### C1 Subdivision

#### Application

■ This Part applies to development that is defined as *subdivision* 

Objecti	<b>Objectives</b>					
C1.A	Lodgement Requirements	<ul> <li>To ensure subdivision layout is informed by an analysis of its setting, including topography, landscape, aspect and surrounding development</li> </ul>				
Require	Requirem ents					
C1.1	PSDCP 2014 Reference	<ul> <li>A development application for subdivision adheres to the other relevant parts of this Plan:</li> <li>Part B General Provisions</li> <li>Part D Specific Areas</li> </ul>				
C1.2	Defining	Subdivision is either minor or major subdivision				
C1.2	Defining Subdivision	Minor subdivisions include:				
		Strata subdivisions				
		Boundary adjustments				
		Torrens title and community title subdivision; where only inter allotment drainage lines and driveways are required				
		<ul> <li>Major subdivisions include:</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>Where new roads are proposed</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>Existing roads or intersections require significant upgrading</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>Public drainage is constructed</li> </ul>				
C1.3	Lodgement Requirements	A development application for minor subdivision is accompanied by the following:				
		<ul> <li>Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE)</li> </ul>				
		Site Analysis & Site Analysis Plan				
		A development application for major subdivision is accompanied by the following:				
		<ul> <li>Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE)</li> </ul>				
		Site Analysis Plan				
		• Landscape Plan for subdivision, which includes:				
		<ul> <li>Details of the proposed landscaping of the public domain, including streets and open space</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>A schedule of the species and the planting locations</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>Technical details of the planting and initial maintenance regime</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>An assessment of the ongoing</li> </ul>				



SUBDIVISION

		o I 6 0 F • Slope An • Prelimina are prop		ts, including paving vegetation areas grees or over
		Other in lodgeme	t Utility Plans formation as agreed ent meeting or other arts of this Plan	
Objectiv	<mark>ves</mark>			
C1.B	Subdivision Certificate	<ul> <li>To provide a consistent approach in the way a subdivision certificate is released</li> </ul>		
Require	<mark>m ents</mark>			
C1.4	Subdivision Certificate	<ul> <li>Subdivision certificates are released once the following has been submitted to Council:         <ul> <li>Plan for Subdivision</li> <li>Payment of \$94 contributions</li> <li>\$50 Certificate from Hunter Water</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Objectiv	<mark>ves</mark>			
C1.C	Block & Street Layout	<ul> <li>To ensure <i>local streets</i> are well-connected to the street network with obvious pedestrian and cycle links to higher order streets</li> <li>To ensure priority is provided to residents' needs when designing <i>local streets</i> to encourage usability</li> <li>To ensure pathways follow <i>desire lines</i></li> </ul>		
Require	m ents			
C1.5	Block Dimensions	A block seeks to achieve the following dimensions:		
		Zone	Maximum depth	Maximum length
		Residential	80m	160m
		Commercial	50m	80m
		Industrial	12 <b>0</b> m	200m
C1.6	Technical Specifications	Street layout compiles with the road network specifications in infrastructure specification – design <sup>11</sup>		
C1.7	Street Layout Attributes	<ul> <li>The street layout addresses the following:</li> <li>All street components are integrated, such as kerbing, pavement type, width, street tree planting, footpaths, on road cycleway, dual use paths, lighting and seating are provided as specified in infrastructure specific -design<sup>11</sup></li> <li>Road widths accommodate the necessary movements of service and emergency vehicles</li> <li>Driveways and footpaths are provided at</li> </ul>		



#### SUBDIVISION

	subdivision as a part of the subdivision works			
	Footpaths and dual-use paths follow desire lines  Street levent is interconnected to provide a grid			
	Street layout is interconnected to provide a grid- like structure			
	<ul> <li>Street layout is informed by street connections for future subdivisions on adjacent lands</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Street layout enables each lot to front a street and for corner lots to face both streets</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Street layout seeks to provide a perimeter road between residential dwellings and;</li> </ul>			
	o bushfire prone land			
	<ul> <li>open space defined as a district park, neighbourhood park or local park under C1.15 (p. C-68)</li> </ul>			
	Street layout ensures public access to public open space is maintained and encouraged			
	<ul> <li>Street layout responds to the topographical features of the site, such as:</li> </ul>			
	o where land slopes at a grade of 6% or more the predominant street alignment is perpendicular to the contours			
	o straight or gently curved to frame vistas			
C1.8 Cul-de-sacs	Cul-de-sacs are generally only supported where:			
	Street layout does not permit a through street			
	Connectivity to an adjoining street is not required			
	Maximum length of 75m			
	Access to a maximum of 10 dwellings			
	Clear line of sight from the nearest intersection			
C1.9 Street Tree Requiremen	Street trees are required as a component of the road reserve for the following:			
	residential subdivisions			
	commercial subdivisions			
	<ul> <li>industrial subdivision creating 10 or more lots</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Street trees are provided in accordance with the Tree Technical Specification<sup>1</sup></li> </ul>			
	✓ Attachment 1 – Tree Planting Guidelines of the <i>Tree Technical</i> Specificaiton <sup>1</sup> provides guidance to the application of Attachment 2 to determine the total number of trees to be provided			
<b>Objectives</b>				
C1.D Lot Size & Dimensions	To ensure all new lots have a size and shape appropriate to their proposed use, and to allow for the provisions of necessary services and other requirements			
Requirements				

### ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014



#### SUBDIVISION

C1.10	Lot Size	Subdivision adheres with PSLEP2013 Part 4			
C1.11	Rectangular Footprint	<ul> <li>A residential lot is capable of supporting a rectangular building footprint of 15m x 8m or 10m x 12m as illustrated by Figure CA(p. C-70)</li> </ul>			
C1.12	Battleaxe Lots	<ul> <li>All lots provide direct street frontage</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>Battle-axe lots are only considered when there is no practical way to provide direct street frontage</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>Right of carriageway is constructed prior to the issuing of a subdivision certificate and is provided in accordance with Figure CB (p. C-71)</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>Alternative solutions are to be considered for lots created prior to the PSLEP 2013, but only where safety is not impeded</li> </ul>			
C1.13	Splay Comers	• Splay corners are provided for corner lots and must be a minimum of:			
		<ul> <li>4m x 4m for residential zones</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>8m x 8m for commercial and industrial zones</li> </ul>			
		6m x 6m or <i>merit-based approach</i> for other zones			
<b>Objectives</b>					
C1.E	Solar Access	■ To maximise <i>solar access</i> for residential dwellings			
Require	m ents				
C1.14	Solar Access	<ul> <li>Residential subdivision addresses the following guidelines for solar access. Any inconsistency clearly justifies how alternative energy efficiency is achieved</li> <li>Where possible, lots should be oriented to provide one axis within 30 degrees east and 20 west of true solar north</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>Where a northern orientation of the long axis is not possible, lots should be wider to allow private open space on the northern side of the dwelling</li> <li>Topography and landform should inform the subdivision layout in order to maximise solar access opportunities</li> </ul>			
Objectives					
C1.F	Public Open Space	To provide a hierarchy of <i>public open space</i> in accordance with public open space hierarchy			
		To provide parks that are multi-functional			
		<ul> <li>To ensure parks achieve centrality by being located near transport nodes, public buildings, waterfronts, libraries or places of public worship</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>To ensure public open space meets the demands of the local community to encourage usability and critical mass</li> </ul>			
Require	Requirements				
C1.15	Open Space	■ Council may require the provision of <i>public open</i>			



### SUBDIVISION

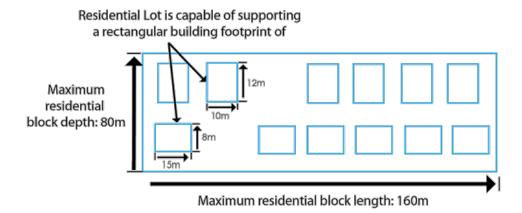
	Hierarchy	sp	ace in accordance w	ith the following	g:
			Category	Area	Catchment
		A	Regional Park	merit-based approach	1 per 400 residents aged 5-39
		В	Suburban Park	1-2ha	500 -800m
		C	<mark>Local Park</mark>	0.5ha	150-400m
		D	Comdor open space	merit-based approach	-
C1.16	Open Space Reduction	• Th	e quantity of <i>public of</i> accessibility is impro as providing extend pedestrian network value of open space measures as an ince of park equipment	oved through so led connection e is improved t	nch measures ns to the wider hrough such
C1.17	Open Space Attributes	R aa p	demonstrates centre transport nodes, pur libraries or places or is bounded by a local is faced by lots zone provides advanced provides multiple encreates links between integrates remnant provides seating primary purpose is esecondary to determine the provides advanced by lots zone provides multiple encreates links between integrates remnant provides seating primary purpose is esecondary to determine the local park also in layground puburban Parks provides council contidor open spaces a lassified as operational fovernment Act 1993	rality by being I blic buildings, we found the public worship cal street ed residential of the exercise en public and proper space and an exercise en public and proper space and the exercise en collection or retention on to the facilities in collection exercise exercise exercises are drainage residential blick by the exercise exercises and the exercise exercises are drainage residentially being the exercise exercises and the exercise exercises are drainage residentially being the exercise exercises and the exercise exercises are drainage residentially being the exercises are drainage residentially being the exercise exercises are drainage residentially exercises.	ocated near vaterifonts, o r commercial ade trees oints private areas  d is not on for drainage ies included in ren's  nsultation with
Objectiv	ves				
C1.G	Infrastructure	pr	ensure detailed consi ovision of integrated a fastructure	•	
Require	m ents				
C1.18	Technical Specifications	s <b>p</b> Uti	fastructure in accorda ecification – design <sup>11</sup> i lity Plans or more deta ans	s identified on t	the Concept



SUBDIVISION

C1.19	Public Infrastructure	Subdivision provides public infrastructure within the adjoining road or public land, including kerb/gutter,
		stormwater drainage, footpaths, street lighting, street trees and bus shelters, excluding:
		<ul> <li>Public utilities, such as water and electricity are kept within private lot boundaries and are not located within the road reserve</li> </ul>
C1.20	Lifecycle & Maintenance	<ul> <li>Lifecycle and maintenance costs are a key determinant when considering alternative methods, products and manufacturers to those specification in the infrastructure specification – design<sup>11</sup></li> </ul>
		Council will request life cycle costing and maintenance manual details for infrastructure to assist in ongoing maintenance
Objectiv	<mark>res</mark>	
Objective C1.H	Public Scale Drainage	To ensure further guidance is provided for subdivision that is consistent with B4 Drainage and Water Quality
	Public Scale Drainage	
C1.H	Public Scale Drainage ments Inter- allotment	
C1.H Requires	Public Scale Drainage ments Inter-	that is consistent with B4 Drainage and Water Quality  • Each lot must be able to be gravity drained through

Figure CA: Residential Block Dimensions & Rectangular Building Footprint



# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014



SUBDIVISION

Figure CB: Battle-Axe Requirements

	Entry Width	Max Length	Misc	Torrens
Dwelling house     Dual Occupancy	3.6m	30m	Max 2 dwellings	Max 3
<ul><li>Multi-dwelling housing</li><li>Residential flat building</li></ul>	6m	50m	-	-
Business     Industrial	10m	-	-	Max 3
Rural less than 2 lots	6.5m	200m	-	Max 3
Rural greater than 3 lots	10m	200m	-	Max 3



COMMERCIAL

### C2 Commercial

### Application

- This Part applies to development defined as commercial premises
  - This Part also provides additional requirements for bulky goods premises

Objectiv	Objectives Control of the Control of				
C2.A	Lodgement Requirements	To ensure that <i>commercial premises</i> is informed by an analysis of its setting			
Require	Requirements				
C2.1	PSDCP 2014 Reference	<ul> <li>A development application for commercial premises adheres to the other relevant parts of this Plan:</li> <li>Part B General Provisions</li> <li>Part D Specific Areas</li> </ul>			
C2.2	Lodgement Requirements	<ul> <li>A development application for commercial premises is accompanied by the following:         <ul> <li>Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE)</li> <li>Site Analysis Plan</li> <li>Floor Plan</li> <li>Street Elevation Plan</li> <li>Section Plan</li> <li>Landscape Plan                 <ul> <li>Is provided in accordance with Chapter 4 - Standards for Commercial Development of the Landscape Technical Specification<sup>4</sup></li> </ul> </li> <li>Shadow diagram if development is proposed to be greater than 8m in height</li> <li>Shadow diagrams consider shadowing created by the dwelling and fencing</li> </ul> </li> <li>Other information as agreed during the prelodgement meeting or other matters outlined in other Parts of this Plan</li> </ul>			
Objectiv	Objectives				
C2.B	Subdivision Certificate	To provide a consistent approach in the way a subdivision certificate is released for dual occupancy development			
Require	ments				
C2.3	Subdivision Certificate	<ul> <li>Dual occupancy subdivision certificates are released once the following has been submitted to Council:         <ul> <li>Plan for Subdivision</li> <li>Payment of s94 contributions</li> <li>\$50 Certificate from Hunter Water</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			



COMMERCIAL

Objectiv	<mark>/es</mark>	
C2.C	Height	<ul> <li>To ensure <i>development</i> is of an appropriate height that minimises privacy loss and over-shadowing</li> <li>To ensure that floor to ceiling height allows for flexible uses over time</li> </ul>
Require	m ents	
C2.4	Building Height	<ul> <li>Building height is provided in accordance with PSLEP2013 Clauses 4.3 and 5.6</li> </ul>
C2.5	Floor to Ceiling Height	<ul> <li>Minimum ground floor to ceiling height for all development types within a commercial zone is 3.5m</li> <li>Minimum first floor and above floor to ceiling height for commercial premises is 3.0m</li> <li>Minimum first floor and above floor to ceiling height for residential accommodation is 2.7m</li> <li>Ground level (finished) must be between 100-500mm above adjacent footpath levels</li> </ul>
Objectiv	r <mark>es</mark>	
C2.D	Site Coverage	To ensure <i>development</i> provides an appropriate bulk and scale for the desired character of that zone
Require	m ents	
C2.6	Site Coverage	<ul> <li>Site Coverage adheres to maximum non-permeable surface area described under Figure BD (p. B-31)</li> </ul>
Objectiv	<mark>/es</mark>	
C2.E	Site Frontage and Setbacks	<ul> <li>To ensure development provides continuity and consistency to the public domain</li> </ul>
Require	<mark>m ents</mark>	
C2.8	Site Frontage for buildings higher than 10.5m	<ul> <li>Minimum 20m site frontage where development is proposed to be more than 10.5m in height</li> </ul>
C2.9	Front Setback & Façade Articulation	<ul> <li>Development is built to the front property line for the ground and first floor</li> <li>Minimum front setback of 3m from the front property line for the second floor and above</li> <li>Minimum front setback of 3.5m from the front property line for mixed use development for second floor and above</li> <li>Parts of a building may give variation in setback to provide design articulation</li> </ul>
C2.10	Side Setback	<ul> <li>Development should be built to the side boundary to maximise continuous activate street frontage, except where side access is provided</li> </ul>
C2.11	Rear Setback	■ Commercial premises adjacent to a residential lot or public reserve is to provide a minimum rear setback of 5m, plus 0.5m for each metre exceeding 8m



COMMERCIAL

	ı	
		<ul> <li>Rear setback is built for purpose as informed by the Site Analysis Plan required under C2.2 (p. C-72)</li> </ul>
C2.12	Longitudinal gradient	<ul> <li>Where there is a level of change in excess of 500mm at the front property boundary the floor plate and rooflines of development steps with the longitudinal grade of street</li> </ul>
Objectiv	<mark>ves</mark>	
C2.E	Building Form and Massing	To ensure <i>development</i> reinforces, compliments and enhances the visual character of the street
Require	m ents	
C2.13	Amenity	Building mass does not result in unreasonable loss of amenity to adjacent properties or the public domain
C2.14	Proportions	Building proportion is complimentary to the form, proportions and massing of existing building patterns
Objectiv	<mark>ves</mark>	
C2.F	Facades	<ul> <li>To ensure street activation and passive surveillance through active street frontage</li> <li>To facilitate development that is safe and secure for pedestrians and contributes to public domain safety</li> </ul>
		by incorporating principles of Crime Prevention through Environmental Design (CPTED), such as:
		Territorial Re-enforcement
		Surveillance     Access Control
		Space/Activity Management
		To ensure the bulk of large floor plate development is concealed by a sleeve of smaller buildings fronting the street
Require	ments	
C2.15	Materials	Building facades use materials, colours and architectural elements to reduce bulk and scale that are complimentary to existing built-form and natural setting
C2.16	Active Street Frontage	<ul> <li>Development provides continuity of an active street frontage for localities where business premises or retail premises predominately face the street and have direct pedestrian access from the street as identified in Part D- Specific Areas</li> <li>An active street frontage provides the following:         <ul> <li>Maximum unarticulated wall is 2m in length</li> <li>Minimum 50% of ground floor front is windows, which does not include false windows</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note: C1.7 (p. C-66) requires that the street layout enable each lot to front a street or comer lots to face both streets</li> </ul>
		A big box development may achieve an active street frontage by providing a sleeve of smaller



### COMMERCIAL

C2.17	Public	buildings that conceal its bulk to the street frontage  Note: C2.K (p. C-76) provides additional requirements for bulky goods premises  Development incorporates Crime Prevention through Environmental Design principles (CPTED) by providing passive surveillance to public spaces trough building design and orientation  Development provides paving to the public footpath
	Footpath	for the entire length of the <i>development</i> street frontage
Objectiv	<mark>res</mark>	
C2.G	Awnings	<ul> <li>To ensure continuous awnings along pathways to provide shelter where most pedestrian activity occurs</li> <li>To ensure awning design is integrated with the building façade to integrate with adjoining buildings</li> </ul>
Require	<mark>n ents</mark>	
C2.18	Awnings	<ul> <li>Awnings must be provided over pedestrian pathways</li> <li>New awnings must maintain the same dimensions, alignment and materials of existing awnings along the street</li> <li>A continuous or stepped solid box awning should be provided for the full extent of the building frontage with awnings 3m in width or setback 750mm from the curb, whichever is less</li> <li>Under awning height will be between 3.2m and 3.6m</li> <li>Awnings on sloping sites should be a cantilevered steel box section that steps with street slope</li> <li>Awnings are varied when there is a need to highlight the location of a major building entrance</li> </ul>
Objectiv	<mark>res</mark>	
C2.H	Building Entries	To provide clear direction to access points
Requirer	n ents	
C2.19	Access Points	<ul> <li>Provide a recognisable entry from the primary street</li> <li>Entries on comer sites address both streets by providing a sprayed entry on that comer</li> <li>A separate and secure access point that provides a clear sense of building address is provided for the residential component of mixed-use development</li> </ul>
C2.20	Entry Structures	<ul> <li>Entry structures, such as access ramps are located within the site behind the property boundary so as not to obstruct pedestrian footpaths in public spaces</li> </ul>



COMMERCIAL

Objectiv	<b>Objectives</b>			
C2.I	Building Facilities and Services	To appropriately locate building facilities and services that do not negatively impact on the <i>public domain</i>		
Require	Requirements			
C2.21	Location of Building Facilities and Services	<ul> <li>Plant, equipment, storage areas, communication structures and servicing areas are located at the rear of a building and not be visible from streets, parks and other public spaces, except for service lanes</li> </ul>		
Objectiv	<mark>res</mark>			
C2.J	Public Art & Toilets	To ensure that features of the <i>public domain</i> contribute to identity, character, safety, amenity     and accessibility		
Require	<mark>m ents</mark>			
C2.22	Commercial valued over \$2 million	<ul> <li>Commercial development of a significant scale and that provides frontage to the public domain incorporate public art in accordance with the conditions of consent</li> <li>Commercial development of a significant scale provide toilets that are accessible to the public</li> </ul>		
Objectiv	v <mark>es</mark>			
C2.K	Bulky Goods Premises	<ul> <li>Establish requirements for bulky goods premises</li> <li>Ensure the design of bulky goods contributes positively to the streetscape &amp; public domain through quality architecture, materials &amp; finishes</li> </ul>		
Require	<mark>m ents</mark>			
C2.23	Bulky Goods Premises Principles	Bulky goods premises are to be designed to: Incorporate detail and architectural interest Avoid creating ambiguous external spaces with poor pedestrian amenity and security Provides a clearly identifiable and dedicated pedestrian access to the building and across the site from the primary street frontage Pick-up areas are provided next to the entrance to reduce unnecessary movement of heavy objects across the site		



Figure CC: Illustration of Commercial Awning Dimensions

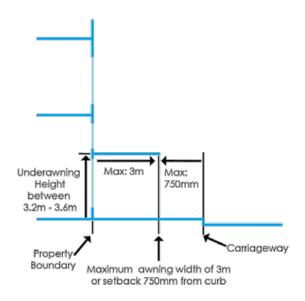
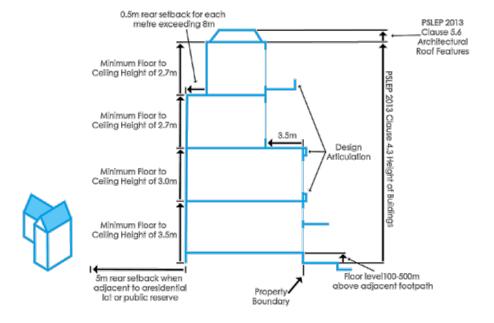


Figure CD: Illustration of Commercial Building Envelope





INDUSTRIAL

### C3 Industrial

### Application

 This Part applies to development defined as industry and/or development within the Zone B5 Business Development.

Objecti	<b>Objectives</b>				
C3.A	Lodgement Requirements	To ensure industry <i>development</i> is informed by an analysis of its setting			
Require	Requirements				
C3.1	PSDCP 2014 Reference	A development application for industry adheres to the other relevant parts of this Plan:     Part B General Provisions     Part D Specific Areas			
C3.2	Lodgement Requirements	<ul> <li>A development application for industry is accompanied by the following:         <ul> <li>Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE)</li> <li>Site Analysis &amp; Site Plan</li> <li>Floor Plan</li> <li>Section Plan</li> <li>Landscape Plan</li> <li>Landscape Plan in provided in accordance with Chapter 5 - Standards for Industrial Subdivision of the Landscape Technical Specification<sup>4</sup></li> <li>Waste Management Plan</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note: B3.8 (p. B-27) details what is to be included within a Waste Management Plan</li> <li>Other information as agreed during the prelodgement meeting or other matters outlined in other Parts of this Plan</li> </ul>			
Objecti	ves				
C3.B	Subdivision Certificate	■ To provide a consistent approach in the way of how a subdivision certificate is released for dual occupancy development			
Require	Requirements				
C3.3	Subdivision Certificate	Dual occupancy subdivision certificates are released once the following has been submitted to Council: Plan for Subdivision Payment of s94 contributions S50 Certificate from Hunter Water			
Objecti	<b>Objectives</b>				

# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014



INDUSTRIAL

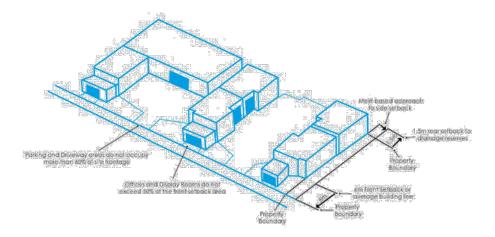
C3.C	Height	<ul> <li>To ensure the height of buildings is appropriate for the context and character of the area</li> <li>To ensure building heights reflect the hierarchy of centres and land use structure</li> </ul>		
Require	ments			
C3.4	Building Height	■ Development must not exceed a height of 15m  Note: PSLEP 2013 Clause 4.3 Height of buildings ovenides this requirement, if a height is specified		
Objecti	ves			
C3.5	Site Coverage	<ul> <li>To ensure development provides an appropriate bulk and scale for the desired character of that zone</li> </ul>		
Require	ments			
C3.6	Site Coverage	<ul> <li>Site Coverage adheres to maximum non-permeable surface area described under Figure BB (p. B-27)</li> </ul>		
<b>Objecti</b>	<mark>ves</mark>			
C3.D	Building Siting and Design	■ To ensure <i>development</i> is situated within an appropriate building envelope		
Require	e <mark>m ents</mark>			
C3.5	Front Setback	<ul> <li>Maximum front setback of 6m from the front property boundary or the existing average building line</li> <li>Single storey offices and display rooms within the front setback must:         <ul> <li>not exceed 50% of the front setback area</li> <li>ensure sightlines are maintained for pedestrian and vehicle movement</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
C3.6	Side Setback	No minimum side setback		
C3.7	Rear Setback	<ul> <li>Merit-based approach to rear setback with a 1.5m buffer zone provided to drainage reserves</li> </ul>		
Objecti	<mark>ves</mark>			
C3.E	Fencing	<ul> <li>To avoid the dominance of fences on the streetscape and similar hostile design, and to soften the built environment in industrial areas</li> </ul>		
Require	Requirements			
C3.8	Fencing Materials	• Fencing forward of the six metre setback must not exceed a height of 1.2m. It is constructed of masonry or dark coloured picket/pool style fencing in combination with vegetation		
C3.9	Security Fencing	<ul> <li>Security gates and other fencing may be utilised behind the five six metre setback, provided that it does not exceed a height of two metres</li> </ul>		
Objecti	<mark>ves</mark>			
C3.F	Facades and Articulation	To ensure facades consist of appropriate materials and colours that contribute to streetscape amenity		

**C**3

INDUSTRIAL

		To ensure weather protection is provided at building entrances			
Require	Requirements				
C3.10	Colours and Materials	Building colours and materials are sympathetic to the natural environment and existing site context			
C3.11	Awnings	Weather protection awnings are provided for building entrances			
C3.12	Building Access	The building access point provides a clear sense of building address for residents and their visitors			
C3.13	Building Frontage	<ul> <li>Offices, showrooms and customer service areas are located towards the front of the <i>development</i></li> <li>Parking and driveway areas do not occupy more than 60% of the site frontage</li> <li>Buildings face the street and provide clear entry points</li> </ul>			
C3.14	Blank Walls	Blank walls are minimised by incorporating an opening or change in the wall's articulation. This should include a combination of change in materials, setback variation, architectural details or landscaping			
C3.15	Screening	<ul> <li>Screening of poorly designed buildings with vegetation is not an acceptable streetscape treatment. A combination of quality building design and landscaping is to be used to provide a positive contribution to the streetscape</li> </ul>			

Figure CE: Illustration of Industrial Building Principles





DWELLING HOUSE, DUAL OCCUPANCY OR ANCILLARY STRUCTURES

### C4 Dwelling House, Dual Occupancy or Ancillary Structures

#### Application

 This Part applies to development that is defined as a dwelling house, dual occupancy or ancillary structure, which includes a swimming pool, shed, fencing, retaining wall or shipping container

Objecti	ives				
C4.A	Lodgement Requirements	To ensure a <i>dwelling house</i> or <i>dual occupancy</i> is informed by an analysis of its setting			
Require	Requirem ents				
C4.1	PSDCP 2014 Reference	<ul> <li>A development application for dwelling house, dual occupancy or ancillary structure adheres to the other relevant parts of this Plan:</li> <li>Part B General Provisions</li> <li>Part D Specific Areas</li> </ul>			
C4.2	Lodgement	■ A development application for a dwelling house or dual occupancy is accompanied by the following:  ■ Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE)  ■ Site Analysis & Site Plan  ■ Floor Plan  ■ Street elevation plan  ■ Landscape Concept Plan in accordance with the Landscape Technical Specification <sup>4</sup> is provided for the following:  ■ All dual occupancy dwellings  ■ A dwelling house, only when the assessing officer believes it is warranted for sites:  ✓ with slope of land is greater than 18 degrees, or  ✓ when measured from the dwelling within 50m of the following:  ♣ SEPP 14 Wetland  ♣ Preferred koala habitat  ♣ Species and communities listed within the TSC Act  ■ BASIX Certificate  ■ A BASIX Certificate is to be provided in accordance with SEPP(Building and Sustainability Index) 2004 for a single dwelling or dual occupancy  ■ Shadow diagram if development is proposed to be greater than 8m in height			



DWELLING HOUSE, DUAL OCCUPANCY OR ANCILLARY STRUCTURES

		<ul> <li>Shadow diagrams consider shadowing created by the dwelling and fencing</li> </ul>	
		Other information as agreed during the pre- lodgement meeting or other matters outlined in other Parts of this Plan	
C4.3	Subdivision Certificate	<ul> <li>To provide a consistent approach to when a subdivision certificate is released for dual occupancy development</li> </ul>	
C4.4	Subdivision Certificate	<ul> <li>Dual occupancy subdivision certificates are released once the following has been submitted to Council:</li> <li>Plan for Subdivision</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Payment of s94 contributions</li> </ul>	
		S50 Certificate from Hunter Water	
Objecti	<mark>ves</mark>		
C4.B	Site	To achieve planned residential density in certain zones	
	Dimensions	To ensure <i>non-permeable surfaces</i> are provided in accordance with the capacity of infrastructure	
Require	<mark>m ents</mark>		
C4.5	Minimum Site Area	Minimum site area is provided in accordance with PSLEP 2013 Clause 4.1B Minimum site area for dual occupancy, multi-dwelling housing and residential flat buildings	
C4.6	Non- permeable surfaces	Note: B4.2 (p. B-31) requires <i>on-site detention</i> where <i>non-permeable surfaces</i> exceed the total percentage of <i>site area</i> listed under Figure BD (p. B-31)	
Objecti	ves		
C4.C	Site Coverage	To ensure <i>development</i> provides an appropriate bulk and scale for the desired character of that zone	
Require	<mark>m ents</mark>		
C4.7	Site Coverage	Site Coverage adheres to maximum non-permeable surface area described under Figure BD (p. B-31)	
Objecti	<mark>ves</mark>		
C4.D	Siting	To seek to preserve the character and agricultural purpose of a rural area	
Requirements			
C4.8	Dual occupancy in rural or environment zones	Siting of a <i>dual occupancy</i> in a rural or environment protection zones adheres to PSLEP2013 Clause 7.15 <i>Dual occupancies</i> on land in certain rural or environment protection zones	
Objectives			
C4.E	Height	To ensure the height of buildings is appropriate for the context and character of the area	

## ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014



DWELLING HOUSE, DUAL OCCUPANCY OR ANCILLARY STRUCTURES

		centres and land use structure
Require	ments	
C4.9	Building Height	Building height is provided in accordance with PSLEP2013 Clause 4.3 Height of buildings and Clause 5.6 Architectural roof features  Maximum height limit of 8m or a merit-based approach is taken where no height limit is specified under PSLEP2013 Clause 4.3  The Building Code of Australia (BCA) generally requires a minimum floor to ceiling height of 2.4m  Note: C2.5 (p. C-73) requires a minimum first floor and above ceiling height for residential accommodation in a commercial zone of 2.7m
Objecti	ves	
C4.F	Setbacks	To ensure <i>development</i> provides continuity and consistency to the public domain
Require	<mark>m ents</mark>	
C4.10	Front Setback	<ul> <li>Minimum front setback of 4.5m for a greenfield site within a residential or RU5 Rural Village zone</li> <li>Average setback of existing properties or minimum front setback of 4.5m for an infill site, whichever is less, within a residential or RU5 Rural Village zone</li> <li>Minimum front setback of 10m for rural, environmental or R5 Rural Residential zones</li> <li>Maximum 1.5m encroachment of front setback for architectural features, such as an entry porch or deck</li> </ul>
C4.11	Secondary Setback (Corner Lots)	<ul> <li>Minimum secondary setback of 2m</li> <li>Minimum secondary setback of 10m for rural or environmental zones</li> <li>Maximum 1m encroachment to secondary setback for architectural features, such as an entry porch or deck</li> </ul>
C4.12	Side Setback – ground floor	<ul> <li>Minimum ground floor side setback of 0.9m</li> <li>Minimum ground floor side setback of 5m rural and environmental zones</li> </ul>
C4.13	Side Setback – upper storey	Minimum upper storey side setback of 2m     Minimum upper storey side setback of 5m for rural and environmental zones
C4.14	Rear Setback – ground floor	<ul> <li>Minimum ground floor rear setback of 2m</li> <li>Minimum ground floor rear setback of 5m for rural and environmental zones</li> </ul>
C4.15	Rear Setback – upper storey	Minimum upper storey rear setback of 6m     Minimum upper storey rear setback of 5m for rural and environmental zones



DWELLING HOUSE, DUAL OCCUPANCY OR ANCILLARY STRUCTURES

C4.16		
C4.16	Garage Setback	■ Minimum of 1m behind building line or setback
C4.17	Public Reserve & Waterfront Setback	<ul> <li>Minimum setback of 3m from the reserve boundary</li> <li>Minimum of 4.5m from the waterfront reserve</li> <li>Minimum of 1m from waterfront land from the access boundary</li> </ul>
C4.18	Battle-axe Handle	■ 1m setback is required for a battle-axe handle, access cornidor or <i>easement</i> that is required for access  Note: C1.12 (p. C-68) details when battle-axe lots are provided
C4.19	Adjoining agricultural buffers	An agricultural buffer of 150m or greater should be provided between a rural dwelling house, secondary dwelling or ancillary development for habitable purposes to adjoining land in separate ownership that is used or capable of being used for agricultural purposes  Where the 150m buffer or greater cannot be
		achieved the planting of a 30m wide native vegetation strip is to be provided between the proposed <i>development</i> building envelope and the adjacent agricultural land
		Note: B2.1 (p. B-20) requires a suitable <i>buffer</i> on the land which is the subject of <i>development</i> to items of <i>environmental significance</i>
Objecti	vec	
C4.G	Streetscape	To ensure <i>development</i> activates the streetscape to
C4.G	and Privacy	provide passive surveillance and privacy.
Require	m ents	
C4.20	Passive Surveillance	■ Development is to address the street by having at least one habitable room, such as a living area is to front the street and/or adjoining public spaces
		Development on comer lots is to address both street frontages by having habitable rooms face both streets
C4.21	Streetscape Character	To be sympathetic to the existing landscape character and built-form with regard to design, bulk, scale, form,
		materials and roof configuration
C4.22	Privacy and Two-Storey Development	<ul> <li>Two storey development is to include a balcony or deck facing the street on the upper floor at least 1.5m deep across 25% of the dwelling frontage</li> <li>Balconies are to be located to minimise overlooking of adjoining properties</li> <li>Privacy screens are required for balconies and patios, which result in unreasonable privacy impacts to properties</li> <li>Privacy screens, high-light windows or opaque glass is to be used for windows of habitable rooms (other than</li> </ul>



DWELLING HOUSE, DUAL OCCUPANCY OR ANCILLARY STRUCTURES

Objectives			
C4.H	Private Open Space	To ensure <i>private open space</i> with <i>solar access</i> is provided to allow opportunity for passive and active outdoor recreation	
Require	m ents		
C4.23	Private Open Space Dimensions	<ul> <li>Minimum of 50m² of ground floor private open space comprising a minimum of 35m² that is usable, which includes:         <ul> <li>Minimum dimension of 4m x 4m</li> <li>Is accessible from living areas</li> <li>Is not located within a front setback</li> <li>Seeks to incorporate a northerly aspect</li> </ul> </li> <li>Where development cannot provide private open space on the ground floor, provisions shall be made for a balcony of not less than 20m² with a minimum width of 3m for the use as private open space</li> </ul>	
C4.24	Solar Access	<ul> <li>Minimum of 2hrs sunlight to the principle private open space area between the hours of 9am-3pm midwinter</li> </ul>	
C4.25		■ Minimum of 30% of <i>private open space</i> of adjoining dwellings must remain unaffected by any shadow for a minimum of 3 hours between 9am-3pm midwinter	
<b>Objecti</b>	ves		
C4.I	Car Parking and Garages	To ensure car parking caters for anticipated vehicle movements to and from the development and does not negatively impact on building articulation	
Require	ments		
C4.26	On-Site Parking Provisions	■ B9.2 (p. B-55) requires that all <i>development</i> that has the potential to create demand for <i>on-site parking</i> provides parking in accordance with Figure BQ (p. B-59)	
C4.27	Driveway Width	A driveway should have a minimum width of 3.6m     Note: B9.7 (p. B-56) requires ingress/egress widths to provide the listed dimensions	
C4.28	Garage Dimensions	Maximum garage door width of 6m for residential lots or 50% of the building frontage, whichever is less     Maximum garage width of 9m for lots exceeding 1,500m <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Objecti</b>	<mark>ves</mark>		
C4.J	Site Facilities and Services	To ensure <i>development</i> provides appropriate facilities and services in the most appropriate site location	
Require	Requirements		
C4.29	Waste Storage	An adequately screened waste storage and recycling area are to be provided behind the building line	
C4.30	Clothes	A suitable open-air area for clothes drying is to be	



DWELLING HOUSE, DUAL OCCUPANCY OR ANCILLARY STRUCTURES

	Drying	provided for each dwelling behind the building line
Objecti	ves	
C4.K	Ancillary	To provide further guidance to ancillary types of development to ensure consistent and desired amenity
<b>Require</b>	m ents	
C4.31	Sheds (Residential)	■ Development in a residential zone adheres to:  ■ Maximum gross floor area of 72m² ■ Minimum side and rear setback of 0.9m  Note: SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, Subdivision 9 Cabanas, cubby house, femeries, garden sheds, gazebos and greenhouses generally classifies a shed to a maximum floor area of 20m² in a residential zone to be exempt development  ■ Except for R5 Large Lot Residential, which adheres to:  ■ Maximum floor area is merit-based ■ Minimum front setback of 10m ■ Minimum side and rear setback of 5m  Note: SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, Subdivision 9 Cabanas, cubby house, femeries, garden sheds, gazebos and greenhouses generally classifies a shed to a maximum floor area of 50m² in a RU1, RU2, RU3, RU4, RU6 or R5 zone to be exempt development
C4.32	Sheds (Rural)	Development in a rural zone adheres to:  Minimum side and rear setback of 10m  Minimum setback of 5m from a building  Note: SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, Subdivision 9 Cabanas, cubby house, femeries, garden sheds, gazebos and greenhouses generally classifies a shed to a maximum floor area of 50m² in a RU1, RU2, RU3, RU4, RU6 or R5 zone to be exempt development
C4.33	Swimming Pools	<ul> <li>The water edge must be setback at least 1m from the side and rear boundaries</li> <li>Maximum decking height of 1.4m in height if the pool is located more than 600mm above the ground level</li> </ul>
C4.35	Front Fences	<ul> <li>Maximum height of 1.2m and is not of solid infill construction</li> <li>Maximum height of 1.5m along main roads and secondary street frontages</li> <li>Compatible with street facilities, such as mailboxes and allow easy access to public utilities</li> </ul>
C4.37	Side and Rear Fences	Maximum height of 1.8m      Side fences must not encroach on the front setback area of any dwelling

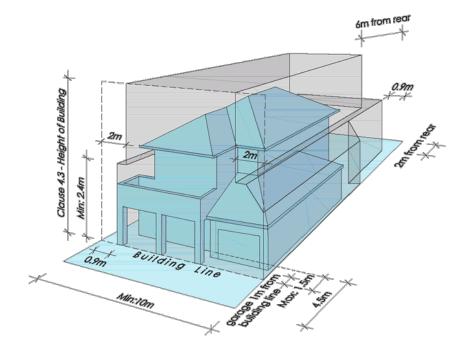
# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014



DWELLING HOUSE, DUAL OCCUPANCY OR ANCILLARY STRUCTURES

C4.39	Retaining Walls	Solid sheet fencing is not be used
C4.40		■ Fences within the root zone of an existing tree must be constructed of light weight suspended panels supported by posts with pier footings
C4.41		■ Maximum height of 1m
C4.42		<ul> <li>Masonry construction within 0.9m of the property boundary when greater than 0.6m in height</li> </ul>
C4.43		Retaining walls are wholly contained within the site

Figure CF: Dwelling House Building Envelope



C5

MULTI DWELLING HOUSING

### C5 Multi Dwelling Housing

### Application

- This Part applies to development that is defined as multi dwelling housing
  - Development defined as a residential flat building refers to SEPP No 65 Design Quality of Residential Flat Development

Objecti	<b>Objectives</b>		
C5.A	Lodgement Requirements	To ensure <i>multi dwelling housing</i> is informed by an analysis of its setting	
Require	m ents		
C5.1	PSDCP 2014 Reference	A development application for multi dwelling housing adheres to the other relevant parts of this Plan:     Part B General Provisions     Part D Specific Areas	
C5.2	Lodgement Requirements	<ul> <li>A development application for multi dwelling housing is accompanied by the following:         <ul> <li>Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE)</li> <li>Site Analysis &amp; Site Plan</li> <li>Floor Plan</li> <li>Section Plan</li> <li>Landscape Plan</li> <li>Landscape Plan is provided in accordance with Chapter 6 – Standards for Multi Dwelling Housing of the Landscape Technical Specification<sup>4</sup></li> </ul> </li> <li>BASIX Certificate         <ul> <li>A BASIX Certificate is to be provided in accordance with SEPP(Building and Sustainability Index) 2004</li> </ul> </li> <li>Shadow diagram if development is proposed to be greater than 8m in height         <ul> <li>Shadow diagrams consider the shadow created by fencing</li> </ul> </li> <li>Waste Management Plan</li> <li>Other information agreed during pre-lodgement meeting or as outlined in other Parts of this Plan</li> </ul>	
Objecti	ves		
C5.B	Subdivision Certificate	■ To provide a consistent approach in the way of how a subdivision certificate is released for dual occupancy development	
Requirements			

### C5

### MULTI DWELLING HOUSING

		1	
C5.3	Subdivision Certificate	■ Dual occupancy subdivision certificates are released once the following has been submitted to Council:	
		<ul> <li>Plan for Subdivision</li> </ul>	
		Payment of s94 contributions	
		S50 Certificate from Hunter Water	
Objectiv	ves .		
C5.C	Site	■ To ensure <i>development</i> is of an appropriate scale	
	Dimensions	■ To ensure <i>development</i> does not result in excess	
		shadowing of neighbouring buildings	
Require			
C5.4	Minimum site area	<ul> <li>Minimum site area is provided in accordance with PSLEP 2013 Clause 4.1B Minimum site area for dual occupancy, multi-dwelling housing and residential flat buildings</li> </ul>	
C5.5	Non- permeable surfaces	Note: B4.2 (p. B-28) requires on-site detention where non- permeable surfaces exceed the total percentage of site area listed under Figure BD (p. B-31)	
Objectiv	v <mark>es</mark>		
C5.D	Height	■ To ensure <i>building height</i> is appropriate for the	
		context and character of the area	
		To ensure <i>building heights</i> reflect the hierarchy of centres and land use structure	
Require	<mark>m ents</mark>		
C5.6	Building Height	Building height is provided in accordance with PSLEP2013 Clause 4.3 Height of buildings and Clause 5.6 Architectural roof features	
C5.7	Floor to Ceiling Height	Minimum floor to ceiling heights of 2.4m	
Objectiv	<mark>ves</mark>		
C5.E	Site Coverage	<ul> <li>To ensure development provides an appropriate bulk and scale for the desired character of that zone</li> </ul>	
Require	<mark>ments</mark>		
C5.8	Site Coverage	<ul> <li>Site Coverage adheres to maximum non-permeable surface area described under Figure BD (p. B-31)</li> </ul>	
Objectiv	<b>Objectives</b>		
C5.F	Setbacks	To ensure <i>development</i> provides continuity and consistency to the public domain	
C5.9	Front Setback	<ul> <li>Minimum front setback of 4.5m from the front property line or the existing average building line for 80% of the building facade</li> <li>The remaining 20% of the facade may allow a 1.5m encroachment provided the encroachment</li> </ul>	

## ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014

### C5

### MULTI DWELLING HOUSING

		contains <i>habitable rooms</i> , terraces, balconies or bay windows		
		<ul> <li>Podium structures and basement car parks are not to be within the front setback area</li> </ul>		
C5.10	Secondary Setback (Corner Lots)	<ul> <li>Minimum secondary setback of 3m, except for an open veranda, porch or deck which must be setback a minimum of 2m</li> </ul>		
C5.11	Side Setbacks	<ul> <li>900mm from the side boundary for the ground floor</li> <li>2m from the side boundary for the first floor</li> </ul>		
C5.12	Rear Setbacks	<ul> <li>Minimum 2m for the ground level (finished)</li> <li>Minimum 6m for the upper levels</li> <li>Podium structures and basement car parks are not to be placed in the rear setback area</li> </ul>		
Objecti	ves			
C5.G	Streetscape and Privacy	To ensure <i>development</i> activates streetscape to provide passive surveillance and privacy		
Require	m ents			
C5.13	Access	<ul> <li>Development provides a direct and legible pedestrian access from the street to the front entry of each ground floor dwelling and main building entry</li> </ul>		
C5.14	Openings	■ The front door entrance of each <i>dwelling</i> must be sheltered and be located forward of the designated car parking space		
C5.15		<ul> <li>Windows and walls are located to avoid noise sources from adjacent lots and streets</li> </ul>		
C5.16		<ul> <li>Windows on the second floor considers impacts on the privacy or amenity of neighbouring buildings</li> </ul>		
C5.17	Colour Schemes	Building colours should adopt a colour scheme to express building massing, articulation and detailed façade elements		
Objecti	ves			
C5.H	Car Parking and Garages	<ul> <li>To ensure car parking caters for anticipated vehicle movements to and from the development and does not negatively impact on building articulation</li> </ul>		
Require	Requirements			
C5.18	On-Site Parking Provisions	■ B9.2 (p. B-55) requires that all <i>development</i> that has the potential to create demand for <i>on-site parking</i> provides parking in accordance with Figure BR (p. B-62)		
C5.19	Driveway Width	A driveway should have a minimum width of 3.6m  Note: B9.7 (p. B-56) requires ingress/egress widths to provide the listed dimensions		
Objectives				
C5.I	Private Open Space	To ensure <i>private open space</i> with <i>solar access</i> is provided to allow the opportunity for passive and		

# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014



### MULTI DWELLING HOUSING

		active outdoor recreation	
Requirements			
C5.20	Private Open Space Dimensions	<ul> <li>Minimum of 50m² of ground floor private open space comprising a minimum of 35m² that is usable, which includes:         <ul> <li>Minimum dimension of 4m x 4m</li> <li>Is accessible from living areas</li> <li>Is not located within a front setback</li> <li>Has a northerly aspect</li> </ul> </li> <li>Where development cannot provide private open space on the ground floor, provisions shall be made for a balcony of not less than 20m² with a minimum width of 3m for the use as private open space</li> </ul>	
C5.21	Solar Access	<ul> <li>Minimum of 2hrs sunlight to the principle private open space area between the hours of 9am-3pm midwinter</li> </ul>	
C5.22		<ul> <li>Minimum of 50% of private open space of adjoining dwellings is not affected by any shadow for a minimum of 3 hours between 9am-3pm midwinter</li> </ul>	
Objecti	ves		
C5.J	Site facilities and services	To ensure <i>development</i> provides appropriate facilities and services in the most appropriate site location	
<b>Require</b>	Requirements		
C5.23	Equipment	Equipment such as water tanks, pool pumps and air conditioners are be located and shielded to minimise the impact of noise on adjoining dwellings	
C5.24	Waste Storage	<ul> <li>An adequately screened waste storage and recycling area are to be provided behind the building line or setback</li> </ul>	
C5.25	Mail boxes	Mail boxes are adjacent to the major entrance	
C5.26	Street Numbers	Street/Unit numbers are identifiable form the street	
C5.27	Clothes Drying	<ul> <li>A suitable open-air area for clothes drying is to be provided for each dwelling behind the building line or setback</li> </ul>	



HOME BUSINESS OR HOME INDUSTRY

### **C6** Home Business or Home Industry

### Application

 This Part applies to development that is defined as home business or home industry

Objecti	<b>Objectives</b>		
C6.A	Lodgement Requirements	<ul> <li>To ensure home business or home industry is informed by an analysis of its setting</li> </ul>	
Require	<mark>ments</mark>		
C6.1	PSDCP 2014 Reference	<ul> <li>A development application for home business or home industry adheres to the other relevant parts of this Plan:</li> <li>Part B General Provisions</li> <li>Part D Specific Areas</li> </ul>	
C6.2	Lodgement Requirements	<ul> <li>A development application for home business or home industry is accompanied by the following:</li> </ul>	
		Statement of Environmental Effects that includes the following additional details:     Nature of the proposed use     Hours of operation     Number of staff     Number of customers to visit the premises     Disabled access and facilities     Parking availability     Delivery details and expected vehicles     Fire safety measures     Advertising signs     Impacts on adjoining properties  Floor plan	
Objecti	<mark>ves</mark>		
C6.B	Operational Requirements	<ul> <li>To ensure operating hours do not negatively impact on residential amenity</li> </ul>	
Require	<mark>m ents</mark>		
C6.3	Hours of Operation	<ul> <li>Hours of operation merit-based or considered:</li> <li>Monday to Friday, 8.00am to 6.00pm</li> <li>Saturday, 9.00am to 12.00pm</li> <li>Sunday or Public Holidays, not allowed to operate         <ul> <li>Hours of operation may be further restricted depending on the location and nature of the development</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
C6.4	Goods Storage	Storage of goods or equipment must be contained within the confines of the building	

# ITEM 1 - ATTACHMENT 1 PORT STEPHENS DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2014



HOME BUSINESS OR HOME INDUSTRY

<b>Objectives</b>			
C6.C	Vehicle Repair and Trucking Operations	To ensure adequate consideration is given to the impacts of vehicle repair operations on neighbourhood amenity	
Require	Requirements		
C6.5	Vehicles and Trailers	Maximum of two vehicles or trucks	
C6.6		Only one trailer per truck is permitted	
C6.7	Vehicle Storage	<ul> <li>Vehicle storage areas are located behind the building line</li> </ul>	



RESTRICTED OR SEX SERVICES PREMISES

### C7 Restricted or Sex Services Premises

### Application

 This Part applies to development that is defined as restricted premises and sex services premises

Requirements C7.1 PSDC Refer  C7.2 Lodg Requirements	gement uirements s – Restricte CP 2014 erence gement uirements	A development application for restricted premises adheres to the other relevant parts of this Plan:  Part B General Provisions  Part D Specific Areas  A development application for restricted premises is accompanied by the following:  Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE)  Site Analysis & Site Plan  Floor plan  Street elevation plan			
C7.1 PSDC Reference C7.2 Lodg Requirements of the C7.2 Requirements of the C7.2 Reference C7.2 Requirements of the C7.2 Requirements of the C7.2 Requirements of the C7.2 Reference C7.2 R	CP 2014 erence	A development application for restricted premises adheres to the other relevant parts of this Plan:  Part B General Provisions  Part D Specific Areas  A development application for restricted premises is accompanied by the following:  Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE)  Site Analysis & Site Plan  Floor plan  Street elevation plan			
C7.2 Lodg Requi	erence gement	adheres to the other relevant parts of this Plan:  Part B General Provisions  Part D Specific Areas  A development application for restricted premises is accompanied by the following:  Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE)  Site Analysis & Site Plan  Floor plan  Street elevation plan			
Objectives – R C7.B Buildi		<ul> <li>accompanied by the following:</li> <li>Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE)</li> <li>Site Analysis &amp; Site Plan</li> <li>Floor plan</li> <li>Street elevation plan</li> </ul>			
C7.B Buildi		Landscape Plan     Landscape Plan       Landscape Plan is provided in accordance with the Landscape Technical Specification <sup>4</sup> Construction Management Plan     Shadow diagram if development is proposed to be greater than 8m in height     Shadow diagrams consider the shadow created by fencing     Waste Management Plan  Note: B3.8 (p. B-27) details what is to be included within a Waste Management Plan			
	Objectives – Restricted Premises				
Entite	_	To provide clear direction to access points and ensure they are appropriately located			
Requirements – Restricted Premises					
C7.4 Buildi	,	The building entrance should be located 400m from:  Divelling on residential land  Child care centre, community facility, education establishment, hospital or place of public worship,			



RESTRICTED OR SEX SERVICES PREMISES

Objectives – Restricted Premises				
C7.C	Signage	■ To ensure <i>signage</i> provides identification to a premises in a manner that is discrete and complimentary to the streetscape		
Requirements – Restricted Premises				
C7.5	Offensive Content	The business identification sign is to be devoid of sexually explicit images, language or objects		

Objecti	Objectives – Sex Services Premises				
C7.D	Lodgement Requirements	To ensure sex services premises is informed by an analysis of its setting			
Require	Requirements — Sex Services Premises				
C7.6	PSDCP 2014 Reference	<ul> <li>A development application for sex services premises adheres to the other relevant parts of this Plan:</li> <li>Part B General Provisions</li> <li>Part D Specific Areas</li> </ul>			
C7.7	Lodgement	■ A development application for sex services premises is accompanied by the following:  • Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) that includes the following additional details:  • Offensive Noise  • Ventilation and Lighting  • Bars and Food Preparation Areas  • Spa Bars  • Sanitary Facilities  • Contaminated Waste  • Notification Plans  • Site Analysis & Site Plan  • Floor plan  • Street elevation plan  • Landscape Plan  • Landscape Plan  • Landscape Technical Specification <sup>4</sup> • Shadow diagram if development is proposed to be greater than 8m in height  • Shadow diagrams consider the shadow created by fencing			
Objecti	Objectives – Sex Services Premises				
C7.E	Design of Premises	<ul> <li>To provide clear direction to access points and ensure they are most appropriately located</li> <li>To ensure the privacy and comfort of patrons</li> <li>To protect children from risk of harm</li> <li>To maximise the safety and security of staff, clients and the general public by upholding principles of Crime Prevention through Environmental Design</li> </ul>			



RESTRICTED OR SEX SERVICES PREMISES

		(CPTED)			
Requirements – Restricted Premises					
C7.8	Location	The building entrance is a minimum of 150m from a dwelling situated within a residential zone			
		<ul> <li>The building entrance is a minimum of 200m from a child care centre, community facility or RE1 Public Recreation</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>Premises must be designed so that there is only one entrance to the premises which is to be located at the front of the building</li> </ul>			
		Note: PSLEP 2013 Clause 7.12 provides higher order guidance as to the location of sex services premises			
C7.9	Duress Alarm	<ul> <li>All premises are to have either an intercom or a duress alarm in each working room that is used for sexual activity. Alarms are to connect back to a central base (such as reception) that is to be monitored at all times</li> </ul>			
C7.10	Reception Area	<ul> <li>The premises is to be provided with an adequate reception area/waiting room with a minimum area of 20m² to prevent clients from loitering outside</li> </ul>			
C7.11	Maximum Rooms	<ul> <li>No more than 5 rooms are to be provided in which acts of prostitution are to take place</li> </ul>			
C7.12	Staff Facilities	<ul> <li>Staff facilities must include a communal lounge or rest area and a bathroom for staff use only</li> </ul>			
C7.13	Toilet and Bathroom Facilities	<ul> <li>Toilet and bathroom facilities must be provided within the premises and not be shared with any other premises within the building</li> </ul>			
C7.14	Noise	<ul> <li>Sex services premises must be designed to minimise noise transmission, measures include:</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>Grouping room uses according to the noise level generated</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>Using storage or circulation zones within the premises to buffer noise from adjacent apartments, mechanical equipment or corridors and lobby areas</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>Incorporating appropriate noise shielding or attenuation techniques into the design of the building where appropriate</li> </ul>			
Objecti	ves – Sex Servic	es Premises			
C7.F	Signage	To ensure signage provides identification to a premises in a manner that is complimentary to streetscape			
Require	Requirements — Restricted Premises				
C7.15	Offensive Content	A business identification sign is to be devoid of sexually explicit images, language or objects			