Due to Council not proceeding with a Special Rate Variation (as outlined in the Council report of 30 January 2019) references to a proposed Special Rate Variation in this document do not apply.



Strategic Asset Management Plan

2019-2029: Our place. Our plan. SAMP 9

Revised to include Special Rate Variation Adopted January 2019



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This Strategic Asset Management Plan 2019-2029 forms part of Council's resource strategies.

SAMP9

Strategic Asset Management Plan 2019-2029

Including Proposed Special Rate Variation

Revised January 2019

Port Stephens Council 116 Adelaide Street Raymond Terrace NSW 2324 PO Box 42 Email: council @portstephens.nsw.gov.au Tel: 02 4988 0255 www.portstephens.nsw.gov.au

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Abbreviations

	Australian Duragu of Statistics		
ABS	Australian Bureau of Statistics		
AADT	Average Annual Daily Traffic		
APZ	Asset Protection Zone		
CCTV	Closed Circuit Television		
CIV	Capital Investment Value		
CRC	Current Replacement Cost		
Council	Port Stephens Council		
CPI	Consumer Price Index		
CPTIGS	Country Passenger Transport Infrastructure Grants Scheme		
CRM	Customer Request Management system		
CSP	Community Strategic Plan		
DA	Development Application		
DCP	Development Control Plan		
DP	Delivery Program		
DSAPT	Disability Standards for Accessible Public Transport		
EMS	Environmental Management System		
EPA	Environment Protection Authority		
GIS	Geographic Information Systems		
ICT	Information and Communications Technology		
IIMM	International Infrastructure Management Manual		
IP&R	Integrated Planning and Reporting		
IPART	Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal		
IPM	Integrated Project Management		
IRG	Industry Reference Group		
IS	Information Services		
IPWEA	Institute of Public Works Engineering Australasia		
IP&R	Integrated Planning and Reporting		
LEMC	Local Emergency Management Committee		
LEMO	Local Emergency Management Officer		
LEP	Local Environment Plan		
LGA	Port Stephens Local Government Area		
LCC	Life Cycle Cost		
LTFP	Long Term Financial Plan 2019-2029		
NAMS	National Asset Management Strategy		
NAPL	Newcastle Airport Partnership Limited		
PCI	Pavement Condition Index		
PMS	Pavement Management System		
PSC	Port Stephens Council		
PFAS	Per- and poly- fluoroalkyl substances		
	Council's workflow software program		
	N Economic and demographic data and analytic company		
RFS	Rural Fire Service		
RMS	Roads and Maritime Services		
SAMP 8	Strategic Asset Management Plan 2018-2028		
SAMP 9	Strategic Asset Management Plan 2019-2029		
SES	State Emergency Service		
SRV	Special Rate Variation		

VIC Visitor Information Centre WHS Work Health and Safety

the Plus PlanCapital Works Plus Planthe ProgramCapital Works 10 year Program

Introduction

Port Stephens Council's Strategic Asset Management Plan 2019 – 2029 (SAMP9) provides a framework for the sustainable management of current and future Council assets so that appropriate services are effectively delivered to the community now and in the future. Legislation requires that the SAMP is for a minimum 10 year period and that it is reviewed and rolled over annually.

The Strategic Asset Management Plan 2019 – 2029 (SAMP9), the ninth iteration, considers information about Council's assets, asset management processes and practices, and presents a plan to improve Council's asset provision and management capability. The SAMP is normally presented to the community for review in April / May in preparation for the following financial year. Though, this version has been brought forward to account for proposed special rate variation.

Council is responsible for a very large and broad asset portfolio, which totals \$888 million of noncurrent assets¹. Council's assets are acquired, held and maintained for delivering services to the community. The services required by and for the community are considerable, and the provision of these is often dependent on this portfolio.

Council's asset base includes traditional asset infrastructure such as roads, footpaths, buildings and drainage as well as assets, which are unique to coastal councils such as seawalls, surf clubs, lifeguard towers, wharves and jetties. Council has an ethical and legal obligation to effectively plan for, account for, and manage the public assets for which it is responsible. The successful delivery of Council's assets will enable the current and long term aspirations of the community to be met.

Purpose

Council has an adopted **Asset Management Policy (Attachment 1**) which articulates its commitment to sound asset management and integrated, responsive and financially sustainable asset provision. It provides a clear direction for asset management by defining the key principles that underpin it.

This SAMP is the first step in translating the Policy into practice. Its purpose is to establish the structure for further detailed planning and improvements, processes and structures, which will support long term asset management well into the future. It incorporates:

- all the assets under Council's control;
- the community's expectations of their asset provision and maintenance; and
- a plan for improving Council's asset management maturity to a level both the community and Council are satisfied as outlined in the detailed **Capital Works Program 2019-2029 (the Program)** at **Attachment 2**.

Through the development and implementation of SAMP9, Council aims to:

- provide a specified level of service for assets;
- adopt a lifecycle approach to developing cost effective strategies for managing assets in the long term that meet the specified level of service;
- determine future demand to allow for the management of the appropriate investment levels (linked to the Long Term Financial Plan); and

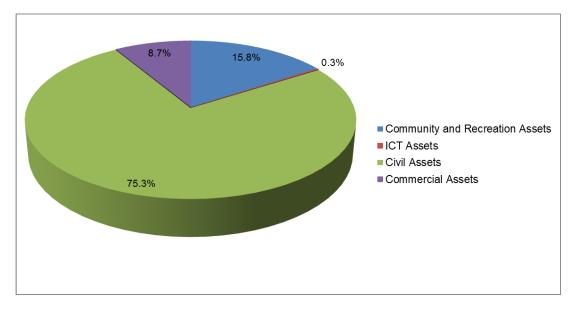
¹ Port Stephens Council Audited Financial Statements 2016-2017 (Volume 2)

 apply risk management including identification, assessment and appropriate control of risks.

Infrastructure provision, condition and service levels are dependent on local community needs and expectations. Council currently has four main Asset Categories comprised of a range of asset classes:

- **Civil Assets** comprising roads, footpaths and cycle ways, drainage, transport infrastructure, depots, fleet and waste management facilities
- **Community and Recreation Assets** comprising public halls, libraries, aquatic centres, sports facilities, surf clubs, skate parks, playgrounds, cemeteries, child care centres and waterways infrastructure
- **Commercial Assets** comprising investment property portfolio, holiday parks, operational land, the Administration Building and the Visitor Information Centre
- Information Communication Technology (ICT) Assets comprising cabling, desktop assets and ICT infrastructure.

Figure 1: Assets by Category – Percentage of Value - Current Replacement Cost (CRC)



SAMP9 provides background to its development, asset management strategy details as well as individual asset plans by category and class.

Background

SAMP9 has been prepared in accordance with Section 403(2) the *Local Government Act 1993.* It has been reviewed and amended to reflect the best available information regarding Council's assets.

Condition ratings and values in SAMP9 are based on a mixture of 2014-2016 and 2016-2017 financial accounts and the recent *Fit for the Future* requirements and criteria. The mixture is a result of staggered asset evaluations over a number of adjacent years. As this version of the SAMP has been brought forward, the end of year financial accounting 2017-2018 is still in draft and not been adopted by Council and hence these figures are not represented in this SAMP. Though it should be noted that the draft 2017-2018 end of year figures are similar to the 2016-2017 in trends.

SAMP9 contains:

- Council's Asset Management Policy substantially revised and adopted by Council 12th December 2017 (Min No:323) which can be found (Attachment 1);
- Council's strategy for managing its assets life cycle management;
- Details of asset management in each of its asset categories;
- Capital Works Program 2019-2029 based on existing known funds (Attachment 2);
- Capital Works Plus Plan 2019-2029 which details proposed works that could be undertaken if funds became available (Attachment 3).
- Capital Works Program 2019-2029 based on existing known funds and including projects that are funded under a Special Rate Variation (Attachment 4);
- Only projects funded through a Special Rate Variation (Attachment 5)
- Reduction in content to further refine the balance between the SAMP document being a document for internal use and community consumption.

Objective

The objective of the SAMP9 is to establish a framework to guide the planning, creation, construction, maintenance and operation of the infrastructure for Council to provide services to the community. The SAMP9 also documents proposed works listed under a Special Rate Variation.

Legislation

Section 8 of the *Local Government Act 1993* provides guidance to enable councils to carry out their functions in a way that facilitates local communities that are strong, healthy and prosperous.

Integrated Planning and Reporting Framework

Under the Act, Council is also required to provide detailed plans and reporting for infrastructure as part of the Integrated Planning and Reporting Framework. The SAMP9 is used to achieve Council's community objectives documented in the Community Strategic Plan primarily under Focus Area Two:

Our Place – P2 Infrastructure and Facilities

Infrastructure and facilities are safe, convenient, reliable and environmentally sustainable

Standards

Assets are managed in accordance with standards outlined in the International Infrastructure Maintenance Manual (IIMM), referenced in Council's Asset Management Policy. The asset accounting and modelling is in accordance with the Australian Infrastructure Financial Management Guidelines. The IIMM has been further expanded into the recently introduced International Standards ISO 55,000 suite of documents. These documents will be utilised as the basis in which future SAMPs will be developed.

Asset Management Guidelines

Council's Asset Management Guidelines is based on the IIMM Asset Lifecycle Management framework for the management of its assets. This framework is currently global best practice in asset management.

The asset management components of the framework are:

- Background data of the asset;
- Planning;
- Creation/acquisition/augmentation plan;
- Financial/risk management plan;
- Operations and maintenance plan;
- Condition and performance monitoring;
- Rehabilitation/renewal/replacement plan;
- Consolidation/rationalisation plan; and
- Audit plan/review.

Successful implementation of the Asset Management Guidelines requires extensive knowledge of the key drivers for the provision of the asset:

- Levels of service;
- Future demand;
- Lifecycle management plan;
- Financial summary;
- Asset management practices; and
- Plan improvement and monitoring.

The organisation's ability to implement asset management components is divided into asset management practice elements:

- Process and practices;
- Information systems;
- Data and knowledge;
- Commercial tactics;
- Organisational issues;
- People issues; and
- Asset Management Plans.

Asset Categories and Classes

Table A: Asset Categories and Classes

Asset Category Civil	Asset Class Ancillary Assets Bridges	Asset Bus shelters, car parks, guardrails, heritage items, kerb and guttering, parking meters, retaining walls, signs and guideposts Roads and Pedestrian
	Depots Drainage Emergency Services Fleet Pathways Roads Transport Facilities	Pipes, pits, pump stations RFS stations, SES buildings Major, light, minor, passenger and sundry Footpaths, shared paths, cycleways Local, regional, unsealed Public transport, commercial/industrial (freight), transport routes, tourism links
	Trees	Trees in road reserves, parks and property reserves.
	Waste Services	Buildings, weighbridges, waste land fill, bore holes
Community and Recreation	Aquatic Centres	Swimming pool/leisure centres
	Aquatic Structures Cemeteries	Wharves, boat ramps, sea walls, boardwalks Operational and closed cemeteries
	Libraries	Library branches, mobile library vehicle, Tilligerry lounge
	Library Collection	Collection items including book stock and other resources
	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Multipurpose and single use community buildings including child care centres
	Parks and Reserves	Parks, foreshores, bushland, wetlands, watercourses, cultural significant and community use
	Playgrounds Public Amenities	Public toilets and showers
	Skate Parks Sports Facilities	Sportsgrounds/fields, tennis courts, netball courts, amenity buildings, golf course, croquet courts
Commercial	Surf Lifesaving Facilities Administration Building Investment Property Portfolio Holiday Parks Operational Lands Visitor Information Centre	Buildings and rescue equipment
Information Communication Technology	Cabling	
	Desktop Assets ICT Infrastructure	Computers and laptops Servers, storage, network

Fit for the Future Program

The *Fit for the Future* program is a NSW State Government initiative to check that NSW local governments are 'Fit for the Future' and sustainable in scale and capacity. One component to this program is to check that local government infrastructure is sustainable and managed efficiently and effectively to provide services to the community. To efficiently and effectively manage our assets to provide facilities and services relies heavily on our asset focus, our income stream and where we allocate our resources.

The last six years have seen a change in Port Stephens Council's focus to a greater emphasis on maintaining and renewing our existing assets instead of building new assets. This change in focus has also been the topic of State and Federal government reports on local government's ability to manage our assets and be financially sustainable in the future. These include:

- Local Government Infrastructure Audit, June 2013
- National State of the Assets, November 2013
- Independent Local Government Review Panel, April 2013

These reports have highlighted that NSW local governments have an infrastructure backlog with no apparent sustainable way to fund the backlog. These reports also note that councils need to be financially sustainable to reduce this backlog and to continue to provide facilities and services to the community.

- The Independent Local Government Review Panel Report has made recommendations to reform how local government operates so councils can sustainably manage their assets. Of the many recommendations, it was determined that councils should be assessed against a number of 'Fit for the Future' criteria to determine their sustainability. The criteria that relate to 'effective infrastructure and service management' include: Infrastructure Backlog Ratio of less than 2% average over three years or improving trends for this ratio.
- Asset Maintenance Ratio greater than 100%.

Where:

Asset Maintenance Ratio

= Actual Asset Maintenance/Required Asset Maintenance

and

- Infrastructure Backlog Ratio
 - = Estimated cost to bring asset to a Satisfactory Condition/Total Asset Value

It should be noted that asset maintenance in this context relates to whole of life costs.

These ratios were assessed independently in early 2015 and again through the end of year financial accounting. These ratios are documented in the Annual Report and show that the Infrastructure Backlog Ratio is 2.41% in 2015 and the Asset Maintenance Ratio is 92%. In SAMP6 it was noted that both of these ratios will meet the desired criteria within three years. One year on and the Infrastructure Backlog Ratio is 2.15% in 2016 and the Asset Maintenance Ratio is 142%. The 2017 audited figures have shown that Infrastructure Backlog Ratio is 1.91% and Asset Maintenance Ratio is 93%. The 2017-2018 accounts are still in draft at the time of writing SAMP9.

Main findings from previous SAMPs and Fit for the Future analysis

Main findings in the SAMP9 are based on the 2015 asset condition rating as part of the *Fit* for the Future program and updated 2016 and 2017 the end of year financial accounts. The data shows that injection of funds that has reduced Council's infrastructure backlog. **The 2017-2018 accounts are still in draft at the time of writing SAMP9** though have still provided the same positive trends in reduced Council's infrastructure backlog. Funding included schemes implemented over the last few years such as the NSW Local Renewal Infrastructure Scheme, State and Local Government election promises delivered on asset renewal and the Council's use of its financial surplus.

Condition of Assets

The aim is to get a balance between having an asset that provides a satisfactory (or above) service to the community and an asset condition that is managed with financial and risk responsibility. Previous targets have aimed for a higher proportion of assets with condition ratings Near Perfect. To gain a Near Perfect asset condition is not financially responsible in all cases.

For the purposes of SAMP9, Council's assets are rated in one of following five asset condition-rating categories:

- 1. Near perfect
- 2. Good
- 3. Satisfactory
- 4. Very poor
- 5. Unserviceable

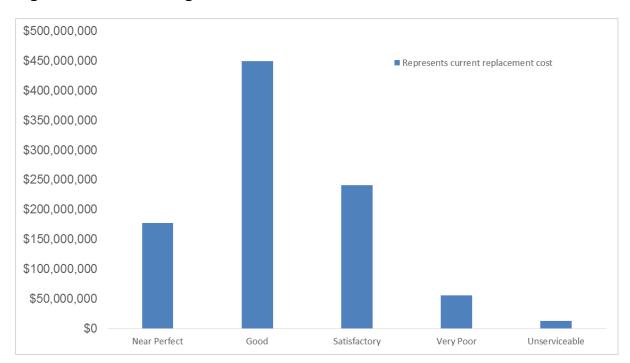


Figure 2: Assets Rating Distribution: Public Assets

The data are graphically represented by plotting the summary of the asset's 2015 current replacement cost against each of the above condition rating categories. This information is compiled to provide a picture of Council's asset health against a conglomerated asset lifecycle. This in turn can be used to determine the level of asset management required for the sustainable administration of assets.

The graph above shows the distribution of public assets skewed towards the Satisfactory (3) to Good (2) condition rating. The distribution skew in this graph is highly influenced by the larger, more costly asset groups such as roads and drainage. Removing the road and drainage categories from this graph gives an appreciation of the remaining asset groups' condition.

These figures reported in the SAMP5 were based on the 2010 End of Year Fair Value accounting review with annual updates for new assets only as per the accounting standards. These figures shown are based on the 2015 Fair Value accounting review and the Fit for the Future evaluation. The mixture asset values are a result of staggered asset evaluations over a number of adjacent years. The differences between SAMP5 and SAMP6 (and now SAMP9) figures are:

- Current Replacement Costs have been updated for most assets classes, so the total asset value has increased.
- With the exception of playgrounds, all replacements have assumed a replacement of like for like and no upgrades were included as per the accounting standards. Playgrounds have included an upgrade to meet the current standards to mitigate Council's risks. Previous infrastructure backlog calculations shown in SAMP4 in other asset classes included upgrades.
- Assets that are still fit for purpose but have a low asset ranking have not been included in the infrastructure backlog. These are mostly small road networks that are good to the road driver but poor to the asset conditions that the asset practitioner would use, that is the asset is fit for purpose.

Only costs that will be used to return the asset back to new condition have been used in the infrastructure backlog. SAMP calculations in the past have assumed a full replacement when the backlog should be the cost of works that can be used to bring an asset back to new condition. Previous figures materially increased the infrastructure backlog figure.

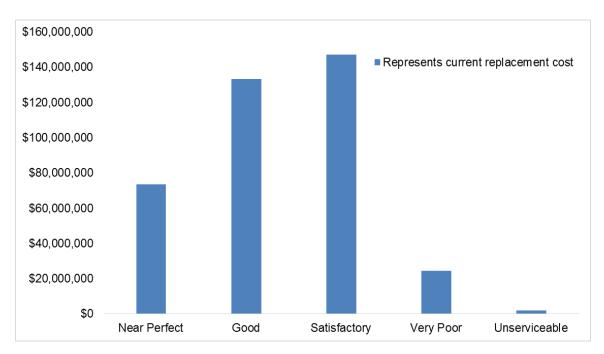


Figure 3: Asset Rating Distribution (not Including Roads and Drains)

Removing roads and drainage from the above graph moves the distribution skew from Good (2) to Near Perfect (1). One reason for this healthy skew in both graphs is that the age of the asset infrastructure is still quite young compared to other councils and the amount of funds allocated towards maintaining existing assets.

Infrastructure gap and asset funding strategy

Despite Council's recent funding of our existing maintenance and renewal, there is still an infrastructure backlog. To continue to reduce the infrastructure backlog an asset funding strategy has been developed and is used in the Council's Long Term Financial Plan.

The asset funding strategy comprises three parts:

- asset funding strategy Intent
- sources of funds
- works programs
 - o Capital Works Program
 - Capital Works Plus Plan

Council currently has an infrastructure backlog of just over \$14 million (2016-2017). Over the last several years, Council has changed ways of funding the maintenance and renewal of existing assets to reduce this backlog. This change has and will continue to have an impact on the financial sustainability of the organisation and an increased ability to provide services to the community through assets.

Additional funding has resulted in earlier maintenance and renewal of assets than previously undertaken at Council. Early maintenance and renewal of an asset prevents the asset from deteriorating so much that it no longer provides the intended or an acceptable service to the community; or it becomes a hazard to the asset user and a risk to Council. Successfully maintaining an asset is a constant process. Earlier maintenance and renewal is also a more cost effective way to manage the asset over the life of the asset, and thus reducing the future financial burden on the Council and on generations to come.

This change in focus has been achieved through:

- improving Council's maturity through linking our financial and our asset position;
- shifting Council's capital works funds towards renewal instead of new assets especially the recent years;
- increasing the amount of road reseals undertaken in any one year;
- taking advantage of the State government initiatives such as the Local Infrastructure Renewal Scheme;
- borrowing money to renew assets to reduce asset lifecycle costs;
- improving internal Council efficiencies to free up funds for asset renewal;
- understanding the condition of our assets and prioritising our spending;
- discussions with user groups and the community generally about asset services to closer align spending with expectations;
- a better understanding of our assets' condition has been achieved with the centralisation of asset management through an organisation restructure in 2013; and
- the continuous improvement in the capital works and maintenance processes to drive efficiencies and reduce costs. This in turn resulted in savings made to return into the renewal of assets.

Aim of asset funding strategy

The aim of the asset funding strategy is to prioritise funds towards the renewal and maintenance of assets. This asset funding strategy is cognisant of the Council's duties and responsibilities outside of asset management and not all monies can be diverted to the funding of assets. There are also other documented polices, such as the Acquisition and Divestment of Land Policy that already allocates sale of lands profits to other functions and services of Council.

Sources of Funds

The sources of funds included in the asset funding strategy are:

- sales of commercial or Council lands;
- savings made from the commercial section of Council;
- borrowings;
- operational savings;
- sustainability reviews savings;
- government grants;
- contributions from other organisations and committees;
- continuing to shift funds in the Capital Works Program from new assets to renewal;
- Section 94 contributions;
- Voluntary Planning Agreements (VPA): and
- Special Rate Variation.

These additional funds can be used as seed and matching monies to improve Council's position in gaining additional grants to further reduce Council infrastructure backlog. While the additional monies are not guaranteed, when funds are available they are to be prioritised towards the renewal and maintenance of existing assets.

Program of Works

Capital Works Program 2019-2029

Council's Capital Works Program 2019-2029 (the Program) continues to focus on asset rehabilitation rather than on new built assets. The focus on asset renewal continues to reduce the organisation's infrastructure backlog. The Program is at Attachment 2.

The Works Program is based on known funding sources including knowledge that Council has funds to spend on these projects.

For the current year, the list of proposed works will increase with the introduction of any future grants, Sports Council or committee works that may be funded from external sources. Some grants do require matching funds, so if these grants become available the proposed program may need to be adjusted to help fund these additional works.

The list of proposed works does not include any works that have commenced or were postponed in the financial year 2017-2018 that may need to be carried over into the 2018-2019 financial year.

Capital Works Plus Plan

Council's Capital Works Plus Plan 2019-2029 (the Plus Plan) lists projects that will be undertaken, subject to the availability of funding. The Plus Plan is at Attachment 3.

When funds are realised and prioritised under the asset funding strategy, funds are allocated to the projects documented in the Plus Plan or to existing projects in future years that may be brought forward.

The Plus Plan includes:

- projects to reduce the infrastructure backlog;
- major future projects to meet demand; and
- existing projects that require additional monies to further expand the scope of works.

The major future works projects are documented in the Asset Creation/Acquisition section of each asset plan in this SAMP9. The projects also show the proposed sources of funds and when the source of funds may be available.

It should be noted that the future major projects have not been scoped and the costs and timing are indicative only. Until such time that these projects are fully scoped, the estimate and the associated sources of funds have been assumed. These major projects include large projects like the depot redevelopment, East Seaham Road, Lakeside Leisure Centre upgrade as examples. These future major works are shown in the Asset Creation/Acquisition section of each asset plan.

A plan has been compiled and described in the Asset Creation/Acquisition section of each asset category. It should be noted that these works only go ahead if future funding is obtained. These works are in addition to the Works Program.

Proposed Special Rate Variation

Council is proposing to make an application to the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal (IPART) for a Special Rate Variation (SRV) of 7.5% per annum (inclusive of rate peg) for seven years from 2019-2020 to 2025-2026 inclusive.

Council's decision to apply for a rate increase has not been taken lightly and follows considerable community consultation.

The cumulative percentage increase, including rate peg, of this proposal is 65.9% over the seven years. Council is proposing that the increase be retained permanently in its rates general income base. This means that the rate levels in 2025-2026 will increase by the rate peg in 2026-2027 and subsequent years and rates will not be reduced to pre-SRV levels.

The SRV is proposed to commence in the financial year starting on 1 July 2019.

The purpose of the SRV would be to fund a range of infrastructure, facilities and services to meet community expectations as outlined in Council's Community Strategic Plan 2018-2028 (CSP).

Background

Shortly after the local government elections in September 2017, Council sought views on the possibility of a rate rise as part of community consultation on our Integrated Planning and Reporting (IP&R) Framework.

A discussion paper to review the Community Strategic Plan 2018-2028 was circulated in the community for comment and feedback and further input from Councillors on key priorities was also sought at a Councillor Workshop on 21 October 2017.

Specific feedback received from these activities included:

- Town centres need attention to make them more attractive to visitors and residents.
- Need for improved public amenities and more pathways for walkers and cyclists.
- Infrastructure should be first with proper planning.
- Much greater priority needs to be given to place making and strategic planning of our urban centres.
- Ecologically sustainable development should be formally recognised as a key commitment.

These items, as well as Councillor priorities (developed from their own discussions with the community), were included in the development of the draft CSP and other IP&R documents, which were placed on public exhibition in April 2018.

From this public consultation, a number of topics were recurring across the submissions relating to:

- Special Rate Variation
- Height increases
- Drainage
- Roads
- Anna Bay
- Cycleways and pathways
- Ecologically sustainable development
- Readability of the documents

In response to this feedback, the IP&R documents were revised and adopted by Council on 26 June 2018.

As part of the endorsed Delivery Program 2018-2021, Key Priorities were detailed (pages 6-11) and Council further considered a SRV as a way to raise funds to undertake these unfunded projects and others outlined in the Strategic Asset Management Plan (SAMP 8: 2018).

In July/August 2018, Council undertook extensive community consultation about a proposed SRV, possible rate options and projects and services to be funded.

Council considered the community feedback from this consultation at its meeting in October and resolved to move forward with an application for increased rates to assist with better town centres, improved infrastructure including safer roads and more effective drainage, enhanced library/community services and support for tourism which attracts people, investment, jobs and events.

In October 2018, Council reviewed community feedback and formally resolved to apply to IPART for a SRV.

Council's current income streams cover a substantial delivery program with a modest surplus (approximately \$1m in 2017-2018).

Some of these revenue sources, such as developer contributions (formerly section 94, now known as section 7.11) and grants, cannot be planned in advance. For example, Council does not control when the funding collected through developer contributions will become available as it depends on when new developments go ahead. The expenditure of these funds is also highly regulated through legislation (*Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*).

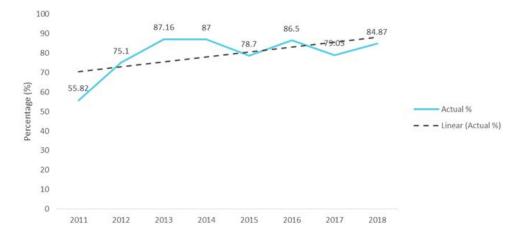
Similarly, grant programs may have different priorities and so may not be available to fund the identified local community priorities. They also often require matching funding.

It is proposed that the revenues from Council's Williamtown sand extraction contract will be used to part fund the redevelopment of Council's depots. Some proposed SRV funds will also be used for this project.

Benefits of a SRV

The community has consistently provided feedback that while it is generally happy with Council's delivery of infrastructure, maintenance and services, it aspires for more major community projects to enhance the local area.

Council's annual Customer Satisfaction Survey results confirm this satisfaction with overall scores above 75% since 2012.



Overall Satisfaction with Council's Services

While Council is financially fit, it does not have the required additional resources to deliver additional community infrastructure and services, as consistently requested as part of IP&R community consultation.

2018-2019 annual budget	Increased service
annual budget \$0.350m pa This fluctuates each year due to weather conditions.	 Proposed recurring cost per annum of \$0.100m in 2019-2020 increasing to \$0.650m pa from 2023-2024 onwards. The current backlog of works for street trees is \$0.200m and parks/reserves is currently \$0.050m. This funding would address the backlog of hazardous trees in parks, reserves and street reserves with removal and replacement of trees rated 3 and 4 and the development of a proactive tree inspection program in line with Council's insurer's best practice
	manuals and guidelines. This funding would also allow inspection of trees that, while not dangerous in themselves are causing and will cause damage to Council's
	annual budget \$0.350m pa This fluctuates each year due to weather

Asset maintenance

		infrastructure.
		Detinger
		Ratings:
		 Needs to done immediately Needs to done within three months Needs to be done within 12 months Reviewed and carried out within two years
Open drain Maintenance	\$0.400m This fluctuates each year due to weather conditions.	Proposed additional recurring cost per annum of \$0.100m in 2019-2020 increasing to \$0.500m pa from 2023- 2024 onwards. Council's assets are rated in one of following five asset condition-rating
		categories:
		 Near perfect Good Satisfactory Very poor Unserviceable
		With additional funds, undertake additional drainage maintenance - excavation, mowing and spraying (varying from year to year based on growing conditions).
		Council will increase service level from Level 4 to Level 2.
Sports facilities maintenance	\$0.400m per annum This fluctuates	Proposed additional recurring cost per annum of \$0.100m in 2019-2020 increasing to \$0.500m pa from 2023- 2024 onwards.
	each year due to breakdowns and vandalism.	Current allocation is not adequate to reduce the logged defect list impacting on services provided to community.
		Council's defect list currently includes 706 carpentry defects, 453 paint defects, 77 electrical defects and 80 plumbing defects. These are defects on Council's community and recreation buildings with the majority of them on sporting facilities. This does not include any upgrades or proactive maintenance.
		Funding will increase Council's capacity to undertake large scale maintenance tasks across sporting facilities to:

		 Improve functionality and visual amenity. Repair or replace deteriorated assets (including carpentry, paint, electrical and plumbing defects).
Roads	Approximately \$4m of Council funds augmented by external grants.	Proposed additional recurring cost per annum of \$0.500m in 2019-2020 increasing to \$5m pa from 2025-2026 onwards. The road network condition is functioning well given Council's focus on asset management as documented in Council's Strategic Asset Management Plan. A large portion of our road network is currently in the satisfactory to good condition rating. Though it should be noted, like most Councils, there is still a road pavement backlog that requires work. While our focus is road user safety and keeping good roads good, the increasing costs for road maintenance above income and grants will, in the future, result in an increasing backlog and road network deterioration. This will move the road network overall "satisfactory to good condition rating" down to a level, which would be lower than the community expectation.

Increased events and library services

	018-2019 annual udget	Increased service
Library O bu \$^ Ca	Dperational Judget 1.78m Capital budget 0.250m	 Proposed additional recurring cost per annum of \$0.100m in 2019-2020 increasing to \$0.500m pa from 2024-2025 onwards. Library services currently fall well below the NSW Living, Learning Libraries Standards and Guidelines for Public Libraries 2014 for Library Expenditure per capita per annum. Port Stephens libraries receive \$28.63 per capita per annum whereas the baseline Standard is \$49.70 per capita per annum.

		While increasing the library budget will not meet the baseline standard, it will improve operational performance and services to the community.
Events	\$0.164m pa	Proposed additional recurring cost per annum of \$0.350m in 2019-2020 increasing to \$0.500m pa from 2023- 2024 onwards. In 2017-2018, Council provided financial support for 23 events across Port Stephens totalling \$115,237; providing an economic benefit to the area of approximately \$8.26 million. Council proposes to establish an expanded event management team as well as sponsorship programs designed to support events which increase visitation and visitor spend and reduce seasonal fluctuations. This will increase economic output across the community and also drive key social and cultural outcomes.

Increased infrastructure maintenance

Service	2018-2019 annual budget	Increased service
Infrastructure maintenance	N/A	Proposed recurring cost per annum increasing as the SRV projects are delivered to \$2.5m pa in 2028-2029. As new and upgraded infrastructure is completed, their ongoing maintenance gradually increase over 10 years.
		The life of new assets is estimated at 20 years.

Proposed SRV funds expenditure

If successful, the proposed rate increase will provide additional funds (with the use of loans) to deliver major projects and increased services requested by the community; in particular:

- town centre and neighbourhood revitalisation
- new and improved infrastructure
- enhanced services and maintenance.

It will fund projects that will stimulate the local economy, drive business growth, attract visitors and enhance our region for residents. It will fund more cycleways and footpaths,

allow for a boosted road resealing and rehabilitation program, improved amenities, enhanced services in the libraries and provide stronger support for local events.

The rate increase would remain permanently in place to fund ongoing delivery of events and community services, continue capital road projects, service the remaining loan requirements and maintain existing and new infrastructure built as part of the SRV program.

Over the 10 year period from 2019-20 to 2028-2029, Council proposes to use the SRV funds to:

1. Fund major, one-off infrastructure projects with additional loan borrowings

The estimated \$133.4m raised through the proposed SRV will be leveraged with loans of \$60 million over 20 years for new and enhanced major infrastructure projects as well as renewal of existing assets to be built over a 10 year period. These are:

Town centre and neighbourhood revitalisation	\$43m
Road resealing and rehabilitation	\$35.150m
Paths and cycleways	\$9.7m
New and improved community amenities	\$8m
Sports facilities upgrades	\$6.8m
Depot relocation and rehabilitation	\$5m
Foreshore improvements	\$3m
Shoal Bay drainage	\$2m
Street lighting upgrade	\$2m
Soldiers Point carpark	\$0.500m
	\$115.150m

More details are available in the LTFP.

2. Fund enhanced services with SRV funds only

The followings services are recurring costs per annum which will increase as SRV funds become available over 10 years.

	Ten year spend
Enhanced community services	\$19.5m
Increased infrastructure maintenance	\$11.2m

More details are available in the LTFP.

3. Fund repayments for loans borrowed to undertake the projects.

The estimated costs of loan repayments in the first ten years are as follows:

- o \$18.17m on loan interest payments, and
- o \$25.2m on loan principal repayments.

Loans

The reason for loan funding in addition to the SRV income is to provide funds to start and complete the SRV capital works program in reasonable time frame, that 10 years, while maintaining cash flow for the enhanced services and loan repayments. The loans and their repayments are over 20 years, the estimated life of new infrastructure assets.

Historically, Council's policy regarding the use of loan funding has been that loan funding is only available where the proposed expenditure will result in a future revenue stream that will fund the loan repayments. As a result, the majority of Council's existing debt portfolio relates to its commercially focused activities being the holiday parks, Newcastle Airport and the commercial property portfolio.

Council's current debt portfolio is detailed in the LTFP.

Council would raise all external borrowings at the most competitive rates available and from sources available as defined by legislation. Loan drawdowns will be timed to optimise cash flow and minimise interest expenses. A summary of expected loan drawdowns over the next four years based on the capital works delivery schedule attached to the SRV is as follows:

		Loan amoun	t per annum	
Purpose of loan	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023
 Town centre revitalisation Community amenities Carparking Sport facilities Paths and cycleways Drainage Roads 	\$11m	\$11m	\$10m	\$8m

Revision of the Integrated Planning and Reporting documents

The revised IP&R documents are the plans that outline how Council will deliver the SRV funded projects over the next 10 years.

More detail about the proposed SRV projects for the next two years is available in the Delivery Program and Operational Plans 2018-2021.

The IP&R documents have been revised in a way that:

- If the SRV application is successful, the plans clearly show how Council will deliver the identified SRV projects and programs; or
- If the SRV application is not successful, show how Council will continue to deliver its program with a rate rise of rate pegging only.

The IP&R documents, as legislated under the Local Government Act 1993, are:

- Community Strategic Plan 2018-2028;
- Delivery Program 2018-2021;
- Operational Plans 2018-2021 including a Statement of Revenue Policy;
- Strategic Asset Management Plan 2019-2029* (SAMP 9);
- Long Term Financial Plan 2019-2029*; and
- Workforce Plan 2018-2021.

All are reviewed annually with some being rolling 10 year plans (marked *), while others are fixed to the term of council. In this case, Council's current term expires in September 2020.

Proposed SRV projects

Town centre and neighbourhood revitalisation - \$43m

LOCATION	COST	DETAILS
Nelson Bay	\$15m one off cost	 Implement Stage One of Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy actions, including: implement proposed Public Domain Plan implement Apex Park Masterplan Provide new car parking facilities
Raymond Terrace	\$15m one off cost	 Implement Stage One of Raymond Terrace and Heatherbrae Strategy by upgrading William Street between Sturgeon and King Street, including: drainage works kerb and gutter upgrades street tree planting and gardens increased pedestrian access for greater accessibility and dining Undertake King Street revitalisation including: construct footpaths along the riverbank provide access connection from King Street to the levee reintroduce heritage streetscape
Medowie	\$5m one off cost	Aligned with the Medowie Planning Strategy, enhance the town centre as a focus for commercial and community activity. Review purchase of land for centrally located open space and drainage works to reduce flooding, improve planning and release land for development.
Karuah	\$2m one off cost	Aligned with the Karuah Growth Strategy, undertake Mustons Road culvert widening and pedestrian walkway.

Anna Bay	\$2m one off cost	 town signage formalised parking gardens on road blisters and footpaths Review and refine Anna Bay Strategy and Town Plan and implement with construction of: footpaths for pedestrian access town signage formalised parking gardens on road blisters and footpaths
Lemon Tree Passage/Tanilba Bay	\$2m one off cost	 Implement McCann Park improvements. Provide a sense of town arrival from Lemon Tree Passage Road and John Street. Provide main street vista with: footpaths for pedestrian access town signage gardens on road blisters and footpaths
Fern Bay	\$1m one off cost	 Construct pathways for pedestrian access along Nelson Bay Road and the original Fern Bay suburb Construct bus shelter
Fingal Bay	\$0.500m one off cost	 Provide main street vista with: footpaths for pedestrian access along and to Market Street town signage formalised parking gardens on road blisters and footpaths
Seaham	\$0.500m one off cost	 Provide a sense of place through: road pavement delineation bus stop interchange street trees planting

Road resealing and rehabilitation - \$35.15m over 10 years

Road resealing and rehabilitation projects are funded as a recurring cost per annum. This program will increase the number of road rehabilitations and sealing of gravel roads. The first two years will focus on the first seal on gravel roads and the required design and investigation in preparation of future road rehabilitations to match allocated funds. The third year of the SRV program (2021-2022) will substantially increase the amount of first seal gravel roads and road rehabilitation.

Depending on the road pavement terrain, location and surrounding environment road rehabilitations cost \$60 per m2 to \$120 per m2 and gravel road first seals cost \$850,000 per km to \$1.4mil per km.

The level of work varies from year to year across 10 years. The details of specific road projects are listed in Attachment 4 of SAMP 9 with funding listed in the LTFP.

SERVICE	COST	DETAILS
Resealing and	Recurring	Increase the number of road rehabilitation and road reseals as outlined in SAMP 9 (Attachment 4).
rehabilitation	cost per	Per annum amount will increase as SRV funds becom available over seven years.
	annum	Please refer to the LTFP for details.

Enhanced community services, event management and asset maintenance - \$19.5m over 10 years

This includes library, community and event services (\$7.6m over 10 years), tree maintenance (\$4.6m over 10 years), open drain maintenance (\$3.55m over 10 years) and sporting facility maintenance (\$3.65m over 10 years).

These services are funded as a recurring cost per annum. The service levels gradually increase over 10 years in line with the SRV. Please refer to LTFP for details.

SERVICE	COST	DETAILS
Event management	Recurring cost per annum	 Establish and resource a team to develop, manage and attract events to drive cultural and economic benefits for Port Stephens. Establish an expanded events team to manage events sponsorship and coordination of Council owned and operated events across the LGA Establish expanded event sponsorship and procurement program. Focus is attracting events that will deliver economic benefit to Port Stephens, particularly through overnight visitation in 'off peak' tourism season Initiate, coordinate and manage 2 to 3 community based events throughout the year to complement Council's place making and place activation programs, driving desired social and cultural outcomes Per annum amount will increase as SRV funds become available over seven years. Please refer to the LTFP for details.
Library and community services	Recurring cost per annum	Expand homebound delivery and children's literacy programs, extend technology training for seniors, increase opening hours. Per annum amount will increase as SRV funds become available over seven years. Please refer to the LTFP for details.
Open drain maintenance	Recurring cost per annum	Undertake an additional drainage maintenance program of 250 lineal metres (Im) of excavation, 1,500 Im of mowing and 5,000 Im of spraying per \$0.100m. Maintenance is a mixture of spraying and mechanical works,

	1	
		which varies from year to year based on growing conditions.
		Per annum amount will increase as SRV funds become available over seven years.
		Please refer to the LTFP for details.
Sports facilities maintenance	Recurring cost per annum	 Funding will increase Council's capacity to undertake large scale maintenance tasks across sporting facilities to: Improve functionality and visual amenity Repair or replace deteriorated assets (including carpentry, paint, electrical and plumbing defects). These funds would be used to reduce the defect list by rectifying an estimated 150 additional building trade defects (including carpentry, paint, electrical and plumbing defects) per \$0.100m (actual number dependent on final inspections prior to work and time taken to undertake each remediation). Per annum amount will increase as SRV funds become available over seven years.
Tree maintenance	Recurring cost per annum	This funding would address the backlog of hazardous trees in parks, reserves and street reserves with removal and replacement of trees rated 3 and 4 and the development of a proactive tree inspection program in line with Council's insurer's best practice manuals and guidelines. This funding would also allow inspection of trees that, while not dangerous in themselves, are causing and will cause damage to Council's infrastructure. Per annum amount will increase as SRV funds become available over seven years. Please refer to the LTFP for details.
		Please refer to the LTFP for details.

After Year 10, the services will continue to be funded by the rates income based on the SRV that will remain permanently in place.

Increased infrastructure maintenance - \$11.2m over 10 years

INFRASTRUCTURE MAINTENANCE	COST	DETAILS
Infrastructure	Recurring	As new and upgraded infrastructure is completed,

maintenance	cost per annum	their ongoing maintenance will increase as reflected in the increasing recurring cost across 10 years Per annum amount will increase as SRV funds become available over seven years.
		Please refer to the LTFP for details.

Paths and cycleways - \$9.7m

PATHS AND CYCLEWAYS	COST	DETAILS
Paths and cycleways	\$7.7m one off cost	Paths to provide connectivity along major community and tourist centres in accordance with Council's Pathway Plan:
		 Anna Bay – two missing links on Gan Gan Road
		 Medowie – Medowie Rd from Ferodale Rd to South St intersection and Waropara Rd from Ferodale Rd to school.
		 Shoal Bay Foreshore – missing link from Shoal Bay Centre towards Nelson Bay past Anzac Park
		 Raymond Terrace – multiple missing links across suburb
		 Tilligerry - The missing Mallabula to Lemon Tree Passage link, LTP Boat ramp to Rudd Reserve, shared waterfront path between Swan Street, Tanilba Bay and Tanilba Sailing Club
Brandy Hill	\$2m one off cost	Design and construct safe pedestrian and cycle access in an area where the community has been impacted by increased trucking movements for two quarries.

New and improved community amenities - \$8m

COMMUNITY AMENITIES	соѕт	DETAILS
Art Centre	\$2m one off cost	Provide a multi-functional cultural space in Raymond Terrace
		To construct a facility to replace the modest arts space, currently in Raymond Terrace library, better meeting the community's cultural needs.
Birubi Information Centre	\$3m one off cost	To support the implementation of the Birubi Point Aboriginal Place Management Plan, the proposed Birubi Information Centre has been designed to provide increased car and coach parking, reduce congestion and other site access issues around visitor activity at Birubi Point. It will provide a sheltered area and space for dune operators and amenities, including public toilets and a kiosk.
BBQ facilities	\$0.500m one off cost	 Full replacement of BBQ shelters and seating at: Henderson Park, Lemon Tree Passage Fingal Bay Foreshore Caswell Reserve, Mallabula George Reserve, Soldiers Point Memorial Park, Karuah Boomerang Park, Raymond Terrace Medowie Town Centre Please refer to SAMP 9 (Attachment 4) for details.
Mallabula Hall	\$0.500m	Upgrade of community hall to improve safety,
	one off cost	convenience and reliability of current hall Provide potential youth facility adjacent to other youth infrastructure.
Public amenities	\$2m one off cost	Provision of toilets, bike racks, drinking fountains and beach showers: Shoal Bay West Foreshore Longworth Park, Karuah Neil Carroll Park, Nelson Bay Aliceton Reserve, Karuah Henderson Park, lemon Tree Passage Fingal Bay North Foreshore Bettles Park, Raymond Terrace George Reserve, Soldiers Point Spencer Park, Soldiers Point Little Beach Foreshore One Mile Beach Shoal Bay East Foreshore Medowie Town Centre

Sports facilities upgrades - \$6.8m

SPORTS FACILITIES	COST	DETAILS					
Tomaree Sports Complex	\$3m one off cost	In accordance with the Tomaree Sports Complex Master Plan, undertake renovation and expansion of sporting grounds, new multipurpose amenities buildings, car parking and traffic improvements, accessibility upgrades and improved community and event spaces.					
King Park Sports Complex	\$3m one off cost	In accordance with the Master Plan (to be completed in 2019), undertake car parking and traffic upgrades, stormwater harvesting, field lighting upgrades, playing surface renovations and landscape improvements.					
Stuart Park, Hinton	\$0.800m one off cost	Replace out of date facility which is no longer fit for purpose with a new multipurpose sports amenities building.					

Depot relocation and rehabilitation - \$5m

The existing Raymond Terrace depot has passed its asset and economic life, is functionally obsolete and meets with difficulty current safety and environmental practices. The depot is also physically separated from other functions of Council that it relies on.

Combining the Raymond Terrace depot and Administration Building into a single location would reduce Council's facility footprint and improve overall staffing and services function, hence reducing administration waste and re-work.

This location is also near a small industrial section of Raymond Terrace. Material stockpiles traditionally located at depots are no longer needed and sourced through suppliers and not stored on depot site.

The existing Nelson Bay depot is currently situated on NSW Crown land which is not suitable for this location. Similar to the Raymond Terrace depot, combining Council facilities at a the Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station reduces the overall Council facility footprint and improves the Council's overall staffing and services function, hence reducing administration waste and re-work.

This project also includes the rehabilitation of the existing sites.

SRV funds will be used to part-fund this project with the remaining funds sourced from other Council revenue.

DEPOTS	COST	DETAILS
Depot relocation and rehabilitation	\$5m one off cost	Relocate the Raymond Terrace depot adjacent to the Council administration building as a single functioning space in accordance with concept plans and preliminary costings. This project also includes the rehabilitation of the existing site. Relocate Nelson Bay depot to Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station in accordance with concept plans and preliminary costings. Rehabilitation of the existing sites.

Foreshore improvements - \$3m

FORESHORE	COST	DETAILS
Foreshore improvements and coastal protection works	\$3m one off cost	Conroy Park, Corlette - Coastal Process Study - Precinct 1-4 outcomes stage 1 to 3 Little Beach, Nelson Bay - boat ramp upgrade and sand back passing Soldier's Point – Foreshore revetment and pathway west of Thou Walla Retreat Gibber Point Reserve, Lemon Tree Passage and Tilligerry Habitat and Caswell Reserve, Mallabula - bank stabilisation, vegetation and repair Waterfront Road, Swan Bay - revetment wall upgrade.

Shoal Bay drainage - \$2m

DRAINAGE	COST	DETAILS				
Shoal Bay	\$2m	Stage 2				
drainage	one off cost	Creation of a large detention basin between Horace Street and Government Road. Works includes augmentation to trunk system, kerb inlet and infiltration pits from Rigney Street to Shoal Bay Beach outlet.				

Street lighting upgrade - \$2m

STREET LIGHTING	COST	DETAILS
Street lighting upgrade	\$2m one off cost	Stage One: Replace approximately 2,600 of 4,400 ageing street lights with LED lights to improve energy efficiency and cost savings.

Soldiers Point carpark - \$0.500m

CAR PARK	COST	DETAILS
Soldiers Point	\$0.500m one off cost	Improve traffic facilities on the peninsula which is subjected to high levels of traffic during peak seasons.
		Provide formal car parking adjacent to Spencer Park to ease traffic congestion

Please note:

These figures are rounded and indicative, based on 2018 estimates and are subject to change. More details are available in the LTFP. All IP&R documents are reviewed annually. Identified priority projects may change over time dependent on ongoing needs such as community preferences (as identified in regular IP&R consultations) and successful grant funding. In this case, Council would notify IPART of the change.

More details on the staged expenditure is available in the LTFP.

Reporting

If the SRV application is approved by IPART, Council would be required to report in Council's Annual Report on the amount collected from the variation and its expenditure on specified projects.

SRV funds collected and unspent for the purpose in which it was intended (eg capital works delivery schedule) will be restricted until such time as an alternate project is identified.

Impact on Ratepayers

The following tables outline the financial impact on ratepayers of the proposed rate rise.

Table One is based on the standard rate peg increase without any special variations (rate rise). Table Two is based on the proposed SRV of 7.5% inclusive of the rate peg increase. The effect of multi-year increases means there is a cumulative impact on ordinary rates. The effect of multi-year increases on the average rate assessment in each land category is shown in the following tables.

Note: IPART has advised NSW councils that the 2019-2020 rate peg is set at 2.7%. Councils have been advised to model any Special Rate Variation application on the actual rate peg for 2019-2020 and assume a rate of 2.5% for 2020-21 and in the future.

Table One – The impact of Rate Peg only increases on average residential, business and farmland rates

Comparison Item	Average Land	Current	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Cumulative
	Value ¹	rates	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	Increase
		2018-19 ^{.2}								
Rate Peg Percentage	•		2.7%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	19.10%
Increase										
Average Residentia	\$224,000	\$1,048	\$1,077	\$1,104	\$1,131	\$1,159	\$1,188	\$1,218	\$1,249	\$201
Rate Levy										
Average Business	\$\$340,000	\$4,451	\$4,571	\$4,686	\$4,803	\$4,923	\$5,046	\$5,172	\$5,301	\$850
Rate Levy										
Average Farmland	\$422,000	\$1,649	\$1,693	\$1,736	\$1,779	\$1,824	\$1,869	\$1,916	\$1,964	\$315
Rate Levy										

1. 2016 base date category average land value. 2. Current Rates are ordinary rates excluding annual charges.

Under the rate peg only option, there is a cumulative increase of 19.10% over the seven years which will see rate rises of \$201 for the average residential rate assessment, \$850 for the average business rate assessment and \$315 for the average farmland rate assessment.

Table Two – The impact of Special Rate Variation of 7.5% per annum (including rate peg) on average residential, business and farmland rates

Comparison Item	Average Land Value ¹	Current rates 2018-19 ^{2.}	Year 1 2019-20	Year 2 2020-21	Year 3 2021-22	Year 4 2022-23	Year 5 2023-24	Year 6 2024-25	Year 7 2025-26	Cumulative Increase
Rate Peg Percentage Increase			2.7%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	19.10%
SRV Percentage Increase			4.8%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	40.44%
Total proposed rate increase			7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	65.90%
Average Residential Rate Levy	\$224,000	\$1,048	\$1,127	\$1,212	\$1,303	\$1,401	\$1,506	\$1,619	\$1,739	\$691
Average Business Rate Levy	\$340,000	\$4,451	\$4,785	\$5,144	\$5,530	\$5,945	\$6,391	\$6,870	\$7,385	\$2,934
Average Farmland Rate Levy	\$422,000	\$1,649	\$1,773	\$1,906	\$2,049	\$2,203	\$2,368	\$2,546	\$2,736	\$1,087

1. 2016 base date category average land value. 2. Current Rates are ordinary rates excluding annual charges.

Under a rate increase of 7.5% per annum option, there is a cumulative increase of 65.90% over the seven years which will see rate rises of \$691 for the average residential rate assessment, \$2,934 for the average business rate assessment and \$1,087 for the average farmland rate assessment.

This rate increase will remain permanently in the rate base.

Table Three - Summary of the annual and cumulative increases of a SRV of 7.5% per annum (including rate peg) for seven years

This table shows the annual and cumulative impact of the proposed SRV.

Year	Financial	Rate Peg	Additional	Total	Cumulative	IPART	Additional	Cumulative
	Year	Limit	Percentage	Annual	Percentage	Application	annual impact	Impact
		Percentage	Requested	Percentage	Impact from	Percentage	on \$1,000	on \$1000
		_		-	2019-2020			in rates
1	2019-2020	2.7%	4.8%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	\$75	\$1,075
2	2020-2021	2.5%	5.0%	7.5%	15.56%	7.5%	\$81	\$1,156
3	2021-2022	2.5%	5.0%	7.5%	24.23%	7.5%	\$86	\$1,242
4	2022-2023	2.5%	5.0%	7.5%	33.55%	7.5%	\$93	\$1,335
5	2023-2024	2.5%	5.0%	7.5%	43.56%	7.5%	\$101	\$1,436
6	2024-2025	2.5%	5.0%	7.5%	54.33%	7.5%	\$107	\$1,543
7	2025-2026	2.5%	5.0%	7.5%	65.90%	7.5%	\$116	\$1,659

Land	2018-2019			An	nual increa	ase			Totals	2025-2026
Land value	Current rates	Year 1 7.5%	Year 2 7.5%	Year 3 7.5%	Year 4 7.5%	Year 5 7.5%	Year 6 7.5%	Year 7 7.5%		Future rates
50,000	521	39	42	45	49	52	56	60	343	864
100,000	672	50	54	58	63	67	72	78	443	1,115
150,000	824	62	66	71	77	83	89	95	543	1,367
200,000	976	73	79	85	91	98	105	113	643	1,619
224,000*	1,048	79	85	91	98	105	113	121	691	1,739
300,000	1,279	96	103	111	119	128	138	148	843	2,122
400,000	1,582	119	128	137	147	158	170	183	1,043	2,625
500,000	1,886	141	152	163	176	189	203	218	1,243	3,128
600,000	2,189	164	176	190	204	219	236	253	1,443	3,631
800,000	2,795	210	225	242	260	280	301	324	1,842	4,638
1,000,000	3,402	255	274	295	317	341	366	394	2,242	5,644

Table Four - Impact on residential rates of the proposed SRV

*\$224,000 is the category average land value, amounts are subject to rounding.

Table Five - Impact on business rates of the proposed SRV

Land	2018-2019			An	nual increa	ase			Totals	2025-2026
Land value	Current rates	Year 1 7.5%	Year 2 7.5%	Year 3 7.5%	Year 4 7.5%	Year 5 7.5%	Year 6 7.5%	Year 7 7.5%	65.90% \$	Future rates
50,000	1,983	149	160	172	185	199	213	229	1,307	3,289
100,000	2,408	181	194	209	224	241	259	279	1,587	3,996
150,000	2,834	213	228	246	264	284	305	328	1,868	4,702
200,000	3,260	244	263	283	304	326	351	377	2,148	5,408
300,000	4,111	308	331	356	383	412	443	476	2,709	6,820
340,000*	4,451	334	359	386	415	446	479	515	2,934	7,385
400,000	4,962	372	400	430	462	497	534	574	3,270	8,233
600,000	6,665	500	537	578	621	668	718	771	4,392	11,057
800,000	8,367	628	675	725	780	838	901	969	5,515	13,882
1,000,000	10,070	755	812	873	938	1,009	1,084	1,166	6,637	16,707
1,200,000	11,773	883	949	1,020	1,097	1,179	1,268	1,363	7,759	19,531

*\$340,000 is the category average land value, amounts are subject to rounding.

Land	2018-2019			An	nual increa	ase			Totals	2025-2026
Land value	Current rates	Year 1 7.5%	Year 2 7.5%	Year 3 7.5%	Year 4 7.5%	Year 5 7.5%	Year 6 7.5%	Year 7 7.5%	65.90% \$	Future rates
100,000	672	50	54	58	63	67	72	78	443	1,115
200,000	976	73	79	85	91	98	105	113	643	1,619
300,000	1,279	96	103	111	119	128	138	148	843	2,122
400,000	1,582	119	128	137	147	158	170	183	1,043	2,625
422,000*	1,649	124	133	143	154	165	178	191	1,087	2,736
500,000	1,886	141	152	163	176	189	203	218	1,243	3,128
600,000	2,189	164	176	190	204	219	236	253	1,443	3,631
700,000	2,492	187	201	216	232	250	268	288	1,642	4,135
800,000	2,795	210	225	242	260	280	301	324	1,842	4,638
900,000	3,099	232	250	269	289	310	334	359	2,042	5,141
1,000,000	3,402	255	274	295	317	341	366	394	2,242	5,644

Table Six - Impact on farmland rates of the proposed SRV

*\$422,000 is the category average land value, amounts are subject to rounding.

Williamtown Management Area subcategory

In 2018-2019, Council made sub-categories of the ordinary residential and farmland rate categories for properties located within the Williamtown Management Area. The Williamtown Management Area is an area defined by the NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) consisting of three zones - the Primary Management Zone, the Secondary Management Zone and the Broader Management Zone which have or may potentially have contamination from per- and poly- fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) associated with the use of fire-fighting foam at the Department of Defence RAAF Base at Williamtown.

Council made sub-categories of the residential rate and farmland rate affecting 471 properties reducing ordinary rates by approximately 50% in the Primary Management Zone, approximately 25% in the Secondary Management Zone and approximately 10% in the Broader Management Zone.

There are 44 business rate assessments within the Williamtown Management Area primarily aviation industries, service stations, public utilities and sand extraction. Council is unable to make a different business rate for only some of the business premises and there is little justification for reducing rates for Newcastle Airport, Hunter Water, Telstra and Council infrastructure, service stations, hotel, restaurant, tourist facilities, sand extraction and aviation related businesses.

Table Seven shows the cumulative effect of the proposed SRV on the Williamtown Management Area sub-categories since Council implemented reduced rates in 2018-2019.

Table Seven - Special Rate Variation increases of 7.5% per annum (including rate peg) for seven yearson average residential and farmland rates in the Williamtown Management Area

Note: Ordinary Rates for 2017-2018 are included in this table to show the decrease that occurred with the introduction of the Williamtown Management Area sub-categories in 2018-2019. Those average rates in 2017-2018 however are excluded from the cumulative change figures to clearly show the impact of the proposed SRV increases on these sub-categories over the seven years commencing 1 July 2019.

Comparison Item	Category	Average	Prior Year	Current Year	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Cumulative
		Land Value ¹	2017-18	2018-19 ²	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	Increase ³
SRV Percentage Increase					7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	65.90%
Primary Mgt. Zone Average Rate Levy	Residential	\$225,454	\$1,028	\$525	\$565	\$607	\$653	\$702	\$754	\$811	\$872	\$347
Secondary Mgt. Zone Average Rate Levy	Residential	\$198,907	\$949	\$728	\$782	\$841	\$904	\$972	\$1,045	\$1,123	\$1,207	\$479
Broader Mgt. Zone Average Rate Levy	Residential	207,618	\$975	\$897	\$964	\$1,037	\$1,114	\$1,198	\$1,288	\$1,384	\$1,488	\$591
Primary Mgt. Zone Average Rate Levy	Farmland	\$328,444	\$1,333	\$681	\$732	\$787	\$846	\$910	\$978	\$1,051	\$1,130	\$449
Secondary Mgt. Zone Average Rate Levy	Farmland	\$378,471	\$1,481	\$1,135	\$1,220	\$1,312	\$1,410	\$1,516	\$1,630	\$1,752	\$1,883	\$748
Broader Mgt. Zone Average Rate Levy	Farmland	\$360,125	\$1,426	\$1,312	\$1,411	\$1,517	\$1,630	\$1,753	\$1,884	\$2,025	\$2,177	\$865

1. 2016 base date sub-category average land value. 2. Current year rates are ordinary rates excluding annual charges.3. Cumulative increase is over the life of the SRV 2019-2020 to 2025-2026

Properties within the Williamtown Management Area are proposed to be subject to the same SRV increases as the rest of Port Stephens, however average residential and farmland rate assessments in the Williamtown Management Primary Zone are expected to have rates in 2025-2026, the seventh year of the SRV, that are lower than they were in 2017-2018, subject to the effect of general revaluations expected in 2019 and 2022. Rates in the secondary and broader management zones are expected to be higher in 2025-2026 than they were in 2017-2018 by approximately 27% and 53% respectively.

Affordability and Hardship

Council is aware that a rate rise may cause hardship for some ratepayers. Council currently has the following hardship mitigation measures in place to assist ratepayers experiencing financial hardship:

- mandatory pensioner rate concession (half up to \$250 per annum)
- flexible repayments
- interest reduction
- financial assistance in the year following a general revaluation
- backdating of pensioner rate concessions and extending concessions
- · deferral of rates against their estate for aged pensioners
- Williamtown residential and farmland rate sub-categories

Should the SRV proceed, Council proposes to introduce two programs to assist eligible rate payers. These are:

1. domestic waste service annual charge reductions for eligible pensioners; and

2.a new Rates Assistance Program.

Domestic Waste Service annual charge reduction for pensioners

Note: Domestic Waste Management Charges are not subject to rate pegging. They are subject to the reasonable cost of providing the service. Some costs associated with domestic waste management are beyond Council's control including State Waste Levies and potential cost changes when collection, recycling and disposal contracts are renewed, including during the term of the SRV.

If the SRV application is successful, Council plans to phase in domestic waste service charge reductions for eligible pensioners over the term of the SRV. The existing \$418 annual charge will be reduced by increments of approximately \$30 per annum. The annual charge for eligible pensioners would be pegged at approximately 50% of the non-pensioner domestic waste service annual charge from 2026-2027 onward.

Table Eight shows the effect of reducing domestic waste service annual charges for pensioners.

Table Eight – Domestic Waste Service Annual Charges forpensioners: 2019-2020 to 2026-2027

Comparison Item	Current Year 2018- 2019	Year 1 2019- 2020	Year 2 2020- 2021	Year 3 2021- 2022	Year 4 2022- 2023	Year 5 2023- 2024	Year 6 2024- 2025	Year 7 2025- 2026	Post SRV 2026- 2027
No SRV - Waste Service Charges ¹	\$418	\$428	\$439	\$450	\$461	\$473	\$485	\$497	\$509
Proposed SRV - eligible pensioner ² reduction	\$0	\$30	\$60	\$90	\$120	\$150	\$180	\$210	\$228
Proposed SRV - Pensioner waste service annual charge	\$418	\$398	\$379	\$360	\$341	\$323	\$305	\$287	\$281
Proposed SRV - Non-pensioner waste service charge	\$418	\$436	\$453	\$471	\$490	\$508	\$527	\$546	\$563

1. Estimated domestic waste management service charges assume a 2.5% annual increase. These charges will apply to all ratepayers including eligible pensioners if the SRV does not proceed.

2. An eligible pensioner is a pensioner eligible for a pensioner rate concession under the Local Government Act 1993.

Rates Assistance Program

To further mitigate hardship, Council is reviewing its current Debt Recovery and Hardship Policy and assessing additional ways to assist ratepayers. If the SRV proceeds, Council proposes to incorporate a Rates Assistance Program into the policy.

As part of the Rates Assistance Program, Council would partner with local welfare/financial counselling services to act as a referral points for ratepayers experiencing financial hardship. Council envisages potential partnering organisations to be delegated to assess ratepayer's individual financial circumstances and recommend to Council that assistance of up to \$250 be provided due to financial hardship.

Each participating service would be given an annual limit that they could recommend for financial assistance. Assistance would be limited to non-pensioners to assist individuals or families who are experiencing financial hardship and difficulty paying rates, but are not eligible for a pensioner rate concession.

Council's Debt Recovery and Hardship Policy provides further detail about existing hardship mitigation measures and the proposed Rates Assistance Program.

Asset Risk Management

Council's Corporate Risk Management system integrates all risks, including safety, environmental risks and business risks (financial, property, security, commercial, etc), into its decision making, business planning and reporting. This approach aligns with ISO31000:2009 Risk Management and provides a consistent, holistic approach to risk management that strengthens Council's ability to deliver more efficient and effective facilities and services to our community and stakeholders.

The following general categories of risk are used by Council to help focus the identification of risk and prevent risks from being overlooked:

- Assets
- Governance
- Financial
- Knowledge
- Resilience
- Environment
- Reputation
- Compliance
- People
- Technology
- Legal
- Business Systems and Procedures

Identified risks are then assessed using likelihood and consequence tables including a 5x5 matrix. Given the number of categories of risk and variety of assets for which Council is responsible, the risk assessment for Council's assets is detailed. To provide a summary of the risk assessments undertaken for assets, the following overarching risks are common across all asset classes:

Table B: Risk to Asset and Risk Controls

Category of Risk and Risk C	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk
ASSET		
There is a risk that failure to adequately maintain assets may affect Council's objective to provide a safe environment for people to enjoy their lifestyle leading to increased costs, injury and litigation.	 Document Service Level agreements with maintenance service providers. Complete the regular periodic maintenance inspections as per the Asset Inspection program. Undertake maintenance as per the agreed timeframes for each asset class. Review market options to shift risk. Review the maintenance schedule for critical infrastructure with funding limits and organisations appetite for risk. Review community service level expectations. Complete the documentation of leases and license of service in assets to ensure maintenance is undertaken. 	High
There is a risk that lack of, or inconsistent asset management data may affect Council's objective to manage assets in accordance with best practice asset lifecycle practices.	 Document Service Level agreements with Asset Data Collection service providers. Complete the regular periodic Asset Data Collection inspections as per the Asset Inspection program. Create a single point of truth for asset data, which is linked to the corporate forward works planning, accounting and end of year finance systems. 	High
There is a risk that an asset may fail/collapse and affect Council's objective to provide a safe environment for people to enjoy their lifestyle leading to personal injury and property damage.	 Utilise asset data to make informed decisions for asset maintenance and renewal. Complete the regular periodic asset inspection for aging and critical assets as per the Asset Inspection program. 	High

FINANCIAL		
There is a risk that inadequate budget allocation to assets may affect Council's objective to reduce infrastructure backlog.	 Document annual and future asset funding gaps. Document the Works program based on funding levels. Review the risks of not undertaking asset maintenance and renewal works due to funding levels. Accept the risk or change the Works program. 	High
There is a risk that the asset accounting depreciation models do not reflect the true asset deterioration leading to an inaccurate organisation financial position.	 Review the accounting depreciation models through the Fit of the Future program and the Fair Value asset reevaluation program. Align the depreciation models with true actual asset deterioration and the levels of service to the community. Engage external auditors to review the models. 	High
COMPLIANCE		
There is a risk that failure to conduct asset inspections (condition, testing and compliance) may affect Council's objective to manage assets in accordance with best practice asset lifecycle practices leading to increased litigation, fines and penalties, and not knowing the asset condition. These include, but are not limited to, fire safety statements, periodic verification of electrical installations, hazardous materials, and backflow and tempering valves.	 Document Service Level agreements with inspection service providers. Complete the regular periodic inspections as per the Asset Inspection program. Document and utilise collected data to undertake maintenance OR and Works programs. This will inform our Long Term Financial plan. 	High
There is a risk that failure of assets to comply with current standards may affect Council's objective to manage assets leading to asset failure litigation, fines and penalties.	 Document register of non-complying assets. Create works program prioritised on the risk and place in Council's Works program. Upgrade the asset to meet current standards when the asset is renewed as per the prioritised list. 	High

ENVIRONMENT		
There is a risk that sea level rise and extreme weather events may affect Council's objective to manage assets leading to damage to assets, repair costs and reputational loss.	 Identify assets potentially affected by sea level rise and extreme weather events. Implement planning controls for future works on these assets. Consider sea level rise and extreme weather events effects over the asset life when undertaking renewals. 	Medium
There is a risk that the environment is not considered in the asset management decision making process leading to lost opportunities to improve our impact on the environment.	Undertake capital works that reduce our greenhouse gas emissions.	Medium

The four-tier risk rating is Extreme, High, Medium and Low.

In summary, these asset risks revolve around:

- understanding what assets we have;
- knowing the condition they are in;
- understanding the community's expectation;
- maintaining the assets;
- creating a works program for compliance and asset renewal;
- developing a financial plan to fund compliance and future renewal works.

The risks to assets listed above are not exhaustive but provide an overview of the focus areas. Risks that are specific to each asset class are documented within the SAMP9. These controls are being implemented throughout the organisation.

Asset Best Practice Manuals and Guidelines

To complement Council's risk assessment, since SAMP7 Council adopts and implements Statewide Mutual's Best Practice manuals and guidance notes that relate directly to assets. These Best Practice documents note that it is Council's responsibility to undertake proactive inspections of asset conditions and undertake the necessary works to repair the defects within Council's resources. This in turn will maintain public safety and reduce Council's risk to litigation.

With the abolition of the non-feasance rule in the early 2000's, NSW Councils can no longer use the 'lack of having asset condition', or the excuse they 'didn't know' as a defence argument in a public liability legal claim. That is, Councils are responsible for proactively knowing and documenting the defect condition of Council's assets. Once a defect is found, Council is then required to undertake the maintenance, repairs or works on the asset in a prioritised manner within the organisation's resources. It should be noted that documenting the absence of asset defects through this assessment can also be used as evidence in a defence argument in a public liability legal claim.

The Statewide Mutual Best Practice manuals and guidance notes have previously been adopted by Council for only three assets being:

- Road;
- Signs as a Remote Supervision;
- Footpath/Cycleway.

As these were adopted as part of SAMP7, there was no longer a need to have these adopted as individual policies and hence these policies were revoked in December 2017.

While other assets have only been partially or not at all implemented, SAMP7, SAMP8 and now SAMP9 has adopted that the following Statewide Mutual Best Practice manuals to be implemented in Council's assessment and management of assets:

- Bitumen and Asphalt Resurfacing;
- Roads;
- Playgrounds;
- Signs as a Remote Supervision;
- Trees and Tree Roots;
- Footpaths;
- Shared Paths;
- BMX Tracks;
- Skateboard Facilities;
- Sporting Facilities;
- Stormwater Infrastructure.

The review of Council's existing practices against these manuals and guidance notes has occurred. An improvement plan has been created and is being implemented.

Critical assets

Assets are deemed critical if their impairment or failure would result in a detrimental effect on human safety or the services that enable social or economic transactions. Critical assets are inspected with a higher frequently and the risk appetite associated with their management is extremely low. Hence critical assets are maintained at a very high level and have an appropriate budget allocation. Individual critical assets are not identified in this SAMP, but they do include Council owned infrastructure such as bridges, large culverts, pump stations, designated dams and some retaining walls and emergency evacuation centres.

Environmental sustainability

Council is committed to 'properly manage, develop, protect, restore, enhance and conserve the environment of the area for which it is responsible, in a manner that is consistent with and promotes the principles of ecologically sustainable development' as per the *Local Government Act 1993* (The Act). The principles of ecologically sustainable development (ESD) are defined in The Act as the 'effective integration of economic and environmental considerations in decision-making processes'.

Council is committed to effective implementation for the following principles of ESD as they relate to asset management decision making; the precautionary principle; intergenerational

equity; conservation of biological diversity and ecological integrity; and improved valuation, pricing and incentive mechanisms.

Council's approach to environmental sustainability with an asset management context to date has focussed on achieving environmental and financial benefits through targeted energy and water efficiency projects at Council's largest energy and water consuming Council assets. This approach has been highly successful at delivering positive environmental and financial outcomes with minimal capital investment. These projects were implemented through Council's 10 year Capital Works Program and include lighting retrofits, HVAC upgrades, solar and gas hot water system installations, and building management systems amongst others. Low capital cost opportunities to invest in asset management projects that deliver environmental benefits remain, however an ongoing environmental improvement program will likely involve greater investments of financial capital.

Council has developed an Environmental Management System (EMS), consistent with the most recent International Standard for EMSs (ISO 14001:2015), which is currently being deployed throughout the organisation. The EMS forms an integral component of Council's Integrated Risk Management Framework. ISO 14001:2015 builds upon the previous focus areas of legal compliance and prevention of pollution to provide clearer direction on resource efficiency, waste management, climate change and degradation of eco-systems. Council's ongoing approach to asset management, from sustainable design through construction, to operation and ongoing maintenance, will be consistent with the EMS and with ISO 14001:2015; Council's Integrated Risk Management Policy, including Environmental Risks; and Council's Environment Policy.

Knowledge capability gap analysis

This review provides a synopsis of Port Stephens Council's 'Capability' in undertaking asset management practices. Shortfalls in capability or the 'Capability Gaps', identified have been added to our asset management improvement program. Since 2011 this type of review has been labelled a 'maturity assessment'. This review was first conducted in 2008 and stimulated a number of changes that has progressed Asset Management in Port Stephens Council.

Capability Gap Analysis included staff undertaking an internal assessment using the Delphi method and the Capability Gap Matrix Tool for each asset category. The Capability Gap Matrix Tool assesses our ability to meet the requirements of the Asset Management Practice Elements and Asset Management Components. The Asset Management Practice Elements and Asset Management Components are described below:

Asset management practice elements

- 1. **Process and practices** used in the completion of lifecycle asset management activities.
- 2. **Information systems** required to support the process and practices, store and manipulate the data and knowledge.
- 3. **Data and knowledge** of the assets such as performance, accuracy and reliability of data.
- 4. **Commercial tactics** such as documented service level agreement to efficiently carry out works in the asset lifecycle.
- 5. **Organisational issues** document structure, roles and responsibilities relating to asset management.
- 6. **People issues** include such things as attitudes and skills involved in asset management.

7. Asset management plans.

Asset management components

- 1. Background Data
- 2. Planning
- 3. Creation/Acquisition
- 4. Financial/Risk Management
- 5. Operations and Maintenance
- 6. Condition and Performance Monitoring
- 7. Rehabilitation and Replacement
- 8. Consolidation/Rationalisation
- 9. Audit
- 10. Levels of Service and Sustainability Gap
- 11. Future Demand
- 12. Financial Management
- 13. Asset Management Practices
- 14. Plan Improvement, Monitoring and Reporting

Exclusions

Council does not provide water and sewerage services and has no assets in these categories. The Hunter Water Corporation provides those services to the LGA.

Environmental assets were not included in this review due to the complexity of analysing a natural resource in terms of asset management. Environmental assets will be included once the asset management industry has a reliable and consistent analysis method. It should be noted that through the 2017-2018 community consultation there were a number of submissions requesting that this approach be reconsidered. The environmental assets do need to part of Council's SAMP and will be incorporated in future editions in the very near future.

Newcastle Airport is part owned with Newcastle City Council and is excluded from the SAMP. The Airport is its own legal entity and management of the asset is delegated to Newcastle Airport.

Lifecycle Management: Civil Assets

Civil Assets categories are listed in Table A.

Ancillary Assets

Ancillary assets are those that have a material financial value and are simple structures, though are usually ancillary to another asset that the community uses and values. In previous versions of the SAMP these minor assets were presented in individual plans. These have now been consolidated into this plan to provide the required information to effectively manage the assets. Classes within this category are listed in Table A.

Bus Shelters

Asset Holdings	Nu	Imber of bus shelters:	113						
Desired Level of Service Statement	•	 To provide a safer, comfortable, attractive and accessible bus shelters for public transport passengers and operators. 100% of transport stops are to comply with the Disability Standards for Accessible Public Transport 2002 (DSAPT) by 31/12/2022. 							
Available Data			•	r Value asset database. Ind Fair Value calculations.					
Last Condition Survey	as	•	e Country Passenge	10 and was reviewed in 2015 er Transport Infrastructure n.					
General Assessment of Condition	Co	Condition Rating % Assets (based on number of shelters) \$CRC							
	1	Near Perfect	20.7	\$216,937					
	2	Good	56.7	\$594,219					
	3	Satisfactory	17.4	\$182,353					
	4	Very Poor	4.4	\$46,112					
	5	Unserviceable	0.9	\$9,432					
		Total	100	\$1,048,006					
Main Findings	•	 Most new shelters are provided by new development or through grant funding programs. 							
Future Actions	•	Seek future funding shelters.	grant opportunities t	o upgrade and improve bus					

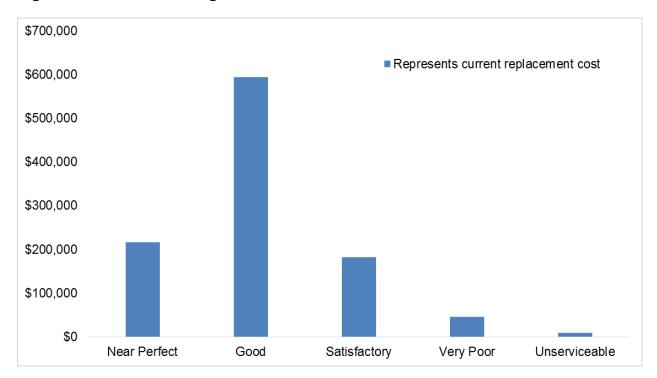


Figure 4: Condition Rating - Bus Shelters

Carparks

Asset Holdings	Ke	Carparks: 6 Kerb and Gutter: 1,345m Surface Area: 28,133m ²						
Desired Level of Service Statement	•	 Parking spaces are maintained for the purpose of parking, are clean, line marked and surface safe. 						
Available Data	•		•	air Value asset database. condition rating, and Fair				
Last Condition Survey	Co	Condition inspection undertaken in July 2015.						
General Assessment	Co	ondition Rating	% Assets (\$ weighted)	\$CRC				
of Condition	1	Near Perfect	15.3	\$362,956				
	2	Good	9.9	\$235,528				
	3	Satisfactory	74.4	\$1,761,291				
	4	Very Poor	0.2	\$3,700				
	5	Unserviceable	0.2	\$3,700				
		Total	100	\$2,367,175				
Main Findings	•	Deterioration is prede The Nelson Bay CBI	ited as a road pavemer ominately based on env D multi storey car park a re not included in this c	vironmental variables. and the Council car parks				
Future Actions	•	sought for to review of CBD. Previously all other of Council. These other managed by Council assessed for condition this SAMP, these wo	eet car park - expression opportunities with the c ar parks were manage car parks will now be c 's Civil Asset Team and	ar parks in the Nelson Bay d by other teams across consolidated and d will be inventoried, 19. At the time of writing hough the costing of				

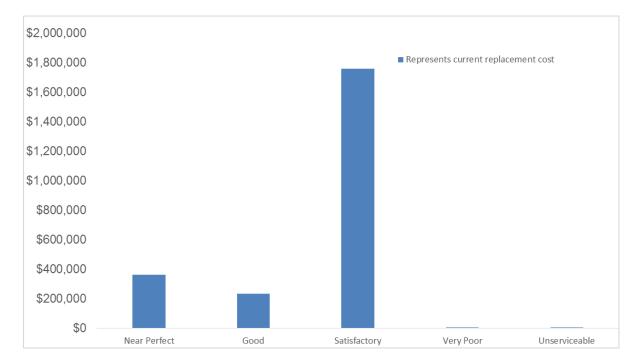


Figure 5: Condition Rating – Carparks

Guard Rails

Asset Holdings	Guardrail: 12,882m			
Available Data	 Asset data stored in end of year financial Fair Value asset database. Asset Data: location, length and member type, terminal type, speed zone, distance from road centre line, condition rating, and Fair Value calculations. 			
Last Condition Survey	Last condition inspection undertaken in 2014.			
General	Condition Rating	% Assets	\$CRC	
Assessment of Condition	1 Near Perfect	69.43	\$1,388,202	
	2 Good	20.55	\$410,882	
	3 Satisfactory	6.59	\$131,762	
	4 Very Poor	2.59	\$51,785	
	5 Unserviceable	0.84	\$116,795	
	Total	100.00	\$1,999,427	
Main Findings	 The 2009-2010 condition assessment found 335m of guardrail required full or partial replacement. While the existing guardrails are considered satisfactory, most of the guardrails were installed prior to the release of the current Australian Standard. Guardrails will be repaired while parts are still legally available, otherwise full replacement to the current standard shall occur. 			

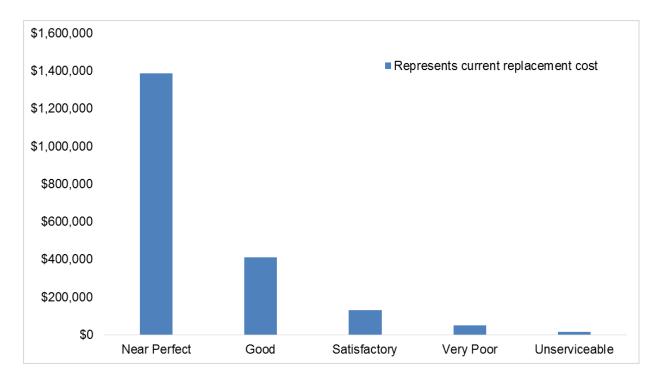


Figure 6: Condition Rating – Guardrails

Heritage items

Heritage items include:

- Summer House Bus Shelter Tanilba Bay
- Tanilba Gates Entrance
- Tanilba Gates Inner
- Tanilba Pillar East
- Tanilba Pillar West
- Knitting Circle, Seaham
- Adam Place Canary Island Date Palm planting along Port Stephens St, Raymond Terrace
- Jacaranda Plantings along Jacaranda Ave, Raymond Terrace

These assets are inspected periodically and maintained so as to ensure the safety of the community and the continued structural integrity of the asset.

These items are not valued and as such are not rated for condition due to their age.

Kerb and Guttering

Asset Holdings	Kerb and Gutter: 610 km				
Desired Level of Service Statement	Water is conveyed from the pavement to the nearest drainage system such as pipes or open drains				
Available Data	As	Asset data stored in end of year financial Fair Value asset database. Asset Data: location, length, type, condition rating, and Fair Value calculations.			
Last Condition Survey	A	A condition inspection was undertaken in 2010 and was reviewed 2015			
General Assessment	Condition Rating		% Assets (based on m)	\$CRC	
of Condition	1	Near Perfect	6.5	\$2,229,796	
	2	Good	7.9	\$2,710,060	
	3	Satisfactory	84.9	\$29,124,564	
	4	Very Poor	0.7	\$240,132	
	5	Unserviceable	0	\$0	
		Total	100.00	\$34,304,551	
Main Findings	 The visual condition assessment was undertaken in 2010 with a desktop update in 2015. Most acquisitions are through subdivision release or as part of Council's roads assets capital works program. This asset is repaired when the damaged. Unrepaired kerb and gutter results in deterioration of the adjacent road pavement. 				
Future Actions	 Continue to maintain the asset in a functioning manner based on prioritisation across all assets. 				

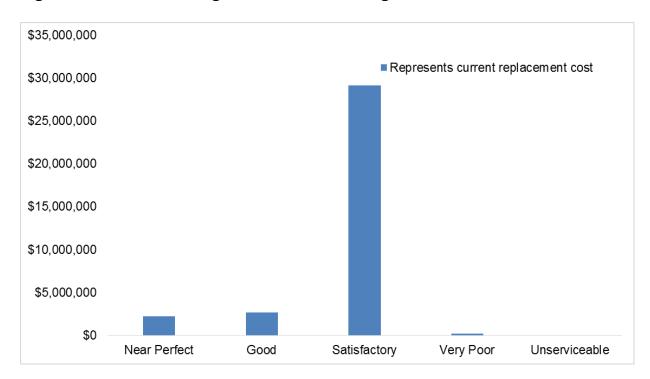


Figure 7: Condition Rating - Kerbs and Guttering

Parking Meters

Asset Holdings	Parking meters: 25			
Desired Level of Service Statement	Minimum 90% of meters functioning at one time.			
Available Data	 Asset data stored in end of year financial Fair Value asset database. Asset data: location, acquired date, condition rating, and Fair Value calculations. 			
Last Condition Survey	Parking meters have been inspected during recent upgrading to the internal communication apparatus.			
General	As at 1 July 2015			
Assessment of Condition	Condition Rating	% Assets (\$ weighted)	\$CRC	
	1 Near Perfect	95.65	\$198,005	
	2 Good	0		
	3 Satisfactory	0		
	4 Very Poor	4.35	\$9,005	
	5 Unserviceable	0		
	Total	100.00	\$207,010	
Main Findings	 The change machine had reached the end of its life and has been disposed of. The purpose of the meters is to promote turnover of parking throughout the metered precinct. The income gained from parking meters is used for infrastructure improvement in Crown Land and the vicinity of the Nelson Bay foreshore. A significant proportion of revenue is derived from cash transactions. 			
Future Actions	 Continue to maintain the meters and change machine. Review the service level agreement with supplier of the meters to improve the maintenance lead times and the reliability of the machines. Investigate and implement cashless transaction technology 			

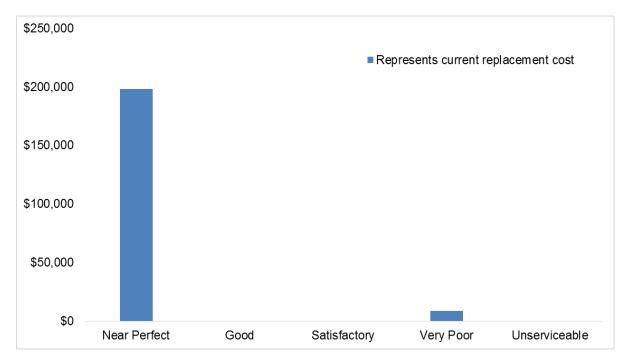


Figure 8: Condition Rating - Parking Meters

Retaining Walls

Asset Holdings	Retaining Walls: 5,530 m.			
Available Data	 Asset data stored in end of year financial Fair Value asset database. Asset Data: location, acquired date (where known), wall type and material, footing type, length, height; condition rating, and Fair Value calculations. 			
Last Condition Survey	Condition inspection undertaken in July 2010 with desktop updates undertaken in 2014.			
General	Condition Rating		% Assets	\$CRC
Assessment of Condition	1	Near Perfect	37.5	\$2,726,883
	2	Good	46.9	\$3,405,369
	3	Satisfactory	12.9	\$963,663
	4	Very Poor	2.7	\$197,348
	5	Unserviceable		
		Total	100.00	\$7,726,623
Main Findings	 Myan Close Retaining Wall is on our critical asset list and gets inspected monthly and surveyed annually to ensure it is not moving. A full structural assessment is scheduled for this retaining wall for 2017/18 All retaining walls are treated on a risk basis, high risk has regular frequent inspections and low risk walls are inspected less frequent. 			



Figure 9: Condition Rating - Retaining Walls

Signs and Guideposts

Asset Holdings	Signs: 5,108 Guideposts: 5,397				
Desired Level of Service Statement	Guideposts and signs are clear, functioning and present.				
Available Data	•				
Last Condition Survey		A condition inspection was undertaken in July 2001, with additional spot audits and desktop updates.			
General Assessment	Со	ndition Rating	% Assets (\$ Weighted)	\$CRC	
of Condition	1	Near Perfect	31.6	\$344,809	
	2	Good	39.6	\$431,496	
	3	Satisfactory	25.6	\$279,432	
	4	Very Poor	1.5	\$15,912	
	5	Unserviceable	1.7	\$18,180	
		Total	100.00	\$1,089,829	
Main Findings	•	demand.			
Future Actions	 Continue to maintenance the existing assets. With the upcoming digital road survey, investigate obtaining inventory and/or condition data on signs and guideposts Works are undertaken within the allowable budget, noting that while there is a back log of works, the allowable budget has maintained a stable backlog. 				

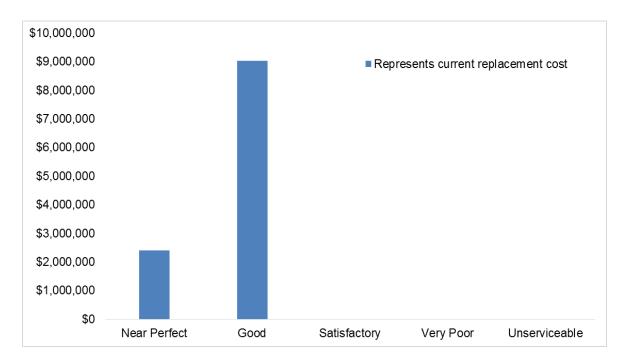


Figure 10: Condition Rating – Signs and Guideposts

Bridges

Asset Holdings	Concrete: 11, Timber: 1, Steel: 3.			
Desired Level of Service Statement	All bridges (Road and Pedestrian) would ideally meet current design standards for width, load capacity, provision for pedestrians and cyclists, disabled access, flood immunity and adequacy of bridge barriers.			
Available Data	 Asset data stored in end of year financial Fair Value asset database. Asset Data: location, acquired date, loading type, material (structural and span), size (width and length), condition rating, and Fair Value calculations. 			
Last Condition Survey	Each bridge and major culvert has a routine maintenance inspection annually or after any major storm/flood event.			
General Assessment	Condition Rating		% Assets (based \$ weighted)	\$CRC
of Condition	1	Near Perfect	21	\$2,402,985
	2	Good	79	\$9,029,475
	3	Satisfactory		
	4	Very Poor		
	5	Unserviceable		
		Total	100.00	\$11,432,460
Main Findings	•	All bridges were last	assessed be in good	condition or better.
Future Actions	 Predominantly, preventative maintenance on the existing bridges is the main action. Upgrade to street lighting on Jimmy Scott Bridge (design completed in 2018) 			
	• A recent assessment has confirmed Victoria Street Pedestrian Bridge has significantly deteriorated. Investigations for upgrade, or disposal are to be undertaken in 2018/19 pending the adoption of the Nelson Bay public domain plan.			

Figure 11: Condition Rating – Bridges



LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Research and Expectations:

Research

The current inspection and maintenance process provides a level of service equal to or higher than the community would expect. This assumption is demonstrated by minimal customer requests/complaints and insurance claims.

The service level cannot sensibly go higher and any reduction would increase the risk to Council and the road user.

Legislative Requirements

There are no specific legislative requirements for the provision of bridges by Council. However, it is Council's duty of care that bridges are built in accordance with relevant Australian Standards and are maintained in safe and serviceable condition for pedestrians and vehicles.

Current Level of Service

Bridges are considered to be in a satisfactory condition if maintenance is carried out as soon as any structural member is thought to be unserviceable or having a risk of failure. Works to repair or renew with similar materials are undertaken following annual inspections.

All bridges are annually inspected. If their level of service/condition is lower than near perfect, then maintenance and repairs are scheduled in the annual maintenance or works program. This program may include short and long-term works. In the event that works cannot be undertaken immediately then access to the bridge will be limited via a load rating is applied to keep all users of the bridge safe until works can be completed.

Desired Level of Service

All bridges would ideally meet current design standards for width, load capacity, provision for pedestrians and cyclists, disabled access, freedom from closure due to flooding and adequacy of bridge barriers.

FUTURE DEMAND

Demand Forecast

The key drivers influencing demand for the bridge infrastructure are:

- Population growth;
- Residential and industrial development and access to major highways, eg North Raymond Terrace access onto Pacific Highway;
- Higher load limits for trucks;
- Strategic extensions to the road, footpath and shared path networks.

Roads and bridges need to be able to carry increasing traffic volumes and to have adequate factors of safety built in given the increasing loads of heavy vehicles using these bridges. Because the list of existing bridge infrastructure is relatively small and much of it has a relatively long remaining service life, demands for improved services are likely to be met with little change to the existing infrastructure in the foreseeable future.

Demand Management Plan

All bridges are regularly inspected and insurance policies and valuations are kept up-to-date. Load limits would be considered and applied if inspections reveal any structural deficiency with any of Council's bridges.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

New structures may be created through subdivision release or ownership transferred to Council from NSW Roads and Maritime Services (RMS).

Operations/Maintenance Plan

The intention is to maintain all bridges in a satisfactory or better condition at all times. This is achieved when maintenance is carried out to repair or renew any structural or safety member with similar materials as soon as it is considered unserviceable or a hazard to the user.

Maintenance is carried out following scheduled and unscheduled inspections (such as in the event of flooding) or complaints. Any bridge noted to be in poor condition is inspected more regularly until appropriate repairs can be carried out.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Most of Council's bridges are still in the early stages of their asset lifecycle and hence an annual inspection is considered sufficient.

Guardrails and safety fences associated with each bridge are covered under the Guardrail section of this document.

Works Program	Scope	Timeframe
Inspection	Load inspections of all	2019-2020

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bridges and critical culverts	
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Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Rehabilitation of existing bridges is made through the individual bridge asset management plan.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

The last of Council's full-timber bridges was replaced in 2007 with a drainage culvert.

Risk Plan

A bridge that is unsafe, failing or not fit for purpose may have catastrophic results such as collapse causing severe injury or death to users. This level of hazard is unacceptable and hence the risk is managed through continual condition monitoring and hazard identification. Risks are minimised by undertaking required works as soon as practicable to bring a bridge to a satisfactory condition.

Bridges are insured through Council's Industrial Special Risks Insurance policy. Risk is managed through the annual inspection process. In addition, public or other observations or complaints are actioned through Council's CRM process with issues examined and on-site assessments and corrective action taken as warranted. Bridges are an essential component of the transport network and so any risks associated with failure cannot be tolerated.

A risk treatment plan associated with people jumping or diving from some bridges has resulted in the reinforcement of signposting and handrail installations.

Risk Controls - Bridges					
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk			
There is a risk that a bridge may fail leading to personal injury or death.	 Undertake Asset Inspection program for condition assessment and required works. Immediately rectify any works required as per the inspection program. 	Medium			

Financial/Budget Summary

At present the desired levels of expenditure and the actual levels of expenditure are the same. Future works are listed and funded through Council's works plan. The next bridge project is to upgrade the lighting facilities along Jimmy Scott Bridge at Seaham. Pre-work has commenced and the upgrading of the lighting facilities will be completed in the latter half of 2018-2019. At the time of writing this SAMP the design works were completed and in construction planning stage.

Intensive structural investigations are planned for the Victoria Street pedestrian bridge that will confirm the future upgrade or disposal of this asset. The future of the bridge is also pending the adoption of the Nelson Bay public domain plan.

Transport NSW has developed funding programs including Freight, Fixing Country Roads and Bridges to the Bush programs to support councils to fund these large infrastructure items.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

Council continues to monitor and assess its Bridges Asset Management Plan.

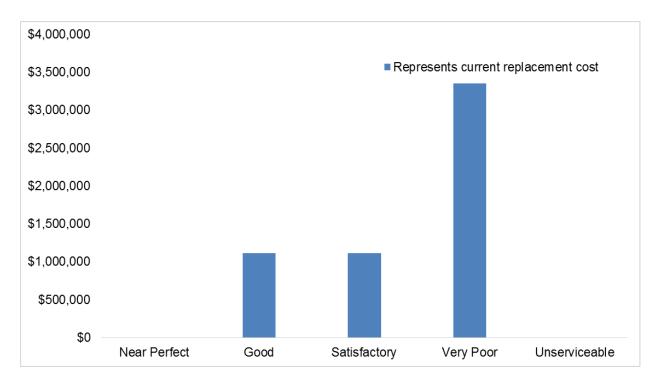
Summary Council's bridges are mostly new and any associated risks are rated very low. The consequence of an asset failing is catastrophic hence maintenance works are undertaken as soon as practically possible to ensure a high level of service.

Depots

Asset Holdings	Raymond Terrace, Heatherbrae, Mallabula, Medowie and Nelson Bay depots.			
Desired Level of Service Statement	That the depots are safe, meet the needs of the users and Council's environmental obligations.			
Available Data	Asset data is stored in Council's centralised assets and accounting system and is mapped in Council's GIS.			
Last Condition Survey	The last condition surveys were conducted in May, 2014. All subsequent inspections undertaken have been as preventative maintenance.			
General Assessment	Co	ondition Rating	%	\$CRC
of Condition	1	Near Perfect		
	2	Good	20	\$1,116,600
	3	Satisfactory	20	\$1,116,600
	4	Very Poor	60	\$3,349,800
	5	Unserviceable		
		Total	100.00	\$5,583,000
Main Findings	 The Raymond Terrace Works Depot can be described as being in the majority, functionally obsolescent as major repairs and upgrade are necessary in order to meet required service levels. This work cannot be undertaken in a manner that is cost effective. It is recommended and proposed that the facility be redeveloped adjacent to the Council's administration building in Raymond Terrace. The Heatherbrae Depot is a secondary site for storage and stockpiling activities for the Parks and Gardens unit and although of an older style it is considered to adequately meet the current and projected levels of service demand. The Nelson Bay Depot is the smaller of Council's main depots with stockpiling and storage operations undertaken together with the permanent housing of some administration and operational staff. The general condition of the asset reflects the ability to meet current service demand and anticipated future demand. Also reflected in the current asset condition and performance monitoring is undertaken through regular proactive inspection programs. 			
	 The Mallabula Parks Depot and the Medowie Parks Depot both be described as secondary depots established as readil accessible sites for stockpiling for roads and parks maintena operations. Both sites are considered able to meet their dem requirements over the medium to longer term. 			wie Parks Depot can ablished as readily d parks maintenance o meet their demand

 Future Actions Continue with the depot redevelopment of the depot and the relocation of the Nelson Bay of Crown Lands parcel. 	
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Figure 12: Condition Rating – Depots



LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Research and Expectations

The depots are required to meet various service levels, the majority of which are categorised as internal demands. For example, the depots are strategically located to provide geographic availability of stockpiled materials, personnel and plant and machinery required for road works and other building or trade operations.

The ability to effectively service and maintain machinery and plant and the requirement to have on hand large quantities of signage and other materials and to adequately and securely house those stocks are paramount in being able to effectively meet services demand.

Legislative Requirements Protection of the Environment Act 1997 Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 Noxious Weeds Act 1993 Hunter Water Corporation Act 1991

Current Level of Service

Council currently operates two main depots located in Raymond Terrace and Nelson Bay as well as three satellite depots in Heatherbrae, Medowie and Mallabula.

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Raymond Terrace Depot

This depot, located on Kangaroo Street in Raymond Terrace, is used by numerous Council services including Fleet, Building Trades, Roadside and Drainage, Capital Works, Weeds Officers, Surveyors and the Store. The site contains a number of demountable offices, three large workshops, the Store and other smaller operational sheds. The site also contained three above ground diesel tanks that were removed following a pipe leak and five decommissioned in-ground fuel tanks.

Nelson Bay Depot

This depot, located on Nelson Bay Road, is used by a number of Council services including Fleet, Roadside and Drainage, Parks and Gardens and the Store. The site contains a small office building, demountable office, a large shed for the workshop, Parks and Gardens shed and a number of containers for storage.

Heatherbrae Depot

This depot, located in Jura Street, Heatherbrae (on Council owned operational land) and is used by the Parks and Gardens team to service the western areas of the LGA with a majority of their work in Raymond Terrace.

Medowie Depot

This depot is located next to Ferodale Oval (on Council owned operational land) with access from Ferodale Road. It is used by the Parks and Gardens team to service the Medowie area.

Mallabula Depot

This depot, located next to the Tilligerry Aquatic Centre on Lemon Tree Passage Road, is used by the Parks and Gardens team to service the Tilligerry Peninsula. This site is Crown Land that is reserved for recreational purposes.

Desired Level of Service

The depots are operated in a safe, secure and effective manner that meets the needs of the users and Council's environmental obligations and Council addresses the deficiencies noted in the above current levels of service.

FUTURE DEMAND

Key Drivers

The key drivers influencing demand for the depot's redevelopment are:

- An appropriate size that will meet the needs of the users and increase productivity through an effective design;
- Assurance that the facility provides secure premises for both the users and plant;
- Meets the needs of future growth of the area to undertake capital projects;
- Adherence to all environmental compliance parameters.

Future State

Due to the circumstances regarding the Raymond Terrace and Nelson Bay Depots, a review of possible alternative sites or redevelopment was undertaken to explore all possible options for the future.

Raymond Terrace Depot

A review of potential sites for Council's main Depot a number of options were identified and explored in detail in 2015. This project was on hold during the local government merger proposals and has now re-commenced. The options included:

- 1) The redevelopment of the current site;
- 2) Relocating the depot to Council owned land at Boomerang Park, Medowie or Newline Road;
- 3) Purchase land in the industrial area in Heatherbrae or Tomago and relocating the depot.

Each of these options was investigated to develop an understanding of both the positive and negative aspects of each option. Following this review three of the options will be explored in further detail and a final decision on site location was to be made by April 2016, though the NSW merger announcements delayed this project. The positives and negatives for each option examined was documented in SAMP8.

Given the existing Raymond Terrace depot has passed it's asset and economic life, is functionally obsolete and does not meet current modern practices, is physically separated from other functions of Council that the depot activities relies on; it is proposed to relocate the depot to adjacent to the Council Administration building. Combining a single space allows for reduction in overall Council facility footprint and improves the Council's overall staffing and services function, hence reducing administration waste and rework. This location is also near a small industrial section of the Raymond Terrace CBD. Material stockpiles traditionally located at depots are no longer needed and sourced through suppliers and not stored on depot site.

Nelson Bay Depot

A depot is required on the Tomaree Peninsula to allow outdoor crews to service this area effectively and efficiently. However, cost efficiencies could be gained by having one workshop at the new main depot site and upgrading the current mobile truck that performs onsite servicing to maintain ongoing maintenance and service levels to machinery located on the Tomaree Peninsula with all major servicing requiring a hoist performed at the main depot.

The relocation of the Nelson Bay depot has also been under consideration for a number of years as it is located on Crown Land and Council is under instruction that we need to remove the depot and return its use to recreation purposes. The future use of this land is outlined within Council's Master Plan as being for more sporting fields to accommodate future growth in the area.

It is proposed to relocate Nelson Bay depot to Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station in accordance with concept plans and preliminary costings. The existing Nelson Bay depot is currently situated on NSW Crown land which is not suitable for this location. Similar to the Raymond Terrace depot, combining Council facilities at a more centrally located area reduces the overall Council facility footprint and improves the Council's overall staffing and services function, hence reducing administration waste and rework.

The positives and negatives for each option examined was documented in SAMP8.

Heatherbrae Depot

This depot would be vacated to become an asset that could be sold or rented.

Medowie Depot

If the main depot is moved to Medowie, the Medowie Depot would be merged with it. However, if a different option was chosen for the main depot, this satellite depot would remain in use for the Parks and Gardens team to service the Medowie area and the Ngioka Centre to grow seedlings.

Mallabula Depot

This depot would remain in use for the Parks and Gardens team to service the Tilligerry Peninsula.

Each location reviewed for the replacement for the Raymond Terrace Depot presents its own issues. A summary of these issues for the replacement of the Raymond Terrace Depot are detailed below.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

Proposed plans for the redevelopment of the Raymond Terrace Depot are currently being researched and plans are to be formulated prior to the end of 2018.

Storage shed improvements at the Nelson Bay Depot have recently been completed to ensure a safe and productive work environment.

An energy efficiency project is underway to assess the feasibility of utilising solar PV at the depots.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Regular maintenance inspections are to be continued with findings and requirements to be implemented in consultation with relevant stakeholders.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Continuing as noted above.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Asset rehabilitation requirements are identified through regular programmed inspections and reporting.

No data have been prepared to date on renewal/replacement. This forms the basis of the current research into options for the redevelopment of the Raymond Terrace site.

There are no plans in the medium to longer term to replace Nelson Bay Depot however the Heatherbrae Depot will be absorbed into the redeveloped Raymond Terrace site.at this stage, the site will be disposed.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

The consolidation of Heatherbrae and Raymond Terrace Depots will see the disposal of the existing Heatherbrae site.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

Real assets are insured under Council's Material Damage and Public Liability Insurance policies. Risk is managed through a detailed annual inspection program by the responsible asset manager. There is some financial risk regarding any redevelopment of the Raymond

Terrace Depot and this will be quantified and detailed as the other investigations are completed.

Risk Controls - Depots					
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk			
There is a risk that the Raymond Terrace Depot has passed its economic life leading to operational inefficiencies and non- conformance to current standards.	 Undertake a Raymond Terrace Depot redevelopment plan and cost works. Develop a Council wide depot strategy. Review funding options for the above potential works. 	Medium			
There is a risk that the delay of the relocation or redevelopment of the Raymond Terrace Depot will increase operational inefficiencies and non- conformance to current standards.	Adhere to the current redevelopment roadmap and project management plan.	Medium			

Financial/Budget Summary

It is anticipated that existing funding sources shall continue to fund:

• Capital:

Major capital works to the depots are funded through the completion of a quarterly budget review, accessing funds from the depot restricted fund.

• Recurrent/Operational:

Current maintenance is based on historical expenditures and sourced from general revenue.

Recurrent and operational funding is provided by an annual contribution of \$250,000 from Revenue.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

The regular asset inspections undertaken at each site (as noted earlier) form the basis for process improvement and the ongoing monitoring of the various assets for rehabilitation and maintenance operations.

Summary

Preventative maintenance currently conducted on these facilities, coupled with the adoption of additional energy efficiency technology will ensure that the likelihood of increased maintenance costs and requirement for additional recurrent funds are reduced.

Drainage

Asset Holdings	Pipe: 292 kms, Box culvert: 6.6 kms, Open drain: 112 kms; Pits: 9,841; Headwalls: 2,278; Pump stations: 7; Detention Ponds 116; Gross Pollutant Traps: 27; Infiltration Chambers 10.				
Desired Level of Service Statement	me reg Dra	The drainage network system is operating without flow restrictions and meets major/minor storm event design and operational criteria with regards to safety, capacity and maintenance. Drainage inspections and maintenance are conducted in a proactive, scheduled manner.			
Available Data	 Asset data stored in Council's Asset Management System. Asset Data: location, type, material, size (length, area, diameter, depth), year acquired (where known), pumps (motor, housing, electrical, telemetry), condition rating and Fair Value calculations. 				
	Condition visual and camera inspections were undertaken from 2014 to 2017.				
Last Condition Survey			amera inspections w	ere undertaken from 2014 to	
Condition	20		amera inspections w	ere undertaken from 2014 to	
Condition Survey	20 20	17.	amera inspections we % (based on CRC)	ere undertaken from 2014 to	
Condition Survey General Assessment	20 20	17. 15 update	% (based on		
Condition Survey General Assessment	20 20 Co	17. 15 update ondition Rating	% (based on CRC)	\$CRC	
Condition Survey General Assessment	20 20 Co	17. 15 update Indition Rating Near Perfect	% (based on CRC) 22	\$CRC \$41,844,440	
Condition Survey General Assessment	20 20 Co 1 2	17. 15 update Indition Rating Near Perfect Good	% (based on CRC) 22 76	\$CRC \$41,844,440 \$144,553,520	
Condition Survey General Assessment	20 20 Cc 1 2 3	17. 15 update Indition Rating Near Perfect Good Satisfactory	% (based on CRC) 22 76 1	\$CRC \$41,844,440 \$144,553,520 \$1,902,020	

Note: The asset condition rating may not be directly related to the desired level of service provided by the asset. For example, a pipe may be in good condition but it may be hydraulically undersized and be the cause drainage/flooding issues.

Main Findings	 The current backlog of works to bring to a satisfactory condition is calculated at \$1 million with an annual sustainability gap of approximately \$300,000 – not including capital upgrades. Since the last review the pipe condition rating is not based on a Quick View camera to see as much of the pipe as possible from the pit. Council has inspected approximately 10% of network and has found that the previous visual assessments align with the camera inspections.
	 Ballot Close: Voluntary purchase of one property which is located on high hazard floodway. Funds sourced by Council and NSW Government following the Medowie Flood Risk Management Study.
Future	Proposed works per catchment area

Actions	Medowie/Campvale: Flood and drainage mitigation works together with designated flow path.
	• Shoal Bay: Upgrading the drainage networks to reduce the flooding impacts on private properties and to allow more developments in this catchment.
	Bobs Farm: Opening of Cromarty Lane drainage outlet to improve flow condition and reduce nuisance flooding on the properties.
	• Williamtown: Opening up Dawson Drain outlet to improve property inundation and allow more industrial and airport base development around Newcastle Airport.
	Heatherbrae: Thorough investigation on the suitability of an infiltration system and its usage for storm water disposal.
	• Anna Bay: Development of a Flood Risk Management Study and Plan for the entire catchment area to allow further developments and drainage mitigation works to improve the local flooding situation.
	• Wallalong South: Drainage upgrades to improve flow conditions and reduce nuisance flooding on properties and across roads.
	Raymond Terrace: Drainage improvements in the Bourke Street catchment, Glenelg Street catchment and Halloran Way catchment to reduce flooding impacts and to allow more development in these catchments.
	Tanilba Bay: Upgrade the drainage system within the Tanilba Bay Urban Area to reduce flooding impacts.
	Lemon Tree Passage: Upgrade the drainage system within the Lemon Tree Passage Urban Area to reduce flooding impacts.
	• Little Beach: Investigation and carrying out a drainage study to identify the flooding problems in the catchment and determine the improvement strategy to reduce flooding impacts within the catchment.
	Overall
	• Urban Storm water and Rural Water Quality Plan: Review the plan to improve storm water discharges into the watercourses, rivers, creeks and beaches.
	Continue to extract newly provided flood and drainage modelling data to centralised mapping layers.



Figure 13: Condition Rating - Drainage

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Research and Expectations:

The Community Satisfaction Surveys and community workshops consistently place drainage (together with roads) high on the community's importance scale.

The message from the community through the Community Satisfaction survey over the last 10 years has been an improved customer satisfaction from 46% in 2012 up to 68.7% in 2015. In 2018 this percentage has risen to 79.86%.

In the past there had been no direct community consultation undertaken for the overall network and anecdotal evidence shows that the community expects the drainage network to function when required. Following community workshops conducted in late 2011, the community highlighted its requirement for better service of the open drains and confirmed the previous anecdotal evidence. It should be noted that the definition of a functioning drain has varied in the past depending on those having an environmental or a traditional engineering perspective.

Legislative Requirements:

There are no direct legislative requirements for the management of the drainage assets.

Current Level of Service:

Most maintenance of pipelines are reactionary though the majority of maintenance for other drainage assets such as pump stations, drainage reserves, open drains, detention basins,

infiltration systems, pit and gross pollutant traps are programmed for maintenance with the purpose of ensuring that the asset is fit for purpose. However, current service levels are impacted by and dependent upon available funding.

Desired Level of Service:

The desired level of service is that all of the drainage network system is operating without flow restrictions; it is fit for purpose; and it has capacity. Drainage inspections and maintenance are conducted in a proactive, scheduled manner. This level of service is based on:

Standards:

A condition assessment and data inventory validation of Council's hard drainage network such as pipes, pits, etc, were completed at the end of 2007-2008. The remaining drainage network such as open drains and detention basins were reviewed in 2009-2010. Additional data verification and desktop updates have since occurred with closed circuit television (CCTV) inspections in accordance with the Drainage Practice Notes as defined by the National Asset Management Strategy (NAMS). The CCTV inspections are undertaken annually.

FUTURE DEMAND

Key Drivers

The key drivers influencing demand for the drainage infrastructure are:

- change in storm intensity and climate change;
- change in guidelines and standards ARR 2016
- population growth;
- business and residential development resulting in a change of natural flow paths and greater percentage of impervious areas;
- strategic extensions to the network.

Changes in demand will directly impact the remaining capacity of the drainage network. Increase in population reduces the time before the drainage network has reached capacity. Areas with growth and a drainage network that has already reached capacity will have an increased frequency of drainage problems such as localised water retention or flooding.

Future State:

Areas of significant increased demand in the next 24 months include Medowie, Williamtown, Anna Bay, Raymond Terrace and Shoal Bay. Studies have commenced to review existing network functions and to propose solutions for the existing and future capacity issues.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

By far the largest contributor to new acquisitions is through subdivision development being released to Council. Secondary acquisitions occur through Council's Works Plan. Augmentations are also made from reactive maintenance or minor project planned works.

Any increase in the drainage network should also attract an increase in the allocated budget to maintain the asset. This has not occurred in the past.

Works Plus Plan project list - Drainage				
Project	Estimate	Source of Funds	Trigger	
Medowie		·		
Ballot Close, Medowie: Upgrade Ballot Close catchments drainage includes construction of a detention basin, culvert upgrading, easement acquisition, channel improvement, etc.	\$1.5m	Currently unfunded	Correct scoping including REF, detailed design and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works program.	
Ryan Road, Kula Road: Upgrade culverts and upstream and downstream channel improvements.	\$1.5m	Currently unfunded	Correct scoping including REF, detailed design and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works program.	
Wellard/Wilga Road: Upgrade culverts, upstream and downstream channel improvements, easement acquisition.	\$2.0m	Currently unfunded	Correct scoping including REF, detailed design and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works program.	
Campvale Drain Inundation Area: Hydraulic improvement to Campvale Drain, Construction of a new drain from Abundance Road to Campvale Drain, upgrade Lisadell Road culvert and easement acquisition.	\$4.4m	Currently unfunded	Following approval of the flood report: detailed survey, regulatory consultations (including HWC and OEH), detailed design (including acid sulfate soil management plan and environmental assessment), construction through the capital works program. Also awaiting HWC scoping study to determine what capacity is in the system.	
Shoal Bay				

Works Plus Plan project list - Drainage					
Project	Estimate	Source of Funds	Trigger		
Horace Street: Major augmentation of trunk drainage system from Rigney Street to Shoal Bay Beach outlet and improvement to Bullecourt drainage system. The Bullecourt drainage works have been completed in association with the traffic light works on Government Road intersection.	\$4.5m	Currently unfunded	Completion of the drainage report and the correct scoping and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works allocation.		
Catchment wide: Improvements to the street drainage system with construction of a detention basin with Pozieres Park, infiltration systems and kerb and guttering. Some drainage works have commenced to alleviate localised issues. Large scale works still needed.	\$3.0m	Currently unfunded	Completion of the drainage report and the correct scoping and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works allocation.		
Williamtown					
Dawson Drain: A new drainage outlet from Dawson Drain to Fullerton Cove including floodgates.	\$0.9m	Currently unfunded	Correct scoping works, environmental assessment, geotechnical assessment, OEH and planning department approval, survey and detailed design and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works allocation. Also the PFAS issue needs to be resolved before works can commence.		
Nelson Bay Road: Improvement to Nelson Bay Road trunk drainage system to improve stormwater discharge from the airport catchment.	\$0.8m	Currently unfunded	Correct scoping, REF, drainage design, detailed design and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works allocation.		
Catchment Wide: Acquisition of easement for drain widening and access road. Historical and legal review on ownership has commenced.	\$1.1m	Currently unfunded	Correct scoping, land valuation, negotiation with property owners, Council approval and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works allocation.		

Works Plus Plan project list - Drainage				
Project	Estimate	Source of Funds	Trigger	

Raymond Terrace			
Bourke Street: Construction of a new drainage system around Raymond Terrace Oval from Adelaide Street to the shopping centre and upgrade the Carmichael Street drainage. Construction of a new stormwater pumping system at the end of Bourke Street and rising main to the Hunter River. Construction of a new stormwater pumping system, installation of pumps and rising main from Carmichael Street to the Hunter River at the end of Bourke Street and rising main to the Hunter River	\$6.0m	Some Developer contribution, drainage reserve	Further development of a concept design including REF, geotechnical assessment, detailed design and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works allocation.
Halloran Way: Acquisition of land and construction of a detention basin at Benjamin Lee Drive/Richardson Road intersection.	\$2.5m	Currently unfunded/ Section 94	Correct scoping, review of drainage study, land acquisition, negotiation with land owners, detailed design and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works allocation. S94 plan to be finalised to gain income sources.
Halloran Way: Improvements to the drainage system at the intersection of Benjamin Lee Drive and Richardson Road	\$1.0m	Currently unfunded/ Section 94	Correct scoping, review of drainage study, detailed design and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works allocation. S94 plan to be finalised to gain income sources.

Works Plus Plan project list - D	rainage		
Project	Estimate	Source of Funds	Trigger
Glenelg St, Raymond Terrace: Drainage works along Glenelg St from the Hunter River to Irrawang Street.	\$8.0m	Currently unfunded	Correct scoping, review of drainage study, negotiation with relevant stakeholders, detailed design and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works allocation
Bobs Farm			
Cromarty Lane: Improvement to the existing drain, acquisition of easement, environmental assessment, augmentation to the existing outlet.	\$0.6m	Currently unfunded	Finalisation of the Bobs Farm desktop study, consultation with Marine Park Authority, NSW Fisheries and OEH, environmental assessment, Negotiation with the property owners and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works allocation.
Wallalong South Catchment			
Morpeth Road: Improvements to the drainage system and existing detention basin	\$0.6m	Currently unfunded	Finalisation of the drainage study, detailed design and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works allocation.
Anna Bay			
Anna Bay CBD, Gan Gan Road: Upgrading the existing drainage system between Morna Point Road and McKinley Swamp and then to north to Fern Tree drain.	\$4.7m	Currently unfunded	Further development of a concept design through Floodplain Risk Management Study and Plan, including REF, geotechnical assessment, detailed design and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works allocation.

Works Plus Plan project list - Drainage				
Project	Estimate	Source of Funds	Trigger	
Clark Street and Gan Gan Road, Anna Bay: Construction of a new drainage system from Gan Gan Road to Anna Bay Main Drain via Clark Street.	\$13.1m	Currently unfunded	Further development of a concept design through Floodplain Risk Management Study and Plan, including REF, geotechnical assessment, detailed design and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works allocation.	

Tanilba Bay			
Tanilba Bay Urban Area: Upgrade the drainage system within Tanilba Bay Urban Area	\$2.3m	Currently unfunded	Further development of a concept design through Floodplain Risk Management Study and Plan, including REF, geotechnical assessment, detailed design and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works allocation.
Lemon Tree Passage			
LTP Urban Area: Upgrade the drainage system within Lemon Tree Passage Urban Area	\$1.1m	Currently unfunded	Further development of a concept design through Floodplain Risk Management Study and Plan, including REF, geotechnical assessment, detailed design and pricing of the proposed works through the capital works allocation.

<u>Operations/Maintenance Plan</u> Proactive inspection maintenance is conducted on the pump stations, gross pollutant traps, open drains, pit, gross pollutant traps and critical drains within the network. The frequency of these inspections varies across the network depending on criticality. The programmed work schedules are assessed and reprioritised against findings from these inspections.

Each pump station has a manual that details the operations and maintenance required. The pump stations are critical in the drainage network so any works required are undertaken immediately.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

To determine the performance of the drainage network investigation studies are undertaken on each catchment. These studies highlight areas that require modifications or upgrades to account for current or future loadings on the system. Upgrades are not included in the estimated backlog costs.

Areas of focus include:

- 1) Medowie/Campvale: Flood and drainage mitigations works together with designated flow path.
- 2) Medowie: Ballot Close: Voluntary purchase of one property which is located on major flow path. The purchase has been completed.
- 3) Shoal Bay: Upgrading the drainage networks to reduce the flooding impacts on private properties and to allow more development in this catchment.
- 4) Bobs Farm: Opening of Cromarty Lane drainage outlet to improve flow condition and reduce nuisance flooding on the properties.
- 5) Williamtown: Opening up Dawson Drain outlet to improve property inundation and allow more industrial and airport base development around Newcastle Airport.
- 6) Heatherbrae: Thorough investigation on the suitability of an infiltration system and its usage for storm water disposal.
- 7) Anna Bay: Development of a Flood Risk Management Study and Plan for the entire catchment area to allow further developments and drainage mitigation works to improve the local flooding situation.
- 8) Wallalong South: Drainage upgrades to improve flow conditions and reduce nuisance flooding on properties and across roads.
- 9) Raymond Terrace: Drainage improvements in the Bourke Street catchment, Glenelg Street catchment and Halloran Way catchment to reduce flooding impacts and to allow more development in these catchments.
- 10) Tanilba Bay: Upgrade the drainage system within the Tanilba Bay Urban Area to reduce flooding impacts.
- 11) Lemon Tree Passage: Upgrade the drainage system within the Lemon Tree Passage Urban Area to reduce flooding impacts.
- 12) Little Beach catchment drainage study and improvement strategy to reduce the flooding issues.
- 13) Urban Storm water and Rural Water Quality Plan: Review the plan to improve storm water discharges into the watercourses, rivers, creeks and beaches.
- 14) Continual improvement to our mapping layers though the inclusion of newly provided flood and drainage modelling data.

Some historically poor workmanship and/or old-fashioned practices have resulted in the replacement of drainage assets before the end of their lifespan. However, the frequency of this happening compared to the number

of assets is not an accounting material figure that would require the depreciation rates to be adjusted.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

As per the proposed Capital Works Program as documented in Attachment 1 of this document.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

There are currently no plans to consolidate or dispose of the drainage network.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

Procedures are in place to monitor some assets against asset failure. These assets include large culverts, critical drains, and the Bagnalls Beach detention basin (dam). These procedures are in accordance with the Dam Safety Committee requirements and RMS Culvert Inspection procedure. This dam is being assessed as part of major inspections every five years. The dam is also being modified as part of the adjacent Landcom residential development.

Risk Controls - Drainage					
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk			
There is a risk that critical drainage assets do not function leading to flooding.	 Complete the Asset Inspection program. Note critical assets have a greater inspection frequency. Non-functioning assets to be rectified immediately. 	High			
There is a risk that storm events may exceed the existing drainage network capacity leading to localised flooding of land and property.	 Undertake investigation studies to determine the short, medium and long term solutions to reduce localised flooding. Upgrade the drainage network in a prioritised order through the capital works program or through minor maintenance works. 	High			
There is a risk that the old butt joint pipe network will fail by pipes moving; this could cause asset or property damage surrounding the pipeline.	 Undertake an inspection program of all the butt jointed pipe networks and develop a repair program from the identified risk priorities. 	High			
There is a risk that the Bagnall Beach detention basin may fail leading to property damage and personal injury.	 Complete the condition inspections as per the Dam Safety Inspection schedule for this dam. Undertake any required remedial works immediately. 	High			
There is a risk that open drains and detention basins do not have adequate safety provisions such as fencing, vegetation, signage etc leading to personal injury.	Utilise the Statewide Mutual Best Practice manuals for open drains/detention basins as a guide to create the works program.	High			
There is a risk that the Council owned open drains in the Williamtown PFAS Management area are maintained in a way that could lead to spreading of PFAS.	 Maintenance works are undertaken in accordance with agreed maintenance approvals, protocols, notifications and community communications. At the time of writing this SAMP it was proposed that Council follow NSW Office of Environmental and Heritage "Fullerton Cove Waste Management Plan – Mechanical Weed Removal" process. 	High			

Financial/Budget Summary

The following are major points or assumptions made in formulating the long-term future financial asset forecast.

Capital

Capital works are funded from the drainage levy and grants gained as part of road upgrades.

• Recurrent/Operational

Operations costs for the pump stations are included in the maintenance figures.

It should be noted that with Council moving to a continuing surplus budget as well as other potential new sources of income, a portion of these monies would be used to fund the infrastructure backlog and decrease the annual infrastructure gap.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

Council will continue with the program of drainage catchment investigations to compile the prioritised works program.

<u>Summary</u>

The drainage network has been built over some 80 years to suit the design and catchment requirements of the time. Overtime development has utilised the drainage capacity. In some catchments the drainage network capacity is less than the storms that have been experienced.

Through investigations and studies, the solutions to increase the drainage capacity can be prioritised and funded through the capital works program.

Emergency Services

Asset Holdings	 15 Buildings. Including, 11 Rural Fire Service (RFS) Stations, 3 State Emergency Services (SES) Buildings and one communication hut. Building components: Substructure – foundations, footings, sub soil works. Superstructure – columns, floors, stairs, roof, external walls, windows, external doors. Finishes – to walls, floors, ceilings. Fittings – internal walls, screens, doors, fitments. Services – plumbing, mechanical, fire, electrical, transportation. Site works – sewer and stormwater drainage, water supply. Other components/assets: Car parking, landscaping. Communications hut. 				
Available Data	Fa	ir value, conditior	n inspection rep	oorts, asset m	anagement plans/reports.
Last Condition Survey	2014. The condition assessment data below is based on the 2014 review. There are 16 building shown, though one of the very poor buildings were replaced as noted in the "Main Findings" shown below.				
General Assessment	U		No. of Assets	% Assets	\$CRC
of Condition	1	Near Perfect	2	12.5	\$687,337
	2	Good	7	43.75	\$1,337,295
	3	Satisfactory	4	25	\$336,864
	4	Very Poor	3	18.75	\$320,493
	5	Unserviceable	0	0	\$0
	Total 16 100 \$2,681,989				\$2,681,989
Main Findings	 Tilligerry Station was completed in 2017 making 2 stations redundant. These were Lemon Tree Passage RFS and Tanilba Bay. Most Emergency Services facilities are in good or satisfactory condition. \$110,000 a year for maintenance is required in order to adequately meet basic needs. The only facility assessed to be in very poor condition is Karuah Rural Fire Stations. This station is being planned for replacement in 2019-2020 subject to funding 				

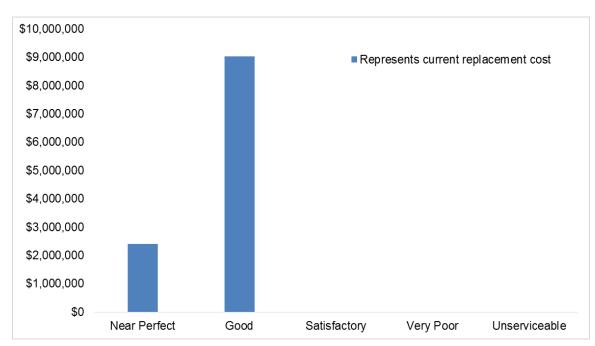


Figure 14: Condition Rating – Emergency Services

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Expectations

The customers expect Emergency Services facilities that provide adequate shelter, storage, training and meeting areas, which are safe for staff, suppliers and stakeholders.

Current Level of Service

The current levels of service across Emergency Services facilities are variable. Most facilities are satisfactory. The shortfalls are generally related to buildings having inadequate facilities for meetings or training.

Desired Level of Service

Current level of service is reliant on reactive response to facilities maintenance. The development level of service 'steps' or minimum standards over time will allow facilities to be progressively improved in a systematic and affordable manner. Items identified for improvement are added to the works plan for completion when funding becomes available. This has been the basis for the recent and future capital works in replacing stations.

Standards and Legislative Requirements

- Principles of Local Government Local Government Act 1993
- State Emergency and Rescue Management Act 1989
- NSW Rural Fire Service Standards of Fire Cover

FUTURE DEMAND

The demand forecast is based on the updated population profile, the NSW Rural Fire Service Standards of Fire Cover and the *State Emergency and Rescue Management Act 1989*.

The key drivers influencing demand for the facilities are:

- population growth;
- emergency risk management mitigation demand;
- demand for improved standard of facility;
- increased volunteer participation in these emergency combat agencies.

Another factor that needs consideration in assessing future demand is climate change. Weather implications such as an increase in temperature, erratic rainfall, drought, etc will have an impact on what facilities the wider population may require.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

At this stage, Rural Fire Service and State Emergency Service are reviewing the need for additional facilities based on the potential urban growth centres such as King Hill. This work is very preliminary.

Works Plus Plan project list – Emergency Services				
Project	Estimate	Source of Funds	Trigger	
Karuah Rural Fire Station.	\$750 000	Rural Fire Service	Source of funds.	
Kings Hill Rural Fire Station.	\$850 000	Rural Fire Service	Development	
Seaham	\$80,000	Rural Fire Service	Source of funds	
Corlette expansion	TBD (\$300,000)	Council / Grants	Source of funds	
Soldiers Point	\$250,000	Rural Fire Service	Source of funds	

Operations/Maintenance Plan

A proactive maintenance inspection is carried out annually, as well as reactive maintenance inspections carried out on advice from Rural Fire Service/State Emergency Service staff or members of the individual facilities. Council staff or specialist contractors carry out repairs and modifications.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Condition monitoring is undertaken during proactive and reactive maintenance.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Renewal of facilities is based on 'fit for purpose' requirements as well as the eventual deterioration of the buildings. Currently Council has provision to replace/renew the facilities at Karuah in the coming years.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

When it is determined that a facility is no longer required, a disposal plan for the facility is to be created. There are currently no disposal plans for the existing buildings without the site being replaced/upgraded.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

Based on historical evidence, emergency facilities pose a low liability risk for Council. Both the Rural Fire Service and State Emergency Service organisations have their own insurances in place, while Council removes any identified risks during maintenance.

Financial/Budget Summary

• Capital

Emergency response in New South Wales is performed by a number of combat agencies subject to jurisdictional review from time to time. The reviews in the Port Stephens LGA relate to the increased role of the New South Wales Fire Brigade as urban development continues. As a consequence, the number of NSW RFS Brigades may potentially decrease over the next 25 years, rendering a number of RFS facilities redundant over this period.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

Council is continuously monitoring legislation and having discussions with combat agency staff and volunteers so that facility improvements can be planned. As a result, renewal/modifications to facilities are placed into Council's Works Plan.

Fleet

Asset Holdings	Council hold 595 fleet assets comprising 46 major plant, 88 light trucks and utilities (utes), 336 sundry plant items, 4 passenger/ pool vehicles and 121 RFS plant items.			
Desired Level of Service Statement	Council operate and maintain the optimum number and combination of fleet assets to enable efficient and safe service delivery.			
Available Data	 Market assessments and industry benchmarking. Asset data is stored in the Council centralised assets and accounting system called Authority. Assets and maintenance history is stored in the fleet management database. 			
Last Condition Survey	20	17		
General				
Assessment of Condition	Co	ondition Rating	% (based on CRC)	\$CRC
	1	Near Perfect	4	\$550,000
	2	Good	94	\$12,378,747
	3	Satisfactory	0	\$0
	4	Very Poor	2	\$300,000
	5	Unserviceable	0	\$0
		Total	100.00	\$13,233,747
Main Findings	Fleet assets are generally replaced within their optimum replacement period in their life cycle through a rolling ten year horizon replacement program.			
Future Actions	Continuation of the replacement program under its current model; analysis to ensure the most appropriate item is sourced and managed within its life cycle. Acquire an Integrated Vehicle Management System (IVMS) across Fleet Assets in 2018/19. The IVMS will aid in improving vehicle/driver safety, work efficiency, driver behaviour and proof of service.			

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Research and Expectations

Plant and equipment are required to meet various service levels, the majority of which are categorised as internal demands of the individual service providers.

An analysis via a consultative approach with customers prior to acquisition of plant is adopted to ensure appropriate plant is adequate for the allotted task. All operators require an induction onto the item of plant to ensure the longevity of the item as well as safe operation.

Legislative Requirements

Heavy Vehicle National Law Act 2012 Road Transport Act 2013 Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulation, 2017

Current Level of Service

Levels of service have been established through Service Level Agreements with the Assets, Capital Works and Public Domain and Services Sections for all Fleet Assets. As a result of the motor vehicle review undertaken in 2013-2014, all passenger vehicles were removed from Council purchase/owned to staff sourcing with remuneration through a motor vehicle allowance.

All other plant will be maintained by Council's Fleet Services and replaced according to operational requirements.

Desired Level of Service

The Fleet is currently administered to the desired level of service via adherence to the individual SLA in conjunction with the consultative approach to the acquisition of the item. Plant so sourced is maintained to the specifications of the manufacturer's service regimes.

FUTURE DEMAND

Key Drivers

Demand for all types of fleet assets is expected to remain at approximately existing levels unless there is a change in staff levels; increased contracted external work for Capital Works; advancements in fleet asset technology; or in the unlikely event that the LGA expands geographically to an extent that would require additional plant.

Future State

Fuel costs and the demand for energy efficiency will continue to affect the profile of the fleet assets, especially the light trucks and utilities.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

There are currently no plans to create additional fleet assets or acquire/augment the current fleet profile. Opportunistic purchases and optimum fleet asset make up may be considered within the tolerances of existing policies and procedures.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

The fleet assets are maintained internally at the workshops and depots designed for that purpose. Fleet assets are warehoused at the depots and signed out on demand for scheduled operations works programs.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

All fleet assets are subject to maintenance and servicing on a regular basis, with small trucks and utes serviced according to the manufacturers' specifications. Other categories of fleet assets are also routinely inspected as part of Council's workplace safety system.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

There is a 10-year replacement plan as shown in the graphs below for categories of plant and equipment.

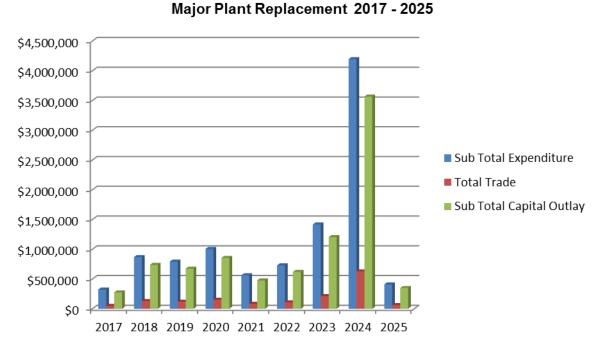
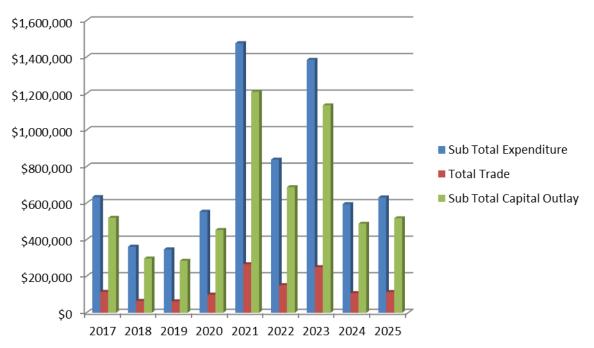


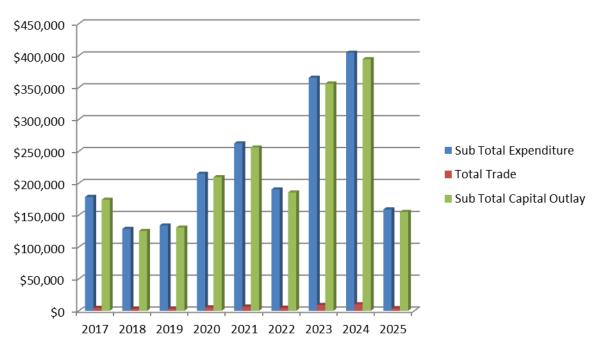
Figure 15: Major Plant Replacement 2018-2028

Figure 16: Light Trucks and Utes Replacement 2018-2028



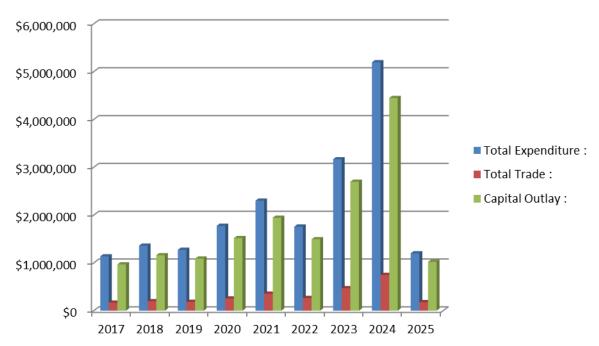
Light Trucks and Ute Replacement 2017 - 2025

Figure 17: Sundry Plant Replacement 2017-2025



Sundry Plant Replacement 2017 - 2025

Figure 18: Total Replacement Program 2017-2025



Total Replacement Program 2017 - 2025

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

Best practice disposal is currently provided via independent auctioneers, vehicle dealership quotation and tenders and is dependent on the particular fleet asset item and market conditions at the time of intended disposal.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

All Council fleet assets are insured through Council's general insurance.

Risk Controls - Fleet				
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk		
There is a risk that the procurement of an unsuitable replacement plant item may result in a sub-optimal outcome	 Minimise risk by following a tendering and specification process that involves other stakeholders such as workshop and actual operator 	Low		
There is a risk that non procurement of these items of plant may result in increased maintenance costs due to the age of the trucks.	 Minimise risk by procuring new items of plant within allocated life cycles. 	Medium		

Financial/Budget Summary

Council's fleet management function is fully funded by hiring plant and other equipment to other Sections of Council. The cost recovery includes provisions for depreciation, repairs, insurance and registration all contained in the items running costs.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

Fleet assets and fleet management services associated with the assets recently undertook a Sustainability Review as well as the Morrison and Low report and the recently completed a Lawler Partners asset audit. All recommendations from these reports are outlined below and will be incorporated into Fleet's processes to ensure better alignment to corporate results measures.

- Major Plant Replacement Schedule Initiating process reviews two years ahead of scheduled replacement of all Major items to avoid replacement delays and exposure to uneconomic repair costs. These savings are significant but currently unquantifiable as an annual ongoing saving.
- Plant and Equipment Purchases Continue the practice of procuring plant and equipment through Local Government Procurement, or similar state/panel contracts, for transparency and efficiency.
- Integration of Fleetmex and Authority Would considerably reduce administration costs.
- Develop a Green Fleet Strategy for Operational Plant Would reduce emitted CO² assisting Council to meet environmental targets.
- Implement vehicle monitoring and tracking solutions Would improve item allocation, utilisation and other running parameters for enhanced fleet asset management.
- Investigation into the Emergency Management framework for fleet assets To ensure that gaps and duplication of tasks are eliminated in the areas of fleet asset ownership, insurance, replacement and maintenance.
- Consolidation of Council owned Fleet Assets and equipment A review of Council owned equipment allocated to work teams, and community organisations, that have not been captured within the centralised asset inventory.

Summary

Adherence to current procurement practices coupled with preventative maintenance currently conducted to manufacturers' service regimes will ensure whole of life costs match the expected retention period. The adoption of additional efficiency technology will ensure that the likelihood of increased maintenance costs and requirement for additional recurrent funds is reduced. Consultation with customers ensures that new innovations and additions provide multi-faceted functions as opposed to traditional, single purpose roles.

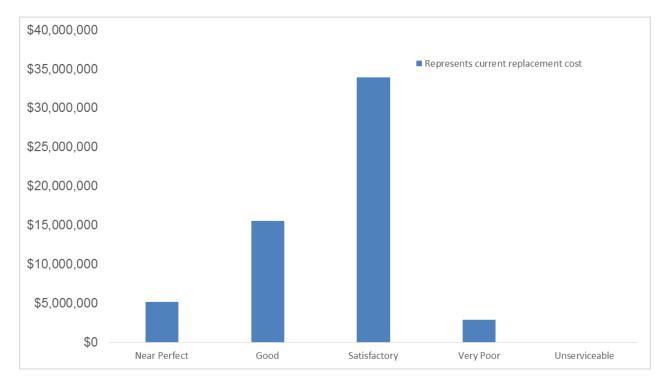
Pathways

Pathways include footpaths, shared paths and cycle ways.

Asset Holdings	Council has approximately 194kms of pathways located within the road reserve across the Local Government Area (LGA). These include approximately 127kms of traditional footpaths and 67kms of shared paths.			
Desired Level of Service Statement	 all pathways being maintained in a satisfactory, or better, condition; all of the missing links documented in the PSC Pathway Plan Maps to be constructed in a prioritised order; pathway gradients (slope) meet Disability Access standards; improved accessibility at all buildings, parks, and facilities; the inclusion of additional way-finding signage; increased pathway width for the use of scooters for the aged. 			
Available Data	sy: As	set data are stored in t stem called Authority a set Data: Area, materia lculations.	ind are mapped in Cou	
Last Condition Survey	The data gained from the risk mitigation inspection undertaken in June 2015 was used for asset condition.			
General Assessment of Condition	Co	ondition Rating	% Pathway (based on lineal metres)	\$CRC
	1	Near Perfect	9	\$5,181,570
	2	Good	27	\$15,544,710
	3	Satisfactory	59	\$33,968,070
	4	Very Poor	5	\$2,878,650
	5	Unserviceable	0	\$0
		Total	100.00	\$57,573,000
Main Findings	 Risk inspection, undertaken in accordance with the Council's Assessment and Maintenance of Footpath and Cycleway Policy based on Statewide Mutual Best Practice Guidelines, is used to determine the condition rating. The PSC Pathways Strategy Maps will guide future pathway construction locations. Construction of new paths is dependent on grant funding and Council allocated funding. The existing shared path network is mostly underutilised and has capacity, though the network is missing connections as mapped in the PSC Pathways Plan Maps. 			

Future Actions	 Continue to seek funding and fund the proposed works as documented in PSC Pathways Plan Maps. Proposed works in the Raymond Terrace and Heatherbrae Strategy including CBD paver replacement will reduce future maintenance repair costs.
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Figure 19: Condition Rating - Pathways



LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Research and Expectations:

Council's CRM system, written communication from the community and surveys are used to determine the community's expectations for level of service. Also shared paths were part of the general Community Satisfaction Survey of Council's assets, conducted in 2002, 2007-2015 and the results have been increasing. In the 2018 survey, 76.98% of respondents were satisfied with the management of footpaths; and 83.77% were satisfied with cycle ways and walking tracks.

Legislative Requirements

There are no specific legislative requirements for the provision of pathways by Council. However Council has a duty of care to ensure that pathways are built in accordance with relevant Australian Standards and are maintained in safe and serviceable condition for pedestrians and cyclists.

Current Level of Service:

The existing network maintenance is managed in accordance with the Council's adopted assessment and maintenance of the *Footpath and Cycleway Policy* described in the risk section of this plan. To fulfil the requirements of this Policy, the network is inspected in accordance with the *Footpath and Cycleway Policy* and any defects are assessed against a set of criteria. This assessment provides a risk score for each defect. Prioritising the risk score creates the maintenance program which is funded within the allocated budget.

Desired Level of Service

Optimal levels of service are to be based on:

- all pathways being safe and hazard free;
- all of the missing links documented in the PSC Pathway Plan Maps to be constructed in a priority order;
- pathway gradients (slope) are to meet disability access standards;
- improved accessibility at all buildings, parks, and facilities;
- the inclusion of additional way-finding signage;
- increased pathway width for the use of scooters for the aged.

Pathway Plan Maps have been compiled using the criteria:

- Create and maintain pathway connections linking town and village centres to residential areas and public transport interchanges;
- Complete the missing links in the pathways network;
- Promote the benefits of walking and cycling;
- Improving safety and security for the Port Stephens community.

Standards

Standards applicable to the provision of footpaths and shared paths include Disability Standards for Accessible Public Transport 2002 (DSAPT); Australian Standard AS1428.1 – 2009 – Design for Access and Mobility; and the Statewide Mutual Best Practice Footpath Manual.

<u>Hierarchy</u>

A hierarchy of Regional, District and Local facilities has been established by Council which will guide the future provision of pathway infrastructure by determining appropriate priorities and levels of service.

Regional

Regional pathways are the major routes that link regions such as the Coastline Cycleway Route which was envisaged to cover the east coast of NSW, linking Nelson Bay to Newcastle and beyond.

District

District facilities are the shared pathways linking between town centres and localities. Examples include the shared path between Raymond Terrace and Medowie or between Fingal Bay and Shoal Bay.

Local

Local facilities provide for local residents and include the pathways network within residential and town centre areas.

Hierarchy	- Pathways			
Hierarchy	Description	Environmental factors	Facilities provided	Future facilities
Regional	High quality, high priority routes allowing quick, unhindered travel between major centres	 Connectivity to the main road network High usage Higher speed environment 	 Quality construction to permit higher travel speeds Separation provided from high speed traffic End-of-trip facilities 	 Nelson Bay Road – Frost Road to Salamander Way – off road shared path
District	High quality routes connecting residential streets and trip generating locations to regional routes and providing circulation within the locality	 Connectivity to the main road network Lower speed environment to cater for a mix of user categories 	 Maximum width off-road shared path Connection to existing facilities where possible Directional signage 	 Medowie Road Foreshore Drive Kirrang Drive Gan Gan Road Boomerang Park
Local	Providing accessible connection for all categories of user to local residences and trip destinations	 Local population Public transport connections Commercial areas 	 Full width footpath in commercial areas Accessible facilities at bus stops Footpath connections to pedestrian traffic generators – schools, parks, beaches, sports fields 	Refer to Pathways Plan Maps

FUTURE DEMAND

Key Drivers

The key drivers for the provision of pathways within the Port Stephens LGA are:

- population growth;
- residential development;

- demographic changes;
- demand for increased services through ageing of population;
- strategic additions to the network (construction of missing links);
- Inclusion of people with a disability.

Future State

Council aims to construct additional paths as identified in the Pathways Plan Maps. However, many of these proposals require significant planning, investigation and prioritisation to ensure that Council is in a position to commence construction when funding becomes available. Construction of new paths is dependent on grant funding and Council funding allocations through the 10 year Works Program.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

The largest contributor to pathway network acquisitions is through works associated with development. The second contributor is through Council's Capital Works Program. The Capital Works Program has mostly been funded through external grants or an ancillary to road reconstructions and bus shelter augmentation.

The Pathway Plan for Council has been adopted in May 2016 is a series of maps that show existing footpaths and shared paths throughout the Local Government Area, as well as identifying locations for future pathways construction when funding becomes available.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Proactive inspections are undertaken to assess the condition of the pathway. Any defects found are given a risk rating based on the criteria set by the Council's adopted Assessment and Maintenance of Footpath and Cycleway Policy based on the Statewide Mutual Best Practice Manual. This risk rating is used to prioritise the maintenance works which are carried out within Council's resources.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

The pathway network has been itemised into definable physical segments and is easily assessed individually. The condition rating of the total pathways network is based on the percentage of the network that has a defect rating identified through the risk mitigation inspections.

Large sections of the network are highly under-utilised and hence the network has not reached its capacity. Minimal usage rates have been observed during routine asset condition inspections. No computer or statistical analysis to calculate future capacity requirements is warranted given current low usage rates and predicted populations.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

The maintenance plan drives renewal and replacement and hence there is no need for a specific rehabilitation plan. In most cases, the maintenance of a footpath involves the replacement of sections of the network. Some sections of footpaths are replaced during reconstruction of the road network or during bus stop augmentation.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

There is no current or anticipated disposal plan proposed for the existing pathway network.

Risk Plan

The network is periodically inspected to gain data for managing the risks associated with pathways. The establishment, identification, analysis, evaluation, and monitoring of risks are

documented in accordance with the Statewide Mutual Best Practice Manual for Risk Mitigation on Footpaths.

The assessment calculates a risk rating at each location with defects such as unevenness, slipperiness, vertical displacement, cracking, slip resistance, lighting, etc. Once a defect is found and assessed, Council is then required to undertake the maintenance, repairs or works on the asset in a prioritised manner within the organisation's resources.

Risk Controls - Pathways				
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk		
There is a risk that footpath conditions may change leading to trip hazards and personal injury.	 Undertake inspection program as per the Statewide Mutual Best Practice Manual. Prioritise and undertake maintenance works as per the Statewide Mutual Best Practice Manual risk rating. 	Low		
There is a risk that Nelson Bay CBD pavers may become slippery leading to personal injury.	 Undertake annual inspection of the co- efficient of friction (slipperiness) of the pavers. Any pavers that do not meet the Australian Standards are to be treated in accordance with the adopted Council policy on the Statewide Mutual Best Practice Manual be treated. 	Medium		
There is a risk that Raymond Terrace CBD pavers may significantly move causing trip hazards and additional maintenance costs to Council.	 Undertake inspection program as per the Statewide Mutual Best Practice Manual. Review and add replacement works to the Capital Works Program in line with the Public Domain plan produced for the Raymond Terrace and Heatherbrae Strategy. 	Low		

Financial/Budget Summary

The following are major points or assumptions made in formulating the long-term financial asset forecast:

Capital

Desired expenditure for the upgrade to satisfactory condition is to be spread over the next 10 years.

Recurrent/Operational

Current maintenance is based on historical expenditures. The overall pathway network condition is considered satisfactory and has been managed under this maintenance allocation. There is no operational component for pathways.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

- Use technology to improve inspections and data transfer durations;
- Assess/review the effectiveness of risk management against the condition of the asset and the number of litigation claims.

<u>Summary</u> The ongoing improvements to the Port Stephens pathway network will provide the community with safe and equitable access. The adoption of the Pathways Plan Maps will prioritise the construction of new paths and missing links to meet community expectations.

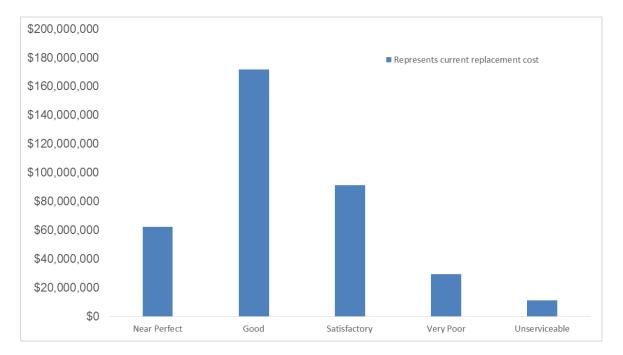
Roads

Asset Holdings	 Located within the LGA, Council has approximately: Sealed Pavement: 595 km Regional Road Pavement: 57 km Unsealed Pavement: 57 km Roads included in this documentation are Local roads and Regional roads. Roads that are owned privately, by RMS or Crown are not included. 			
Desired Level of Service Statement	ma av • • • Th inc the Inc	 the network annually; No more than 20% of the road pavement is heavy patched every 30 years ie 0.67% of the network annually; Road pavement is rehabilitated every 50 years ie 2.0% of the network annually. This condition-based level of service is taken from road benchmarking industry standards and the recent works undertaken through the <i>Fit for the Future</i> calculations. Indicators that the actual level of service is reaching the desired level are: Reduction in the number of public liability incidents or claims; Reduction in the difference between Council's intervention levels compared with a benchmark; 		
Available Data	 Increase in available funding for reseal and road maintenance. Asset data is stored in the Council centralised assets and accounting system called Authority and is mapped in Council's GIS. Asset data include: location, year acquired (where known), length, width, pavement type and seal, road hierarchy, Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT), condition rating (rutting, roughness, cracking, pothole, ravelling) and Fair Value calculations. 			
Last Condition Survey	A consultant reviewed our deterioration model and inspected the road network to verify our figures for condition, roughness, rutting and cracking in 2013. Since this time the data have been updated to reflect the pavement rehabilitation works that have been undertaken through Council's Capital Works Program and Works Plus Plan.			
General	Co	ondition Rating	% Roads (m2)	\$CRC
Assessment of Condition	1	Near Perfect	17	\$60,829,970
	2	Good	47	\$173,519,290
	3	Satisfactory	25	\$92,295,430
	4	Very Poor	8	\$28,329,680
	5	Unserviceable	3	\$10,623,630

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	Total	100	\$365,661,000
Main Findings	 of the sealed net The Fit for the Fut to bring assets to million with an ar The road network count and visual unsealed roads in The annual main increases the result budget. This is a reduce the whole reviewed with the 	The pavement condition verification done in 2013 confirms that 87% of the sealed network is considered to be in a satisfactory condition. The Fit for the Future calculations show a current backlog of works to bring assets to a satisfactory condition is calculated at \$12.5 million with an annual maintenance gap of \$1 million. The road network condition is currently based on the roughness count and visual assessment only and combines both sealed and unsealed roads in the conditions scores above. The annual maintenance gap for reseals is now funded and increases the reseal program by \$1 million as from the 2015-2016 budget. This is a cost effective method to protect the pavement and reduce the whole of life costs. Though this figure does need to be reviewed with the next pavement inspection assessment. Roads condition data are reported using % of CRC to reflect Annual	
Future Actions	 documented in th Council will renew Council will conti to collect relevantion 	nue to seek funding to fun- ne Capital Works Program. w an agreed level of servic nue to undertake yearly ne t pavement performance of and management.	e with the community. www.condition surveys

Figure 20: Condition Rating – Roads



LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Research and Expectations:

Feedback from Council's Community Satisfaction Survey and community workshops held in 2010, 2012, 2013, 2015 to 2018 placed roads high on the community's importance scale. Like most other councils' communities, the Port Stephens community expects that the road pavement could always be better.

The Community Satisfaction Survey shows improved customer satisfaction from 37.5% in 2012 up to 64% in 2014, 67.4% in 2017 and 74.64% in 2018. The community still wants 'better road surface' and 'better grading of gravel roads'. But in 2012 the Civil Assets Sustainability Review workshops revealed that 60% of those that responded stated they would pay more in their rates for an improvement in roads. This figure varied from \$10 to above \$100.

Legislative Requirements

While the *Roads Act 1993* is used for the administration management of the road infrastructure, there is no specific act that details the operational aspects of maintaining the road pavement.

Current Level of Service:

The level of service for pavement maintenance and rehabilitation is currently determined by the physical deterioration, risk mitigation inspection process, industry standards for intervention levels and community requests. The annual funding allocation determines the quantum of work that can be completed in any one year.

The prioritisation of maintenance works is managed through the Council's Road Assessment and Maintenance Policy. This policy is based on Council's underwriter Statewide Mutual's Roads Best Practice Manual. This is detailed in the risk section of the Roads.

The organisation financial surplus has allowed greater funding to be allocated to pavement infrastructure backlog and pavement maintenance backlog. This was achieved by allocating monies to the reseal program. This increase will have a higher capital cost but a lower overall lifecycle cost, providing a more sustainable financial model to fund the roads assets.

Desired Level of Service

Optimal levels of service are to be based on the objectives that our roads are safe with increasing community satisfaction; and they are maintained in accordance with the corresponding condition rating. On average a desired maintenance is where the intervention levels or frequency of works is not greater than the life of each component of the road, which is:

- Gravel roads are re-sheeted every eight years ie 12.5% of the network annually;
- Resealing of sealed roads is completed every 15 years ie 6.7% of the network annually;
- No more than 20% of the road pavement is heavy patched every 30 years ie 0.67% of the network annually;
- Road pavement is rehabilitated every 50 years ie 2% of the network annually.

Previous desired service levels were set higher than the actual levels of service. If this desired level of service was set correctly, the road pavement would be deteriorating annually. This was not the case and the overall asset condition was the same indicating that the documented desired level of service was too high. The desired intervention levels have now been changed through the Fit for the Future review to better reflect reality. The chosen intervention levels were taken from road benchmarking industry standards such as AAS27 documentation, data from external consultants and recent works undertaken through the Fit for the Future calculations.

Indicators that the actual level of service is reaching the desired level are:

- Reduction in the number of public liability incidents or claims;
- Reduction in the difference between our intervention levels compared with a benchmark;
- Reduction in complaints from the community regarding road condition;
- Increase in Customer Satisfaction Survey results.

Standards

Standards and specifications such as materials and methods for works to meet required levels of service are contained in the specification document *Aus-Spec*. Industry Standards and Guidelines are from Standards Australia and the Australian Road Research Board.

Hierarchy

The Road Hierarchy is structured in a tiered system to define the primary purpose of each element; its relationship between the road system and the land uses it serves; how it is proposed to be managed; and its design requirements. The tiers relate to Purpose, Function, Management and Design of each roadway type and are defined as follows:

- Purpose describes the primary purpose of the roadway type, whether to carry through-traffic or to provide property access;
- Function describes the main characteristics of each class of road/street within the hierarchy;
- Management relates to the policies that need to be in place to achieve the desired role of each roadway type, such as defining how roadway types should connect in the network and the access management techniques that apply;
- Design outlines the detailed design characteristics that need to be followed to achieve the Purpose, Function, and Management objectives of each element.

The road hierarchy is detailed in Council's Development Control Plan. It should be noted that at the time of writing the SAMP, the hierarchy is being reviewed to align with the NSW IPWEA proposed state road hierarchy.

Roads			Streets			
To carry through-traffic			To provide local pro To collect local traff			
Tier 2: Function						
Arterial Roads	Sub Arterial Roads		Collector Streets		Local Streets	
 Through-traffic movements between settled areas Line haul public transport task Longer distance traffic movements within settled areas Primary freight and dangerous goods routes Regional/district cycle movements 	 arterial roads Connections for between arterial Access to public 	roads transport ent of public transport local cycle ements	 Carry traffic having an end trip within a local neighbourhood or district area Direct access to properties Access to public transport Pedestrian movements 		Local Streets Direct access to properties Pedestrian movements Local cycle movements 	
Tier 3: Management Arterial Roads	Sub-arterial	Main Street	Major Collector (Distributor)	Neighbourhood Collector	Local Street	Access Plac

 Longer distance traffic movements Main connection between suburbs and employment /shopping centres 	 Connection of local areas to arterial roads Access to major developments Access to properties (some existing cases) 	 Connection of local areas to arterial roads Access to commercial properties Preservation of aspects of local amenity in balance with traffic operations 	 Connection of residential streets with traffic carrying roads Access to grouped properties 	 Connection of residential streets with traffic carrying roads Access to individual adjacent properties 	 Access to individual adjacent properties Access to local area 	 Access to individual adjacent properties 			
Tier 4: Design									
Refer to Table 4.1 for the o	design characteristics	Refer to Table 4.1 for the design characteristics for the various elements of the Road Hierarchy.							

FUTURE DEMAND

Key Drivers

The key drivers influencing demand for the road pavements are:

- population growth increasing traffic volumes;
- business and residential development increasing the size of the Council-owned network;
- increase of heavy vehicles through the RMS Higher Mass Limits program reducing the lifespan of the asset;
- increase in rain, predicted with climate change in the Hunter region increasing the rate of deterioration.

Future State

The implementation of the Pavement Management System (PMS) will optimise the intervention levels for pavement maintenance and rehabilitation. This will also result in a more sustainable financial model to fund the roads assets. A dedicated resources have now been employed and contracted for the implementation and running of the PMS.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

The largest contributor to new road acquisitions is through subdivision development with ownership being released to Council. To a much lesser extent, Council gains roads through the transfer of ownership from other government agencies such as RMS. Minor parcels of land are also acquired for road widening.

Augmentation or upgrading of existing roads is made through the Council's Capital Works Program where roads are upgraded to meet current and future standards. Most upgrades are undertaken when the road pavement is being rehabilitated.

Proposed unfunded works include the Fingal Bay Link Road which has been detailed in the Transport Plan.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Proactive and reactive maintenance works are created and prioritised from visual risk rating inspections undertaken as per Council's Road Assessment and Maintenance Policy. The aim of these inspections is to maintain road user safety by assessing typical hazards on the road reserve and ranking the associated risks. Any maintenance works required under this program are conducted in priority of risk ranking.

Road pavement engineering assessments are conducted every two years to formulate the reseal and rehabilitation programs that are documented in Council's Capital Works Program. These were last completed at the end of 2013. Alternate year desktop assessments are conducted to fine tune the Capital Works Program from year to year.

Council is currently implementing a PMS which will be used to monitor and predict pavement lifecycle costs and help determine a more efficient recurrent/capital program. The PMS will also be used to predict future funding requirements. It is proposed that the PMS will provide modelling results in the year 2019-2020.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Until the PMS is fully implemented, the health of the pavement or the Pavement Condition Index (PCI) is based on the 'roughness count' of the pavement. An external consultant has

inspected all road segments to verify the roughness counts collected in the last cycle. The roughness is converted into a PCI and in turn, the PCI is converted into a remaining life for the road pavement segments. Combining the remaining life for all of the segments provides the overall condition of the network.

A full pavement condition rating is conducted every five to seven years to assess the performance of previous maintenance practices.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Renewal/replacement is listed in Council's Capital Works Program with works undertaken in priority order and/or when budget allocations and grants are made available as noted in the financial section.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

There are no consolidation or disposal plans proposed for the existing road pavement network.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

To ensure the road pavement is safe for road users, Council's risk is mitigated and the road pavement is prolonged, the road network is periodically inspected for pavement defects. The process of identification, analysis, evaluation, and monitoring of these pavement defects is carried out in accordance with the Council's Roads Assessment and Maintenance policy. This policy refers directly to Council's underwriter Statewide Mutual's Best Practice Roads Manual.

Adopting this policy and the manual results in Council:

- undertaking a rolling inspection program on the road assets to identify any defects;
- calculating the defect risk rating using the Roads Best Practice Manual criteria;
- completing works in a prioritised order based on the defect risk rating.

The recurrent road maintenance works include pothole patching, heavy patching, kerb and gutter repair, line marking and road verge repair.

Data collection is undertaken in Council's system, *Reflect*. While the assessment is risk orientated, the inspection criteria are closely linked to the indicators used in pavement performance. Hence, the risk plan is used to inform the maintenance program.

Risk Controls - Roads						
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk				
There is a risk that road pavement conditions and ancillary facilities can change rapidly leading to	 Undertake inspection program as per Council's Road Assessment and Maintenance Policy and the Statewide Mutual 's Best Practice Manual. 	Medium				
asset failure, road user vehicle damage or personal injury.	• Prioritise and undertake maintenance works as per Council's Road Assessment and Maintenance Policy and the Statewide Mutual's Best Practice Manual risk rating.					

Financial/Budget Summary

It is anticipated that existing funding sources shall continue to fund road asset management activities. Funding sources include:

- Council revenue;
- Section 94: Heavy Haulage;
- Roads and Maritime Services;
- State and Federal government grants such as Block Grants, Roads to Recovery.

While less likely but still possible is the NSW Local Infrastructure Renewal Scheme. As the organisation has a low debt ratio there is also the opportunity to borrow funds outside of the NSW Local Infrastructure Renewal Scheme.

Future sources of income may be from Council land sales.

It should be noted that with Council having moved into a surplus budget as well as identifying other potential new sources of income, a portion of these monies would be used to fund the infrastructure backlog and decrease the annual infrastructure gap.

Capital

Proposed capital works are document in the Capital Works Program attached at the end of this document.

• Recurrent/Operational:

Current maintenance budget allocation is based on the desired pavement condition. This figure has also been comparing against historical expenditures and the pavement condition that resulted from the expenditure. The overall road network condition is considered satisfactory but had a shortfall in the maintenance funding for resealing. This was addressed by moving the reseal program into the Capital Works Program which allows additional funds to be allocated to this program, hence bridging the maintenance gap.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

- Renew an agreed level of service with the community;
- Use technology to improve inspections and data transfer;
- Assess/review the effectiveness of risk management against the condition of the asset and the number of litigation claims;
- Asset capacity/performance modelling to be conducted;
- Conduct future expenditure modelling using the PMS.

Summary

The additional funds to reduce the maintenance funding gap will result in a more efficient management of pavements. This will result in a reduction in expenditure over the life of the asset.

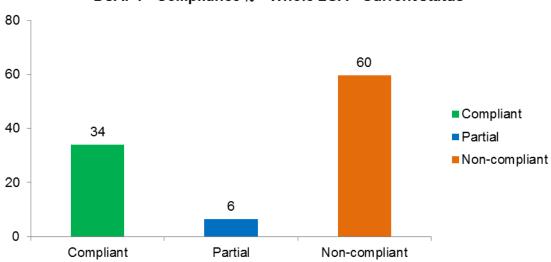
Continual assessment of the condition of the asset will help to determine the best method of maintaining a safe pavement for road users.

Transport Facilities

Asset Holdings	 Transport Facilities focuses on public transport; commercial/industrial (freight) transport routes; and tourism links. Many of these transport facilities relate to assets that are owned and managed by many operators and government agencies, not necessarily owned by Council. These assets include road links, bus stops, taxi ranks, Newcastle Airport, park and ride locations and public transport. The physical asset called Pathways includes footpaths and shared paths and is covered separately. Currently Council has 614 identified transport stops located within the road reserve across the Local Government Area (LGA). These include 612 bus stops (not including school bus stops) and two taxi ranks. Of the 612 bus stops, shelters and seats are provided at 108 locations. There are currently no dedicated/formal park and ride locations.				
Desired Level of Service Statement	 facilities and environoperators; To collaborate with to communities and To promote and fact vehicle use; 100% of transport state for Accessible Publication 2022. To enable improved 	between destinations; ilitate public transport a tops are to comply with <i>ic Transport 2002 (</i> DSA transport facilities for to	ort passengers and rs to improve connection s an alternative to private the <i>Disability Standards</i> PT) by 31 December		
Available Data	Council's asset register Planning Survey 2011.	and GIS, Capital Works	s Program, Community		
Last Condition Survey	Bus stop survey for the <i>Country Passenger Transport Infrastructure Grants Scheme (CPTIGS)</i> application 2014-15.				
General Assessment	Condition Rating	No. of transport stops	% Assets		
of Condition of Council Assets	1 Fully DSAPT compliant (Boarding points)	172	28%		
	2 Partially DSAPT compliant	39	6%		
	3 Non DSAPT compliant	403	66%		

		Total	614	100%		
Main Findings	 The majority of transport stops require some level of upgrading to meet DSAPT requirements. 					
	•	Increased levels of grant funding will be required over the next 5-6 years to allow Council to meet its legislative obligations for compliance for DSAPT.				
	•	0.	Formalising park and ride facilities would show Council commitment to the desired level of service.			





DSAPT - Compliance % - Whole LGA - Current status

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Research and Expectations:

The Community Planning Survey 2011 indicated that there is much work to be done in the provision of public transport services to the LGA. Twenty-three percent of respondents to the survey rated a lack of public transport as the aspect they liked least about their suburb; 56% of respondents said that improvements to public transport would be required for them to use transport other than a private car. When asked whether access to public transport had improved compared to the last four years, 11% of respondents said it was better or much better, while 7% said it was worse and 60% said it was about the same.

Legislative Requirements

Roads in LGA are owned by local, State and Federal governments. With the exception of the Pacific Highway, Council is the owner of the road reserve and provides support infrastructure for public transport, such as concrete slabs, shelters and seats and maintains the local road network and pavement infrastructure for designated bus routes. The provision of infrastructure at transport stops is a discretionary matter for Council. However, if facilities are provided, they must comply with the DSAPT. Transport routes are largely determined between Transport for NSW and the bus operator. Requirements for taxi ranks are the same as for bus stops.

The DSAPT and the Accessible Transport Action Plan for NSW establish requirements with regard to acceptable levels of accessibility and target dates by which these must be achieved. The requirements are:

- 55% of infrastructure at transport stops to be DSAPT compliant by 31 December 2012;
- 90% of infrastructure at transport stops to be DSAPT compliant by 31 December 2017;
- 100% of infrastructure at transport stops to be DSAPT compliant by 31 December 2022.

Acceptable levels of accessibility include the provision of minimum-dimension hard-stand areas, connecting paths, signage and tactile ground surface indicators. Council is able to apply for an extension of the DSAPT compliance deadline if financial hardship prevents compliance by the deadline dates.

Current Level of Service for Council owned assets

Bus Stops

Council's level of compliance under the DSAPT is continually being updated as construction work is carried out with funding from the CPTIGS. The current estimate is that approximately 28% of bus stops infrastructure is DSAPT compliant. The CPTIGS was established to enable councils in regional areas to have an opportunity to apply for funding in order to meet the requirements of the DSAPT. Not meeting the target is very common amongst NSW councils due to also requiring funding to upgrade the bus stops and the associated infrastructure.

Road Linkages

The heavy industrial, freight and commercial transport businesses refer to the section of road way at the beginning and end of the transport route as the 'Last Mile'. The 'Last Mile' is usually owned and managed by councils and more often than not are incapable of handling the weight or the size of the transport vehicles.

The existing Port Stephens routes for heavy industry, freight and commercial transport include access points in Tomago, Heatherbrae and Regional Road 90 called The Buckets Way. While the existing road network and infrastructure is suitable for vehicular size in width and length, some of Council's drainage culverts under roads are not structurally sound for the weight of loads carried by these vehicles. These culverts are currently being assessed through funding gained under the NSW government Fixing Country Roads Program.

The NSW government has allocated \$3 million for the planning and scoping of the Fingal Bay Link Road. This section of proposed road way will link Shoal Bay/Fingal Bay to Nelson Bay Road near Gan Gan Road. This link will provide:

- Alternative access for the community and emergency services during natural disaster events;
- Improved access to Tomaree National Park for fire control/fire break maintenance;
- Bypass Nelson Bay town centre and remove bottlenecks;
- Divert holiday traffic away from town and waterfront roads;
- Reduce accidents;
- Reduce the number of heavy/large vehicles on local roads;
- Reduce travel time for residents of Fingal Bay/Shoal Bay and emergency services;
- Provide a cycleway link.

Continuation of the project will require the acquisition of land. Discussions with the land owners have recommenced.

• Park and Ride

Park and ride facilities are public transport interchanges with connections to car parks that allow commuters and other people headed to main centres to leave their vehicles and transfer to public transport or carpool for the remainder of the journey. Park and ride facilities are generally at intersections of major roads. This reduces the number of vehicles on the road and reducing vehicle emissions as well as enhancing social interaction. While several informal park and ride locations in LGA road reserves, these are currently not formalised.

Desired Level of Service

The NSW Long Term Transport Master Plan and the Hunter Regional Transport Plan are the primary strategic documents for planning the future transport needs of NSW and the Hunter region. Specific actions identified in the Hunter Regional Transport Plan and which directly affect Port Stephens are to:

- ensure freight moves efficiently, will consider extending the M1 Pacific Motorway to Raymond Terrace;
- work with community groups, regional transport coordinators, local councils and local bus operators to continue to enhance the public transport system;
- increase public transport service levels and coverage as new residential areas and associated demand develop;
- work with Council on parking at and transport services to and from Newcastle Airport to support the increase in the Airport's capacity;
- o support ongoing access to Newcastle Airport by the 145 and 210 bus services.

In addition to these desired levels of service noted in the NSW Long Term Transport Master Plan and the Hunter Regional Transport Plan, Council aims to:

- provide a safer and more comfortable environment for public transport passengers and operators;
- collaborate with public transport providers to improve connection to communities and between destinations;
- o promote and facilitate public transport as an alternative to private vehicle use;
- o make public transport more attractive and accessible for all potential users;
- identify and promote park and ride locations including at Anna Bay Oval and at Salt Ash Interchange;
- o develop a tourist bus/coach interchange at Anna Bay;
- improve critical freight routes covering the 'Last Mile' including The Bucketts Way, Old Punt Road and other freight routes especially in industrial areas;
- meet the legislative obligation of full compliance of infrastructure at public transport stops.

Standards

Benchmarking the provision of DSAPT infrastructure at transport stops is difficult as other councils do not have, or are not willing to share this information. Anecdotal evidence shows that most NSW councils are not meeting the DSAPT requirements. Demographic distribution and community expectations on what is acceptable also differ from one community to another.

Hierarchy

Transport services have been divided into a hierarchy to prioritise future facility upgrades. The hierarchy is based upon the type of transport route, the number of services using a particular stop, and the demand for transport services and community support.

Regional

Regional facilities are situated on the major transport routes that link regions such as the Pacific Highway and Nelson Bay Road, linking Nelson Bay and Raymond Terrace to

Newcastle and beyond. Newcastle Airport is a major regional transport hub providing interchange between bus, taxi and airport facilities.

District

District facilities are those transport stops along the routes between town centres and localities and those facilities that are used by multiple route services. Examples include the major interchanges at Donald Street, Nelson Bay and at Sturgeon Street, Raymond Terrace, as well as Hunter Valley Buses Route 145 linking Raymond Terrace to East Maitland, Medowie and Newcastle Airport or Port Stephens Coaches Route 130 linking Nelson Bay to Salamander Bay, Anna Bay and Newcastle. Opportunity exists for the provision of park and ride facilities at the main district transport interchanges, including at Salt Ash and Anna Bay to service the Tilligerry and Tomaree Peninsulas.

Local

Local facilities provide for lower frequency services and for school bus services' they include those areas to the west of Raymond Terrace that do not have regular public bus services.

Hierarchy	- Transport Fa	cilities		
Hierarchy	Description	Environmental factors	Facilities provided	Future facilities
Regional	High priority routes allowing quick, unhindered travel between major centres	 Connectivity to the main road network High usage at specific times of the day 	 Bus shelters large enough to cater for anticipated demand Footpath connections Proximity to off- street parking Information signage 	 Anna Bay bus and coach interchange Park and ride facilities at the regional interchanges Fingal Bay Link Road
District	Main routes connecting community centres via high frequency bus routes	 Connectivity to the main road network Commercial areas Frequent stopping to provide maximum coverage 	 Bus shelters at major bus (pick-up) stops Hard-stand areas at other locations Off-road car parking areas Connection to existing facilities Information signage 	 Tilligerry Peninsula bus stops upgrade project Park and ride facilities at the main district interchanges
Local	Providing for all categories of user for local trip destinations	Bus shelters large enough to cater for anticipated demand	 Hard-stand areas where funding permits Widened shoulders in rural areas Footpath connections where appropriate 	 On an as- required basis – generally in conjunction with planned road works

FUTURE DEMAND

Key Drivers

The key drivers for the provision of transport facilities and infrastructure within the Port Stephens Local Government Area are linked to the desired level of service. These are:

- Legislative requirements to meet DSAPT;
- Community desire to
 - improve connections between destinations;
 - provide a safer and more comfortable environment for public transport passengers;
 - have more attractive and accessible transport for all potential users;
 - Reduced traffic on the road network;
- Reduce vehicle emissions;
- Desire of heavy industrial, freight and commercial transport businesses to use the road network for Higher Mass Limits (HML) and Performance Based Standards (PBS) access to local roads for the efficient movement of freight.

Future State

Facilities are managed by utilising asset condition and demand to establish asset replacement reserves to fund future replacement. Construction of new facilities is dependent on Council's ability to obtain grant funding due to the large number of assets required and the large costs involved.

The CPTIGS provides support funding to enhance the accessibility, comfort and amenity of public passenger bus and coach stops and major taxi stands in designated rural, regional and remote communities of NSW. Council continues to receive funding for the installation of a number of bus facilities, though the dollar values have decreased with the changing amount being available for each location and asset type. Planning is currently underway for new shelters, seating, lighting and safety features which will improve the experience of public transport patrons.

The Hunter Regional Transport Plan provides a commitment from NSW government that as part of the introduction of light rail to Newcastle CBD, investigation of how light rail can be extended in future will be undertaken. Key destinations identified include Newcastle Airport. It is anticipated that this future state is not in the near or foreseeable future.

The provision of park and ride facilities may require acquisition of suitable areas adjacent to the main transport interchanges. Potential areas are the intersection of Port Stephens Drive and Nelson Bay Road and at Salt Ash adjacent to Nelson Bay Road, between Richardson Road and Lemon Tree Passage Road.

To facilitate the desired level of service and the future state the following works would be required.

Works Plus Plan pro Project	Estimate	Source of Funds	Trigger
-	Lotimate	Source of Fullus	mggei
Public Transport Bus/taxi interchange – Donald Street, Nelson Bay	\$250,000	Concept completed though no allocated funding.	Once this option is part of the Regional Transport Plan.
Light and domestic rail between Airport and Newcastle CBD	Unknown	Investigation required.	Once this option is part of the Regional Transport Plan.
Formal park and ride facilities at: – intersection of Port Stephens Drive and Nelson Bay Road, Salt Ash – adjacent to Nelson Bay Road, between Richardson Road and Lemon Tree Passage Road	Unknown	Investigation required.	Once this option is part of the Regional Transport Plan.
Fingal Bay Link Road	\$3 million for initial scoping, investigation, and design. Build cost unknown	NSW State government allocation for planning and investigation.	The acquisition of land parcels. Draft design for an alternative intersection is complete, though feasibility of the proposed works have not yet been undertaken
Commercial/Industr	ial routes		
Culvert load testing/upgrading – The Buckets Way, Old Punt Road, Tomago Road, Clarence Town Road.	Investigation testing has commenced with allocated grant monies.	Assessment funded through NSW Fixing Country Roads Program.	Once the investigation is complete the required funding will be sourced in a prioritised order.
Tourism			
Interchange Anna Bay/Gan Gan Road.	\$6 million	Concept completed with some funding allocated.	Success in obtaining grants.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

The lifecycle management plan relates only to Council's owned assets such as bus shelters.

Transport Facility Upgrade Plan

DSAPT sets out the required standards for accessibility to transport facilities. Council has been upgrading transport facilities as funding becomes available to meet legislative obligations.

It is a requirement of the legislation that any new transport stops meet minimum accessibility standards. Because of this, Council is reluctant to allow new bus stops or bus route changes due to the substantial costs involved. Council will be focussing efforts on making existing bus stops DSAPT compliant for the foreseeable future.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

A programmed maintenance schedule is in place for Council's bus shelters. When a fault or damage occurs with an asset, reactive maintenance is performed, to allow the asset to perform its intended function.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

A triennial Condition Assessment audit is scheduled to be completed in 2020-2021 financial year. The condition audit checks the condition of bus shelters and stops, usability, safety, and compliance with relevant legislation and standards. The results from these inspections are used to create maintenance and capital works plans.

Condition and Performance Monitoring – Transport Facilities							
	2012	2015	2017	2018	2020	2022	
Percentage of public transport stops DSAPT compliant	55%	80%	90%	95%	98%	100%	
Number of bus stops required to meet DSAPT target.	337	491	553	583	602	614	
Estimated funding required to meet the target	\$176,000 funding received	\$281,000 funding received	\$175,000 projected	\$350,000 projected	\$375,000 projected	\$400,000 projected	

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Proposed rehabilitation and renewal works are identified in condition reports which also inform the timing and implementation of the Bus Shelter Management Program.

Upgrading of transport stops in recent years has concentrated on the more heavily used bus routes with most works being undertaken in the main population centres of Raymond Terrace, Nelson Bay and Medowie.

Council has a desired level of service of meeting the legislative obligation of full compliance of infrastructure at public transport stops. This applies to public passenger routes and does not include school bus routes except where these share the same facilities. The changing nature of school bus routes makes it difficult to provide adequate facilities without allocating substantial funding to an asset that may be redundant within a short time.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

Like most assets, compliance with the current Australian Standards will mitigate risk. Until such time as all transport stops are compliant with Disability Standards for Accessible Public Transport 2002, works will be required according to priority.

Risk Controls - Transport Facilities					
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk			
There is a risk that non- compliant transport stops are in service leading to potential litigation from disadvantaged people in the community.	 Continue to apply for CPTIGS funding to upgrade bus stops Fund a transport stops upgrade plan over a number of years. Develop a priority listing for bus stop upgrades Consult with special needs groups on required facilities 	Low			
There is a risk that the condition of transport stops will change rapidly with use or abuse or extreme weather events leading to failure of the asset and/or injury to the user.	 Undertake inspections as per the current maintenance schedule. Any hazards identified will be prioritised and remedial work undertaken as either Urgent Maintenance or listed and undertaken as Programmed Maintenance. Have a communications plan in place for such events. Undertake urgent works immediately resources are available. 	Low			
There is a risk that Council will fail to meet the legal obligation imposed by the Disability Discrimination Act.	 Continue to apply for CPTIGS funding to upgrade bus stops. Fund a transport stops upgrade plan over a number of years. Develop a priority listing for bus stop upgrades. Document rationale on partial compliance and funding restrictions. 	Medium			
There is a risk that higher mass freight movements will impact on the structural integrity of Council assets including culverts and bridges leading to additional cost burdens on Council and inconvenience to other road users.	 Ensure that Council assets are inspected and assessed regularly. Continue to apply for funding to upgrade structural assets as required. Ensure that freight movements contribute to costs via S94 heavy haulage contributions. 	Medium			

Financial/Budget Summary

Capital

The most recent capital works included the construction of a new transport interchange at The Hub, Raymond Terrace which provided a new taxi facility as well as a community transport option in the heart of Raymond Terrace. Council has been very successful in recent years at obtaining grant funding under the CPTIGS which has allowed significant progress to be made on Council's legislative obligations. Council will continue to apply for CPTIGS funding as well as funding through the State Attorney General's Department and the Safer Suburbs Taxi Scheme.

Recurrent/Operational

Funding for reactive and programmed maintenance is allocated in the Public Domain and Services Section of Council and works are prioritised based on Council's risk matrix. The reactive and programmed maintenance works are determined through Council's asset inspections and the customer request system; and through level of service discussions with the community.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

To ensure that the desired levels of service are aligned with the Hunter Transport Plan and NSW Transport Plan. This will need to be undertaken at the next review of the Hunter Transport Plan. There is not date set for this review.

Summary

Council has made significant progress in meeting the legislative requirements imposed under the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992*. There is however much work still to be done and it is clear that significantly increased levels of funding will be required from both State and Federal governments if the deadline is to be met.

Increasing demand for higher mass freight movements and access for increasingly larger and longer vehicles to Council's roads will also place demands on local government for improved transport facilities.

To meet the desired levels of service additional transport facilities are required. These additional facilities require an aligned multi government agency approach to provide this future level of service.

Trees

Asset Holdings	Tr	Trees in road reserves, parks and property reserves.					
Desired Level of Service Statement	of	From an asset management / risk mitigation perspective, the desired level of service is that persons and property are safe from injury/damage resulting from the lifecycle of tree.					
Available Data	Re	eactive inspections	and Council's	CRM system.			
Last Condition Survey		Reactive – ongoing Proactive – no cycli		lace.			
General Assessment	Co	ondition Rating	No. of Assets	% Assets	\$CRC		
of Condition	1	Near Perfect	Unknown		Unknown		
	2	Good	Unknown		Unknown		
	3	Satisfactory	Unknown		Unknown		
	4	Very Poor	Unknown		Unknown		
	5	Unserviceable	Unknown		Unknown		
		Total	Unknown		Unknown		
Main Findings	 Process and response to reactive inspections is well documented and implemented. Process and response to proactive inspections in not well documented or implemented. This category is to document and implement the proactive inspections. 						
Future Actions	•	Trial this proactive ascertain the time			d Terrace CBD to ole program.		

<u>Condition Rating – Trees</u> No known data at present

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Research and Expectations:

Customer research is obtained through the Council's overall customer service survey and anecdotal evidence through verbal communication and written correspondence. The community expectation is polarised depending on the scenario, the location of the tree and the impact that the tree has on real or perceived injury/damage to persons/property.

Legislative Requirements

The Council's management of trees is required to comply with the following legislation to ensure the safety of those who use them:

- Port Stephens Council Local Environmental Plan 2013
- Local Government Act 1993
- Tree (Disputes between Neighbours) Act 2006
- Threatened Species Conservation Act 2005
- Rural Fires Act 1979
- Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979
- Roads Act 1993
- Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016

Current Level of Service:

The current level of service is based on inspecting trees following a reactive notification from the community or staff. The 2018 Community Satisfaction Survey resulted in 87.73% satisfaction with Council's management of street trees.

Desired Level of Service:

At present the proactive risk mitigation as denoted in the Statewide Mutual Best Practice Manuals and Guidelines has not been fully implemented at Council. This gap was also highlighted in a recent risk internal audit against Statewide Mutual Best Practice self - check. To address this gap the Strategic Asset Management Plan8 makes a commitment to implement the Statewide Mutual Best Practice Manuals for tree management. With this in mind the desired level of service is that to implement the proactive tree inspection program as per the intent of the Trees Statewide Mutual Best Practice Manuals and Guidelines in addition to the reactive tree inspection process.

Standards

In addition to the above noted legislation:

- Statewide Mutual Best Practice Manuals and Guidelines
- Council's Development Control Plan
- Aust Std 4373 and 4970
- Council's Technical Specifications
- ISA Basic Tree Risk Assessment

Hierarchy

While there is no tree hierarchy, there is a hierarchy of proactive inspections as noted in the Asset Lifecycle below.

FUTURE DEMAND

There are no known future demand implications for the management of trees from an asset perspective.

Key Drivers

This section is intentionally left blank for now.

Supply versus Standards

This section is intentionally left blank for now. Refer to trial program for Nelson Bay and Raymond Terrace as below.

Current Supply versus Provision Standard

This section is intentionally left blank for now.

Future State

That trees are placed and maintained in correct locations to minimise the injury/damage to persons and property – acknowledging the organisation risk appetite.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

The creation, acquisition and augmentation of tree assets is mostly undertaken through subdivision, community members, 355c committees and Council's staff. Irrespective of the interface between Council, "the planter" and the tree; the species of tree and location is chosen as part of Council's Tree Technical Specification.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

The maintenance of existing trees including the practice of inspection, assessment and hence action in a prioritised manner is documented. Trees are inspected, prioritised and provided a risk assessment priority (as noted just below). Only trees that have gained a risk category priority of 1 and 2 are able to have works undertaken given the available funding.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Tree conditions are assessed through the Council Tree Hazard Assessment Process for reactive inspections. Trees are prioritised into 4 risk categories:

- 1 Works undertaken within 2 weeks.
- 2 Works undertaken within 12 months.
- 3 Would like to undertake works in the future pending funds aiming for 1 to 2 years.
- 4 Would like to undertake works in the future pending funds.

Trees that are prioritised are re-inspected within 12 months for any change in condition.

Refer to the Risk Plan below for proactive tree inspection program.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

There is a formula to determine how many trees need to replace each tree removed. This number depends on the ecological value of the tree removed. This assessment is undertaken by natural resources section of Council.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

There is an intent raised on the floor of Council to reduce the number of trees that can injury/damage to people or property AND also replace these trees with a suitable species in suitable locations.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

At present the proactive risk mitigation as denoted in the Statewide Mutual Best Practice Manuals and Guidelines has not been fully implemented at Council. This gap was also highlighted in a recent risk internal audit against Statewide Mutual's Best Practice self check. To address this gap, SAMP7 made a commitment to implement the Statewide Mutual Best Practice Manuals for tree management. This section in SAMP9 is the commencement of the implementation of the pro-active program.

Risk Controls – Trees		
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk
There is a risk that a tree will fail causing injury/damage to persons or property.	 Implement a proactive inspection program to assess and review the risk of trees causing a hazard to persons or property. Ensure funding remains available for maintenance. 	Medium
There is a risk that tree roots may result in trip hazards causing damage persons.	 Implement a proactive inspection program to assess and review the risk of trees causing a hazard to persons or property. Ensure funding remains available for maintenance. 	Medium
There is a risk that trees are located in locations leading to damage to infrastructure or property.	 Commence the proactive inspection program to undertake inspections for high hazard locations such as travel paths as noted below. Ensure funding remains available for maintenance. 	Medium

The proactive inspection program will focus on travel paths:

- between schools and bus stops
- CBD and urban centres
- playgrounds and proximity
- car parks
- foreshores (areas of high occupancies and not the whole foreshore)
- areas of high occupancies
- critical infrastructure

The level of detail that the trees will be inspected will be dependent on the trial inspection program to be conducted in Raymond Terrace. This trial inspection is critical to implement the program across the whole Council area.

Financial/Budget Summary

Capital

No capital allocation is required at present.

Recurrent:

Funding for reactive and programmed maintenance is allocated in the Public Domain and Services section of Council and works are prioritised using Council's risk matrix and Statewide Mutual Best Practice Manual.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

Once the trial program is completed the following will be able to be implement the program across all other "travel paths":

- the level of assessment;
- mobile computing for data collection;
- determine the organisations risk appetite; and
- set an appropriate funding allocation.

Summary

The reactive management of trees is well document and delivered. The proactive management is being implemented and this section is being used as the catalyst for these works.

Waste Services

Asset Holdings	 Buildings – 8 Weighbridges – 3 Waste landfill capping systems – 178,200 sq. metres Ground water bore holes – 25 Landfill leachate ponds – 1 Roads (sealed) – 5,820 sq. metres Hardstand areas (sealed) – 10,470 sq. metres 					
Desired Level of Service Statement		To provide a convenient, safe and affordable service to the residents and businesses of Port Stephens at Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station.				
Available Data	 Asset data stored in end of year financial Fair Value asset database. Asset data: location, floor area, height, year installed, original cost, current replacement value, condition rating. 					
Last Condition Survey	Fe	bruary 2010				
General Assessment of Condition			Condition Rating	% Assets (based on number of asset groups)		
	1	Near Perfect	36.00	\$7,780,000		
	2	Good	55.00	\$1,252,700		
	3	Satisfactory	9.00	\$360,900		
	4	Very Poor				
	5	Unserviceable				
		Total	100.00	\$9,393,600		
Main Findings	 Landfill capping systems and ground water bore holes are assumed to be in near perfect condition given that a physical inspection cannot be undertaken and ground water quality is not showing increased landfill leachate generation. Waste Transfer Station buildings are in very good condition. Road surfaces and hardstand areas are on a downward trajectory from satisfactory to poor condition. 					

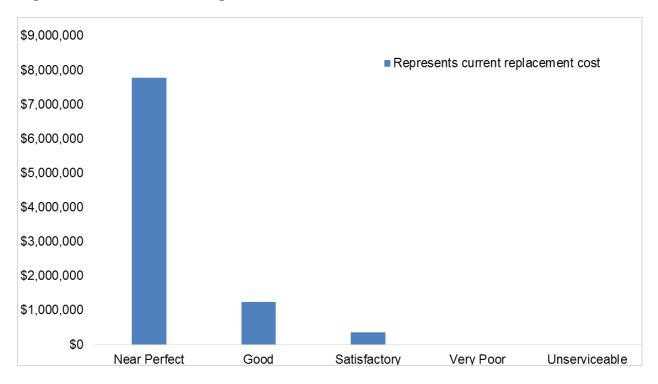


Figure 22: Condition Rating: Waste Services

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Expectations:

Residents and businesses using the Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station expect quality customer service and reasonable fees. In addition to this they expect a facility that is clean and organised to allow easy access to services. Council's 2018 Customer Satisfaction Survey showed an aggregated satisfaction score of 87.38% for waste for access to waste facilities and 94.58% for garbage collection services. This shows that the community is generally satisfied with the current number of services and level of service provided at the Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station.

Legislative Requirements

The Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station is operated under NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) license number 13267. This license outlines all of the legislative requirements for the facility.

In addition to this the former landfills at Salamander Bay and Lemon Tree Passage both have EPA surrender notices that outline the ongoing requirements such as ground water monitoring and management of the sites.

Also all waste operations need to be conducted in accordance with the *Pollution of the Environment Operations Act 1997.*

The closure of all previous landfills was performed in accordance with environmental legislation; and the risk profiles determined the condition of the landfill capping systems and ground water bore holes.

Current Level of Service:

The assets currently provide a waste management disposal and resource recovery facility for the Tomaree Peninsula as well as landfill rehabilitation and environmental monitoring services at Lemon Tree Passage, Raymond Terrace and Salamander Bay.

The Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station operates six days per week and handles approximately 11,500 tonnes of waste and 34,650 customer transactions per year. All waste from Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station leaves the site as either unprocessed material or recycled product. Wind-blown litter does not leave the site, however the ability to manage tipping in an outdoor environment is problematic and hence 2016/17 an enclosed area will be built to prevent litter freely moving in the wind.

The landfill capping systems provide a protection layer over old waste landfills to current standards required by the EPA.

Desired Level of Service:

The desired level of service for the Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station is to continue to manage the through-put of waste handled in response to population growth over time. Full tipping within a building is also desirable in order to remove the environmental risk of wind-blown litter escaping the site.

The condition of the landfill capping systems must remain at the highest quality possible in order to reduce long-term offsite environmental effects of landfill gases and leachate.

The capacity of the leachate pond at Salamander Bay landfill site needs to be increased to cater for extreme high rainfall events.

The reduction in the need for ground water monitoring bore holes is desirable as old landfills stabilise and the need for continued monitoring ceases.

Standards

Benchmarking the waste services provided in Port Stephens shows that Council's waste service charges are comparable with other surrounding councils. However, the waste services provided by Council are wider in variety and frequency than most other councils. The combination of waste services offered by Council produces a level of waste diversion from landfill that sees Council ranked in the top portion of the State and the best among Hunter Councils.

FUTURE DEMAND

The demand forecast is based on population statistics recently revised by the NSW Department of Planning.

Factors influencing future demand on Waste Transfer Stations are:

- Population growth;
- Residential development;
- Types of households (detached dwellings, multi-unit dwellings).

There will be no user demand on landfill sites as all landfill sites owned by Council have been decommissioned. All waste destined for landfill, which is handled by Council is sent to the Port Stephens Waste Management Group landfill site at Newline Road, Raymond Terrace.

The residual demand on landfill sites will undergo mandatory monitoring of ground water quality and potential offsite effects from landfill gases and leachate. It is expected that in the future there will be an increase in environmental legislation that regulates decommissioned landfills. This may result in future upgrades of capping systems and water quality monitoring regimes in order to stay abreast of current environmental management Standards.

It is anticipated that customer expectations will remain focused on whether the asset provides a safe and clean site to dispose of waste. It is also presumed that customers will expect more resource recovery and environmental improvements from the waste facilities.

Changes in demand will increase the ability of Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station to reach its full potential and fulfil the expectations of the customer. That is the easy, accessible, affordable, and safe disposal of waste materials.

Technological advances in mixed waste separation, the loading of trucks, weighbridge software and CCTV will aid in reducing running costs by improving product quality, productivity, and after hours surveillance.

Key Drivers

The provision of the Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station is seen as vital as it offers a convenient waste service to the residents and businesses of the Tomaree Peninsula. This is because the next closest waste facility is in Raymond Terrace and more than an hour for a round trip, so the Salamander Bay facility is vital to the Tomaree area. This is also because there is has a large number of businesses mainly in the hospitality area and a reasonable sized base population that dramatically increases during holiday periods that have high waste generation habits.

The proper capping of decommissioned landfills and management of waste facilities in line with environmental legislation is vital as it ensure Council is not contributing to any environmental damage.

Supply verses Standards

The percentage of waste diverted from landfill in Port Stephens (60% 2015/16) is the best amongst the Hunter Councils and puts Council in the top portion of the State.

The NSW Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Strategy 2014–2021 requires an increase in diversion rates from landfill by 2022 for municipal solid waste from 66% to 70%, commercial and industrial waste to 70% and construction/demolition waste to 80%.

The Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station has operated within all requirements of its EPA licence and has never been served with any form of breach notice.

The environmental monitoring data from the decommissioned landfills show that they are not having a detrimental effect on the surrounding environment.

Future State

As the awareness of environmental damage caused by waste generation and disposal becomes more widespread within the general population Council will be expected to deliver services that further increase the diversion of waste from landfill and the betterment of the environment. It is anticipated that with the development of new waste processing technology the manner in which Council delivers waste services will change in future decades.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

In 2012, a second weighbridge and realignment of the entrance to Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station was constructed. This allowed greater accuracy of weighing and payments, and ensures that Council delivers a user's pay systems that is capable of sending pricing signal to users of the facility in line with the intended resource recovery rates.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Maintenance inspections are carried out weekly as part of routine operations. Maintenance criteria are based on Workplace Health and Safety legislation, as well as aesthetic and environmental management issues. The severity of the issue and the urgency of its rectification are moderated by available funding.

Maintenance issues are documented in monthly facility management meetings with expenditure data captured in the Council's general ledger.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

All waste assets are condition-rated annually against the following criteria:

Condition and performance monitoring criteria - Waste Services			
Rating Description	Rating		
Near Perfect	1		
Good	2		
Satisfactory	3		
Very Poor	4		
Unserviceable	5		

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Waste services will be prioritised for renewal based on their risk of failure against their role in providing the overall service. Safety, aesthetics and environmental management are the primary outcomes for the services. In 2016/2017, some damaged road surfaces were renewed in sections where there is total failure of the individual asset; and the leachate dam irrigation systems were repaired.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

There is no need to dispose of or consolidate Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station. The demand for ground water monitoring bore holes is reviewed every five years. Ground water quality data over time determine the licence and or duty of care requirements to continue environmental monitoring from each bore hole.

Risk Plan

The process of establishment, identification, analysis, evaluation, and monitoring of hazards/risks is documented in the Waste Transfer Station's Risk Treatment Plan. This document analyses the community public liability risks and not the risk to the asset itself. Council's risk management database is used to store and monitor safety risks associated with waste assets.

Risk Controls - Waste Services				
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk		
There is a risk that failure of the capping system could damage the surrounding environment	 EPA approved capping plans of management Quarterly monitoring of all decommissioned landfills Annual review of data to check for trends 	Medium		
There is a risk that fire or explosion could damage infrastructure, which could close the site	 All switchboards are vented and conduits leading into switch boards are capped All dangerous goods are stored correctly Staff have appropriate dangerous goods training No smoking on site 	Low		

Financial/Budget Summary

Capital

There is some renewal and rehabilitation capital expenditure planned for 2021/2022 for the buildings at Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station. This work is subject to the results of annual condition assessments.

• Recurrent/Operational

Recurrent maintenance budget for waste sites is approximately \$37,000 per annum. This is funded through domestic and non-domestic waste management charges and delivered through an internal service.

The operating budget for 2016/2017 is \$2 million. This is the total budget for the operation of the Waste Transfer Station business.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

- The asset management plan for waste sites is reviewed annually.
- An opportunity for improvement is the detailing of individual asset assessment criteria instead of overall site assessment.

Summary

Salamander Bay Waste Transfer Station provides a convenient service to residents and businesses of the Tomaree Peninsula. While the facility is generally well utilised and in reasonable condition there are some short term projects to be completed to maintain service levels.

Lifecycle Management: Community and Recreation Assets

Community and Recreation Assets categories are listed in Table A.

Aquatic Centres

Asset Holdings	 Three (3) swimming pools/leisure centres. Building components: Substructure – foundations, footings, sub soil works; Superstructure – columns, floors, stairs, roof, external walls, windows, external doors; Finishes – to walls, floors, ceilings; Fittings – internal walls, screens, doors, fitments; Services – plumbing, mechanical, fire, electrical, transportation; Site works – sewer and storm water drainage, water supply. Other components/assets: Swimming pools, shade structures, pool plants, pool based equipment including blankets, lane ropes, winches, etc.; BBQs, park furniture, playground equipment; rescue vessel, car parking. 			
Desired Level of Service Statement	One aquatic facility for every 36,000 people.			
Available Data	Fair Value as at 30 June 2013, condition inspection reports (internal and external contractors), asset management plans/reports.			
Last Condition Survey	2017			
General	Co	ondition Rating	% Assets	\$CRC
Assessment of Condition	1	Near Perfect		
	2	Good	80	\$11,275,200
	3	Satisfactory	20	\$2,583,800
	4	Very Poor		
	5	Unserviceable		
		Total	100.00	\$13,859,000
Main Findings	 The current condition of swimming pool assets is good to satisfactory. Future works are required to renew existing plant and equipment to meet health regulations. 			
Future Actions	 There is no requirement for building replacement or acquisition in the next 10 years. Tomaree Aquatic Centre's 50m pool fibreglass liner will be replaced in 2019-2020. Tomaree Aquatic Centre will receive amenities upgrades in 2022-2023. Tilligerry Aquatic Centre's 25m pool linear will be replaced in 2020-2021 			

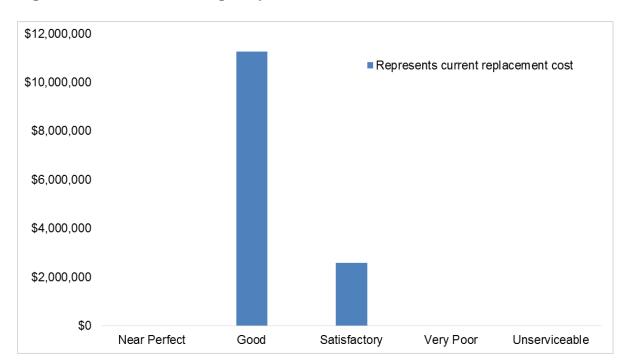


Figure 23: Condition Rating - Aquatic Centres

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Research and Expectations:

Port Stephens residents swim all year round in heated water; however, the majority of the pools are outdoors. Market trends and community expectations indicate that there is a desire to be able to better utilise the assets and extend the comfortable enjoyment of the pools through the winter period by more enclosed facilities being available.

Legislative Requirements

The Council's Aquatic Centres are required to comply with the following legislation to ensure the safety of those who use them:

- Section 8: Local Government Act 1993;
- NSW Department of Health, Public Swimming Pool and Spa Advisory Document 2013;
- Division of Local Government Practice Note 15 Water Safety 2012;
- Royal Life Saving Society and Standards Australia;
- Building Codes of Australia and Australian Standards relevant to all aspects of building and construction. Specifications are provided where substantial works are being undertaken and are site specific.

Current Level of Service

Council provides three leisure centres being the Lakeside Leisure Centre, Tomaree Aquatic Centre and Tilligerry Aquatic Centre. The centres provide year round swimming in outdoor heated water with one indoor swimming facility being the program and leisure pool at

Lakeside Leisure Centre. The 2018 Community Satisfaction Survey resulted in 89.81% satisfaction score.

• 2015 Service Level

Lakeside Leisure Centre Lakeside Leisure Centre was constructed in February 2000 and is part of a broader sporting complex situated on Leisure Way, Raymond Terrace which includes sporting fields and two supporting amenities buildings. The centre contains the only heated indoor Council owned pool.				
Facilities provided:	 Indoor program and leisure heated pool Outdoor eight lane 50m heated pool Lifeguard station, first aid room, reception area/office Kiosk/café Change rooms (male, female and accessible) Playground 			
Tomaree Aqua	 Car parking tic Centre ic Centre was constructed in 1988 and is part of a broader sporting complex 			
situated on Aqu	atic Close, Salamander Bay which includes sporting fields, tennis courts, nd four supporting amenities buildings.			
Facilities provided	 Outdoor eight lane 50m heated pool Outdoor program and toddler heated pool Water slide Splash Pad First aid room, reception area/office Kiosk/café Change rooms (male, female and accessible) Car parking 			
Tilligerry Aqua	tic Centre			
Tilligerry Aquatic Centre was constructed in 1997 and is part of a broader sporting complex situated on Lemon Tree Passage Road, Mallabula which includes sporting fields, tennis courts and two supporting amenities buildings.				
Facilities provided	 Outdoor eight lane 25m heated pool Splash pad including water fountains, water jets and sprays First aid room, reception area/office Kiosk/café Change rooms (male, female and accessible) Car parking 			

Desired Level of Service:

Council has a desired provision of one aquatic facility for every 36,000 people.

Standards

Benchmarking of provisions in councils with similar attributes to Port Stephens has taken place. The range in benchmark standards reflects the contextual nature of aquatic needs such as less demand for constructed facilities in coastal areas and a higher demand in an inland council area. The benchmark for Port Stephens has been selected having regard to the dispersed settlement pattern and accessibility of other aquatic facilities such as beaches and tidal pools. Benchmarking standards are shown in the table below:

Benchmarking – Aquatic Centres				
Council	Provision	Year		
Port Stephens Council	One aquatic centre for every 36,000 people.	2015		
Lake Macquarie City Council	One swimming centre for every 36,000 people.	2011		
NSW Department of Planning	One swimming centre for every 17,500 people	2009		
Hornsby Shire Council	One swimming centre for every 25,000 people.	2000		

FUTURE DEMAND

Council provides three leisure centres being the Lakeside Leisure Centre, Tomaree Aquatic Centre and Tilligerry Aquatic Centre. The centres provide year round swimming in heated water however the only indoor swimming facility is the program and leisure pool at Lakeside Leisure Centre.

Key Drivers

The design and development of aquatic and leisure facilities has undertaken several major changes over the past two decades. The primary focus is now on expanding the facility mix to introduce multiple attractors for the community, including a combination of 'wet' and 'dry' options. The composition of facilities is concentrating on those elements that encourage year round access, longer stays and higher returns.

Across the aquatics industry, operators have been confronted by ageing facilities, increasing annual maintenance costs and falling attendances. In part, some of these trends can be attributed to the pool design supporting shorter seasonal access and greater commitment to club and lap swimming activities (e.g. traditional 50m pool). This results in reduced opportunities for flexibility and a diverse range of contemporary aquatic activities and programs to be conducted at many of these ageing venues.

There is a noticeable trend in Australian aquatic facility design and operation towards the integration of a wider range of expanded leisure facility services, such as cafés, merchandising/retail, health and fitness centres, multi-purpose program spaces, and increased emphasis on 'leisure water' and multi-purpose indoor sports courts.

The combination of facilities into one integrated venue provides synergies in use and the potential for cross marketing between activities, while also providing a major focus as a leisure destination for the community. This can result in increased throughput and activity at the venue as well as improved financial performance.

Supply versus Standard

Using the provision of one facility for every 36,000 there will be a marginal surplus even in 2032; however, the dispersed settlement pattern makes it more important to have strategically positioned facilities across the LGA.

Current Supply vs Provision Standard - Aquatic Centres					
	2012	2017	2022	2027	2032
Projected Population	69,586	75,275	82,102	88,973	95,617
Benchmark Demand	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.6
Existing Supply	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Surplus/Shortage	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.4

Future State

As the population grows and ages it is likely that there will be increasing demand for contemporary aquatic facilities. Modern aquatic centres contain a variety of 'wet' and 'dry' spaces, provide more reasons to visit, more often, and enable improved patronage and viability. Design elements may comprise such things as heated water spaces that respond to different motivations for use e.g. lap swimming, aquatic programs/learn to swim, adventure water, leisure water with play elements and beach entry, health and fitness/wellness services, multi-purpose program spaces and multi-purpose indoor sports courts.

Of the three aquatic centres only one (Lakeside Leisure Centre) would be described as a contemporary aquatic facility offering a number of the elements described above. The fact that this pool records the highest patronage numbers of the three facilities is evidence of patron preferences for contemporary facilities.

With the expected increase in competition regionally, it is important for Council to ensure that it continues to invest in upgrading the infrastructure at its aquatic centres to ensure they are economically viable and the ratepayer subsidy stays at an acceptable level.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

Council has master plans for its aquatic centres which provide the future investment areas for each of the aquatic centres. The aim of these documents is to clearly develop the facilities in a manner that:

- enhances the facilities to provide greater opportunities to both the local community and the tourists who frequent the sites;
- reduces the current subsidy that Council invests in the centres, so that it can redistribute the financial investment into other community services; and
- redevelops any land within each facility that could offer complementary services and reduce the subsidy levels

The master plans show the following developments:

- Lakeside Leisure Centre the addition of a four court indoor sports centre to complement the existing facilities, a 25m indoor pool and a leisure water space such as splash pad; and
- Tomaree Aquatic Centre the addition of a fully enclosed program pool which will enable year round learn to swim programs without the impact of winter weather conditions.

Works Plus Plan project list - Aquatic Centres				
Project	Estimate	Source of Funds	Trigger	
Lakeside Leisure Centre	\$5,000,000	Section 94 and grant funding	Grant funding	
Tomaree Aquatic Centre	\$4,000,000	Section 94, Crown Lands and grant funding	Grant funding	

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Asset maintenance is performed reactively when issues arise, in addition to the regular planned pool plant preventative maintenance schedules. The building structures, fixed plant and equipment all have 10-year life cycle costs.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Condition inspections on the buildings are undertaken every two years and are used to assess the management of these assets. An annual condition report for fixed plant equipment, amusement devices and pool structures is also undertaken.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Proposed rehabilitation and renewal works are identified in condition reports which also inform the timing and implementation of the Aquatic Centre Management Program. The proposed works are listed in the Capital Works Program.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

This is no plan to consolidate or dispose of these assets.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

The contracted operator of the aquatic centres conducts daily risk inspections of areas frequented by the public and staff. Council has developed a risk inspection checklist in line with the Royal Life Saving Society guidelines. Checklists are submitted to Council every month as part of contractual requirements.

Council staff undertake audits every quarter to ensure statements written by the contractor in their risk inspection checklists are compliant.

Risk Controls - Aquatic Centres				
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk		
There is a risk that components of the building do not meet the current Building Code for mandatory requirements – fire safety, electrical systems, switchboard rooms, etc.	 Identify the gaps to bring the buildings up to standard. Cost the works. Prioritise works based on risk. 	High		
There is a risk that the building does not comply with working at heights systems such as anchor	 Install working at heights systems on buildings that require known frequent working at heights for the purpose of accessing utilities such as AC units, box 	Medium		

Risk Controls - Aquatic Centres					
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk			
points and walkways, leading to injury to workers while undertaking work at heights.	 gutters, etc. Create a program to install and fund working at heights systems on these buildings. For all other buildings and buildings without anchor points, utilise the works practice risk assessments before and during the works. Undertake annual certification of installed anchor points. 				
There is a risk that pool plant is ageing leading to inefficient resource consumption such as power and gas when compared to a renewed asset.	 Utilise the pool plant condition report and create asset works program. Fund the renewal/replacement of pool plant and equipment to reduce power consumption and expenditure over the life of the asset. Investigate energy efficient alternatives/improvements such as solar or tri-generation. 	Low			

Financial/Budget Summary

Capital

The most recent capital upgrades include shade shelter installations at Tilligerry Aquatic Centre, pump replacements at both Tomaree and Lakeside centres and the painting of Tomaree's waterslide. Proposed future capital works are scheduled through condition inspections.

Recurrent

Funding for reactive and programmed maintenance is allocated in the Public Domain and Services section of Council and works are prioritised on Council's risk matrix. The reactive and programmed maintenance works are prioritised through Council asset inspections and the customer request system.

The average recurrent expenditure budget over the last five years has been approximately \$300,000 per annum. Some years have sustained higher expenditures when urgent reactive repairs were required beyond the allowable budget.

Operational

Council has a contract for the operation of Lakeside Leisure Centre, Tomaree Aquatic Centre and Tilligerry Aquatic Centre being valued at \$850,000 and indexed for CPI annually.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

New systems are being developed to improve data on asset management including a greater emphasis on proactive data collection, works and future financial forecasts.

Summary

The current aquatic centres, complemented by the tidal pools and beaches are sufficient to cater for the needs of the existing and future population. The focus for these assets is to

continue to embellish the existing facilities to ensure they remain economically viable while meeting the needs of the users.

Aquatic Structures

Asset Holdings	 17 Wharfs 18 Boat ramps 18 Sea Walls 5 Boardwalks 			
Desired Level of Service Statement		ouncil has a desired pro arf/jetty for every 6,000		p per 6,000 people and one
Available Data		ir Value as at 30 June 2 anagement plans/report		ion reports and asset
Last Condition Survey	20	16		
General	Co	ondition Rating	% Assets	\$CRC
Assessment of Condition	1	Near Perfect	25.00	\$3,301,750
	2	Good	33.00	\$4,358,310
	3	Satisfactory	30.00	\$3,962,100
	4	Very Poor	10.00	\$1,320,700
	5	Unserviceable	2.00	\$264,140
		Total	100.00	\$13,207,000
Main Findings	 The majority of assets are in the good to satisfactory condition; Lilli Pilli Boat Launching Facility, Sandy Point Sea Wall and Riverside Park Sea Wall were deemed very poor. 			
Future Actions	 Short term – Replacement of the Soldiers Point wharf pump out facility and stage 1 of the Riverside Park (Raymond Terrace) seawall. Medium term – Little Beach Boat Ramp improvements Short term – Continue to manage foreshore erosion through the movement of sand to the areas of need throughout Port Stephens. Long term – Identify funding priorities with Transport NSW for boating projects. 			

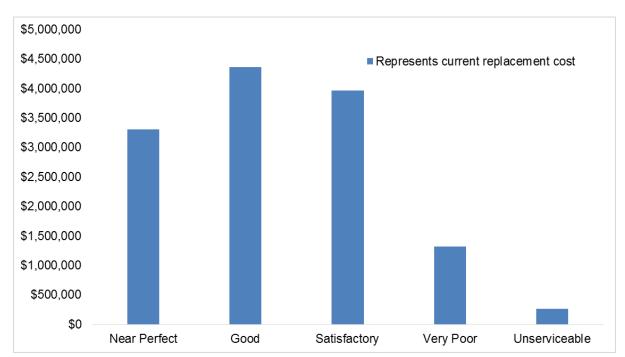


Figure 24: Condition Rating – Aquatic Structures

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Expectations:

The NSW Boat Ownership and Storage – Growth Forecasts to 2026 study carried out by NSW Maritime shows that boat ownership figures for the Hunter Inland region of NSW as the highest number of registered vessels in the state with 53,705 vessels. This indicates that Port Stephens residents and tourists alike have an expectation of excellent waterways facilities, which will be managed and maintained to the highest possible level.

Legislative Requirements

Efforts are made to continually maintain assets according to the relevant legislative requirements and to balance this against the available budget provisions.

Key Legislation, Acts, Standards, Guidelines and Regulations include:

- Section 8 of the Local Government Act 1993;
- AS 4997 2005 Guidelines for the design of maritime structures;
- Design Guidelines for Wharves and Jetties NSW Public Works 1990. Advice is provided for the planning, investigation, assessment, design, construction and maintenance of public wharves and jetties. Guidance is given on pile design and calculating berthing forces;
- Marina Guidelines NSW Public Works 1987 Guidance is given on approval processes, site investigation, design loads, planning, design, materials, safety aspects, services, boat launching ramps and maintenance of marinas;
- NSW Boat Ramp Facility Guidelines Roads and Martime Services is provided for the design and construction of trailer-boat launching facilities. Guidance is given on planning, geometry, materials and design of boat ramps;

- British Standard Code of Practice for Maritime Structures BS6349 Advice and guidance are given on the planning;
- NSW Disability Access legislation.

Current Level of Service

The current provision of boat ramps and wharves/jetties in Port Stephens is generally appropriate. Port Stephens currently has 18 boat ramps and 17 wharves or jetties located across the LGA. This current provision in Port Stephens is high when compared to councils with similar geographical attributes such as being located on a large port, river or lake, and in a coastal location. However, considering the high level of boat ownership and tourism in Port Stephens this high supply is not considered to be a concern. Seawall provision is in line with the Port Stephens Foreshore Management Plan and boardwalks are provided only in areas where there is an identified need for access.

Desired Level of Service:

Council has a desired provision of one boat ramp per 6,000 people and one wharf/jetty for every 6,000 people. Seawalls and boardwalks will continue to be provided as required.

Standards

Benchmarking of provision in councils with similar attributes to Port Stephens has been undertaken as shown in the table below. Port Stephens currently has a total of 25 boat launching lanes and 17 wharfs/jetties. The benchmark was selected taking into account the dispersed settlement pattern and the high number of tourists visiting the area. Benchmarking standards are shown in the table below:

Benchmarking – Aquatic Structures					
Council	Provision	Year			
Boat Ramps					
Port Stephens Council	One boat ramp for every 6,000 people	2014			
Lake Macquarie City Council	One boat ramp for every 6,000 people	2004			
Clarence Valley Council	One boat ramp for every 6,500 people	2011			
Wyong Shire Council	One boat ramp for every 6,000 people	2011			
Tweed Shire Council	One boat ramp for every 6,000 people	2011			
Wharfs/Jetties					
Port Stephens Council	One wharf/jetty for every 6,000 people	2014			
Lake Macquarie City Council	One wharf/jetty for every 6,000 people	2004			
Clarence Valley Council	One wharf/jetty for every 5,500 people	2011			
Great Lakes Council	One wharf/jetty for every 2,250 people	2011			

Hierarchy

A hierarchy of Regional, District and Local facilities has been established for boat ramps which will guide the development of each site. This will allow a minimum level of service to be defined and supporting infrastructure to be determined for each facility. The minimum standard of each facility forms the basis of what level of facility provision can be expected when utilising a facility. It has been created to establish a hierarchy of options for the community to gain fair and equitable access to waterways. This will allow the community to have access to a range of facilities to meet their individual boating needs.

• Regional

Regional facilities are a main location for boating and recreation activity. The user catchment for these facilities extends to a region and they anticipate high and continual use.

• District

District facilities provide a location for minor boating and recreation activity. The user catchments for these facilities are generally limited to the surrounding area, however they may act as an overflow for when demand at Regional facilities exceeds capacity.

Local

Local facilities provide for local water activities and access. The user catchments for these activities are limited. Usage patterns are low or sporadic and should anticipate casual usage.

Hierarchy -	- Aquatic Structu	res		
Hierarchy	Description	Environmental factors	Facilities provided	Proposed facilities
Regional	Regional facilities are a main location for boating and recreation activity. The user catchment for these facilities extends to a region and they are experience high and continual use.	 Sufficient water access Connectivity to main road network High population catchment/Tow n Centre High and continual usage Located in key tourism areas 	 Multiple boat ramps (>3) Pontoon/Jetty access Soft retrieval area 25-30 car parking spaces per ramp on site Fish cleaning facilities Toilets Lighting Signage Managed open space Access to ancillary features 	 Little Beach Henderson Park Soldiers Point
District	District facilities provide a location for minor boating and recreation activity. The user catchments for these facilities are generally limited to the surrounding area; however they may act as an overflow when demand for Regional facilities	 Sufficient water access Connectivity to local road network Smaller population 	 Less than 3 boat ramps Pontoon/Jetty access Soft retrieval area 10-15 car parking spaces per ramp on site (where possible) Local on street overflow parking Fish cleaning facilities Toilets Lighting Signage 	 Shoal Bay Fitzgerald Bridge Salamander Tomago

Hierarchy -	Hierarchy - Aquatic Structures					
Hierarchy	Description	Environmental factors	Facilities provided	Proposed facilities		
	exceeds capacity.		 Managed open space 			
Local	Local facilities provide for local water activities and access. The user catchments for these activities are limited. Usage patterns are low or sporadic and should anticipate casual usage.	 Sufficient water access Strong environmental constraints Local population catchment Low or casual use 	 One boat ramp (gravel or concrete) Soft retrieval area 5-10 car parking spaces per ramp (where possible) Local on street overflow parking Signage 	 Fingal Bay Salt Ash Lilli Pilli Foster Park Shelly Beach 		

FUTURE DEMAND

Council has provided a wide range of facilities for recreational boating, including boat ramps and jetties. Ancillary structures such as fish cleaning tables, trailer parking, lighting and pontoons have also been provided in some locations.

The provision of facilities has generally been based on the historical usage in the surrounding region as well as request rates. The current facilities cater for a wide range of boat types, including powered recreational craft, non-motorised/hobby craft and commercial operations.

Key Drivers

Tourism

The LGA has an active tourism industry which results in a large influx of visiting population for peak periods, such as school holidays and long weekends. Tourism numbers have had steady growth rates in the past, with an increase in overnight trips to the region. The majority of tourists come from regional NSW and Sydney.

Recent investigations of tourist activities in the Port Stephens region by Tourism Research Australia indicate that a large portion of visitors to Port Stephens access water related activities and fishing. Although not definitive of recreational boating numbers by visitors to the area, the survey has been used to estimate the number of visitors who may access waterways through recreational boating. Tourism numbers are expected to increase in the Port Stephens area in future years. Studies carried out by Tourism Research Australia indicate regional NSW tourism numbers will grow 8% by 2020.

The increase of tourism numbers has seen an increase in the demand for boating infrastructure in key tourism areas such as Nelson Bay, Soldiers Point and Shoal Bay. This has resulted in several facilities exceeding their usable capacity during peak tourism season. Tourism operators also place additional demand on facilities. Operators such as ferry services, boat hire and sightseeing tours require access to supporting infrastructure such as pontoons and jetties.

Future Boating Forecasts

A study carried out by NSW Maritime predicts that boat ownership for the larger region (Hunter Inland NSW) will increase as a linear projection based on historical boat ownership rates (NSW Boat Ownership and Storage: Growth Forecasts to 2026).

Boat ownership figures for the larger region (Hunter and Inland NSW) indicate high boat ownership figures, with on average 56 boats per 1,000 people (aged 16+). This will result in Hunter and Inland NSW growing from 53,705 boats in 2009 to 92,140 in 2026. Though the report does not provide a breakdown of smaller areas within the Hunter and Inland NSW region in the study, it is assumed that the Port Stephens area will match the anticipated growth rates of boat ownership.

Better Boating Program

The Maritime Management Centre, within Transport for NSW, together with Roads and Maritime Services, completed a state-wide study of existing boating facilities and safety measures in 2014.

This study and feedback from consultations informed the development of 11 Regional Boating Plans covering each of the major waterways across NSW, including the Port Stephens- Hunter Regional Boating Plan.

Each Regional Boating Plan includes a funding allocation over a three year period to support the delivery of boating infrastructure projects that have been identified as being a priority to boost the boating experience.

The initial three year period for this funding began in 2015 and continued through to 2017. Council has made round 2 applications and will now work with Transport for NSW and Roads and Maritime Services on funding priorities for 2018 onwards.

Supply versus Standards

Using the provision of one boat ramp per 6,000 people and one wharf/jetty for every 6,000 people as the standard there will continue to be a surplus in 2032 in both boat ramp and wharves/jetties. However due to the large network of waterways within the Port Stephens LGA and the high level of tourism the LGA experiences this is not considered to be an issue.

Current Supply vs Provision Standard – Aquatic Structures					
	2012	2017	2022	2027	2032
Projected Population	69,586	75,275	82,102	88,973	95,617
Benchmark Demand	11.6/11.6	12.5/12.5	13.7/13.7	14.8/14.8	15.9/15.9
Existing Supply	18.0/17.0	18.0/17.0	18.0/17.0	18.0/17.0	18.0/17.0
Surplus/Shortage	6.4/5.4	5.5/4.5	4.3/3.3	3.2/2.2	2.1/1.1

Current Supply versus Provision Standard

Future State

Port Stephens is a desirable tourist destination close to major cities and experiences significantly increased population in peak seasons. When combined with increases in boat ownership in the Hunter and Inland region of NSW, demand for Aquatic Structures will continue to rise.

There are a total of 18 boat ramps and 17 wharves/jetties provided by Council across the LGA of varying size and condition. These facilities are required to satisfy demand in the Port Stephens area. Sites have been classified based on the potential user catchment, carrying capacity, and facilities provided.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

The creation/acquisition/augmentation of facilities will be in line with the NSW Maritime Regional Boating Plan for Port Stephens and the Port Stephens Foreshore Management Plan.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

A programmed maintenance schedule is in place for Council's assets. When a fault or breakdown occurs with an asset, reactive maintenance is performed, to allow the asset to perform its intended function. The building structures, fixed plant and equipment all have a 10-year lifecycle costs.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Condition inspections are undertaken every two years and are used to assess the management of Aquatic Structures. The assessment informs what is required for the assets to be managed in the most cost effective and sustainable manner.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Rehabilitation and renewals are identified in condition reports and are a part of the 10-year lifecycle plan which also informs the timing and implementation of the Aquatic Structures Management Program. Proposed funded works are identified in the Capital Work Program.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

This is no plan to consolidate or dispose of these assets.

Risk Plan

Aquatic Structures are insured under Council's public liability insurance policy. Risk is managed through a detailed inspection of all aspects of the assets undertaken annually by staff.

Risk Controls - Aquatic Structures				
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk		
There is a risk that components of the facilities do not meet the current guidelines for the design of marine structures and relevant Australian Standards – backflow testing.	 Identify the gaps to bring the buildings up to standard. Cost the works. Prioritise works based on risk. 	High		
There is a risk that works may be carried out foreshores without Council's knowledge leading to damage to the reserve and/or exposing the reserve users to unknown risks.	 Determine guidelines for approved foreshore structures. Increased frequency of foreshore inspections. 	Medium		

Risk Controls - Aquatic Structures				
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk		
There is a risk that the erosion of foreshores will lead to the loss of community assets and amenity.	 Complete foreshore process studies so the correct type of mitigation works can be implemented with the environmental approvals in place. 	Medium		

Financial/Budget Summary

Capital

The most recent capital works include the upgrade of the wharf at Taylors Beach Foreshore, Tomago Boat Ramp improvements and the construction of a sea wall at Longworth Park (Karuah). Proposed future capital works are scheduled through biennial condition inspections.

• Recurrent/Operational

Funding for reactive and programmed maintenance is allocated in the Public Domain and Services section of Council. The reactive and programmed maintenance works are determined through Council's asset inspection process and the customer request system. Works are prioritised based on Council's risk matrix.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

New systems are being developed to improve data on asset management including a greater emphasis on proactive data collection, works and future financial forecast.

Summary

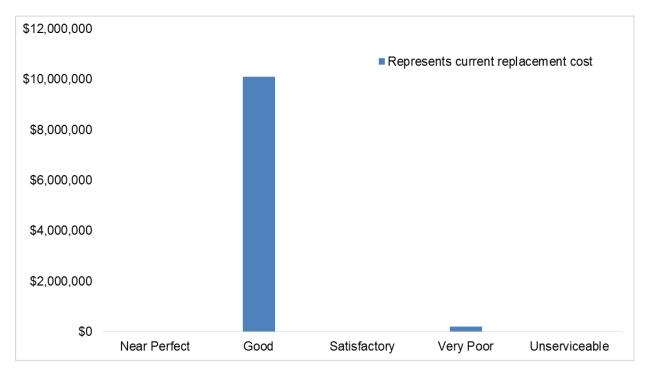
The provision of Aquatic Structures is important to the Port Stephens lifestyle and tourism industry. The model of providing regional and district level facilities that are located in areas with the correct attributes such as water depth, access to open ocean and tourist accommodation is appropriate and will be able to meet the needs for future growth. Transport for NSW's Better Boating Program provides a large proportion of the funding for boating infrastructure upgrades and the priorities for 2019 onwards will need to be identified in consultation with Transport NSW.

Cemeteries

Asset Holdings	 Nine cemeteries – five operational, four closed (no further burials) No building components. Other components/assets: four pergolas - foundations, footings with painted timber and lattice walls and iron roof; Brick columbarium walls; two terrazzo columbarium walls; one granite columbarium wall - foundations, footings; five sets concrete beams - foundations, footings, concrete beam for headstone installation; seven gardens - landscaped and numbered for ash installations;. two gardens - landscaped and numbered for planting of memorial trees; Irrigation systems, landscaping, fences, seats, signs. Cemeteries are: Land used for cemetery purposes; Land improvements (gardens, landscaping, turf, paths, and internal roads); Built assets on cemetery land (walls, gazebos, concrete beams, fencing); Cemetery infrastructure (memorialisation, headstones, sections, rows, plots). 				
Desired Level of Service Statement	One active cemetery for every 14,000 people and one niche wall for every 5,000 people.				
Available Data	Cond	dition inspection repo	rts, asset managem	nent plans/reports.	
Last Condition Survey	2016	3			
General	Con	dition Rating	% Assets	\$CRC	
Assessment of Condition	1	Near Perfect			
Condition	2	Good	33.34	Not oppligghts	
	3	Satisfactory	33.33	Not applicable	
	4	Very Poor	33.33		
	5	Unserviceable			
	5	Crisci viccubic			

Main Findings	 Majority of asset were in a good or satisfactory condition. Raymond Terrace Historic, Hinton Pioneer and Birubi Point cemeteries were found to be in a very poor condition. The cemeteries in very poor condition are historical cemeteries that have not been operational for some time. Continue with approvals process for the expansion of the Anna Bay Cemetery.
Future Actions	 Assessment of historic cemeteries to determine maintenance strategy to preserve ageing grave sites.

Figure 25: Condition Rating – Cemeteries



LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer expectations:

Customers expect the provision of adequate and appropriate places for interment, grieving and quiet remembrance. Providing open, accessible and operational cemeteries is a valued community service. Cemeteries are an important part of the community's social and cultural heritage and many of the sites are important places of local historical significance.

Council's 2014 Customer Satisfaction Survey showed an aggregated satisfaction score of 84.5% for operational cemeteries and 75.7% for historic cemeteries. This shows that the community is generally satisfied with the current number and level of service provided for cemeteries.

Legislative Requirements

The Council's cemeteries are required to be managed in accordance with the following legislation:

- Public Health Act 1991
- Public Health (Disposal of Bodies) Regulation 2002

- Heritage Act 1977
- Conversion of Cemeteries Act 1974
- Crown Lands Act 1989
- Local Government Act 1993
- Births Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 1995

Current Level of Service

Council has a total of nine cemeteries and 16 niche walls within its Public Reserve System. Five of the cemeteries are open for interment and four are historical and no longer available for burials. Cemeteries within Port Stephens comprise traditional burial land and niche walls which are especially designed walls where ashes are placed.

Historical cemeteries are popular conservation places for family tree and historical investigations. Seven cemeteries within the LGA are of local historical significance as gazetted in the Port Stephens Local Environmental Plan 2013. These cemeteries include Birubi Point Cemetery, Hinton Anglican Cemetery (Church of England Trustees), Hinton Pioneer Cemetery, Karuah Cemetery, Nelson Bay Cemetery, Raymond Terrace Pioneer Hill Cemetery and Seaham Cemetery.

While the majority of the public cemeteries are owned by Crown Lands (with the exception of Raymond Terrace Cemetery which is owned by Port Stephens Council), operations are managed by Council as the trustee.

Desired Level of Service

Council has a desired provision of one active cemetery for every 14,000 people and one niche wall for every 5,000 people.

Benchmarking

Benchmarking of provision in councils with similar attributes to Port Stephens has taken place as shown in the table below. The table below demonstrates that Port Stephens Council's current provision of cemetery burial plots and niche walls is favorable when assessed against similar councils within NSW.

Benchmarking - Cemeteries			
Council	Current Provision	Year	
Port Stephens Council	1 active cemetery per 14,000 people 1 niche wall for every 5,000 people	2013	
Cessnock City Council	1 active cemetery per 6,000 people 1 niche wall for every 4,000 people	2011	
Lake Macquarie City Council	1 active cemetery per 38,000 people 1 niche wall for every 8,500 people	2011	
Ballina Shire Council	1 active cemetery per 8,000 people	2011	
Great Lakes Council	1 active cemetery per 6,000 people	2011	

Using this provision as the benchmark, Council currently has a surplus of 0.9 niche walls and adequate cemeteries. As the population grows, the demand for cemetery plots and niche walls will increase which may result in a future shortage in supply.

Categories

There are three categories of cemeteries currently in Port Stephens: monumental (7), lawn (1) and niche walls (12). The tables below outline the minimum level of infrastructure required for each facility. The minimum standard of each facility forms the basis of what the community can expect when they utilise a facility.

Category Description - Cemeteries					
Category	Description	Factors	Facilities Provided	Examples	
Monumental	Traditional style of cemetery that has monuments that cover the entire grave.	Designated for the interment of human remains including burial and memorialization of the dead.	 Adjacent car parking Signage Fencing Managed open space 	 Nelson Bay Cemetery Karuah Cemetery Historical cemeteries 	
Lawn	Features grassed lawns with graves marked with recumbent type headstones or plaques and no monuments over the grave site.	 Designated for the interment of human remains including burial and memorialization of the dead. To ensure the look of the lawn cemetery remains consistent, trees, pot plants and fences are not allowed on or near graves. 	 Onsite car parking Signage Fencing Managed open space 	Anna Bay Cemetery	
Niche Walls	Specially designed walls where ashes are placed and covered with a memorial plaque with inscription.	 For cremation only. 	 Adjacent car parking Signage Fencing Managed open space 	 Carumbah Memorial Gardens Also located in other cemeteries 	

FUTURE DEMAND

Port Stephens Council's cemeteries range from quiet rural settings to more traditional urban surroundings. The cemeteries offer burial plots and niches in Columbarium Walls/Gardens.

The Council understands the importance of adequate and appropriate places for interment, grieving and quiet remembrance. Providing open, accessible and operational cemeteries is a valued community service.

The NSW Government passed new legislation in 2013, *Cemeteries and Crematoria Bill 2013* to regulate cemetery and crematorium operations across all sectors of the interment industry. Its primary purpose is to ensure there is sufficient land to meet current and future burial needs in NSW and that people continue to have equitable access to cemetery and crematoria services.

The Council aims to source alternative avenues of funding, such as grants and donations, when capital works are scheduled to ensure that cemetery fees are kept to a minimum. Current alternate sources of assistance include community volunteer groups who help with the maintenance and appearance of cemetery sites.

The population and percentage of aged persons in Port Stephens are increasing at a high rate. Council is home to an estimated 67,746 people in 2012 (ABS Data). The population continues to increase and is predicted to reach 87,900 people by the year 2036 (Source: Review of Department of Planning and Infrastructure Population Projections). The major growth is predicted to occur in the over 55 year age bracket and is attributed to the natural ageing of the existing population and the continuing influx of retirees from other areas in Australia.

Key Drivers

The population continues to increase with major growth predicted to occur in the over 55 year age bracket. With both an ageing and growing population, the cumulative impact will see a long term increase in demand on Council's current cemeteries.

One key factor the Council needs to consider is the changing nature of religious affiliation. In the 2011 ABS census, 22% of Australians stated that they had no religious affiliations. This is an increase of 6.8% from 2001 census data. As religious affiliations decline, there is a real possibility the demand for non-denominational interment options will increase.

An ABS report (2010) on South Australian burial and crematorium trends found that while the number of deaths is steadily increasing, cremations are increasing and the proportion of burials is decreasing. In 2010, burials equated to about 34% of South Australian interments. While a formal local study has not been conducted, this trend could impact the number of future traditional interments in Port Stephens.

The NSW Government has recently released the *Cemeteries and Crematoria Act 2013* and a new agency, Cemeteries and Crematoria NSW, has been developed to inform cemetery operations and make strategic decisions to ensure adequate and affordable interment options are available to the public. The new bill outlines interment rights and re-use of interment sites and the new agency has yet to release information on procedures and benchmarks.

Supply versus Standards

Based on benchmarked figures, it is recommended that Council provide one active cemetery per 14,000 people and one niche wall per 5,000 people as its benchmark. An active cemetery has an average of 3,500 burial plots.

Current Supply vs Provision Standard – Cemetery Plots							
	2012	2017	2022	2027	2032		
Projected Population	69,586	75,275	82,102	88,973	95,617		
Benchmark Demand	5.0	5.4	5.9	6.4	6.8		
Existing/Future Supply	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0		
Surplus/Shortage of cemeteries	0.0	-0.4	-0.9	-1.4	-1.8		

Current Supply versus Provision Standard: Cemetery Plot

Source: AEC Group Report, August 2013 "Review of Standards Guiding the Provision of Council's Community and Recreation Facilities"

Current Supply versus Provision Standards - Niche Wall

Current Supply vs Provision Standards - Niche Walls							
	2012	2017	2022	2027	2032		
Projected Population	69,586	75,275	82,102	88,973	95,617		
Benchmark Demand	13.9	15.1	16.4	17.8	19.1		
Existing/Future Supply	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0		
Surplus/Shortage of cemeteries	2.1	0.9	-0.4	-1.8	-3.1		

Source: AEC Group Report, January 2013

Future State

One of the major issues impacting on the management and operation of cemeteries throughout Australia is the potential shortage of burial space. Additionally, as cemeteries reach interment capacity, income from fees and charges is no longer obtained and there are no longer direct funds to be reinvested into the cemetery. This can affect the levels of maintenance and asset renewal. Both these issues are relevant to Council. Council will in future face the challenge of lack of interment sites and maintaining closed sites with lack of direct income. Already the closed historical cemeteries require repairs and will continue to deteriorate without actions of conservation. Conservation methods and funding will require investigation to ensure the heritage value of the area is retained.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

There have been no additional cemeteries acquired during the last year. Requisite documentation and approvals for the expansion of the Anna Bay Cemetery have been secured. This cemetery is nearing capacity. Council is in the approvals process for the expansion of this cemetery. Council is also seeking grant assistance to cover the associated project costs.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Asset maintenance is performed reactively. The building structures on the cemeteries all have 10 year life cycle costs.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Condition inspections are undertaken every two years and are used to assess the management of cemetery assets.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Proposed rehabilitation and renewals works are identified in condition rating reports which also inform the timing and implementation of the Cemeteries Management Program. Funded works are listed in the Capital Works Program

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

There are no plans for disposal, and consolidation is not relevant.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

Cemeteries are insured under Council's public liability insurance policy. Risk is managed through a detailed biannual condition inspection by staff. Contractors also undertake

inspections when carrying out maintenance on any site, with an agreement to identify issues that may present a risk.

Risk Controls - Cemeteries						
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk				
There is a risk that monuments may not be constructed to Councils specifications leading to potential hazard to users.	 Ensure only Council approved stonemasons complete monumental works in the cemeteries. Provide monument specification to all contractors on an annual basis. 	Low				

Financial/Budget Summary

Capital

Proposed future capital works are based on findings through biannual condition inspections with future programmed works formulated from the condition inspections.

Recurrent

Funding for reactive and programmed maintenance is allocated in the Public Domain and Services section of Council and works are prioritised on Council's risk matrix. The reactive and programmed maintenance works are done through Council asset inspections and the customer request system.

Operational

The average operational expenditure budget over the last five years has been approximately \$145,000 per annum.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

New systems are being developed to improve data on asset management including a greater emphasis on proactive data collection, works and future financial forecasts.

Summary

The provision of active cemeteries and niche walls is a valued service for the people of Port Stephens. The proposed expansion of Anna Bay Cemetery will allow for needs in the foreseeable future.

Libraries

Asset Holdings	lou Bu • • • • • Ot	 Two branch libraries (Raymond Terrace and Tomaree) and two library lounges (Tilligerry and Mobile Library). Building components: Substructure – foundations, footings, sub soil works; Superstructure – floors, roof, external walls, windows, internal and external doors; Finishes – to walls, floors, ceilings; Fittings – internal walls, fitments; Services – plumbing, electrical; Site works – sewer and water supply. Other components/assets: Mobile library vehicle 				
Desired Level of Service Statement		uncil has a desired p ople and one library		nch library for every 20,000 000 people.		
Available Data				spection reports, asset arning Libraries Standards.		
Last Condition Survey	20	17.				
General	Co	ndition Rating	% Assets	\$CRC		
Assessment of Condition	1	Near Perfect				
	2	Good	66.66	\$10,102,637,000		
	3	Satisfactory				
	4	Very Poor	33.34	\$195,572		
	5	Unserviceable				
		Total	100.00	\$10,298,209		
Main Findings	•	 The Tilligerry Library was found to be in a very poor condition due to the age of the building, general wear and tear and a high level of asbestos found within the fabric of the building. 				
Future Actions	•	-		f new library service in Medowie.		



Figure 26: Condition Rating - Libraries

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Expectations:

An annual Customer Satisfaction Survey, the Council CRM system, customer comment forms, and direct consultation and feedback are used to determine community expectations for quality, cost of services and specific service levels. Other methods include information gathering, use of the NSW Living Learning Libraries Standards, benchmarking and market research on comparable Library facilities and services.

Council's 2018 Customer Satisfaction Survey showed an aggregated satisfaction score of 99.15% for libraries. This shows that the community is generally satisfied with the current numbers and levels of service provided by libraries.

Legislative Requirements

Efforts are made to continually maintain assets according to the relevant legislative requirements and to balance this against the available budget provisions.

Key Legislation, Acts, Standards, Guidelines and Regulations include:

- NSW Local Government Act 1993
- NSW Library Act 1939
- NSW Library Regulation 2010
- Building Codes and Standards
- People Places: A Guide for Public Library Buildings in New South Wales, Library Council of NSW 2005
- Living Learning Libraries: Standards and guidelines for NSW Public Libraries, Library Council of NSW 2014

- Beyond a Quality Service: Strengthening the Social Fabric. Standards and Guidelines for Australian Public Libraries, Australian Library and Information Association, Second Edition 2012
- WHS Legislation, Standards and Regulations

Current Level of Service:

The current provision of libraries in Port Stephens is generally appropriate. Port Stephens Council's library network comprises of two branch libraries (Raymond Terrace which services the western area of the LGA and Tomaree which services the eastern area of the LGA) and two library lounges (Mobile Library which visits 15 locations throughout the LGA and Tilligerry Library which is a volunteer run community library).

Port Stephens currently forms part of a Regional Library Group, which consists of four partnering councils – Newcastle, Dungog, Gloucester and Port Stephens. Membership of this co-operative is based on a supportive relationship between the participating councils who believe that this delivery model provides a benefit to the community that is far greater than that which delivering services alone could achieve.

Desired Level of Service:

Council has a desired provision of one branch library for every 20,000 people and one library lounge for every 10,000 people.

The recommended standards of provision for branch libraries and library lounges are not considered to be independent. For example, a region with three branch libraries and two library lounges would be considered to have sufficient provision for a population of 80,000 [(2 x 30,000) + (2 x 10,000)] rather than requiring four branch libraries as well as eight library lounges. As such, a mix of branch libraries and library lounges considered appropriate for servicing the population.

Standards

Benchmarking of provision in councils with similar attributes to Port Stephens has taken place in the table below. Port Stephens currently has a total of two branch libraries and two library lounges. The benchmark was selected taking into account the dispersed settlement pattern and public transport options. Benchmarking standards are shown in the table below:

Benchmarking - Libraries						
Council	Year					
Branch Library						
Port Stephens Council	One branch library for every 30,000 people	2014				
Lake Macquarie City Council	One branch library for every 20,000 – 35,000 people	2011				
Southeast Queensland (Department of Infrastructure)	One branch library for every 30,000 – 150,000 people	2007				
Shire of Augusta Margaret River (WA)	One branch library for every 12,000 people	2008				
Library Lounge						
Port Stephens Council	1 library lounge for every 10,000 people	2014				
Lake Macquarie City Council	One library lounge for every 10,000 people	2011				

Benchmarking - Libraries							
Council	Provision	Year					
Southeast Queensland (Department of Infrastructure)	One library lounge for every 15,000 – 30,000 people	2007					
Shire of Augusta Margaret River (WA)	One library lounge for every 7,000 people	2008					

FUTURE DEMAND

Public libraries support the information, education, cultural and recreational needs of local communities. The branches provide a focal point for community activity. They are welcoming spaces, offering opportunities for social interaction and connection. A diverse range of programs to inform, educate and entertain is available, encouraging community participation and creativity. Equitable, unbiased access to information, leisure and technology resources are provided, facilitating independent decision-making, lifelong learning and information literacy.

Key Drivers

Population growth and new development will place additional pressure on library services. Remote populations will continue to be a characteristic of the LGA, which, combined with the ageing of the population will require alternative forms of delivery including mobile and special needs services. This could include the expansion of housebound services and services to residents of aged care and nursing homes, and the provision of electronic services.

Supply versus Standards

Using the provision of one branch library for every 20,000 people and one library lounge for every 10,000 people there will eventually be a shortfall in 2022. Until that time the benchmark indicates there is a surplus; however, the high capital cost and amount of planning involved in the construction of a new library facility means that planning should begin for the construction of new facilities in the medium term to ensure Council continues to meet its provision standards.

Current Supply vs Provision Standard - Libraries							
	2012	2017	2022	2027	2032		
Projected Population	69,586	75,275	82,102	88,973	95,617		
Benchmark Demand	2.0/1.0	2.0/1.5	2.0/2.2	2.0/2.9	2.0/3.6		
Existing Supply	2.0/2.0	2.0/2.0	2.0/2.0	2.0/2.0	2.0/2.0		
Surplus/Shortage	0.0/1.0	0.0/0.5	0.0/-0.2	0.0/-0.9	0.0/-1.6		

Current Supply versus Provision Standard

Future State

Annual Library Customer Satisfaction Surveys and Annual Council Customer Surveys continue to show that the community places a high value on library services. The library is seen as providing an essential service, a safe and neutral space in the community and libraries are viewed as central community hubs. Comments also stress the importance of the library as playing a key role in the development of informed, learning and empowered communities; providing access to education; and access to information and recreation opportunities. The value of the library in bringing people together, particularly through outreach activities was also highlighted. It is widely acknowledged within the library industry that public libraries throughout the western world face similar challenges: tight budgets; rapid technological change; ageing populations; shortage of qualified staff; and increasingly expensive collection and building maintenance. All this, coupled with high community demand means doing more with less. The challenge for Port Stephens Library Service will be to continue operating an efficient and effective service that is highly valued by the community, within existing resources, and while trying to meet at least the baseline minimum target as set out in the National Public Library Standards.

In order to remain current and relevant, reflecting the requirements and aspirations of our community, Port Stephens Library must continue to:

- Provide a cultural hub and focal point for the community;
- Be functional and multipurpose, accommodating a range of activities and uses;
- Enable access to the latest in technology in a user-friendly manner;
- Attract a wide range of users providing areas for relaxation, research, leisure and learning;
- Remain efficient and effective in the delivery of services;
- Maintain and further develop the co-operative approach between all stakeholders to ensure that the changing needs of the community are met.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

Demographic analysis indicates that a service point should be provided in Medowie within the next 10 years, preferably in close proximity or in co-location with the existing Community Centre. The community lounge room model would provide the most suitable form of delivery, whereby services are provided on a 'just in time' rather than 'just in case' basis, with a strong focus on social interaction and access to technology.

The other major issue to be addressed is the future of the Mobile Library. Due to the expansive nature of the LGA there is a need to retain a Mobile Library service; however the delivery model may need to be adapted, with an increased focus on meeting special needs in the community. These include services for the aged, persons with a disability, residents of aged care and retirement homes as well as residents in remote areas in the LGA. The Mobile Library will be due for replacement in 2020. At that time Council will investigate the replacement of the semi-trailer with two smaller fixed cabin vehicles to facilitate delivery to special needs, aged and remote customers.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

A programmed maintenance schedule is in place for Council's assets. When a fault or breakdown occurs with an asset, reactive maintenance is performed, to allow the asset to perform its intended function. The building structures, fixed plant and equipment all have 10 year lifecycle costs.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Condition inspections are undertaken every two years and are used to assess the management of Library assets. The assessment informs what is required for the assets to be managed in the most cost effective and sustainable manner.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Proposed rehabilitation and renewals works are identified in condition rating reports which also inform the timing and implementation of the Libraries Management Program.

Mobile Library

The Mobile Library was replaced in 2009 and continues to provide an outreach service to residents in 15 remote locations across the Port Stephens LGA. The delivery model has been adapted within the past three years with an increased focus on meeting special needs in the community. These include services for the aged, persons with a disability, residents of aged care and retirement homes. The existing Mobile Library has an estimated lifespan of approximately 12 years and is expected to be retained for this period without major capital replacement.

An outreach delivery van was acquired in December 2010 to provide access to places that the existing articulated vehicle cannot navigate. The delivery van facilitates delivery to special needs clients, and residents of aged care and retirement homes as well as residents of rural and remote areas in the LGA.

Note: Both the Mobile Library and Outreach Delivery van form part of Council's Fleet Assets.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

This is no plan to consolidate or dispose of these assets in this section. The mobile library while a library service is managed through fleet assets.

Risk Plan

The Library's buildings are insured under Council's public liability insurance policy. Risk is managed through a detailed inspection of all aspects of the buildings undertaken annually by staff.

Risk Controls - Libraries							
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk					
There is a risk that components of the building do not meet the current Building Code for mandatory requirements – fire safety, height safety equipment, electrical systems, switchboard rooms, etc.	 Identify the gaps to bring the buildings up to standard. Cost the works. Prioritise works based on risk. 	High					
There is a risk that Tomaree Library will experience air conditioning failures leading to increased operational costs and reputation damage due to ageing air conditioning plant.	 Programmed replacement in the Works Program 2017-2027. Programmed maintenance schedule. 	Medium					
There is a risk that material containing asbestos may be present in Tilligerry Library that could lead to potential exposure by users.	 Monitor the condition of the building for the presence of material containing asbestos. Educate users, volunteers and workers about the presence and management of material containing asbestos in buildings. Develop site-specific management plans. 	Medium					

Financial/Budget Summary

Capital

The most recent capital works include the new Raymond Terrace library which was constructed in 2013 and the Tomaree Library and Community Centre received a lighting retrofit and solar photovoltaic system in 2015 and internal painting in 2017.

• Recurrent/Operational

Funding for reactive and programmed maintenance is allocated in the Public Domain and Services section of Council and works are prioritised on Council's risk matrix. The reactive and programmed maintenance works are programmed through Council asset inspections and the customer request system.

The average recurrent expenditure budget over the last five years has been approximately \$60,000 per annum. Some years have sustained higher expenditures when urgent reactive repairs were required beyond the allowable budget.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

New systems are being developed to improve data on asset management including a greater emphasis on proactive data collection, works and future financial forecast.

Summary

The current model of strategically placed branch libraries at the east and west of the LGA, supported by the mobile library, Tilligerry community library and membership of the Regional Library Group is robust and will be able to meet the needs for future growth. Due to the spatial spread of population and growth in particular areas, the suburb of Medowie will be in need of a facility such as a library lounge by 2022.

Library Collection

Asset Holdings	96	96,684 collection items – including book stock and other Library resources.				
Available Data	•	Standards 2015, Library Collection Development Policy and collection data held in the 'Symphony' Library Management system.				
Last Condition Survey	Nc	A stocktake of the Port Stephens Library collection was undertaken in November 2016 and an assessment against the NSW Living Learning Library Standards and Guidelines in 2015/2016.				
General	Co	ondition Rating	% Assets	\$CRC		
Assessment of Condition	1	Near Perfect	18.5	\$374,374		
	2	Good	28.2	\$492,631		
	3	Satisfactory	25.0	\$597,317		
	4	Very Poor	9.9	\$254,889		
	5	Unserviceable	18.0	\$451,316		
	Total 100.00 \$2,170,529					
Main Findings	sa ag be ex all	The existing Library Collection totals 96,684 items of which 71.7% are in satisfactory to near perfect condition. However, a 2015/2016 assessment against the Library Standards indicates that Port Stephens Library falls well below the Baseline Standard in four of the six collection categories. While existing items are presently in good condition, an annual capital budget allocation is required to ensure the ongoing quality, relevance and sustainability of the collection.				



Figure 27: Condition Rating – Library Collection

LEVELS OF SERVICE

Customer Research and Expectations:

The Library uses numerous methods to determine community expectations in regard to its collection including – the Collection Development Policy, annual customer satisfaction survey, customer purchase recommendations, the electronic library management system and direct consultation and feedback. Other methods include the use of the NSW Living Learning Libraries Standards and Guidelines, 'Beyond a Quality Service: Strengthening the Social Fabric, Standards and Guidelines for Australian Public Libraries, 2011 (ALIA) and benchmarking against comparable Library collections.

As a primary tool, the Collection Development Policy outlines the procedures, rationale and processes in relation to the selection, development and management of the Port Stephens Library Collection. The document is reviewed every two years, as customer needs change, as the collection develops and as new technologies and formats evolve.

The objectives of the policy are to facilitate better planning, to communicate collection development processes both internally and externally, to define priorities for collecting areas and to provide a management tool for Library staff.

Current Level of Service:

Level of service relates to the Library Collection and the condition in which it is maintained. Library Services seek to provide the community with a balanced Library Collection, while responding to a broad range of customer needs. In developing its Collection, the Library complies with the *NSW Library Act 1939* and the *Local Government Act 1993*.

The Collection is evaluated on an ongoing basis and branch librarians monitor the condition, relevance and coverage of library stock. The Library undertakes an ongoing de-selection

program to ensure that the Collection is up-to-date, reflects the changing needs of the community, is adequately housed and in good condition.

Desired Level of Service:

The desired level of service is to provide a range of Library services, including an adequate collection that meets the minimum outlined in the NSW Living Learning Libraries: Standards and Guidelines for NSW Public Libraries.

Living Learning Libraries provides information that enables councils and public libraries to compare current performance within a meaningful framework and to ascertain whether Library services are capable of meeting the needs of their communities. In order to achieve this it is necessary to examine the gap between the current level of service delivery and desired level of service delivery, and availability of funding.

Standards and Legislative Requirements:

Efforts are made to continually maintain the Library collection according to the relevant legislative requirements and to balance this against available budget provisions.

Key Legislation, Acts, Standards, Guidelines and Regulations include:

- NSW Local Government Act 1993
- NSW Library Act 1939
- NSW Library Regulation 2010
- Living Learning Libraries: Standards and Guidelines for NSW Public Libraries, Library Council of NSW 2015
- 'Beyond a Quality Service: Strengthening the Social Fabric. Standards and Guidelines for Australian Public Libraries, 2011. Australian Library and Information Association
- People Places: A Guide for Public Library Buildings in New South Wales, Library Council of NSW 3rd edition 2012.

FUTURE DEMAND

Demand Forecast:

The key drivers influencing demand for the Library Collection are:

- population growth;
- residential development;
- demographic changes;
- market demand for libraries and community passive indoor/office space;
- government policy and legislative changes; and
- technological change and development.

The key areas of population growth, residential development and demographic changes will influence the demand for library services into the future. Library services will continue to conduct customer satisfaction surveys to assess changes in utilisation of assets and customer expectations.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

The total number of Collection items across all library branches is 99,264. This can be broken into individual branch collections of:

• Mobile Library – 26,726;

- Raymond Terrace Library 36,973;
- Tomaree Library 35,565

Stock from all three Library branches forms the Tilligerry Community Library Collection and is rotated between libraries on a bi-monthly basis.

The Libraries Acquisition plan forms part of the existing Collection Development policy, which outlines the process for selection and de-selection of stock. As a member of Newcastle Region Library, Port Stephens has access to consortium arrangements with various publishers that enable participation in group discounts of up to 30%.

Continued acquisition and improvement of the Collection relies heavily on participation in the Cooperative Library Agreement with Newcastle Region Library and the ongoing availability of a capital budget to facilitate Collection expansion.

Library Services has kept pace with technological advances, in particular the expansion of Radio Frequency Identification (RFID), which as a result of \$112,050 in Library Infrastructure Grant Funding. This was installed at Raymond Terrace and Tomaree Library in early 2017.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Collection assessment, stocktaking and de-selection form the operations and maintenance plan for the Library Collection. These processes ensure the Collection is accessible and relevant. They certify that the Library catalogue reflects the actual 'on shelf' collection. An accurate stocktake ensures that items are labelled correctly and housed in the appropriate Collection, which assists accessibility. Undertaking a stocktake at least once every three years allows staff to check each item and rate its current condition.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

A condition assessment and collection stocktake was undertaken in November 2016 in order to appraise the collection regarding number of items, quality and condition. The assessment gives support to what is required for the collection to be managed in the most cost effective and sustainable manner.

In addition, as a member of the Regional Cooperative, Council can request stock reports from the Information Technology Librarian at Newcastle Region Library, which provides relevant and up-to-date information on the total number of Collection items, age of items, total number of loans and other data as required. This information helps to assess the condition and standard of the Collection and provides an indication of usage, which assists in the selection and deselection process.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

The ABS average price of books is cited in *Enriching communities: The value of public libraries in New South Wales, 2008* as \$25.00.

Rehabilitation, renewal and replacement of stock at the exiting level require the on-going allocation of a capital budget. An injection of additional funds would result in the move towards reaching the Baseline Standard, but the ability to do so is also dependent on having adequate space to house a collection.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

Last copies of material still in good physical condition are offered to other libraries within the Region. Other materials are offered for sale by Port Stephens Library branches via the second-hand book sale table or at the annual Library book sale held by Newcastle Region Library. Those materials in poor condition are recycled.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

Council has an adequate Business Recovery plan in place to address disaster recovery.

Financial/Budget Summary

Capital:

Port Stephens Library Services has spent an average of \$246,000 per annum over the past five years on the acquisition of resources for the libraries. At this stage, we project a minor growth (approximately 3%) per annum for the next 10 years. There may be changes to this if the libraries are able to access specific external grants that would add to the resources budget.

Recurrent:

Nil

• Operational:

Nil

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

As part of the Service Review process in 2018, Council undertook community research to assess the level of need and expectation in relation to existing Library assets including the Collection. In addition, Collection assessment, stocktaking and de-selection will continue in line with the Collection Development policy.

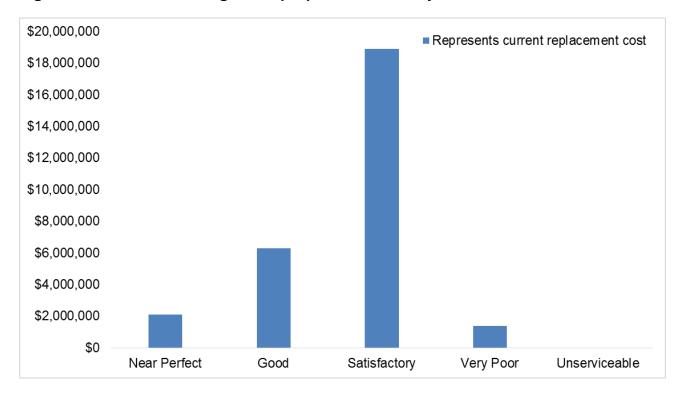
The gap between the current and desired Collection was identified by assessment against the NSW Public Library Standards. An ongoing capital budget allocation would result in continued alignment with the enhanced and exemplary categories.

Multipurpose Community Facilities

Asset Holdings		Iltipurpose Communi y functionality. These	•	ave been grou	ped according to their current			
	•	 23 Multipurpose Community Facilities 18 Single Use Community Buildings (includes Amphitheatre Men's Sheds, Cruise Terminal and childcare facilities) 						
	 Building components: Substructure – foundations, footings, sub soil works; Superstructure – columns, floors, stairs, roof, external walls, windows, external doors; Finishes – to walls, floors, ceilings; Fittings – internal walls, screens, doors, fitments; Services – plumbing, mechanical, fire, electrical, transportation; Site works – sewer and stormwater drainage, water supply. Other components/assets: Playground equipment, shade structures, car parking, landscaping. 							
Desired Level of Service Statement	Or	ne multipurpose comi	munity facility	for every 5,000) people.			
Available Data		ir Value as at 30 201 ans/reports.	3, condition ir	spection repo	rts, asset management			
Last Condition Survey	20	16.						
	Co	ondition Rating	No. of Assets	% Assets	\$CRC			
	1	Near Perfect	3	7.32	\$2,098,751			
	2	Good	9	21.95	\$6,293,386			
	3	Satisfactory	27	65.85	\$18,880,160			
	4	Very Poor	2	4.88	\$1,399,169			
	5	Unserviceable	0					
		Total		100.00	\$28,671,446			
Main Findings	 The majority of facilities are in satisfactory or good condition. Bobs Farm Community Hall and Raymond Terrace Early Family Education Centre were the only facilities deemed to be in very poor condition. 							

Future Actions	Short term – Upgrades to occur at Tanilba Foreshore Hall, Birubi Community Hall Nelson Bay Community Hall, Williamtown Hall, Raymond Terrace Before and After School Care, Mallabula Hall and Hinton School of Arts. Total: \$206,000
	• Short term – Construct the Medowie Community and Recreation Facility.
	• Short term – Complete a strategic assessment of Council's multipurpose community facilities to determine the long term viability of the facilities in the current locations.
	Long term – Remove the Birubi Community Hall and consolidate into the Anna Bay Recreation Area development
	 Medium term – Upgrades to occur at Karuah Centre, Karuah Hall, Lemon Tree Passage Old School Centre, Medowie Community Centre, Seaham School of Arts, Tanilba Bay Senior Citizens Hall, Medowie Before and After School Care and Grahamstown Aquatic Centre.

Figure 28: Condition Rating - Multipurpose Community Facilities



LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Research and Expectations

Residents and users groups expect clean, presentable facilities that are in convenient locations. Council's 2014 Customer Satisfaction Survey showed an aggregated satisfaction score of 97.3% for community halls. This shows that the community is generally satisfied with the current number and level of service provided for community halls.

Legislative Requirements

The Council's multipurpose community facilities are required to be designed in accordance with the following:

- Local Government Act 1993.
- Australian Standards.
- Building Code of Australia and Australian Standards relevant to all aspects of building and construction. Specifications are provided where substantial works are being undertaken and are site specific.
- Council Charter Section 8 of the *Local Government Act 1993*.

Current Level of Service

Current levels of service across the LGA equate to 23 halls/centres. The majority of the centres are in a satisfactory working condition. Community volunteers belong to Council's 355c committees and manage the day-to-day operations such as bookings and fees, requests and cleaning.

All centres charge different hiring fees and are available for public use at various days/times according to each individual centre's capacity and amenity.

The greatest impact on the level of service over the next 12 months will be the actions required if the presence of materials containing asbestos or residual asbestos is found in the halls, and the upgrades required on electrical components.

Desired Level of Service:

Council currently aims to provide one multipurpose community facility for every 5,000 people.

Provision

Benchmarking of provision in councils with similar attributes to Port Stephens has taken place and is shown in the table below.

Benchmarking - Multipurpose Community Facilities

Benchmarking - Multipurpose Community Facilities						
Council	Provision	Year				
Port Stephens Council	One multipurpose community facility for every 5,000 people	2013				
Lake Macquarie City Council	One community multipurpose centre for every 5,500 people	2011				
Clarence Valley Council	One local community centre/multi- purpose hall for every 6,000 people	2009				
Tweed Shire Council	One local community meeting room/multi-purpose hall boat ramp for every 6,000 people	2007				
Tweed Shire Council	One small multi-purpose centre for every 3,500 - 10,000 people	2009				

Based on the above benchmarking, a standard of one multipurpose community facility for every 5,000 people is considered appropriate for Port Stephens Council. <u>Hierarchy</u>

Facility provision across Port Stephens is based on a hierarchical model. This model is for multipurpose community facilities and is designed to service different catchment levels of population based on the type of the community building and level of service provision. The hierarchy of facilities includes:

District

These are larger community facilities offering a wide range of programs and services. They may be co-located with other urban centre functions. For example, a district multipurpose community centre (500-600m2), children's centre, vacation care, before and after school care, youth centre, senior citizens centre and community art/cultural centre. Examples include Raymond Terrace Community Care Centre, Medowie Community Centre and the newly constructed Fern Bay Multi-purpose Community Hall.

Local

These are small community facilities that generally cater to residents living in the immediate area or nearby suburbs. For example, a local multipurpose community centre (300-400m2), community hall, children's centre and youth centre. Examples include Corlette Hall and Salt Ash Community Hall.

See attached maps for distribution of facilities.

FUTURE DEMAND

Council currently provides a network of 23 multipurpose community facilities and 18 single use community buildings throughout the LGA for the benefit of the community. Community facilities make a fundamental contribution to our communities in the following key areas:

- They provide a space for groups to interact which supports the building of community connections, participation and ownership;
- They provide suitable spaces to deliver services, programs and activities to meet the social needs of the community and build community capacity. This includes a range of educational, lifelong learning, recreational, leisure, cultural, skills development and social activities and programs for residents of all ages and backgrounds.

The category of community buildings includes community halls, community centres, youth centres, senior citizen centres, child care centres, Men Sheds, cruise terminal and scout and guide halls.

Key Drivers

Community facilities are provided to benefit the community and contribute to residents' quality of life and wellbeing. Council often assumes a facilitator role in creating partnerships with government and non-government agencies and community organisations to:

- Target local needs: Facilities will address the social needs and interests of the surrounding community and desired social outcomes by offering a range of relevant programs, services and activities;
- Build community cohesion: Programs, activities and events will be designed to encourage social interaction between and involvement of different people and groups in the community to generate social capital;
- Creation of community hubs: Facilities can be co-located to provide a focal point for community. This can be through a connection to other community facilities such as

schools, shopping centres, recreation and sporting facilities. This enhances accessibility and connectivity of uses and provides a destination and one-stop-shop approach for users.

Supply versus Standards

Using the provision of one multipurpose community facility for every 5,000 people there will continue to be a surplus in 2032. There are already plans in place for the construction of a new multipurpose community facility in Medowie which will further increase this surplus. With this in mind Council has commenced a strategic assessment of Council's multipurpose community facilities to determine the long term viability of the facilities in the current locations.

Current Supply versus Provision Standard

Current Supply vs Provision Standard - Multipurpose Community Facilities						
	2012	2017	2022	2027	2032	
Projected Population	69,586	75,275	82,102	88,973	95,617	
Benchmark Demand	13.9	15.1	16.4	17.8	19.1	
Existing Supply	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	
Surplus/Shortage of Community Buildings	9.1	7.9	6.6	5.2	3.9	

Future State

NSW Department of Planning's revised figures have the LGA's population size increasing to approximately 95,617 persons by the year 2032. The most populous age group will be 60 years and over, a change from 2006 when it was 10 - 14 years. This change may result in greater utilisation of the halls to hold activities traditionally associated with this age group.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

There is one new multipurpose community facility currently being planned, the Medowie Community and Recreation Facility, which will increase the provision of facilities in the Medowie area.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Asset maintenance is performed reactively. The building structures, fixed plant and equipment all have 10 year life cycle costs.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Condition inspections are undertaken every two years and are used to assess the management of assets. Data on utilisation of the centres by user groups is gathered to determine usage rates.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Proposed rehabilitation and renewals works are identified in condition rating reports which also inform the timing and implementation of the Multipurpose Community Facilities Management Program.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

Multipurpose community facilities that are deemed as excess to the standards and demand will be treated as surplus property. At present there are no plans to dispose of any of these assets.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

Community halls/centres are insured under Council's public liability insurance policy. Risk is managed through a detailed inspection of all aspects of the buildings and is undertaken annually by staff and management committees. Inspections are also undertaken by trades' staff when carrying out maintenance on any site, with an agreement to identify any issues that may present a risk.

Risk Controls - Multipurpose Community Facilities					
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk			
There is a risk that components of the building do not meet the current Building Code for mandatory requirements – fire safety, electrical systems, switchboard rooms, etc.	 Identify the gaps to bring the buildings up to standard. Cost the works. Prioritise works based on risk. 	High			
There is a risk that a building does not comply with working at heights systems such as anchor points and walkways, leading to injury to workers while undertaking work at heights.	 Install working at heights systems on buildings that require known frequent working at heights for the purpose of accessing utilities such as AC units, box gutters, etc. Create a program to install and fund working at heights systems on these buildings. For all other buildings and buildings without anchor points, utilise the works practice risk assessments before and during the works. Undertake annual certification of installed anchor points. 	Medium			
There is a risk that material containing asbestos is present in the buildings leading to potential exposure of users.	 Document the buildings with potential material containing asbestos. Test these buildings for asbestos containing material and residual asbestos. Remove or isolate the asbestos containing material. Monitor the condition of the building for the presence of material containing asbestos. Educate hall users and workers about the presence and management of material containing asbestos in buildings. Develop site-specific management plans. 	Medium			

Financial/Budget Summary

Capital

The most recent capital works include the construction of the new Raymond Terrace Men's Shed and Fern Bay Multi-purpose Community Hall. Proposed future capital works have been identified in the Multipurpose Community Facilities Management Program. The next facility for construction will be the Medowie Multi-purpose Community Facility.

Recurrent

Funding for reactive and programmed maintenance is allocated in the Public Domain and Services section of Council and works are prioritised based on Council's risk matrix. The reactive and programmed maintenance works are implemented through Council's asset inspections and the customer request system.

The average recurrent expenditure budget over the last five years has been approximately \$80,000 per annum. Some years have sustained higher expenditures when urgent reactive repairs were required beyond the allowable budget.

Operational

The average operational expenditure budget over the last five years has been approximately \$190,000 per annum to pay for usage charges such as water and electricity.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

New systems are being developed to improve data on asset management including a greater emphasis on proactive data collection, works and future financial forecast.

Summary

The standards clearly indicate that there is a surplus of facilities as far as numbers goes to meet the current and future demand. To ensure Council is providing suitably located and maintained facilities for the future, a strategic assessment of Council's multipurpose community facilities to determine the long term viability of the facilities in the current locations is being undertaken.

Parks and Reserves

Asset Holdings	Parks x 81 (107.1 hectares), Foreshores x 86 (200.4 hectares), Bushland x 79 (329.8 hectares), Wetlands x 21 (3.4 hectares), Watercourse x 21 (298.1 hectares), Cultural Significance x 10 (27.8 hectares) General Community Use x 133 (94.7 hectares).			
Desired Level of Service Statement	Council has a desired provision of 2.5 hectares of parks and reserves for every 1,000 people.			
Available Data		aft Recreation Strategy, pection reports, asset n		nance Specification, condition ports.
Last Condition Survey	20	15		
General	Co	ondition Rating	% Assets	\$CRC
Assessment of Condition	1	Near Perfect	0	\$0
	2	Good	58.21	\$1,730,555
	3	Satisfactory	39.29	\$1,168,072
	4	Very Poor	2.5	\$74,325
	5	Unserviceable	0	\$0
		Total	100	\$2,972,952
Main Findings	•			
Future Actions (incl 2018-2019)	•	 poor condition. Short Term – Fingal Bay Foreshore solar lighting, Tanilba Bay Boardwalk rehabilitation, Lancaster Park vehicle barriers, Pirralea Gardens boardwalk and Riverside Park rotunda painting. Total: \$245,000. Short Term – Adoption of the Draft Recreation Strategy (previously known as the Open Space Strategy) and development of Landscape Master Plans for Henderson Park, Neil Carroll Park, Roy Wood Reserve, Bob Cairns Reserve and Longworth Park. Medium Term – Henderson Park BBQ replacements, Shoal Bay Foreshore furniture replacements, Fingal Bay Foreshore Irrigation, Longworth Park BBQ replacements, Conroy Park barbeque replacements, Nelson Bay Foreshore furniture replacements, Reserve furniture replacements and Lemon Tree Passage Boardwalk upgrades. Total: \$570,000. 		

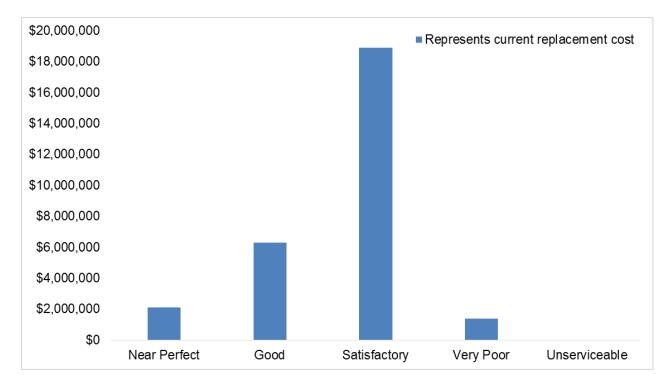


Figure 29: Condition Rating - Parks and Reserves

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Expectations:

2018 Council's Customer Satisfaction Surveys show an aggregated satisfaction score of 91.69% for parks and gardens. This shows that the community is generally satisfied with the current number and level of service provided for parks, gardens and other open spaces and reserves.

Legislative Requirements

The Council's parks and reserves are required to be designed in accordance with the following:

- Section 8 (Council Charter) Local Government Act 1993;
- Legislation, Regulations, Environmental Standards and Industry and Australian Standards that impact on the way assets are managed;
- Design Standards and Codes of Practice;
- Australian Design Standards also provide the minimum design parameters for infrastructure delivery.

Current Level of Service

Current Levels of Service Parks and Reserves						
Planning District	Population (2012)	Total Hectares	Proportion of the total open space area	Provision (hectares) per 1,000 residents		
1. Raymond Terrace	14,212	240.784	18%	16.94		
2. Rural West	5,532	61.222	4.5%	11.13		
3. Medowie	9,414	60.495	4.5%	6.43		
4. Tilligerry Peninsula	6,669	173.252	13%	26.25		
5. Tomaree	27,190	717.297	55%	26.46		
6. Rural East	2,248	46.770	3.5%	21.25		
7. Fern Bay	2,652	0.941	0.5%	0.36		
8. Karuah/Swan Bay	1,668	12.559	1%	7.85		

Desired Level of Service

Council has a desired provision of 2.5 hectares of parks and reserves for every 1,000 people.

Benchmarking

Benchmarking of provision in councils with similar attributes to Port Stephens has taken place. Port Stephens currently has a total of 1061.3 hectares of parks and reserves. Benchmarking standards are shown below.

Benchmarking – Parks and Reserves					
Council	Provision	Year			
Port Stephens Council	2.5 hectares for every 1,000 people	2015			
Greater Taree City Council	1.03 hectares for every 1,000 people	2011			
Wagga Wagga City Council	2.5 hectares for every 1,000 people	2005			

<u>Hierarchy</u>

Local Parks

Local parks are typically up to 0.3 hectares in size. These are generally more intimate spaces, intended for small groups of people. Ideally local parks are located within easy, safe walking distance from home and are typically able to support at least one to two activities such as playground use, rest and relaxation and socialising. Examples include Bettles Park, Edstein Park and Iluka Close Reserve.

District Parks

District parks cover an area of between a minimum of 0.3 up to 1 hectare. Depending on size, district parks can support a greater variety of functions and even a range of facilities to meet their different needs. This means larger groups may be able to gather for an extended period of time. These parks should also be within walking distance from home for the majority of the local community. Examples include Fly Point Park, Wattle Street Park and Fern Bay Reserve.

Regional Parks

A regional park attracts visitors from the wider community of the LGA, providing facilities that are of a broader scale than those of a local or district park. In size, these areas are a minimum of 1 hectare. Examples of regional parks include Boomerang Park, Nelson Bay Foreshore and Neil Carroll Park.

FUTURE DEMAND

Council is committed to the provision of quality leisure and recreation opportunities, and recognises the value of accessibility and participation to enhance the quality of life for the individual and the community.

Key Drivers

Parks and reserves contribute to the wider environment in many ways, including:

- Defining the local landscape character and identity;
- Enhancing the physical character of an area, shaping existing and future development and infrastructure;
- Supporting habitats and local wildlife;
- Promoting and protecting biodiversity and habitat creation;
- Helping to achieve a softer interface between urban and rural environments;
- Providing places for children and young people's play and recreation;
- Providing cultural, social, recreational, sporting and community facilities;
- Mitigating climate change and flood risk;
- Promoting and improving links between open spaces;
- Boosting the economic potential of tourism, leisure and cultural activities;
- Protecting and promoting the understanding of historical, cultural and archaeological value of places.

Supply versus Standards

Using the provision of 2.5 hectares of parks and reserves for every 1,000 people there will continue to be a surplus in 2032. This is a total of parks and reserves of 430 hectares which include the parks, foreshores, culturally significant and general community use classifications. This shows that there is a large surplus of land dedicated to parks and reserves in Port Stephens.

Current Supply versus Provision Standard - Parks and Reserves							
	2012	2017	2022	2027	2032		
Projected Population	69,586	75,275	82,102	88,973	95,617		
Benchmark Demand	174.0	188.2	205.3	222.4	239.0		
Existing Supply	430.0	430.0	430.0	430.0	430.0		
Surplus/Shortage	256.0	241.8	224.7	207.6	191.0		

Current Supply versus Provision Standard

Future State

As shown there is a surplus of parks and reserves which will require a review of open space to determine areas where acquisition or disposal is required to continue to meet the needs of the population into the future.

Port Stephens is a desirable tourist destination close to major cities which makes it an attractive area to host events. It is important that Council has areas of parks and reserves that can continue to cater for events into the future.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

The location and development of future open space land as a result of growth will be identified through future new release planning work in line with the Draft Recreation Strategy (previously known as the Open Space Strategy). The implementation of the Apex Park, Boomerang Park, Nelson Bay and Shoal Bay Foreshore Master Plans will ensure that these areas of significance continue to be upgraded and utilised into the future.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Currently the Public Domain and Services section at Council provides maintenance services to all parks and reserves. The Draft Recreation Strategy provides a maintenance specification and hierarchy system for all open space areas.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Condition inspections are undertaken every two years and used to assess the management of parks and reserves assets.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Proposed rehabilitation and renewals works are identified in condition reports, and are part of the Works Program in **Attachment 2**.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

As shown there is a surplus of parks and reserves which will require a review of open space to determine areas where acquisition or disposal is required to continue to meet the needs of the population into the future. A number of local parks and reserves are underutilised. These parks will be retained in public ownership however park embellishments and infrastructure will be reduced to ensure routine maintenance tasks can be catered for at higher use locations. At present only a portion of Boomerang Park, Raymond Terrace is proposed to be disposed of as detailed in the Boomerang Park Master Plan.

Risk Plan

Parks and reserves (building structures and grounds) are insured under Council's public liability insurance policy. Risk is managed through inspections undertaken by Council's Parks Maintenance staff when carrying out maintenance on any site.

Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk
 There is a risk that Components of the building do not meet the current Building Code for mandatory requirements – fire safety, electrical systems, switchboard rooms, etc. Ground surfaces are unsafe 	 Identify the gaps to bring the buildings and grounds up to standard. Cost the works. Prioritise works based on risk. 	High

Financial/Budget Summary

Capital

The most recent capital works include the new facilities within Boomerang Park, Boat Harbour and Lakeside Reserve. Proposed future capital works are scheduled through biannual condition inspections and with consideration of requests made by community user groups.

• Recurrent/Operational

Funding for reactive and programmed maintenance is allocated in the Public Domain and Services section of Council. The reactive and programmed maintenance works are determined through Council's asset inspections and the customer request system. Works are prioritised based on Council's risk matrix.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

New systems are being developed to improve data on asset management including a greater emphasis on proactive data collection, works and future financial forecast.

Summary

The standards clearly indicate that there is a surplus of land available as parks and reserves as far as numbers go to meet the current and future demand. To ensure Council is providing suitably located and maintained facilities for the future the draft Recreation Strategy is to be adopted and implemented to allow for these facilities to be strategically managed for the future population.

Playgrounds

Asset Holdings	Currently Council has 57 playgrounds within its public reserve system.					
Desired Level of Service Statement	One playground per 220 people under 14 year olds.					
Available Data		Fair Value register, condition inspection reports, asset management plans/reports.				
Last Condition Survey	Co	Condition Audit 2017				
General Assessment	Co	ondition Rating	No. of Assets	% Assets	\$CRC	
of Condition	1	Near Perfect	11	18	\$833,940	
	2	Good	22	39	\$1,806,870	
	3	Satisfactory	21	37	\$1,714,210	
	4	Very Poor	1	2	\$92,660	
	5	Unserviceable	2	4	\$185,320	
		Total	57	100.00	\$4,633,000	
Main Findings	•	$(\cdot \cdot$				
Future Actions	•	 Robinson Reserve (Anna Bay) and Old Wharf Park (Salt Ash) playgrounds were deemed unserviceable. Short term – Replacement of playgrounds at Caswells Reserve (Mallabula) and Bagnalls Beach East and West (Salamander). Total: \$210,000 Short term – Removal/relocation of playground at Fingal Bay Oval (Fingal Bay) to Kiddies Corner (Fingal Bay). 				

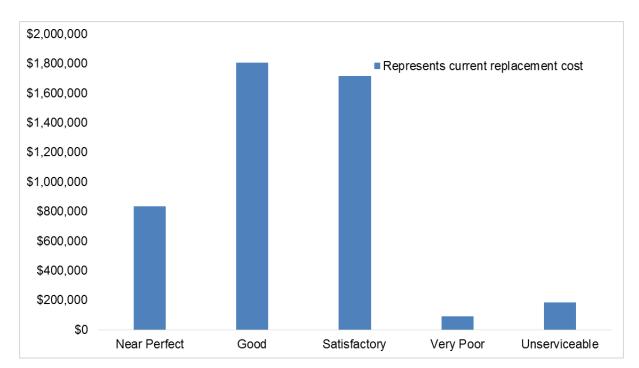


Figure 30: Condition Rating - Playgrounds

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Research and Expectations:

Council's 2018 Customer Satisfaction Survey showed an aggregated satisfaction score of 87.87% for playgrounds. This shows that the community is generally satisfied with the current number and level of service provided for playgrounds.

The Port Stephens LGA has an active tourism industry which results in a large increase in population during peak periods. High visitor numbers have resulted in an increase in the demand for playgrounds in key tourism areas.

Legislative Requirements

The Council's playgrounds are required to be designed, developed and managed in accordance with the following Australian Standards:

- AS/NZS 4422: 1996, Playground Surfacing Specifications, Requirements and Test Method;
- AS/NZS 4486.1: 1997, Playground Equipment Development, installation, inspection, Maintenance and Operation;
- AS 1924 Part 2: 1981, Design and Construction Safety Aspects;
- AS 4685-1 2004, General Safety Requirements and Test Methods;
- AS 4685-2 2004, Particular Safety Requirements and Test Methods for Swings;
- AS 4685-3 2004 Particular Safety Requirements and Test Methods for Slides;
- AS 4685-4 2004, Particular Safety Requirements and Test Methods for Runways;
- AS 4685-5 2004, Particular Safety Requirements and Test Methods for Carousels;
- AS 4685-6 2004, Particular Safety Requirements and Test Methods for Rocking Equipment.

Current Level of Service

Port Stephens Council's Development Control Plan 2007 required a park with a playground be located within 400m walking distance of each residential lot. This level of service encouraged a large spread of minimalist style facilities in an attempt to meet this need. The revised Development Control Plan 2013 has reduced this requirement to allow better planning for the provision of playgrounds. The draft Recreation Strategy will move Council's provision away from a quantity and even spread model; with the new focus being on the quality of park provision in line with Council's maintenance capacity.

Desired Level of Service

Ports Stephens Council has a desired provision of one playground per 220 under 14 year olds.

Standards

Benchmarking the provision of playgrounds is difficult as the needs of high density populations differ from suburban areas to rural locations. Demographic distribution and community expectations on what is acceptable differ in Port Stephens from one community to another.

Metropolitan councils can benchmark against the distance from residences to playgrounds, however, this type of benchmark is not as effective in Port Stephens due to the geographical spread of the population.

Benchmarking - Playgrounds						
Council	Provision	Year				
Port Stephens Council	One playground per 220 under 14 year olds	2011				
Coffs Harbour Council	One playground for every 275 children	2011				
Ballina Shire Council	One playground for every 166 children	2007				
Hornsby Shire Council	One playground for every 222 children	2011				
Tweed Shire Council	One playground for every 181 children	2011				

<u>Hierarchy</u>

A hierarchy of Regional, District and Local facilities has been established which will guide the development of each site. This will allow a minimum level of service to be defined and supporting infrastructure to be determined for each facility. The minimum standard of each facility forms the basis of what the community can expect when they utilise a facility. This hierarchy also allows for the impact of tourism on provision of facilities, in that a larger number of regional or district facilities can be provided in the tourism areas to cater for this increased demand during peak periods.

Hierarchy - Hierarchy	Playgrounds Definition	Potential Activity Level
Regional	Regional open space has the capacity to attract people from the wider Port Stephens area and beyond.	 A regional sports facility has the capacity to cater for a number of sporting codes, higher grade sport teams, state or national competitions and may also attract community events.
		 A regional park or foreshore reserve has a high recreational value and the potential for major recreation or visitor focus, including through community events.
District	District open spaces typically have the capacity to draw people from more than one Planning District area.	 A district sports facility may have the capacity to cater for a number a number of sporting codes and be a potential venue for regional competitions and events.
		 A district park or foreshore reserve has the capacity to cater for a number of visitors/users and activities, including community events.
Local	Local open spaces will generally cater for people within the local area within one or two suburbs.	 Generally local sports facilities will typically cater for local sporting competition and/or team training.
		 Local parks and foreshore reserves will cater for local activities including relaxation, walking or play.

FUTURE DEMAND

There are 57 playgrounds within Council's Public Reserve System. The type of play equipment ranges from a set of swings to large sets of equipment.

The Council understands the importance of play and is committed to ensuring children have sufficient, safe and suitable play opportunities. Council believes that playgrounds should be in a convenient location and accessible for everyday play opportunities.

Play develops emotional and social skills, improves motor skills and enhances creativity and imagination. Community playgrounds encourage outdoor activity and provide children with access to play opportunities which may not be available in their homes. Playgrounds are an integral part of a community's health and well-being, and encourage community cohesion through providing a place for members of the community to socially engage.

Key Drivers

Whilst the population continues to increase, the 0-14 year age group is predicted to grow only slightly. In the 2011 census there was 12,630 0-14 year olds and this is predicted to increase to only 13,800 by 2036 (Source: Department of Planning and Infrastructure Population Projections). The major growth is predicted to occur in the over 55 year age bracket in line with national trends.

High visitor rates have seen an increase in the demand for playground infrastructure in key tourism areas such as Nelson Bay, Soldiers Point and Fingal Bay. Playgrounds in these areas are reaching and sometimes exceeding their usable capacity during peak tourism season and are an attraction to families visiting the area.

Supply versus Standard

Using this provision as the benchmark, Council has a shortfall of 3.4 playgrounds in 2017; however, this figure needs to be considered in the context of each location including the improvement in the quality of facilities that are replaced or consolidated with other nearby parks, privately maintained but publically accessible playgrounds (Fern Bay developments) and cross boundary utilization (i.e. Fern Bay – Stockton).

Current Supply versus Provision Standard Playgrounds							
	2011	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	
Projected Under 14 Years Population	12,630	13,300	13,500	13,600	13,700	13,800	
Benchmark Demand	57.4	60.4	61.4	61.8	62.3	62.7	
Existing Supply	62	57	57	57	57	57	
Surplus/Shortage of playgrounds	4.6	-3.4	-4.4	-4.8	-5.3	- 5.7	

Source: ABS and Department of Planning and Infrastructure Population Projections

Future State

As shown in the 2017 playground audit a number of playgrounds across the LGA are approaching the end of their lifecycle. The life span for individual playground equipment and soft fall is an average of 15 years.

With this in mind the locations of the playgrounds have been strategically assessed in line with the key drivers to determine if they are still relevant for the current and future needs of the surrounding community. Following this assessment recommendations have been made to show where playgrounds can be removed or relocated and have minimal impact on community access to these facilities.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

Due to the increase in population or the expected land reclassifications and rezonings in some areas a number of new locations have been identified requiring the provision of playgrounds in the future.

Further acquisitions may take place depending on the timing of developments. For example when a new land release area is proposed a new playground may be required as part of this development. The timing of these acquisitions is largely dependent on the developer and the sale of lots within the development so exact timing cannot be attributed to these types of playgrounds.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

A programmed maintenance schedule is in place for Council's assets. When a fault or breakdown occurs with an asset, reactive maintenance is performed, to allow the asset to perform its intended function. The playground structures and equipment all have 15-year lifecycle costs.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

A triannual Condition Assessment audit was undertaken in 2016/17 financial year. The condition audit checks the playground's condition, usability, safety, and compliance with relevant Australian Standards. The results from these inspections are used to create maintenance and capital works plans.

Operational inspections are undertaken quarterly on playgrounds to provide the community with safe, convenient, reliable, and affordable facilities and services.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Proposed rehabilitation and renewal works are identified in condition reports which also inform the timing and implementation of the Playground Management Program.

The Playground Management Program indicates the list of all playgrounds, condition rating, and the proposed timing of replacement or rationalisation in the asset lifecycle. These priorities are reviewed annually and respond to the adopted standard, condition rating reports, funding and external factors such as acquisition of new facilities.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

Refer to the Playground Management Program above.

Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk	
There is a risk that non- compliant playgrounds are in service leading to injury of users.	 Fund the playground rehabilitation and replacement plan over a number of years. Continue regular maintenance inspections as per the Asset Inspection program to check for changes in condition. Remove unserviceable playground components. 	Medium	
There is a risk that the condition of playgrounds will change rapidly with use or abuse leading to failure of the asset or injury to the user.	 Undertake inspections as per the Condition and Performance Monitoring detailed above. Any hazards identified will be prioritised and undertaken as either Urgent Maintenance or listed and undertaken as Programmed Maintenance. Undertake urgent works immediately as soon as resources are available. 	Low	
There is a risk that poor quality playgrounds will impact on Port Stephens' tourism reputation leading to decreased tourist numbers in the future.	 Undertake inspections as per the Condition and Performance Monitoring detailed above. Implement the <i>Playground Management</i> <i>Program</i> to ensure Council is providing strategically located and appropriate facilities. 	Low	

There is a risk that a lack of planning for playgrounds could result in duplication or gaps in provision leading to lower customer satisfaction.	ds <i>Program</i> to ensure Council is providing ion or strategically located and appropriate ing to facilities.	Low
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Financial/Budget Summary

Capital

The most recent capital works include the construction of new playgrounds at Boomerang Park, Boat Harbour and Shoal Bay. Over the past three financial years Council has invested \$740,000 into replacement or upgrading of playgrounds. Proposed future capital works have been identified in the Playground Management Program.

Recurrent/Operational

Funding for reactive and programmed maintenance is allocated in the Public Domain and Services Section of Council and works are prioritised based on Council's risk matrix. The reactive and programmed maintenance works are determined through Council's asset inspection regime and the customer request system.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

New systems are being developed to improve data on asset management including a greater emphasis on proactive data collection, works and future financial forecasts.

Summary

The standards indicate sufficient supply of playgrounds for the future; however the lifecycle of a playground is quite short when compared to other assets such as roads. Also the dispersed settlement pattern, changes in population as well as the tourism benefits will need to be considered to ensure the facilities are suitably located. The *Playground Management Program* will be reviewed annually to provide clear direction for the type and placement of facilities to meet the needs of a changing community.

Public Amenities

Asset	ΛΕ	Public Amenities.					
Holdings	Building components:						
Jernige	 Substructure – foundations, footings, sub soil works 						
	•		s, roof, external walls,				
		external doors					
	 Finishes – to walls, floors, ceilings Fittings – internal walls, fitments 						
	•	Services – plumbing,	electrical				
	•	Site works – sewer ar	nd water supply				
Desired Level of Service Statement	0	ne Public Amenity for e	very 2,000 people.				
Available Data	Fair Value as at 30 June 2013, condition inspection reports (2016), asset management plans/reports.						
Last Condition Survey	2016.						
General	Co	ondition Rating	% Assets	\$CRC			
Assessment of Condition	1	Near Perfect	8.7	\$465,967			
	2	Good	13.4	\$696,273			
	3	Satisfactory	67.1	\$3,615,267			
	4	Very Poor	8.7	\$465,967			
	5	Unserviceable	2.1	\$112,474			
		Total	100.00	\$5,355,948			
Main Findings	 The condition of most public amenities is satisfactory and benchmark reports indicate Port Stephens has a higher public amenity count per population compared to the State average. Public amenities that have materials containing asbestos materials have been managed through isolation of the materials, or closure. Ross Walbridge Reserve amenities were deemed unserviceable and closed. Tomago Foreshore, Neil Carroll Park and Fern Bay amenities were deemed very poor. 						

Future Actions	 Removal of Ross Walbridge amenities Short term – Replacement of public amenities at Caswell Reserve
	 (Mallabula). Short Term – Upgrades to amenities at Boat Harbour Foreshore (South), Kangaroo Point (Soldiers Point) and Roy Wood (Corlette).
	 Medium – Removal of public amenities at Boat Harbour South (Boat Harbour) and Nelson Bay Road (Fern Bay)
	 Medium – Replacement of amenities at Shoal Bay Foreshore (West) and Longworth Park (Karuah).
	 Long term – Removal/relocation of public amenities at Memorial Park (Karuah) to Aliceton Reserve (Karuah).
	 Long term - look at location and design for recommended new facilities at Seaham, Raymond Terrace, Wallalong and Medowie Commercial area.

Figure 31: Condition Rating - Public Amenities



LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Expectations:

Residents and tourists expect clean, presentable amenities that are in convenient locations. Council's 2018 Customer Satisfaction Survey showed an aggregated satisfaction score of 76.25% for public amenities. These levels could be improved though show that the community is generally satisfied with the current number and level of service provided for public amenities, in contrast to previous years where the satisfaction levels were quite low.

Legislative Requirements

The Council's public amenities are required to be designed in accordance with the following:

- Local Government Act 1993;
- Australian Standards;

- Building Code of Australia and Australian Standards relevant to all aspects of building and construction. Specifications are provided where substantial works are being undertaken and are site specific;
- Council Charter Section 8 of the Local Government Act 1993.

Current Level of Service:

The current provision of public toilets in Port Stephens is generally appropriate, with most public toilets being located in open space areas and aligned with other attractors such as beaches, foreshores, playgrounds or boat ramps. The demand for public toilets in these locations is expected to continue or increase and it is important that good quality and fit for purpose public toilets are provided in these locations.

Port Stephens Council's provision of amenities buildings per capita is higher when compared to other councils of similar size (Yardstick survey 2007). The average provision per 1,000 residents of local government authorities was 0.6, where Port Stephens was 0.7.

This analysis of amenities per 1,000 residents confirms that Council's present provision is higher compared to most organisations of similar size (4th highest in the total sample of the Yardstick survey). Most of these councils have smaller populations (below 40,000) and are located in high tourism areas. Great Lakes Council has the highest provision per capita.

While the provision of amenity buildings is high, it should be noted that the provision of water closets is low with only four councils beneath our provision in the same survey (Yardstick 2007). Port Stephens has many amenities buildings with very few water closets within those buildings.

Desired Level of Service:

Council has a desired provision of one public amenity for every 2,000 people.

Standards

Benchmarking of provision in councils with similar attributes to Port Stephens has taken place as shown in the table below. Port Stephens currently has a total of 45 public amenities. The benchmark was selected as similar to Redlands City Council: Port Stephens has a dispersed settlement pattern as well as high numbers of tourists visiting the area. Benchmarking standards are shown in the table below.

Benchmarking - Public Amenities					
Council	Provision	Year			
Port Stephens Council	One public amenity for every 2,000 people	2014			
Redlands City Council	One public toilet for every 2,000 people	2004			
Eurobodalla Shire Council	0.6 public toilets for every 1,000 people	2011			

Hierarchy

A hierarchy of Regional, District and Local facilities has been established and will guide the development of each site. This will allow a minimum level of service to be defined and supporting infrastructure to be determined for each facility. The minimum standard of each facility forms the basis of what level of facility provision can be expected when utilising a facility.

Regional

Regional facilities are in a major location for residents and visitors. The user catchment for these facilities extends to a region and they anticipate high and continual use.

District

District facilities provide a location for minor recreation activity. The user catchments for these facilities are generally limited to the surrounding area, however they may act as an overflow for when demand for Regional facilities exceed capacity.

Local

Local facilities provide for local use. The user catchments for these activities are limited. Usage patterns are low or sporadic and target casual usage.

Hierarchy -	Hierarchy - Public Amenities					
Hierarchy	Description	Facilities provided	Proposed facilities			
Regional	Regional facilities are located in a main location for residents' and tourists' activity. The user catchment for these facilities extends to a region and they anticipate high and continual use.	 Minimum of six unisex toilets Accessible facilities May provide male and female facilities Minimum of four showers if required 	 As shown in the Public Amenities Management Program 			
District	District facilities are provided at a location for minor resident and tourist activity. The user catchments for these facilities are generally limited to the surrounding area, however they may act as an overflow for when demand at Regional facilities exceeds capacity.	 Minimum of four unisex toilets Accessible facilities Minimum of two showers if required 	 As shown in the Public Amenities Management Program 			
Local	Local facilities provide for local water activities and access. The user catchments for these activities are limited. Usage patterns are low or sporadic and should anticipate casual usage.	 Minimum of one unisex toilet Accessible facilities Minimum of two showers if required 	 As shown in the Public Amenities Management Program 			

FUTURE DEMAND

Public toilets within the Council area provide convenience for our diverse community that includes residents and visitors of all ages and abilities. A lack of public toilets is most acutely felt by groups with specific needs - older people, people living with disabilities or health problems, and families with young children. For these groups, a lack of convenient and accessible toilets may impact negatively on their quality of life, mobility, or dignity by restricting freedom of travel to and within the Council area.

Key Drivers

Tourism numbers are expected to increase in the Port Stephens area in future years. The Tomaree Peninsula experiences high tourist numbers in the peak seasons and this places

additional demand on public amenities facilities in this area. For this reason 27 of Council's public amenities are located on the Tomaree Peninsula.

The provision of public amenities at parks and open space areas optimises the benefits of open space for a range of recreational pursuits including children's play. Public toilets attract more families to use parks and encourage longer visits. In contrast, parks without public toilets attract fewer family visitors and visits are shorter.

Supply versus Standards

Using the provision of one public toilet for every 2,000 people there will eventually be a shortfall in 2027. Until that time the benchmark indicates there is a surplus; however, the dispersed settlement pattern and the high number of tourists visiting the area would indicate that there is a strong demand. Although the number is high against the benchmark the quality of the facility becomes the more critical issue. There are a large number of amenity buildings but the number of water closets/cubicles or ratio of male/female/accessible is not always sufficient.

Current Supply vs Provision Standard - Public Amenities					
	2012	2017	2022	2027	2032
Projected Population	69,586	75,275	82,102	88,973	95,617
Benchmark Demand	34.8	37.6	41.1	44.5	47.8
Existing Supply	45.0	45.0	45.0	45.0	45.0
Surplus/Shortage	10.2	7.4	3.9	0.5	-2.8

Current Supply versus Provision Standard

Future State

Port Stephens is a desirable tourist destination close to major cities and this significantly increases the population in peak seasons. When combined with increases in population generally, and an ageing population, demand for convenient, clean public amenities will increase substantially.

There is no statutory requirement upon any Council to provide public amenities, however it is generally accepted that Council has a role in providing public amenities to support active participation in community life. There is a total of 45 public amenities provided by Council across the LGA of varying size and condition. These facilities are required to satisfy demand for the Port Stephens area. Sites have been classified based on the potential user catchment, carrying capacity, and facilities provided.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

Due to the increase in population or the expected intensification of activities in some areas, four new locations have been identified requiring the provision of amenities in the future. These are recommended for Bowthorne Park (Wallalong), Lakeside Reserve 2 (Raymond Terrace), Aliceton Reserve (Karuah) and the commercial area of Medowie.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Asset maintenance is performed reactively. The building structures, fixed plant and equipment all have 10-year lifecycle costs.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Condition inspections are undertaken every two years and are used to assess the management of Public Amenities assets.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Proposed rehabilitation and renewals works are identified in condition rating reports which also inform the timing and implementation of the Public Amenities Management Program.

Funded works are listed in the Capital works Program. **C**<u>onsolidation/Disposal Plan</u> It is proposed that Ross Walbridge Reserve (Raymond Terrace) and Fern Bay public amenities building be disposed of. As shown in the public amenities mapping these facilities are closely located to other public amenities which can service the demand in these areas.

Risk Plan

Amenities are insured under Council's public liability insurance policy. Risk is managed through a detailed inspection of all aspects of the buildings undertaken annually by staff. There is a high frequency of maintenance issues reported by the community.

Cleaning staff also undertake periodic inspections when they are carrying out duties on site, with an agreement to identify any issues that may present a risk.

Risk Controls - Public Amenities					
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk			
There is a risk that components of the building do not meet the current Building Code for mandatory requirements – fire safety, electrical systems, switchboard rooms, etc.	 Identify the gaps to bring the buildings up to standard. Cost the works. Prioritise works based on risk. 	High			
There is a risk that material containing asbestos is present in the buildings leading to potential exposure by users.	 Document the buildings with potential asbestos-containing material. Test these buildings for asbestos-containing material and residual asbestos. Remove or isolate any material containing asbestos from the building. Monitor the condition of the building for the presence of asbestos. Educate workers about the presence and management of material containing asbestos. Develop site specific management plans. 	Medium			

Risk Controls - Public Amenities					
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk			
There is a risk that the building does not comply with working at heights systems such as anchor points and walkways, leading to injury to workers while undertaking work at heights.	 Install working at heights systems on buildings that require known frequent working at heights for the purpose of accessing utilities such as AC units, box gutters, etc. Create a program to install and fund working at heights systems on these buildings. For all other buildings and buildings without anchor points, utilise the works practice risk assessments before and during the works. Undertake annual certification of installed anchor points. 	Medium			

Financial/Budget Summary

Capital

The most recent capital works include the construction of new public amenities buildings at Peace Park (Tanilba Bay), Bob Cairns Reserve (Salamander Bay) and Boomerang Park (Raymond Terrace). Proposed future capital works are scheduled through biannual condition inspections.

• Recurrent/Operational

Funding for reactive and programmed maintenance is allocated in the Public Domain and Services section of Council and works are prioritised based on Council's risk matrix. The reactive and programmed maintenance works are determined through Council's asset inspection and the customer request systems.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

New systems are being developed to improve data on asset management including a greater emphasis on proactive data collection, works and future financial forecast.

Summary

The provision of suitable public amenities has a significant impact as a support function to the enjoyment of the benefits of other facilities within the area. In the short term a standard design guide for public amenities will be developed to ensure facilities are suitable for both the community and large visitor population.

Skate Parks

Asset Holdings	 Nine (9) skate parks. Skate Park components include: Concrete slab modules handrails 					
Desired Level of Service Statement	One skate park for every 4,000 5-24 year olds					
Available Data		ir Value as at 30 Ju ternal contractors),	•		n reports (internal and ports.	
Last Condition Survey	20	2016				
General Assessment	Co	ondition Rating	No. of Assets	% Assets	\$CRC	
of Condition	1	Near Perfect	4	45%	\$533,000	
	2	Good	3	33%	\$429,000	
	3	Satisfactory	1	11%	\$169,000	
	4	Very Poor	1	11%	\$169,000	
	5	Unserviceable				
		Total		100.00	\$1,300,000	
Main Findings	•					
Future Actions	•					

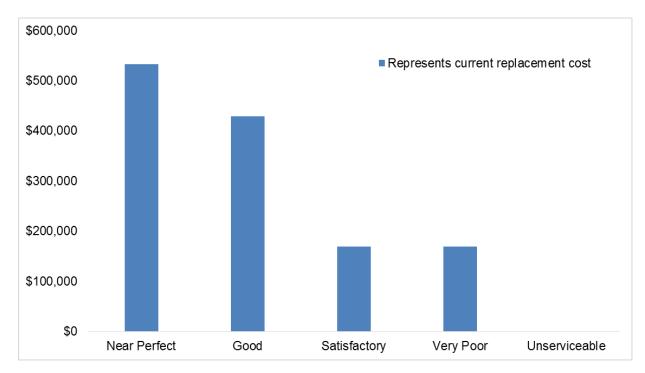


Figure 32: Condition Rating - Skate Parks

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Research and Expectations:

Council conducted a comprehensive community consultation in 2013 to ascertain local skate park user needs to inform the provision of skate park facilities. From this consultation and a benchmarking exercise it was found that the provision of skate parks across the LGA was high when compared with benchmarks set by similar councils and the building of further skate parks in additional towns is not a priority. The key recommendation from this study was the construction of regional scale skate park facilities at West and East locations of the LGA. The capacity of Raymond Terrace and Nelson Bay skate parks is exceeded at peak times. Tomaree has the largest population of persons aged 5-24yrs. The area also has a thriving tourism industry, which adds to its importance. Raymond Terrace has the second largest population of persons aged 5-24yrs and additionally caters for surrounding towns.

Legislative Requirements

The Council's skate parks are required to comply with the following legislation to ensure the safety of those who use them:

- Local Government Act 1993;
- Building Codes of Australia and Australian Standards relevant to all aspects of building and construction. Specifications are provided where substantial works are being undertaken and are site specific.

Current Level of Service:

Council has nine skate parks within its Local Government Area. The skate parks are located at Anna Bay, Karuah, Mallabula, Medowie, Nelson Bay, Raymond Terrace, Seaham and Wallalong.

The skate parks identified as requiring major repairs or removal are assessed by Council strategically, determining if the costs of repair/replacement align with the requirements of the area.

Planning Area	Current Population 5- 24 years old	No. of Skate Parks	Ratio to No. Children
Port Stephens LGA	15,767	8	1:1971
Rural West	1346	2	1:673
Raymond Terrace/Heatherbrae	3786	2	1:3786
Medowie/Ferodale/Campvale	2520	1	1:2520
Karuah/Swan Bay	389	1	1:389
Lemon Tree Passage/Mallabula	1404	1	1:1404
Tomaree	5470	2	1:2735
Rural East	553	0	0:553
Fern Bay/Fullerton Cove	299	0	0:299

2015 Service Level – Skate Parks

Source: REMPLAN data

Desired Level of Service:

Council has a desired provision of one skate park for every 4,000 5-24 year olds.

Standards

Benchmarking of provisions in councils with similar attributes to Port Stephens has taken place. Council currently has nine skate parks. There is a range in benchmark standards with the majority being higher than that being applied at this Council. This benchmark standard was selected as a base number but should be considered in the context of the dispersed settlement pattern and limited access to public transport and/or their own private vehicle for the targeted age group. Although applying the standard indicates a significant surplus a greater number of facilities would be required to achieve equitable access for the community. It should also be noted that there is no facility in the Fern Bay/Fullerton Cove catchment, however developer contributions are collected for skate parks and provided to Newcastle Council which has a facility at Stockton. Benchmarking standards are shown in the table below.

Benchmarking - Skate Parks					
Council/Authority	Benchmark Standard	Year	Source		
Port Stephens Council	One skate park for every 4,000 5- 24 year olds	2012	AEC Group		
Augusta Margaret River	One skate park per 7,000 persons	2009	Syme Marmon and Co.		

Benchmarking - Skate Parks					
Council/Authority	Benchmark Standard	Year	Source		
NSW Department of Planning	One small skate park per 6,000 persons (subject to demographic structure)	2009	NSW Department of Planning		
NSW Department of Planning	One large skate park per 10,000 persons (or One per LGA)	2009	NSW Department of Planning		
Maitland City Council	One skate/BMX facility per 3,000 persons aged 5-24 years*	2011	Plan C		
Cessnock City Council	One skate/BMX facility per 4,300 persons aged 5-24 years*	2011	Plan C		
Newcastle City Council	One skate/BMX facility per 5,400 persons aged 5-24 years*	2011	Plan C		
Lake Macquarie City Council	One skate/BMX facility per 5,400 persons aged 5-24 years*	2011	Plan C		

*Based on 2011 provisions.

Hierarchy

A hierarchy of Suburb and Regional Skate Park facilities has been established which will guide the development of each site. This will allow a minimum level of service to be defined and supporting infrastructure to be determined for each facility. The minimum standard of each facility forms the basis of what level of facility provision can be expected when utilising a facility.

Hierarchy ·	Hierarchy - Skate Parks							
Hierarchy	Description	Factors	Facilities Provided	Comments				
Regional	Regional skate parks are a destination for LGA residents and tourists. The user catchment for these facilities is the regional area and at the facilities anticipates high and continual use.	 A destination experience A high quality, large skate park with a capacity of 50 participants Caters for beginners through to advanced Connectivity to a main road and parking High population catchment/Town Centre High and continual usage Located in key tourism areas 	 Onsite car parking Toilets Lighting Shade Signage Managed open space Seating 	Nelson Bay and Raymond Terrace have been identified as locations requiring regional skate parks				

Hierarchy -	Hierarchy - Skate Parks							
Hierarchy	Description	Factors	Facilities Provided	Comments				
District	District skate park user catchments are generally limited to the surrounding area. They may see increased demand during school holidays.	 A medium sized skate park with a minimum of capacity of 10 participants District population catchment 	 Walking distance to residences Signage Seating Local on street overflow parking Managed open space 	All skate parks are currently at District status				

FUTURE DEMAND

Skateboarding, scooters, rollerblading and BMX riding are popular recreational sports for young people. Local government bodies throughout Australia are experiencing increasing pressure to provide skate park facilities in order to meet the growth in skateboarding popularity and to solve conflict issues, which arise between skate park users, business and property owners, and the general community.

Skate parks aim to improve community well-being through encouraging families and youth to engage in an active, outdoor recreation different to mainstream activities. Skate parks can foster the building of social and interpersonal skills as users interact and become involved with their community. Providing skate facilities encourages skaters to move off roads, footpaths and shopping areas, where they present a danger to themselves and the general public.

Key Drivers

The majority of skate park users are in the 5-24 year age group. Whilst the population continues to increase, predicted growth in the 5-24 year age group is low. In the 2012 there was 17,283 5-24 year olds. This is predicted to increase to only 19,626 by 2032 (Source: REMPLAN and AEC Group).

This slight predicted population increase will generate a focus on skate park quality and appropriate site locations rather than an increase in skate park numbers.

High visitor rates have seen an increase in the demand for community infrastructure in key tourism areas, especially on the Tomaree Peninsula. Tomaree skate parks in peak tourism season are an attraction for families visiting the area.

Skateboard, scooter, BMX and rollerblade participation trends will drive future skate park use and demand. According to an ABS survey conducted in 2012, children's participation in active recreational activities had increased since 2009. The proportion of children skateboarding, rollerblading or riding a scooter has risen from 49% in 2009 to 54% in 2012.

This information demonstrates that skateboard, scooter, BMX and rollerblade participation rates are increasing and user demand for skate park facilities will continue.

Supply versus Standards

Using the provision of one facility for every 4,000 young people, there will continue to be a surplus even in 2032; however, the dispersed settlement pattern makes it more important to have strategically positioned facilities across the area.

Current Supply versus Provision Standard

Current Supply vs Provision Standard – Skate Parks							
2015 2017 2022 2027 2032							
Projected Population of 5 to 24 Years	15,767	17,467	17,986	18,764	19,626		
Benchmark Demand	3.9	4.1	4.5	4.7	4.9		
Supply	8	9	9	9	9		
Surplus/shortage of skate parks	4.1	4.9	4.5	4.3	4.1		

Future State

The age and quality of skate parks vary across the LGA. As the skate parks move through the asset lifecycle, strategic decisions on renovations, replacements and consolidations will need to be made. The locations of the skate parks will be assessed in line with the key drivers to determine if they are still relevant for the current and future needs of the surrounding community.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

Council's adopted standards for community and recreation facilities have been used to establish criteria for the creation or acquisition of skate parks. As there is an ongoing surplus of facilities in accordance with the standards there is no need for any future acquisitions. It has been identified that two skate parks will need to be upgraded to regional facilities into the future.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Asset maintenance is performed reactively when issues arise as well as being determined by the regular, planned maintenance process. These structures and equipment all have 10-year lifecycle costs.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Condition inspections on the structures are undertaken every two years and are used to assess the management of these assets. These facilities are designed to be robust and to require limited maintenance.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Proposed rehabilitation and renewal works are identified in condition reports which also inform the timing and implementation of the Skate Park Management Program. Anna Bay Skate Park has also been identified as being in the worst condition of Council's facilities and will require replacement in the short term.

Funded works are listed in the Capital Works Program.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

There is no plan to consolidate or dispose of these assets.

Risk Plan

Skate parks are ensured under Council's Public Liability Insurance policy. Risk is managed through a detailed inspection of all facilities undertaken biannually by staff. Inspections are also undertaken by staff carrying out maintenance in the parks or when a customer request is received.

Risk Controls - Skate Parks						
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk				
There is a risk that non- compliant skate parks are in service leading to injury of users.	 Continue regular inspections for condition rating. Ensure funding remains available for maintenance. 	Low				
There is a risk that the condition of skate parks will change rapidly with abuse leading to failure of the asset or injury to the user.	 Continue to undertake inspections for condition rating. Any hazards will be prioritised and undertaken either as Priority Maintenance or listed and undertaken as Programmed Maintenance. Undertake urgent works immediately as soon as resources are available. 	Low				

Financial/Budget Summary

Capital

The most recent capital upgrade was the construction of the new Boomerang Park and Lakeside skate parks in 2016-2017. Proposed future capital works are scheduled through condition inspections.

Recurrent:

Funding for reactive and programmed maintenance is allocated in the Public Domain and Services section of Council and works are prioritised using Council's risk matrix. The reactive and programmed maintenance works are determined through Council asset inspections and the customer request system.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

New systems are being developed to improve data on asset management including a greater emphasis on proactive data collection, works and future financial forecast.

Summary

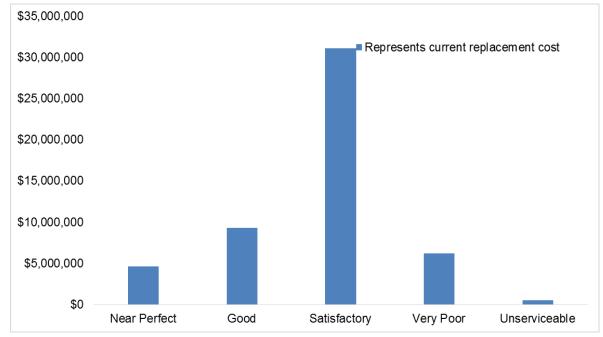
Based on the benchmark study, Port Stephen Council currently has an adequate number of skate parks, now and into the future. Due to adequate provisioning of skate parks, Council will focus on increasing skate park quality and improving basic amenities and support facilities such as seating, shade and water taps/bubblers.

Sports Facilities

Asset Holdings	 45 sportsground/fields (183.2 hectares), 51 tennis courts, 28 netball courts, 2 croquet courts, 67 amenities buildings and one golf course (63.7 hectares). Building components: Substructure – foundations, footings, sub soil works; Superstructure – columns, floors, stairs, roof, external walls, windows, external doors; Finishes – to walls, floors, ceilings; Fittings – internal walls, screens, doors, fitments; Services – plumbing, mechanical, fire, electrical, transportation; Site works – sewer and storm water drainage, water supply; Other components/assets: Sports grounds/fields; Tennis courts, netball courts; Crickets nets; Storages; Shelters; Croquet, bocce, softball, BMX tracks, grandstands, light towers, fences, car parking, subsurface drainage and irrigation. Council has a desired provision of 1.5 hectares of sports facilities for every 1,000 people. For court sports facilities the desired levels of service are: Netball Court – 1:3,000 Tennis Court – 1:2,000 					
Available Data	Fair Valu	uet Court – 1:4 ue as at 30 Jur ment plans/rep	ne 2013, condition in	spection reports, asset		
Last Condition Survey	2016		JOINS.			
General	Conditio	on Rating	% Assets	\$CRC		
Assessment of Condition	1 Nea	r Perfect	9	\$4,668,468		
	2 Goo	d	18	\$9,336,938		
	3 Sati	sfactory	60	\$31,123,122		
	4 Very	/ Poor	12	\$6,224,624		
	5 Uns	erviceable	1	\$518,718		
		al				

	Boomerang Park Amenities, Boyd Oval Amenities, Jack Johnson Trotting Stables, Karuah Oval Amenities, Tanilba Bay Sailing Club amenities, Stuart Park Amenities, Williamtown Oval Amenities and Williamtown Tennis Amenities were deemed very poor.
Future Actions	 Short term – Infrastructure renewals at Lakeside Sports Complex (Raymond Terrace), Salt Ash Sports Ground, Salt Ash Tennis, Vi-Barnett amenities (Raymond Terrace), Medowie Tennis and Fingal Bay Oval. Medium – Plan for the replacement of the Touch/Soccer Amenities at Tomaree Sporting Complex.
	 Long term – Implementation of the Ferodale Sports Complex and Tomaree Sports Complex master plans.
	 Long term – Determine funding strategy for Anna Bay Recreation Area through agreement with planned developments.

Figure 33: Condition Rating - Sports Facilities



LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Expectations

Council's 2018 Customer Satisfaction Survey showed an aggregated satisfaction score of 89.92% for sport and recreation facilities. This shows that the community is generally satisfied with the current number and level of service provided for sport facilities.

Legislative Requirements

The Council's sporting facilities are required to be designed in accordance with the following:

- Local Government Act 1993
- Australian Standards
- Building Code of Australia and Australian Standards relevant to all aspects of building and construction. Specifications are provided where substantial works are being undertaken and are site specific

Current Level of Service

Council administers a very successful structure of Sports Councils within the LGA. There are four local Sports Councils made up of representatives from local sport clubs, schools, special interest groups, elected Councillors and community representatives. Sports Councils are the formal consultation link between Council, various government departments and the sporting community. They assist with the coordination of a range of needs such as facility planning and development, resource allocation and facility use.

As well as providing the broader community with a range of opportunities to be involved in the decision-making processes within Council, Sports Councils:

- assist with strategic planning;
- provide education and training to members;
- provide a mechanism for community consultation/advice;
- promote sport and recreation;
- organise Sports Development Levy setting and facility bookings;
- plan facility development; and
- prioritise and fund improvements.

Council and its four Sports Councils have for some time had the approach of providing large scale multi-use facilities that are centrally located to service the entire population. Examples include the development of facilities such as King Park Sports Complex Complex, Ferodale Sports Complex, Mallabula Sports Complex and Tomaree Sports Complex. These facilities all provide for multiple users and are large enough to accommodate large sporting events.

Desired Level of Service

Council has a desired provision of 1.5 hectares of sports facilities for every 1,000 people.

For court sports facilities the desired levels of service are:

- Netball Court 1:3,000
- Tennis Court 1:2,000
- Croquet Court 1:40,000

Standards

Benchmarking of provision in councils with similar attributes to Port Stephens was undertaken as shown in the table below. Port Stephens currently has a total of 183.2 hectares of sporting fields, 28 netball courts, 51 tennis courts and one croquet facility. Benchmarking standards are shown in the table below:

Benchmarking - Sports Facilities							
Council	Provision	Year					
Sports Facilities							
Port Stephens Council	1.5 hectares for every 1,000 people	2015					
Wagga Wagga City Council	1.5 hectares for every 1,000 people	2005					
Ballina Shire Council	1.17 hectares for every 1,000 people	2008					
NSW Department of Community Services	1.21 hectares for every 1,000 people	2003					
Netball Court							
Port Stephens Council	One netball court for every 3,000 people	2015					

Benchmarking - Sports Facilities						
Council	Provision	Year				
Lake Macquarie City Council	One netball court for every 2,500 people	2011				
Ballina Shire Council	One netball court for every 2,000 people	2008				
NSW Department of Planning	One netball court for every 3,000 people	2009				
Tennis Court						
Port Stephens Council	One tennis court for every 2,000 people	2015				
Lake Macquarie City Council	One tennis court for every 2,000 people	2011				
Ballina Shire Council	One tennis court for every 2,000 people	2008				
Tennis NSW	One tennis court for every 1,500 people	2010				
Croquet Court						
Port Stephens Council	One croquet court for every 40,000 people	2015				
Coffs Harbour Council	One croquet court for every 45,000 people	2011				
Shoalhaven City Council	One croquet court for every 45,000 people	2011				
Port Macquarie Hastings Council	One croquet court for every 35,000 people	2011				

Hierarchy

A hierarchy of Regional, District and Local facilities has been established which will guide the development of each site. This will allow a minimum level of service to be defined and supporting infrastructure to be determined for each facility. The minimum standard of each facility forms the basis of what level of facility provision can be expected when utilising a facility.

Regional

Regional facilities are a major location for residents and visitors. The user catchment for these facilities extends to a region, requires multi-use, and aims to attract large state or national events to the region.

District

District facilities provide a location for minor recreation activity. The user catchments for these facilities are generally limited to the surrounding area, however they may act as an overflow when demand for Regional facilities exceeds capacity.

Local

Local facilities provide for local use. The user catchments for these activities are limited and specific.

Hierarchy -	Hierarchy - Sports Facilities							
Hierarchy	Description	Facilities provided	Proposed facilities					
Regional	Regional facilities are a main location for residents and tourist activity. The user catchment for these facilities extends to a region and they anticipate high and continual use.	 Cater for multiple sports Amenities building with a minimum of four change rooms or multiple amenities buildings at a complex Tiered seating or raised spectator areas. Sealed car parking with capacity for over 100 cars 	 As shown in the Sports Facilities Management Program 					
District	District facilities are provided at a location for minor resident and tourist activity. The user catchments for these facilities are generally limited to the surrounding area. However they may act as an overflow when demand at Regional facilities exceeds capacity.	 Cater for multiple sports Amenities building with a minimum of four change rooms or multiple amenities buildings at a complex Sealed car parking with capacity for over 50 cars 	 As shown in the Sports Facilities Management Program 					
Local	Local facilities provide for local activities and access. The user catchments for these activities are limited and specific.	 Cater for specific sports Amenities building Car parking 	 As shown in the Sports Facilities Management Program 					

Facility Component	Regional	District	Local
Buildings and Amenities	 Large quality clubhouse building including changing rooms, showers, toilets, referees room, kitchen and kiosk, social/ community room, storage areas administration area Accessible public toilets 	 Clubhouse building including changing rooms, showers, toilets, referees room, kitchen and kiosk, social/ community room, storage areas administration area 	 Small clubhouse building including changing rooms, showers, toilets, referees room, and administration area Accessible public toilets

		Accessible	
		Accessible	
Other Recreational Facilities	 Playground with shade structure where appropriate Exercise equipment Skate park or BMX Bike and scooter circuits or paths Other facilities e.g. tennis hit up wall, half courts, parkour 	 public toilets Playground with shade structure where appropriate Exercise equipment Skate park or BMX Bike and scooter circuits or paths Other facilities e.g. tennis hit up wall, half courts, parkour 	 Exercise equipment Skate park or BMX Bike and scooter circuits or paths
Pathways and Connections Supporting Infrastructure	 3m wide shared pathways Scoreboard Spectator seating Seating, tables, shelters and BBQs Bins Water drinking fountain Bike racks Car parking Reserve fencing 	 Walking paths (minimum 2m) Scoreboard Spectator seating Seating, tables and shelters Bins Water drinking fountain Bike racks Car parking 	 May not include pathways Seating Bins
Landscape	 Shade trees High quality fields with markings and excellent drainage 	 Shade trees High-medium quality fields with markings and good drainage 	Shade trees
Signage	 Interpretive, regulatory and way finding signage Site specific art work or features 	 May not be included and merit based approach Interpretive, regulatory and way finding signage 	 May not be included and merit based approach Interpretive, regulatory and way finding signage

FUTURE DEMAND

Council is committed to the provision of quality leisure and recreation opportunities, and recognises the value of accessibility and participation to enhance quality of life for the individual and the community.

Key Drivers

Sport and recreation activities attract investment; support local sport and recreation businesses; and provide spaces for major events, attracting tourists and visitors to boost local economies.

Participation rates: The participation trends in sport generally indicate an increase. Along with population growth, it is expected that demands on facilities will continue to increase. Participation increases are expressed in a number of ways:

- More casual and unstructured participation with numbers of participants increasing at a greater rate than members of clubs/competitions;
- Evidence that non-organised participation is higher than organised, with participation in organised/structured sport being higher for males than females;
- The number of females participating in sports that have been primarily male dominated is increasing as shown by the development of sports such as league tag.

Supply versus Standard

Using the provision of 1.5 hectare of sports facilities for every 1,000 people there will continue to be a surplus in 2032. This only means that Council has sufficient land dedicated to this function although there may need to be improvements or construction of new fields at the existing facilities to continue to be able to cater for the expanding population. Of the court specific sports catered for only netball and croquet show a shortage in 2027 and 2032 respectively.

Current Supply vs Provision Standard - Sporting Facilities								
2012 2017 2022 2027 2032								
Projected Population	69,586	75,275	82,102	88,973	95,617			
Benchmark Demand	104.4	112.9	123.2	133.5	143.4			
Existing Supply	183.2	183.2	183.2	183.2	183.2			
Surplus/Shortage	78.8	70.3	60	49.7	39.8			

Current Supply versus Provision Standard

Current Supply vs Provision Standard - Netball Courts								
2012 2017 2022 2027 2032								
Projected Population	69,586	75,275	82,102	88,973	95,617			
Benchmark Demand	23.2	25.1	27.4	29.7	31.9			
Existing Supply	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0			
Surplus/Shortage	4.8	2.9	0.6	-1.7	-3.9			

Current Supply vs Provision Standard - Tennis Courts								
	2012	2017	2022	2027	2032			
Projected Population	69,586	75,275	82,102	88,973	95,617			
Benchmark Demand	34.8	37.6	41.1	44.5	47.8			
Existing Supply	51.0	51.0	51.0	51.0	51.0			
Surplus/Shortage	16.2	13.4	9.9	6.5	3.2			

Current Supply vs Provision Standard - Croquet Courts								
	2012	2017	2022	2027	2032			
Projected Population	69,586	75,275	82,102	88,973	95,617			
Benchmark Demand	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.4			
Existing Supply	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0			
Surplus/Shortage	0.3	0.1	-0.1	-0.2	-0.4			

Future State

As the population grows and ages it is likely to place further pressure on the existing facilities. As noted previously there is sufficient supply of open space dedicated for sporting purposes although there will need to be expansion of fields as well as upgrades to existing surfaces to cater for this increased population.

Port Stephens is a desirable tourist destination close to major cities which makes it an attractive area to host sporting events. It is important that Council's regional sporting facilities can continue to cater for sporting events, particularly mass participation events, to ensure Port Stephens remains an attractive sporting event destination

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

There are currently no plans for the acquisition of further land for sporting facilities.

Ferodale Sporting Complex in Medowie is also proposed for a significant upgrade, which includes the construction of a new sports field and an additional two new netball courts.

The development of Master Plans for the Tomaree Sports Complex and King Park Sports Complex will also guide the expansion of these facilities into the future.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Asset maintenance is performed reactively. The building structures, sports surfaces and equipment all have 10 year life cycle costs.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Condition inspections are undertaken every two years and are used to inform the management of Sports Facilities assets.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Proposed rehabilitation and renewals works are identified in condition rating reports, which also inform the timing and implementation of the Sports Facilities Management Program.

Proposed funded works are listed in the Capital Works Program.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

Sport facilities land that is deemed as excess to the standards and demand will be treated as surplus property. At present there are no plans to dispose of any of these assets.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

Amenities are insured under Council's public liability insurance policy. Risk is managed through a detailed inspection of all aspects of the buildings undertaken annually by staff. There is a high frequency of maintenance issues reported by the community which are prioritised and scheduled for maintenance.

Cleaning staff also undertake periodic inspections when they are carrying out duties on site, with an agreement to identify any issues that may present a risk.

Risk Controls - Sports Facilities					
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk			
There is a risk that components of the building do not meet the current Building Code for mandatory requirements – fire safety, electrical systems, switchboard rooms, etc leading to public safety risk to users.	 Identify the gaps to bring the buildings up to standard. Cost the works. Prioritise works based on risk. 	High			
There is a risk that material containing asbestos is present in the buildings leading to potential exposure by users.	 Document the buildings potentially containing asbestos material. Test these buildings for asbestos and residual asbestos. Remove or isolate the asbestos from the building. Monitor the condition of the building for the presence of asbestos. Educate users and workers about the presence and management of asbestos-containing material. Develop site specific management plans. 	Medium			
There is a risk that the building does not comply with working at heights systems such as anchor points and walkways, leading to injury to workers while undertaking work at heights.	 Install working at heights systems on buildings that require known frequent working at heights for the purpose of accessing utilities such as AC units, box gutters, etc. Create a program to install and fund working at heights systems on these buildings. For all other buildings and buildings without anchor points, utilise the works practice risk assessments before and during the works. Undertake annual certification of installed anchor points. 	Medium			
There is a risk that works may be carried out on the building without Council's knowledge leading to damage to the building and or exposing the users to unknown risks.	Review licensing agreements with the tenants to ensure that all understand that Council must be notified and consent to any proposed works.	Low			

Risk Controls - Sports Facilities						
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk				
There is a risk that the field lighting does not meet required illumination (lux) standards for intended usage leading to personal injury.	 Inspect the lighting to determine the gaps in illumination. Create a prioritised works program based on risk. 	Low				

Financial/Budget Summary

Capital

The most recent capital works included the upgrade of the irrigation systems at Lakeside and King Park Sports Complex's and installation of two new netball courts at Ferodale Sports Complex. Proposed future capital works are scheduled through biennial condition inspections.

Recurrent/Operational

Funding for reactive and programmed maintenance is allocated in the Public Domain and Services section of Council and works are prioritised based on Council's risk matrix. The reactive and programmed maintenance works are determined through Council's asset inspection process and Council's Reflect Workflow system.

As the sports field surface is an important component for all sporting clubs, the sports field surface condition rating is shown in the table below. Council aims to ensure the condition rating of all surfaces with a high level of usage is at a minimum of two (2). All other fields aim for a condition rating of three (3). At these condition ratings the sports fields are playable regardless of weather conditions while also standing our sporting clubs in good stead to host finals matches which provide important additional income as well as showcasing Council facilities.

The usage level is determined using the following standards:

- High Winter club use exceeding 500 members
- Medium Year round use
- Low Seasonal use

Condition Ratings - Sports Facilities

Condition R	atings - Sports	s Facilities	;			
Location	Facility	Usage Level	Condition	Action	Current Annual General Maintenance Budget (2018)	Additional Budget Required (2018)
Fingal Bay	Fingal Bay Oval	Medium	2	General maintenance	\$6,039	
Hinton	Stuart Park	Medium	2	General maintenance	\$5,881	
Karuah	Lionel Morton Oval	Medium	2	Installation of subsurface drainage	\$5,953	\$70,000 (Capital)
Mallabula	Mallabula Sports Complex	High	2	General maintenance including winter over-sow program	\$31,197	\$15,621 (Recurrent)
Medowie	Boyd Oval	Medium	2	General maintenance	\$7,138	
Medowie	Ferodale Sports Complex	Medium	2	General maintenance	\$3,811	
Medowie	Kindlebark Oval	Low	2	General maintenance	\$3,951	
Medowie	Yulong Oval	High	2	Installation of irrigation and implementation of winter over- sow program	\$7,845	\$60,000 (Capital) \$10,414 (Recurrent)
Nelson Bay	Bill Strong Oval	Low	2	General maintenance	\$6,485	
Raymond Terrace	King Park Sports Complex	High	2	Installation of subsurface drainage in field two	\$28,658	\$120,000 (Capital)
Raymond Terrace	Lakeside Sports Complex	High	2	General maintenance including winter over-sow program	\$31,965	\$15,621 (Recurrent)
Raymond Terrace	Vi Barnett Field	Low	2	General maintenance	\$5,881	

Condition R	Condition Ratings - Sports Facilities						
Location	Facility	Usage Level	Condition	Action	Current Annual General Maintenance Budget (2018)	Additional Budget Required (2018)	
Salamander Bay	Korora Oval	Low	2	General maintenance	\$5,556		
Salamander Bay	Salamander Sports Complex	High	2	General maintenance including winter over-sow program	\$33,440	\$17,986 (Recurrent)	
Salamander Bay	Tomaree Sports Complex	High	2	General maintenance including winter over-sow program	\$44,370	\$26,035 (Recurrent)	
Seaham	Brandon Park	Low	2	General maintenance	\$6,313		
Seaham	Seaham Park	Low	2	General maintenance	\$5,200		
Wallalong	Bowthorne Park	Medium	2	General maintenance	\$6,282		
Total					\$245,965	\$85,677 (Recurrent) \$250,000 (Capital)	

The table above shows that Council's sporting facilities are generally meeting or exceeding the required standard. To ensure the Council's high use facilities continue to provide this standard of facilities, a winter over-sow program is considered essential to ensure the playing surface is of a high standard throughout winter. Council's facilities all use summer grasses which become dormant during winter. To ensure grass coverage is maintained a winter rye grass is over-sown in autumn and poisoned out in spring. This program has been funded by clubs and Sports Councils at some facilities within Port Stephens for a number of years with much success. With the addition of a one off capital investment of \$250,000 and an increase of \$85,677 in the recurrent parks maintenance budget this program will be able to be implemented at all of Council sporting facilities that experience a high level of usage in the winter sporting season.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

New systems are being developed to improve data on asset management including a greater emphasis on proactive data collection, works and future financial forecast.

Summary

The standards indicate sufficient supply of land dedicated to sporting facilities for the future; however, improvements to the existing facilities will need to be closely monitored to ensure that they can handle the increased load that higher populations will bring. Development of facilities such as Ferodale Sports Complex and Tomaree Sports Complex that have additional available

land to allow expansion should be planned for and scoped to allow the facilities to be available and funded when required by the increased population.

Surf Lifesaving Facilities

Asset Holdings	 Five buildings including Birubi Surf Club, Birubi Café/Residence, One Mile Lifeguard Facility, Fingal Bay Surf Club and Fingal Bay Café/Residence. Building components: Substructure – foundations, footings, sub soil works; Superstructure – columns, floors, stairs, roof, external walls, windows, external doors; Finishes – to walls, floors, ceilings; Fittings – internal walls, screens, doors, fitments; Services – plumbing, mechanical, fire, electrical, transportation; Site works – sewer and stormwater drainage, water supply. Other components/assets: Rescue equipment ie. rescue tubes, boards, flags, poles, and signage. 							
Desired Level of Service Statement	Or	e lifesaving club for e	every 30,000 people					
Available Data	Fair Value as at 30 June 2013, condition inspection reports, asset management plans/reports, Australian Surf Lifesaving's Port Stephens Beach Audit.							
Last Condition Survey	20	2015						
General	Co	ndition Rating	% Assets	\$CRC				
Assessment of Condition	1	Near Perfect	100.00	\$3,062,100				
	2	Good						
	3	Satisfactory						
	4	Very Poor						
	5	Unserviceable						
		Total	100.00	\$3,062,100				
Main Findings	•	• The new Birubi Surf Lifesaving Club and One Mile Surf Lifesaving buildings were not constructed for the last valuation of buildings. Therefore the total replacement cost of this building has not been included in the CRC valuation.						
Future Actions	•	There is no requirer next 10 years.	nent for building repl	 There is no requirement for building replacement or acquisition in the next 10 years. 				

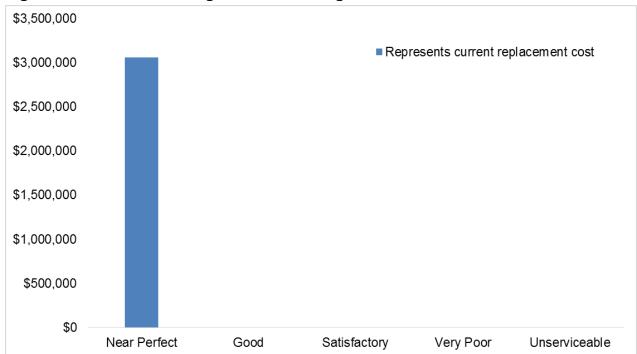


Figure 34: Condition Rating - Surf Lifesaving Facilities

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Expectations

Customers (both visitors and residents) expect facilities that provide surf lifesaving services for beach goers to prevent drowning, as well as to promote and educate the public on water safety. There is also an expectation for these facilities to provide amenities, food and beverage outlets as well as spaces for functions or events. These additional facilities assist in creating sustainable surf clubs over the long term.

Legislative Requirements

The Council's Surf Lifesaving Facilities are required to comply with the following legislation to ensure safely of those who use the beaches:

- Building Codes of Australia and Australian Standards relevant to all aspects of building and construction. Specifications are provided where substantial works are being undertaken and are site specific.
- Australian Standards as recommended by Australian Surf Lifesaving's Port Stephens Beach Audit.

Current Level of Service:

Council provides three surf lifesaving facilities being the Birubi Surf Lifesaving Club, Fingal Bay Surf Lifesaving Club and the One Mile Beach Surf Lifeguard Facility. They all provide facilities for professional lifeguarding during the summer months while the facilities at Birubi and Fingal Bay also cater for Surf Club activities, public amenities and café/restaurants.

Diruchi Courf Lifeana							
Birubi Surf Lifesaving Club							
	The new Birubi Surf Lifesaving Club was constructed in 2013 and is the home of the Birubi Point SLSC. The club was formed in 1993 to protect swimmers at Birubi Point.						
Facilities provided	 Volunteer and Professional lifeguard services available during summer season (October – April) Amenities Kiosk/café Caretaker facilities Lifeguard tower Car parking 						
Fingal Bay Surf Li	ifesaving Club						
• •	ay Surf Lifesaving Club was constructed in 2012 and is the home of the Fingal						
Facilities provided	 Volunteer and Professional lifeguard services available during summer season (October – April) Amenities Kiosk/café Restaurant Caretaker facilities Lifeguard tower Car parking 						
One Mile Beach Lifeguard Facility One Mile Beach Lifeguard Facility was constructed in 2017 and provides storage and amenities for the professional lifeguard service at One Mile Beach.							
Facilities provided	 Volunteer and Professional lifeguard services available during summer season (October – April) Lifeguard amenities 						

Desired Level of Service:

Council has a desired provision of one lifesaving club for every 30,000 people.

Standards

Benchmarking of provision in councils with similar attributes to Port Stephens has been undertaken as shown in the table below. Council currently has two lifesaving clubs and one lifeguard facility. All three of these assets provide for professional lifeguards services to operate during the warmer months while Fingal Bay and Birubi also host volunteer lifeguard services. There is a marked difference in the benchmarked provisions as the number of beaches managed by councils varies greatly regardless of the population growth. This benchmark standard was selected in consideration of the topography of the beaches to be serviced and their capacity to be utilised by users of the beach. Benchmarking standards are shown in the table below:

Benchmarking - Surf Lifesaving Facilities					
Council	Provision	Year			
Port Stephens Council	One surf lifesaving facility for every 30,000 people	2014			
Lake Macquarie City Council	One surf lifesaving facility for every 30,000 people	2004			
Coffs Harbour City Council	One surf lifesaving facility for every 22,500 people	2005			
Ballina Shire Council	One surf lifesaving facility for every 20,000 people	2005			

FUTURE DEMAND

The Council area is expected to continue to grow as a tourist destination and the provision of water safety to allow visitors and residents the opportunity to swim at a patrolled beach is a large part of the attraction for visitors. All surf lifesaving facilities are in great condition.

Key Drivers

Tourism numbers are expected to increase in the Port Stephens area in future years. Studies carried out by Tourism Research Australia indicate Regional NSW tourism numbers will grow 8% by 2020. Recent investigations of tourist activities in the Port Stephens region by Tourism Research Australia indicate a large portion of visitors access water related activities.

The water forms a large part of the Port Stephens culture with the tag line of the area being a "blue water wonderland". Being involved in surf life saving gives members an opportunity to develop skills and knowledge in a variety of different areas. The core intent of members is 'saving lives in the water' and this is predominately a lifesaving focus. The skills and knowledge developed as a lifesaver are not only for use within Surf Life Saving, they are transferable to all aspects of everyday life.

Supply versus Standards

Using the provision of one facility for every 30,000 people indicates that by 2032 there would start to be a trend showing the need for an additional facility; however, this numerical standard should only be considered as a guide as all open beaches are generally covered. It then becomes important that the type of facility provided should be of a standard to respond to additional beach users.

Current Supply vs Provision Standard - Surf Lifesaving Facilities						
	2012	2017	2022	2027	2032	
Projected Population	69,586	75,275	82,102	88,973	95,617	
Benchmark Demand	2.3	2.5	2.7	3.0	3.2	
Existing Supply	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	
Surplus/Shortage	0.7	0.5	0.3	0	-0.2	

Current Supply versus Provision Standard

Future State

The Birubi, Fingal Bay and One Mile facilities are all new and there will be no need for additional facilities. However, after 2032 close monitoring will need to occur regarding capacity of support facilities such as public amenities.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

Council's adopted standards have been used to establish a base understanding as to the appropriateness of the facilities provided. No additional facilities are required.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Although these structures are new the environment in which they are located is very harsh which requires a timely response to address any faults to ensure sound lifecycle management. As a result a programmed maintenance schedule is in place for Council's assets.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

A biannual condition assessment report is undertaken with any required works being included on the maintenance schedule.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Proposed rehabilitation and renewal works are identified in condition reports which also inform the timing and implementation of the Surf Lifesaving Facilities Management Program.

Proposed funded works are listed in the Capital Works Program.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

There are no plans to consolidate or dispose of surf clubs.

Risk Plan

Surf clubs/amenities are insured under Council's Public Liability Insurance policy. Risk is managed through a detailed risk inspection of all aspects of the buildings undertaken annually by staff and management committees. Inspections are also undertaken by trades' staff when carrying out maintenance on any site.

Risk Controls - Surf Lifesaving Facilities					
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk			
There is a risk that components of the building do not meet the current Building Code for mandatory requirements – fire safety, electrical systems, switchboard rooms, etc.	 Identify the gaps to bring the buildings up to standard. Cost the works. Prioritise works based on risk. 	High			
There is a risk that the building does not comply with working at heights systems such as anchor points and walkways, leading to injury to workers	 Install working at heights systems on buildings that require known frequent working at heights for the purpose of accessing utilities such as AC units, box gutters, etc. Create a program to install and fund working 	Medium			

while undertaking work at heights.	 at heights systems on these buildings. For all other buildings and buildings without anchor points, utilise the works practice risk assessments before and during the works. Undertake annual certification of installed anchor points. 	
There is a risk that works may be carried out on the building without Council's knowledge leading to damage to the building and or exposing the users to unknown risks.	• Review licensing agreements with the tenant to ensure that everyone understands that Council must be notified and approved about any proposed works.	Low

Financial/Budget Summary

Capital

Recent works have been funded through a mixture of grants, general revenue and developer contributions.

Recurrent

The yearly average recurrent funding since 2005 is approximately \$50,000.

Operational

Council has a professional lifeguard contract for the provision of services, currently valued at \$290,000 and indexed for CPI annually.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

New systems are being developed to improve data on asset management including a greater emphasis on proactive data collection, works and future financial forecast.

<u>Summary</u>

Recent years has seen substantial investment in this asset class. All facilities are in great condition into the future.

Lifecycle Management: Commercial Assets

Commercial Assets categories are listed in Table A.

Administration Building

Asset Holdings	A large two storey municipal building in Raymond Terrace which comprises a total Net Lettable area of approximately 4,119 m ² . The building is constructed upon a parcel of land which is part of a larger lot of commercially zoned land that will be developed for commercial interests into the medium term.							
Desired Level of Service Statement		provide an ancillary f erations and as a Civ		ing of Council's Administration by visitors.				
Available Data				ear Lifecycle Cost plan, ice planning analysis.				
Last Condition Survey	Se	September 2014						
General	Condition Rating % Asset \$CRC			\$CRC				
Assessment of Condition	1	Near Perfect	80.00	\$19,663,200				
	2	Good	7.00	\$1,720,530				
	3	Satisfactory	13.00	\$3,195,270				
	4	Very Poor						
	5	Unserviceable						
		Total 100.00 \$24,579,000						
Main Findings	en ref	A well maintained building however some major assets are reaching the end of their usable life and will require replacement / refurbishment. This refurbishment will also triggered by the proposed Raymond Terrace depot relocation.						

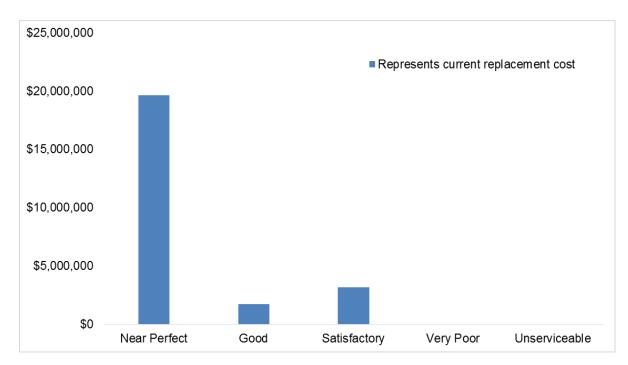


Figure 35: Condition Rating - Administration Building

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Research and Expectations

Expectations relating to management of the Administration Building include funding capacity, public perception, operational functionality and staff growth, organisational regulation and legislation.

Legislative Requirements

The Council's Administration Building is required to be designed, managed and maintained in accordance with the following Australian Standards:

- Local Government Act 1993
- Building Code of Australia
- Work Health and Safety Act 2011
- Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011

Current Level of Service

This building is an operational asset and is managed with a primary focus on compliance, public amenity, and cost effectiveness to ensure a safe working environment for staff and the public. The asset generally continues to provide an acceptable level of performance in regards to meeting current service requirements. However, as staffing levels have increased through 2017, it is clear that the current layout does not present an efficient operational layout As a result, options for upgrades are currently being investigated and costed so that Council and the budget process can be fully informed before commencing any work.

Desired Level of Service

Council has a desire to continue to provide quality municipal accommodation and facilities at the Administration Building. Works are currently under way to find more effective and functional methods of utilising the current space and to better provide these services.

FUTURE DEMAND

The highest impact item that influences demand on this asset is the availability of accommodation. The Administration Building accommodates 52% of Council's total permanent staff (271 employees) as at 31 December 2017.

Part of the master planning for the site currently underway includes consideration of moving a substantial part of the depot operations to the Administration Building by expanding the foot print to include a new adjoining building on commercial land to the north. If this option was found to be financially and developmentally viable, the existing Council depot would be closed and its operations split between Adelaide Street and Council owned land in Heatherbrae. The existing council depot site would then be remediated and sold.

Investigations are continuing with a decision in feasibility expected by mid-2018.

Key Drivers

The drivers for the provision of accommodation at this site are staffing numbers and public space requirements.

Future State

Staff numbers are expected to hold into the future and new technological advances and research into better use of existing space will provide flexibility to improve the municipal function and amenity of the asset.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

The Administration Building is currently facilitating the requirements of staff and visitors. There is no proposed need for acquisition of additional administration facilities in the short to medium term. The building occupies part of a site legally identified as Lot 1 in DP 81992 which is approximately 16,349 m², however, the balance of the site is likely to be utilised for future subdivision and redevelopment at some time into the future – pending the decision on master planning options outlined above.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Maintenance has and will continue to be undertaken in accordance with Workplace Health and Safety requirements, Australian Standards and the Building Code of Australia.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Proactive and reactive inspections are undertaken on an on-going basis. With the introduction of the CRM system, the asset owners are able to capture and monitor the asset's performance to ensure it is optimised. Annual condition reports will shortly be introduced for the asset. The results from these inspections and condition reports will also be monitored against the Lifecycle Cost (LCC) and adjustments made accordingly. Non-urgent maintenance requests are now

facilitated by a helpdesk system via CRM in order to increase time efficiency. All medium and large scale works are listed in the Capital Works Program.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

The main features of the current capital works and cost plan are:

- Floor covering replacement is currently required;
- Lighting upgrade to LED to reduce utility costs 2015 2018;
- Wall painting (Plasterboard Lining) is currently required;
- Implementation of "work smarter" principles furniture and equipment now required
- Progressive refurbishment of Fire Protection Systems (i.e. smoke detectors, emergency exits signs and luminaries, fire panels) every two years;
- Refurbishment of security systems including card readers, CCTV cameras from 2018;
- Refurbishment to some building fabrics and fixtures including tap ware, toilet cubicles, wall and floor cupboards.

Estimations of repair costs were prepared using an asset database model with current market maintenance prices. The current costs indicated in the plan are based on unit costs and exclude allowances for design, project management, site preliminaries and contingency.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

There is no proposed consolidation or disposal plan in place for the Administration Building as the building is deemed fit for purpose and continues to fulfil requirements.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

Risk Controls - Administration Building					
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk			
There is a risk that non- compliant services within the building could lead to breaches in legislative provisions.	 Regular compliance programs are in place to ensure compliance. Continue regular maintenance inspections as per the Asset Inspection program to check for changes in condition. 	Medium			
There is a risk that poor space management will lead to functional obsolescence of some areas of the accommodation.	 Continue to proactively manage the space design in accordance with best practice and current trends. 	Low			
There is a risk that Contractors or others within the building could be injured as a result of non- compliance with WHS legislation.	Continue to ensure vigilance in management of onsite contractors and others while performing works within the asset.	Low			

Risk Controls - Administration Building

Financial/Budget Summary

Lifecycle replacement cost for the full 10-Year Plan is in the range of \$3.70 million using a 15% adjustment for design, fees and preliminaries, overhead and profit, which is typical for delivery of capital replacement.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

New systems are being developed to improve data on asset management including a greater emphasis on proactive data collection, works and future financial forecast.

Summary The Administration Building is serviced and managed in accordance with this plan and will continue to serve well as a civic asset and headquarters for the operations of Council.

Investment Property Portfolio

Asset Holdings	Cu 1. 2. 3. 4.	 113 Beaumont Street, Hamilton NSW 2303 437 Hunter Street, Newcastle NSW 2300 528 Hunter Street, Newcastle NSW 2300 						
Desired Level of Service Statement	ret me	o maintain the properties' profitability in order to be able to attract and etain suitable and sustainable tenants. It is considered that the assets neet the current required Level of Service, which is tied directly to the ommercial lease agreements in place or under negotiation.						
Available Data	Co	Condition reports, title description and property history.						
Last Condition Survey	20	2013						
General	Co	ondition Rating	% Assets	\$CRC				
Assessment of Condition	1	Near Perfect	0.00%	\$0				
	2	Good	62.36%	\$12,045,900				
	3	Satisfactory	32.97%	\$6,368,850				
	4	Very Poor	4.67%	\$901,250				
	5	Unserviceable	0.00%	\$0				
		Total	100.00	\$19,316,000				
Main FindingsThe majority of the assets (95%) are rated at Good or Satisfactory. Notwithstanding this rating there is a significant proportion which will require upgrade or replacement over the short to medium term.								



Figure 36: Condition Rating - Investment Property Portfolio

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Research and Expectations:

Currently the portfolio meets the objectives of each of its customers. Regular feedback is gained in consultation with tenants and or respective property managers.

Legislative Requirements

The management of the portfolio is subject to a number of legislative requirements, the most relevant of which are:

- The Conveyancing Act 1919
- The Retail Leases Act 1994
- The Real Property Act 1900
- Building Code of Australia
- Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

Current Level of Service

In general terms, the assets meet or exceed the expectations of the existing customers. Implementation of significant upgrades in recent years has lifted the level of service of the two Hunter Street, Newcastle properties enabling Council to secure further long term commitments from the existing tenants.

Desired Level of Service

Further upgrades have been planned as detailed under Investment Property Portfolio – Management Plan below and these will continue to ensure that the capital value of the assets continues to grow.

It is imperative for the portfolio returns to continue so that Council can attract and retain core commercial tenants.

Standards

Commercial leasing is a dynamic market driven by competing offerings, technological change, the effective management of the level of investment in the market, which in broad terms governs supply and demand. Standards and benchmarking in the industry relate primarily to the quality of the offerings and the vacancy rate.

Council's portfolio is fully occupied: the office accommodation and premises can generally be described as B+.

In general terms, in an expanding market such as Newcastle a B grade space can be expected to secure a significant share of the available market as and when new space comes on line and some of the B grade market moves into newer A grade space where practicable.

FUTURE DEMAND

Key Drivers

There are many drivers around the level of future demand for office accommodation in the Newcastle CBD. There have been significant additions to the availability and the quality of available stock over the last four to six years, particularly with respect to the redevelopment of the Honeysuckle lands to the north of the Council properties and adjoining Newcastle harbour.

Great potential for significant increase in value of the Hunter Street properties exists over the shorter to medium term. This is as a result of recommendations arising from the State Infrastructure SEPP and the Newcastle Council Hunter Street Revitalisation Master Plan, the relocation of the CBD business and law faculties of the University, the GPT joint venture and the NSW Government's decision to remove the rail line bisecting the CBD.

Demand for space in the medium term will continue to be driven by the finance industry, government departments and the centralisation of the Newcastle University campus with a number of faculties scheduled to move to a new development currently under construction located nearby to Council's holdings in Hunter Street.

Future State

Strategically, the asset management initiatives for the portfolio have recognised the need for a balance between infrastructure renewal and the projected uplift in values and the need to be able to take advantage of potential divestment opportunities as and when they arise.

All asset maintenance is funded by the income stream generated and there is also a need to protect that income from being eroded. Notwithstanding this, in general terms infrastructure upgrades will add value.

As detailed under 2013 Condition Rating – Property Investment Portfolio 4.67% of the assets is rated as Very Poor and will require funding to the order of \$900,000 to rehabilitate.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

There are currently no plans regarding creation or acquisition in respect to additions to the Property Portfolio. However, Council will remain diligent in respect of the markets to enable it to take advantage of potential opportunities for growth as they arise.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

A programmed maintenance schedule is in place for Council's assets. Currently the asset hierarchy is being established in the Asset Infrastructure Module, which is a key component being brought online to manage Council's asset base more efficiently.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Annual monitoring of the condition and performance together with Work Health and Safety risks is now in place for the portfolio.

The condition audit checks the asset condition, usability, safety, and compliance with relevant Australian Standards and Legislation. The results from these inspections are used to inform the update of maintenance works and capital works plans.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Rehabilitation work is identified in condition reports which also inform the timing and implementation of the Investment Property Portfolio Management Plan. Funded works are listed in the Capital Works Program.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

There are currently no plans for disposal however strategic divestment and acquisition decisions are constantly reviewed in terms of the prevailing market conditions and the other factors affecting the assets.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

Management assesses financial risk on an ongoing basis while insurance risk is catered for under Council's industrial special risk and public liability policies while the tenant attends to the daily WHS responsibilities. Matters arising, which are the responsibility of the landlord are addressed as a matter of highest priority and where necessary in negotiation with the tenant.

In relation to the Investment Property Portfolio, a number of risks have been identified which are common to all assets under the Property Services portfolio. These are being monitored and addressed in accordance with the availability of resources and the wider organisational program of works.

Risk Controls - Investment P	roperty Portfolio	
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk
There is a risk that material containing asbestos is present in the buildings leading to the potential exposure of users.	 Document the buildings with potential asbestos-containing material. Test these buildings for asbestos and residual asbestos. Remove or isolate the asbestos material from the building. Monitor the condition of the building(s) for the presence of asbestos. Educate users and workers about the presence and management of asbestos-containing material. Develop site-specific management plans. 	Medium
There is a risk that tenants occupying either single holdings or large floor plates of leased premises, will vacate and find a more competitive space, leading to the long-term vacancy of some premises.	 Ensure that infrastructure is upgraded or replaced as it reaches the end of its functional life. 	Medium

Risk Controls - Investment P	Risk Controls - Investment Property Portfolio							
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk						
There is a risk that the buildings do not comply with working at heights systems such as anchor points and walkways, leading to the potential injury of workers while undertaking work at heights.	 Working at heights systems installed on buildings where required for the purpose of accessing utilities such as AC units, box gutters, etc. Implement compliance matrix for all buildings in the portfolio. Undertake annual certification of installed anchor points. 	Medium						

Financial/Budget Summary

Capital

Significant works have been identified to address the ageing infrastructure in respect of some of the assets and these works are as outlined in the Investment Property Portfolio - Management Plan above.

Recurrent/Operational

An annualised budget for operational costs is allocated and reviewed on a quarterly basis in accordance with Council's finance practices and guidelines.

The rehabilitation of the assets is funded by the Property Reserve Restricted Fund. Currently the portfolio provides a net income stream to Council in the order of \$1.70 million annually.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

Asset Management Planning processes across Council have been reviewed and gaps identified over the last three years. The gap analysis has provided a way forward and currently multiple projects are being undertaken to address the issues. On completion this work will provide much benefit for Council in managing its assets; these initiatives include a comprehensive, integrated asset management software reporting system and a mobile computing trial.

Summary

The Investment Property Portfolio is held to derive an alternate income stream thereby reducing the call on rates income. Commercial leases are in place in respect of each of the properties and accordingly the objectives of each of the parties are met through the obligations set specifically to each case.

Holiday Parks

Asset The 3 Holiday Parks assets being Fingal Bay Holiday Park, Halifax Holida Park and 35% of Shoal Bay Holiday Park are managed by Port Stephens Council on behalf of the Crown through the Crown Reserve Trust. Treess Holiday Park is lease from the Crown by Port Stephens Council under a commercial lease agreement. Thou Walla Sunset Retreat at Soldiers Poin a Council owned Park which is currently operated by Port Stephens Cour Broadly the current assets can be broken down as follows: • reception and residence buildings; • amenities, laundries and camp kitchens; • recreation centres and games rooms; • playgrounds, outdoor recreation areas, shade structures and pools; • tennis courts; • kiosk at Halifax Park; • relocatable cabin and villa accommodation buildings; • work and storage sheds; • roads and car parks; • block paving; • boardwalks; • footpaths; • street lighting; • BBQ facilities; • electrical power heads; • signs; • boundary/internal fencing and landscaping.					
Desired Level of Service Statement	resp mar acc	oonse to demand levels	which are informe Parks are highly re	ery are planned and executed in ed by tourism and leisure egarded as high quality narket and amongst	
Available Data	Cor	dition inspection report	s, asset managem	ent plans/reports.	
Last Condition Survey	201	4			
General	Cor	ndition Rating	% Assets	\$CRC	
Assessment of Condition	1	Near Perfect	18.8	\$2,418,631	
	2	Good	0	\$0	
	3	Satisfactory	50.5	\$3,750,300	
	4	Very Poor	30.5	\$6,863,000	
	5	Unserviceable	0.2	\$300,000	
		Total	100.00	\$13,331,931	

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Customer Research and Expectations:

Research includes tourism industry trend data from government agencies and peak bodies together with customer satisfaction survey results.

The Holiday Parks enjoy the benefit of occupying an enviable position amongst their peers on the Tomaree Peninsula. Customer survey results confirm that the Parks are being operated in an efficient manner while providing a level of facilities which is comparable or superior to the balance of the market.

Legislative Requirements

Like any other commercial venture Council's businesses are to be managed in accordance with various pieces of legislation; in the case of the Holiday Parks the key legislative instruments are:

- Crown Lands Act 1989
- Crown Lands Management Act 2018
- Trade Practices Act 1974
- Local Government Act 1993

Current Level of Service

The current level of service delivers accommodation and guest services that represent holiday experiences that meet or exceed guest expectations of quality and value for money.

In addition group and conference facilities represent a value proposition that will attract this type of business. The indicators for these service performance standards are:

- Repeat guest visitation;
- New visitor attraction;
- Group and small conference market attraction;
- Occupancy levels above industry best practice;
- Tourism AAA 4-Star property rating.

Desired Level of Service

Although enjoying an enviable role in the local market as being market leaders, it is imperative that the businesses continue to look at alternate segments in addition to consolidating their already strong market position. Quality assets enhance market attractiveness.

This is particularly true of the Holiday Park assets which exist in an increasingly competitive market place. For Council's assets to maintain their market share, they will need to improve the operational level of performance and customer experience. This will be delivered through a targeted capital works plan over the coming years.

FUTURE DEMAND

It is expected that with appropriate marketing, promotion and business attraction, the occupancy levels will increase to a targeted sustainable level of 50 - 55% annual average. Council's tourism accommodation properties experience, and will continue to experience

seasonal variations which means this overall target is well exceeded in the peak tourism season (>90%).

Planned asset management will be a key contributing component in ensuring that the operational objectives of the businesses are met.

Key Drivers

The key drivers influencing demand for this type of tourist accommodation infrastructure are:

- The tourism attractiveness of Port Stephens;
- Diverse and flexible facilities and services;
- Available market competition;
- Customer satisfaction (value for money, quality and presentation).

Future State

A number of capital renewal projects have been completed across the Parks based on the data previously outlined in the Holiday Parks Management Plan. The current plans are nearing the end of their serviceable period and are now due for review. This review will also incorporate the requirements of the Crown Land Management Act that will come into effect this year.

It is envisaged that there will continue to be a demand for increased services and improvements to infrastructure across all Holiday Parks in the next 3 - 5 years.

It is critical that profitability is maintained at required levels in order to fund this program of works; however some works are also done in order to generate additional or higher income streams. Ongoing consultation with stakeholders including holiday van owners and the Crown will continue to inform the timing of these projects.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

The creation and acquisition of assets are business decisions based on commercial and financial capabilities in line with the relevant strategic development plans, plans of management and business plans.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Maintenance planning is programmed through the Holiday Parks Asset Management Plans 2015-2034, staff inspections and Park management. Minor matters raised by housekeeping staff or guest feedback are inspected and attended to immediately or prioritised and completed when resources are programmed.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Monitoring of condition and performance is carried out through regular safety audits, a program of safety observations and annually through condition inspections and AAA Tourism audits.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Proposed rehabilitation and renewal works are identified in condition reports which also inform the timing and implementation of the Holiday Parks Management Plan.

Proposed schedules for rehabilitation, renewal and replacement of tourist accommodation assets are detailed within the plans of management and supporting business plans.

The Holiday Parks –Management Plan below indicates the proposed works approved and the proposed timing of replacement in the asset lifecycle. These priorities are reviewed according to changes in demand and other market and/or safety factors.

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Management Program - Holiday Parks

Note:

1. The following table lists a number of projects that were identified in previous Management Plans. Many of these items have been partially or substantially completed with additional items based on market need to be identified through the development of the detailed new plans of management over the coming six months.

2. The main projects planned for delivery in the 2018 calendar year across Fingal Bay, Shoal Bay and Halifax Holiday Parks include general cabin renovations and asset refurbishments with amenity replacements planned for Shoal Bay and Halifax in the 2019 calendar year.

Mana	agement Program - Holi	day Parks						
		Condition			Estimated	Delivery Ti	meframe	
	Location	Rating	Description	Action	Cost	Year 1 - 3	Year 4 - 9	Year 10+
1	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: cabin refurbishment project – Stage 1	Refurbishment	\$140,000	2018-2019		
2	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: street light upgrade	Refurbishment	\$20,000	2018-2019		
3	Fingal Bay	4	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: Water services upgrade	Upgrade	\$35,000	2018-2019		
4	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: CCTV upgrade	Upgrade	\$36,000	2018-2019		
5	Nelson Bay	3	Halifax Holiday Park: CCTV upgrade	Upgrade	\$10,000	2018-2019		
6	Nelson Bay	4	Halifax Holiday Park: WIFI installation	New Project	\$25,000	2018-2019		
7	Nelson Bay	3	Halifax Holiday Park: Upgrade signage	Upgrade	\$25,000	2018-2019		
8	Fingal Bay	4	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: WIFI installation	New Project	\$45,000	2018-2019		
9	Nelson Bay	1	Halifax Holiday Park: New 4 bedroom villa	New Project	\$273,631	2018-2019		

Man	agement Program -	Holiday Parks						
		Condition			Estimated	Delivery Ti	meframe	
	Location	Rating	Description	Action	Cost	Year 1 - 3	Year 4 - 9	Year 10+
10	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: Upgrade signage	Upgrade	\$25,000	2018-2019		
11	Nelson Bay	3	Halifax Holiday Park: replace concrete slabs – stage 1	Upgrade	\$120,000	2018-2019		
12	Shoal Bay	4	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: repair concrete kerbs	Upgrade	\$65,000	2018-2019		
13	Shoal Bay	3	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: Electrical audit works	Upgrade	\$24,500	2018-2019		
14	Shoal Bay	3	Halifax Holiday Park: Upgrade signage	Upgrade	\$25,000	2018-2019		
15	Shoal Bay	3	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: CCTV upgrade	Upgrade	\$17,000	2018-2019		
16	Shoal Bay	4	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: WIFI installation	New Project	\$25,000	2018-2019		
17	Fingal Bay	1	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: Solar panel installation	New Project	\$100,000	2018-2019		
18	Shoal Bay	3	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: General Cabin Refurbishment	Upgrade	\$83,000	2018-2019		
19	Shoal Bay	1	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: New exit	New Project	\$210,000	2018-2019		
20	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: Electrical Audit Works and upgrades	New project	\$54,000	2018-2019		
21	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: General Cabin Refurbishment	Upgrade	\$144,000	2018-2019		

Man	agement Program - I	Holiday Parks						
		Condition			Estimated	Delivery Ti		
	Location	Rating	Description	Action	Cost	Year 1 - 3	Year 4 - 9	Year 10+
22	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: Road resurfacing and site remediation works	Refurbishment	\$160,000	2018-2019		
23	Nelson Bay	3	Halifax Holiday Park: Electrical audit works	Upgrade	\$4,800	2018-2019		
24	Nelson Bay	3	Halifax Holiday Park: General cabin refurbishment	Upgrade	\$175,000	2018-2019		
25	Nelson Bay	4	Halifax Holiday Park: Amenity fixtures and fittings	Upgrade	\$15,000	2018-2019		
26	Anna Bay	3	Treescape: Upgrade signage	Upgrade	\$25,000	2018-2019		
27	Anna Bay	3	Treescape: General Cabin Refurbishment	Refurbishment	\$110,000	2018-2019		
27	Anna Bay	4	Treescape: Amenities Building	Upgrade	\$50,000	2018-2019		
28	Soldiers Point	3	Thou Walla Sunset Retreat: refurbish five water view spa Villas	Refurbishment	\$150,000	2018-2019		
29	Soldiers Point	4	Thou Walla Sunset Retreat : cabin refurbishment	Refurbishment	\$10,000	2018-2019		
30	Soldiers Point	3	Thou Walla Sunset Retreat: Upgrade signage	Upgrade	\$25,000	2018-2019		

Man	agement Program - H	oliday Parks						
		Condition			Estimated	Delivery Ti	meframe	
	Location	Rating	Description	Action	Cost	Year 1 - 3	Year 4 - 9	Year 10+
31	Fingal Bay	4	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: new amenities block – Orana Street Stage 1	New project	\$200,000	2019-2020		
32	Nelson Bay	3	Halifax Holiday Park: replace concrete slabs – stage 2	Upgrade	\$120,000	2019-2020		
33	Anna Bay	4	Treescape: General Cabin Refurbishment	Refurbishment	\$75,000	2019-2020		
34	Shoal Bay	4	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: New amenities block	New project	\$2,000,000	2019-2020		
35	Shoal Bay	4	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: Concrete Slab Replacement Program – Stage 1	Upgrade	\$130,000	2019-2020		
36	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: Cabin Refurbishment Project	Upgrade	\$144,000	2019-2020		
37	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: street lighting	Upgrade	\$30,000	2019-2020		
38	Nelson Bay	4	Halifax Holiday Park: New Amenities Block	New Project	\$2,000,000	2019-2020		
39	Nelson Bay	3	Halifax Holiday Park: General cabin refurbishment	Refurbishment	\$175,000	2019-2020		
40	Nelson Bay	5	Halifax Holiday Park: convert six Holiday Van sites to five 1-bedroom cabins – Stage 1	New project	\$300,000	2019-2020		

Mana	agement Program - H	oliday Parks						
	Location	Condition Rating	Description	Action	Estimated Cost	Delivery Til Year 1 - 3	meframe Year 4 - 9	Year 10+
41	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: General cabin refurbishment project	Refurbishment	\$50,000	2019-2020		
42	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: cabin refurbishment project – Stage 2	Refurbishment	\$60,000	2019-2020		
43	Shoal Bay	4	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: General Cabin Refurbishment	Refurbishment	\$83,000	2019-2020		
44	Shoal Bay	4	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: replace light posts	New project	\$30,000	2019-2020		
45	Nelson Bay	3	Halifax Holiday Park: road maintenance – Stage 2	Maintenance	\$50,000	2019-2020		
46	Fingal Bay	4	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: Water service / sewer mains upgrade	Upgrade	\$35,000	2019-2020		
47	Nelson Bay	3	Halifax Holiday Park: Boom gates upgrade	Upgrade	\$60,000	2019-2020		
48	Anna Bay	1	Treescape: Fire Hydrant Works – Stage 1	Upgrade	\$100,000	2019-2020		
49	Soldiers Point	4	Thou Walla Sunset Retreat : cabin refurbishment	Refurbishment	\$220,000	2019-2020		
50	Fingal Bay	4	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: new amenities block – Orana Street Stage 2	New project	\$800,000	2020-2021		

Man	agement Program -	Holiday Parks						
	Location	Condition	Description	Action	Estimated	Delivery Ti		
	Location	Rating	Description	Action	Cost	Year 1 - 3	Year 4 - 9	Year 10+
51	Nelson Bay	1	Halifax Holiday Park: Fire Hydrant Works – Stage 1	Upgrade	\$100,000	2020-2021		
52	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: Boom gates upgrade	Upgrade	\$60,000	2020-2021		
53	Fingal Bay	4	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: Water service / sewer mains upgrade	Upgrade	\$35,000	2020-2021		
54	Shoal Bay	4	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: Concrete Slab Replacement Program – Stage 2	Upgrade	\$50,000	2020-2021		
55	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: Cabin Refurbishment Project	Upgrade	\$144,000	2020-2021		
56	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: street lighting	Upgrade	\$50,000	2020-2021		
57	Nelson Bay	3	Halifax Holiday Park: General cabin refurbishment	Refurbishment	\$175,000	2020-2021		
58	Nelson Bay	3	Halifax Holiday Park: replace concrete slabs	Upgrade	\$50,000	2020-2021		
59	Shoal Bay	1	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: Establish Pool/Water Playground – Stage 1	New project	\$200,000	2020-2021		
60	Shoal Bay	1	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: Fire Hydrant Works – Stage 1	Upgrade	\$100,000	2020-2021		

Man	agement Program - H	loliday Parks						
		Condition			Estimated	Delivery Ti	meframe	
	Location	Rating	Description	Action	Cost	Year 1 - 3	Year 4 - 9	Year 10+
61	Shoal Bay	1	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: Convert holiday vans to tourist sites	New project	\$150,000	2020-2021		
62	Shoal Bay	3	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: Boom gates upgrade	Upgrade	\$60,000	2020-2021		
63	Nelson Bay	3	Halifax Holiday Park: street light upgrade	Upgrade	\$150,000	2020-2021		
64	Fingal Bay	4	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: road maintenance – resurfacing – Stage 2	Upgrade	\$100,000	2021-2022		
65	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: Cabin Refurbishment Project	Upgrade	\$144,000	2021-2022		
66	Nelson Bay	3	Halifax Holiday Park: General cabin refurbishment	Refurbishment	\$175,000	2021-2022		
67	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: cabin refurbishment project – Stage 3	Refurbishment	\$200,000	2021-2022		
68	Fingal Bay	3	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: upgrade pool amenities	Upgrade	\$380,000	2021-2022		
69	Nelson Bay	3	Halifax Holiday Park: replace concrete slabs	Upgrade	\$50,000	2021-2022		
70	Shoal Bay	1	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: Establish Pool/Water Playground – Stage 2	Refurbishment	\$210,000	2021-2022		
71	Shoal Bay	1	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: Fire Hydrant Works – Stage 2	Upgrade	\$100,000	2021-2022		

Man	agement Program -	Holiday Parks						
	Location	Condition Rating	Description	Action	Estimated Cost	Delivery Til Year 1 - 3	meframe Year 4 - 9	Year 10+
72	Shoal Bay	1	Shoal Bay Holiday Park: Convert holiday vans to tourist sites	New project	\$125,000	2021-2022		
73	Fingal Bay	4	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: Water service / sewer mains upgrade	Upgrade	\$35,000	2021-2022		
74	Fingal Bay	4	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: new amenities block – Orana Street Stage 3	New project	\$600,000	2021-2022		
75	Nelson Bay	3	Halifax Holiday Park: road maintenance	Upgrade	\$50,000	2021-2022		
76	Nelson Bay	4	Halifax Holiday Park: convert holiday van sites to tourist sites	Upgrade	\$100,000	2021-2022		
77	Fingal Bay	1	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: Fire Hydrant Works	Upgrade	\$100,000	2021-2022		
78	Nelson Bay	1	Halifax Holiday Park: Fire Hydrant Works – Stage 2	Upgrade	\$100,000	2021-2022		
79	Fingal Bay	1	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: Fire Hydrant Works	Upgrade	\$100,000		2022-2023	
80	Fingal Bay	1	Fingal Bay Holiday Park: outdoor recreation facilities	New project	\$450,000		2022-2023	
81	Nelson Bay	4	Halifax Holiday Park: convert holiday van sites to tourist sites	Upgrade	\$100,000		2022-2023	
	Total				\$13,331,931			

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

The consolidation and disposal of assets are business decisions based on commercial performance and financial capabilities in line with the relevant strategic development plans, plans of management and business plans. The current plans are detailed under Holiday Parks Management Program above.

Risk Controls - Holiday Parks		
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk
There is a risk that capital projects will be delayed due to weather or unplanned variations in the project scope.	Capital projects are now identified by the Holiday Parks Section Manager in liaison with the Parks Management Team with scope and site delivery by the Facilities and Services Team.	Medium
There is a risk that project costs will exceed budget estimates.	During Project Execution stage costs are monitored and reported to senior management monthly. Transfer of project funds within the capital budgets will only be considered under exceptional circumstances and following consultation with the Crown Reserve Trust.	Low

Financial/Budget Summary

Capital

Capital expenditure provisions are as detailed under Holiday Parks Management Program with significant projects planned for the 2019 calendar year.

• Recurrent/Operational

Recurrent expenses are planned and budgeted for under the Council's budgetary process while capital projects in the Crown Reserve Parks are funded by agreement with the Crown Reserve Trust and in line with the published Plans of Management.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

The SAMP is reviewed and updated annually. New assets are recorded and allocated asset numbers in the Corporate Asset Register. The performance of existing assets is monitored throughout the year via regular inspections. Reports are prepared and priorities determined for improvements in preparation for the annual budget process.

Summary

The current status of the asset maintenance program across the Council holiday parks indicates that further strategic planning is required to meet the desired level of service and expected market need.

Thou Walla Sunset Retreat at Soldiers Point and Treescape Holiday Park at Anna Bay are capitalizing new markets whilst focusing on reduced costs. The successful approval of grant funding under the Regional Economic Growth Tourism Fund process confirms Councils plans to build a new Koala Sanctuary at the Treescape facility to increase tourism and day visitors to the area.

The balance of Council's holiday park assets are administered under a Crown Reserve Trust and profitability ensures that there will be surplus funds available for redevelopment, upgrades and new product in order to meet the challenges of a dynamic tourism market.

Operational Lands

Asset Holdings	 Currently Council has 157 lots classified Operational Land including: those held as properties designated for potential future development; and those improved with buildings under the care and control of Council's Facilities and Services Group. Of these 157 lots, 38 are under the management of the Land Acquisition and Development Manager with 24 considered as 'Active' development lots (currently under some form of development/consent activity). The remaining 14 are considered as 'Inactive' development sites (no current or planned development/consent activity).
Desired Level of Service Statement	Not applicable as the Active parcels form part of the Property Services development land bank.
Available Data	Operational Property Register.
Last Condition Survey	Not applicable as the improved Active parcels (namely the library and Administration buildings in Raymond Terrace maintained by the Property Services Manager) are free of major improvements.
Active Sites	 Karuah 210 -262 Tarean Road – 7 lots Medowie 795 Medowie Road – 1 lot 3 Industrial Road – 1 lot Raymond Terrace 112 Adelaide Street – 1 lot 50 William Street – 1 lot 7A Bourke Street – 1 lot 18A Sturgeon Street – 1 partial lot 116 Adelaide Street – 1 partial lot Salamander Bay 155 Salamander Way – 1 lot 109 Foreshore Drive – 1 Lot Soldiers Point 14 Bagnall Avenue – 1 lot 178 Cabbage Tree Road – 1 lot 282-282B and 398 Cabbage Tree Road – 4 lots
Main Findings	 None of the Operational Lands have above ground or major improvements which limits the need for SAMP actions; More isolated Operational Lands, due to their unfenced nature, are at a higher risk of illegal dumping or other unacceptable activity; The risks to Council from these Operational Lands are low in comparison to those of the improved sites; Fencing is uneconomical but signage and increased Ranger visibility can act as a cost-efficient deterrent.

CHARACTERISITCS

The active parcels can be characterised by one or more of the following:

- Zoned for commercial, industrial or residential development, or identified for rezoning;
- Within reasonable proximity to existing commercial/industrial/residential centres;
- Most but not all are flood free;
- Services are readily available;
- Demonstrated demand for the end development.

The inactive parcels can be characterised by a variety of the following:

- Low lying and/or flood prone;
- Small sites not capable of individual development;
- Heavily vegetated;
- Services may not be readily available;
- Unusually shaped, making development problematic;
- Community considers land is "open space" or "parkland".

LEVEL OF SERVICE

Legislative Requirements

Apart from the general provisions of the *Local Government Act 1993*, there is no legislative requirement in relation to these Operational Lands.

FUTURE DEMAND

Development of these Operational Lands is typically demand-driven. When the market is indicating upcoming demand for the likely end land use, the Property Services section of Council commences a process to rezone and or secure development consent for the end land use. Once consent conditions are available, Property Services can review market conditions and development costs to determine the feasibility of proceeding with the development of individual sites. Council resolution to proceed with the development including the provision of funding necessary to complete the development proposal is required. Sale of the end product pays for the development costs of the project with surpluses accruing in the Property Reserve Fund to continue to alleviate the call on rates revenue and assist with future development projects.

The Council is a relatively small player in the development industry however has a commercial advantage over private developers that must secure sites, incur holding costs, bring developments to the market and sell the completed project, all within a timeframe that enables a profit to be made. Council as the landowner has less holding costs and therefore can "land bank" its sites until market conditions are appropriate.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Life cycle management plan provisions are not relevant to vacant land.

Visitor Information Centre

Asset Holdings	Vis	Visitor Information Centre, Nelson Bay					
Desired Level of Service Statement		To provide a modern attractive tourism facility for the visitors to Port Stephens.					
Available Data	Со	ndition report					
Last Condition Survey	20	2012					
General	Condition Rating % Assets \$CRC		\$CRC				
Assessment of Condition	1	Near Perfect					
	2	Good	75.00	\$1,660,500			
	3	Satisfactory	25.00	\$553,500			
	4	Very Poor					
	5	Unserviceable					
		Total	100.00	\$2,214,000			
Main Findings	are	The improvements, which comprise the Visitor Information Centre (VIC), are of cavity brick construction with reinforced concrete floors and a metal deck roof.					

Figure 37: Condition Rating - Visitor Information Centre



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LEVEL OF SERVICE

Legislative Requirements

- Building Code of Australia
- Work Health and Safety Act 2011
- Work Health and Safety Regulations

Current Level of Service:

The VIC provides an attractive modern facility which currently caters well to its use. The VIC is a purpose built facility located within an attractive focal point adjacent to the Nelson Bay CBD.

Desired Level of Service

Into the future there may be the requirement to provide significant capital upgrades in order to adequately service the increased tourism numbers within Nelson Bay and Port Stephens generally.

FUTURE DEMAND

Key Drivers

The key driver in respect of this asset will remain tourism and tourism related industry and visitation.

Future State

It is anticipated that increasing tourism numbers and the increasing popularity of Port Stephens generally will increase demand for the level of service provided by the facility.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Monitoring and programmed maintenance are expected to provide effective asset management outcomes into the future. From the data available, Council has been able to project Lifecycle Costs over ten years as noted in the Visitor Information Centre Management Plan.

Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

There are currently no plans for creation or augmentation at this time.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

A program of inspections is in place for Council assets. This program informs the development of maintenance plans.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Annual inspections are used to record and document the condition of Council's assets, including the VIC.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Proposed rehabilitation and renewal works are identified in condition reports which also inform the timing and implementation of the Visitor Information Centre Management Program.

Management Program - Visitor Information Centre							
	Condition Rating	Equipment Description	Action	Estimated Cost	Delivery TimeframeYearYear		Year
1.	2	Sub-structure; windows; mechanical services	Refurbishment	\$5,500	1 - 3 2019- 2020	4 - 9	10+
2.	3	Mechanical services; roof	Repair	\$25,700	2019- 2020		
3.	2	Windows; fitments	Upgrade	\$6,000	2020 2021		
4.	3	Electrical services	Improvement	\$11,200		2021 2022	
5.	2	Hydraulics; fire services	Maintenance/Upgrade	\$5,500		2022- 2023	
6.	2	Floors; ceilings	Refurbishment	\$27,500		2023- 2024	
7.	3	Electrical Services	Refurbishment	\$2,000		2023- 2025	
8.	3	Fire and Electrical Services	Upgrade	\$7,500		2025- 2026	
9.	3	Roof	Maintenance	\$3,500		2025- 2027	
10.	2	Roof	Maintenance	\$5,000		2021- 2022	
11.	2	Sub-structure; windows; mechanical services	Refurbishment	\$5,500			2027- 2028
		TOTAL		\$104,900			

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

There is no current intention to consolidate or dispose of this asset.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

The Investment and Asset Manager assesses financial risk on an ongoing basis. Insurance risk is catered for under the Council's industrial special risk policy while the occupiers (Strategy and Environment Section) manage the day to day WHS responsibilities.

Risk Controls - Visitor Information Centre					
Risk	Control to Mitigate Risk	Residual Risk			
There is a risk that failure in the infrastructure could result in the building becoming uninhabitable for a short period (for example because of water damage) and thereby impacting upon the Council's VIC operations.	 Implement specific site management initiatives. Ensure that infrastructure is upgraded or replaced as it reaches the end of its functional life. 	Medium			
There is a risk that the building does not comply with working at heights systems such as anchor points and walkways, leading to injury to workers while undertaking work at heights.	Undertake annual certification of installed anchor points.	Medium			

Financial/Budget Summary

The Visitor Information Centre Management Program details the current expected requirements for asset rehabilitation into the future. This Program is subject to annual review and is informed by the inspection regime.

Capital

While provision has been made for rehabilitation works as detailed above a comprehensive review of future capital requirements is to be undertaken in respect of this asset.

Recurrent/Operational

A nominal fixed internal rent is payable in relation to occupation of the property which provides for outgoings and a proportion of maintenance on an annual basis.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

The staged implementation of the asset management module will greatly benefit the monitoring and planning provisions in respect of assets such as the VIC.

<u>Summary</u>

The VIC remains an asset well suited to its current purpose. However it is anticipated that into the future increases in tourism numbers and the popularity of Port Stephens as a preferred holiday destination servicing both local and overseas markets will dictate that significant capital upgrades are undertaken.

Lifecycle Management: Information Communication Technology Assets

Information Communication Technology (ICT) Assets categories are listed in Table A.

Cabling

SUMMARY

Asset Holdings	Cabling				
Available Data	Limited				
Last Condition Survey	2015				
General Assessment					
of Condition	Condition Rating	% Assets	\$ CRC		
	1 Near Perfect	10%	\$55,000		
	2 Good	40%	\$220,00		
	3 Satisfactory	25%	\$137,500		
	4 Very Poor	20%	\$110,000		
	5 Unserviceable	5%	\$22,500		
	Total 100% \$550,000				
Main Findings	The structured cabling at most Council buildings is of an obsolete standard, has been poorly maintained and is problematic. Council is implementing a program of works to remediate its ICT infrastructure to industry standard. Where existing structured cabling is non-compliant to category 5e Standards (ratified in 1999), the cabling will be replaced. Where the existing structured cabling is of category 5e or greater, it will be certified to ensure the Standard is met. New cabling installations will be compliant to the category 6a standard (ratified in 2008). The structured cabling at most Council buildings has been undertaken over the last 3 years.				

LEVEL OF SERVICE

<u>Customer Expectations</u> Internal customers expect that the structured cabling at their place of work is reliable and is capable of operating at a speed that enables the delivery of corporate applications, data and telecommunications services; and that there are adequate "ends" that cater for organisational growth.

Current Level of Service

The existing structured cabling at most buildings is of an obsolete standard or does not comply with a structured cabling standard (and did not at the time of installation), is unreliable and difficult to support and is not of adequate capacity to meet customer expectations.

FUTURE DEMAND

Demand is a factor of the growth of Council's built assets (none currently planned) and increases in staff levels, which are documented in the Workforce Plan 2018-2021.

Other Factors

World metal prices (notably copper) can affect the cost of cabling and hence the replacement of cabling.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

<u>Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan</u> Not applicable for this asset type.

<u>Operations/Maintenance Plan</u> Maintenance is conducted on an as-required basis where faults are detected.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Cabling is regularly monitored to anticipate failures given the condition of the asset stated above.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Renewal and replacement is being undertaken as part of an on-going ICT infrastructure remediation program of works and all procurement activities are being undertaken in line with Council's procurement guidelines.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

Cabling removed from buildings is sent to recyclers. Proceeds are re-invested in the asset.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

Building cabling is covered in the Enterprise Risk Management Plan.

Financial/Budget Summary

Recurrent and Operational

Annually from 2018-2019 minor maintenance only: includes additions and moves to the value of \$20,000 p.a.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

Plans for management of structured cabling are reviewed annually as part of the review of all Council's assets.

Desktop Assets

SUMMARY

Asset Holdings		Desktop computers, laptop computers and tablets installed throughout Council facilities.				
Available Data	ICT	Desktop Assets				
Last Condition Survey	2016	2016				
General Assessment of Condition				egrade over time or		
or condition	Co	ondition Rating	% Assets	\$ CRC		
	1	Near Perfect	50%	\$500,000		
	2	Good	25%	\$50,000		
	3	Satisfactory	25%	\$250,000		
	4	Very Poor				
	5	Unserviceable				
	Total 100% \$1,000,000					
Main Findings	The perfe deve	Existing Desktop Assets are in fully operational condition. These assets do not degrade in appearance, functionality or performance over time. However as operating systems and applications develop, or become obsolete, the machines on which they run, may require replacement.				

LEVEL OF SERVICE

As the Desktop Assets are critical to Council's operations, suppliers and customers, the assets are required to be fully functional during Council and remote site business hours.

Desktop Assets must provide appropriate functionality at fixed locations for desktop systems, or provide flexibility and remote connectivity if a laptop or tablet is used.

It is in the best interest of Council to maintain equipment with manufacturers' warranty and sufficient support provisions. This applies to both hardware and software.

Council and associated business units such as holiday parks, libraries and the VIC expect to be able to access the entire suite of ICT applications and systems during business hours and from time to time outside normal business hours.

In addition to time-based access, users also demand flexible and mobile access from outside the Council network. Desktop Assets underpin almost every function of Council. The assets themselves offer no return on investment. However, by providing reliable and efficient ICT

services, the individual systems improve efficiencies and enhance and support cost effective Council operations.

As a collection of Council assets, the devices themselves do not directly link to strategies, plans or objectives, other than interfacing with the systems that underpin council operations and community activities.

FUTURE DEMAND

As Council's systems continue to develop with increasing mobility and flexibility, there will be a corresponding move to laptops and tablets.

Desktop PCs will still have a place for permanently deskbound roles; however any functions performed could easily be performed by a current laptop machine.

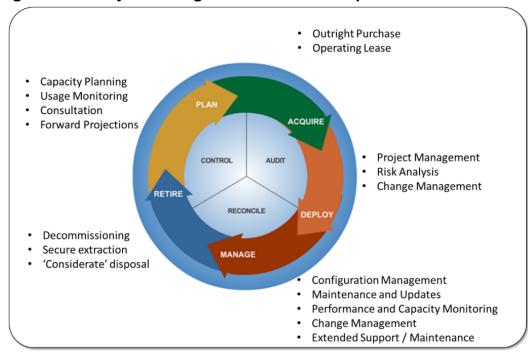
While there is no foreseeable reduction in numbers of systems, they will differ in format.

Other Factors

Fluctuating world commodity prices may also have a significant impact on the ongoing availability and replacement of desktop systems.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Desktop Assets require little or no traditional maintenance or servicing. From time to time, software, firmware or operating systems require updates, which are applied during regularly scheduled system outages, timed to minimise any impact to Council and remote site operations.





Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan

Not applicable for this asset type.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Other than regular updates of software or firmware, Desktop assets do not require anything other than a very basic asset management framework.

Older assets become more expensive to maintain as they approach the end of the 'supported life' by the manufacturer, at which point support is no longer provided.

After a period; usually three to five years it is more cost effective to procure new equipment which carries warranty and support as part of the initial purchase price.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Continuous real-time monitoring provides immediate alerts should any assets suffer a physical failure, be operating in a degraded state, or do not have the capacity to perform their main functions.

Individual computers 'check-in' with the Service Desk, which builds a database of all configuration and installed software information.

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Renewal and replacement is being undertaken as part of an on-going ICT infrastructure remediation programme of works, which for desktop and laptop computers, depending on operating system versions, is between three and five years. Tablets have an active service life of between two and four years. All procurement activities are being undertaken in line with Council's procurement guidelines.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

At end-of-life, systems are either donated to selected recipients or disposed of in line with the asset disposal management directive.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

ICT Infrastructure is covered in the Enterprise Risk Management Plan.

Financial/Budget Summary

Depending on Council's financial position and procurement strategies at the time, ICT Desktop Assets can either be procured through outright purchase, or operating leases.

All future purchases will include support and maintenance provisions for the entire projected life of the asset, eliminating increased operating costs as the assets age.

The financial forecasts are made with the following assumptions:

- Capacity of newer equipment increases, while purchase costs decrease;
- A combination of Council's financial data, combined with experience at other organisations provides the basis for any financial estimates or projections;
- Upcoming operating system or applications updates may force a change in hardware.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

This plan must be reviewed annually due to the continually evolving ICT landscape and the different classes of ICT Desktop Assets.

ICT Infrastructure

Asset Holdings	Servers, Storage Nodes (collectively referred to as SANs) and the connectivity infrastructure covering the Raymond Terrace Administration Building Datacentre, the Disaster Recovery Datacentre at the Raymond Terrace Depot and the network infrastructure across Council's remote sites and Holiday Parks.					
Available Data	ICT	Asset schedule				
Last Condition Survey	2016	2016				
General Assessment of Condition		e condition of ICT Infrastructure	e does not deg	rade over time, or		
of condition	Condition Rating		% Assets	\$ CRC		
	1	Near Perfect	90	\$720,000		
	2	Good				
	3	Satisfactory	10	\$80,000		
	4	Very Poor				
	5	Unserviceable				
	Total 100 \$800,000					
Main Findings	The: perfe	All existing ICT Infrastructure is in fully operational condition. These assets do not degrade in appearance, functionality or performance over time; however the cost of ownership dramatically increases over time with escalating support and maintenance costs usually exceeding the cost of replacement within five years.				

LEVEL OF SERVICE

As ICT infrastructure is critical to Council's operations, suppliers and customers, the assets are required to be fully functional during Council and remote site business hours.

ICT Infrastructure must provide sufficient computing power, data storage as well as backup and recovery to support the needs of Council now and into the future.

It is in the best interest of Council to maintain equipment with manufacturers' warranty and sufficient support provisions.

Council and associated business units such as such as holiday parks, libraries and the VIC expect to be able to access the entire suite of ICT applications and systems during business hours and from time to time outside normal business hours.

In addition to time-based access, users also demand flexible and mobile access from outside the Council's network.

Residents, developers and prospective visitors expect to be able to interact electronically with Council, again over a variety of methods outside normal business hours.

ICT Infrastructure underpins almost every function of Council. The assets themselves offer no Return on Investment, however by providing reliable and efficient ICT services, the individual systems improve efficiencies, and enhance and support cost effective Council operations.

As a collection of Council assets, the devices themselves do not directly link to strategies, plans or objectives, other than hosting the systems which underpin council operations and community activities.

FUTURE DEMAND

There are many factors which may either increase or decrease future demand of the ICT Infrastructure. With this in mind, all systems are developed with scalability in-built.

May cause an increase in demand

- Business improvements such as electronic Development Application lodgement and tracking will increase data storage and backup requirements;
- 3D drawings and plans will increase data storage and backup requirements;
- Increased capabilities in the Spatial Services area will increase data storage and backup requirements;
- Increasing use of mobile devices uploading into Council systems;
- Records Management legislation may increase data storage and backup requirements.

May cause a decrease in demands

- Increased use of Cloud Applications;
- Improvements in internal systems (De-Duplication etc...);
- Improved compression for storage and backup solutions;
- Structured off-line archiving of electronic records.

Other Factors

Emerging technologies may increase or decrease projected costs, as well as developments of Cloud Solutions, improved connectivity such as NBN or Wireless point to point connectivity.

World commodity prices may also have a significant impact.

LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT PLAN

ICT Infrastructure requires litle or no traditional maintenance or servicing. From time to time, software, firmware or operating systems require updates, which are applied during regularly scheduled system outages, timed to minimise any impact to Council and remotye site operations.

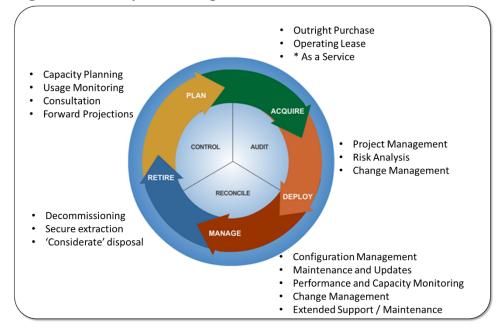


Figure 39: Lifecycle Management Plan - ICT Infrastructure

<u>Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan</u> Not applicable for this asset type.

Operations/Maintenance Plan

Other than regular updates of software or firmware, ICT Infrastructure assets do not require anything other than a very basic asset management framework.

Older assets become more expensive to maintain as they approach the end of the 'supported life' by the manufacturer, at which time support is no longer provided.

At this point it is more cost effective to procure new equipment which carries warranty and support as part of the initial purchase price.

Condition and Performance Monitoring

Continuous real-time monitoring provides immediate alerts should any assets suffer a physical failure, be operating in a degraded state, or does not have the capacity to perform its main functions.

The data is real-time with a database for historical reporting, trend analysis and capacity planning

Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan

Renewal and replacement is being undertaken as part of an on-going ICT infrastructure scheduled programme of works.

All procurement activities are being undertaken in line with Council's procurement guidelines.

Consolidation/Disposal Plan

Assets that are decommissioned have no commercial value. At the time of replacement, some items may be returned to the manufacturer. Remaining assets will be disposed of as per Council's Asset disposal management directives and relevant guidelines.

<u>Risk Plan</u>

ICT Infrastructure is covered in the Enterprise Risk Management Plan.

Financial/Budget Summary

Depending on Council's financial position and procurement strategies at the time, ICT Infrastructure assets can either be procured through outright purchase, or operating leases.

All future purchases of ICT Infrastructure assets will include Support and Maintenance provisions for the entire projected life of the asset, eliminating increased operating costs as the assets age.

The financial forecasts are made with the following assumptions:

- Capacity of newer equipment increases, while purchase cost decrease;
- Combined with Council's financial data, experience at other organisations provides the basis for any financial estimates or projections;
- Growth in capacity is estimated considering requirements over the past two years and looking forward to strategic initiatives and projects.

Plan Improvement and Monitoring

This plan must be reviewed annually due to the continually evolving ICT landscape and the different classes of ICT Infrastructure Assets.

Attachment 1: Asset Management Policy

Policy



 FILE NO:
 PSC2005-3231

 TITLE:
 ASSET MANAGEMENT POLICY

 POLICY OWNER:
 ASSET SECTION MANAGER

PURPOSE:

The purpose of the policy is to articulate Port Stephens Council's commitment to sound asset management in an integrated, consistent, co-ordinated and financially sustainable manner. The policy provides a clear direction by defining the key principles that underpin the management of assets.

CONTEXT/BACKGROUND:

Port Stephens Council is responsible for a large and diverse asset base. These assets include, but not limited to; parks, pools, wharves, jetties, foreshores, roads, bridges, footpaths, drains, library resources, childcare centres, community buildings, RFS and SES emergency buildings, sporting facilities, fleet, transport infrastructure, land, commercial business assets and information communication technology-related assets. These assets are used to provide facilities and services to the community, visitors and persons undertaking business in our Local Government Area.

The Local Government Act 1993, sections 8B(b) and 8B(c)(ii) "Principles of Local Government" legislates Council's responsibility and the manner in which Council must conduct itself when providing services to the community. These Principles include Council's asset management responsibility.

Essential Element 2.13 and 2.14 of the Local Government Guidelines sets out requirements for identification of critical assets, risk management strategies for these assets and specific actions.

Essential Element 2.12 of the Local Government Guidelines requires that *The Asset* Management Strategy must include an overarching council endorsed Asset Management Policy.

SCOPE:

To meet the "Principles of Local Government", Council shall be the custodian of assets it has control of and manage them though their lifecycle. The management of assets is documented in the Strategic Asset Management Plan and should ensure that issues addressed are prioritised in line with:

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Issue Date: 20/11/2011	Printed: 13/02/2018	Review Date: 12/12/2019	Page: 1 of 4

Policy



- organisational objectives
- · Community's goals as detailed in the Community Strategic Plan
- as best as possible result in intergenerational equity.

The Strategic Asset Management Plan addresses the asset lifecycle management processes by documenting the assets:

- Background Data
- Planning
- Creation/Acquisition/Augmentation Plan
- Financial/Risk Management Plan
- Operations and Maintenance Plan
- Condition and Performance Monitoring
- Rehabilitation/Renewal/Replacement Plan
- Consolidation/Rationalisation Plan
- Audit Plan/Review

Key elements that drive the above asset lifecycle management processes include:

- Levels of Service
- Future Demand
- Lifecycle Management Plan
- Financial Summary
- Asset Management Practices
- Plan Improvement and Monitoring

Council will maintain and annually review the Strategic Asset Management Plan as required in Essential Element 2.18 of the Local Government Guidelines. Relevant staff and Councillors shall be trained in asset management.

DEFINITIONS:

An outline of the key definitions of terms included in the policy.

Asset	An item that has potential value to an organisation and is used to provide a service to community, customers or stakeholders.
Asset Lifecycle Management	The term used to describe the management of an asset through the stages of life from planning and creation to disposal.
Strategic Asset Management Plan	Plan that documents the assets activities and programs for each service area and resources applied to provide a defined level of service in the most cost effective way based on the services required.







POLICY STATEMENT:

Council is committed to undertake the management of assets in accordance with the scope of this policy.

POLICY RESPONSIBILITIES:

- Asset Section Manager is responsible for the implementing, complying with, monitoring, evaluating, reviewing and providing advice on the policy.
- Port Stephens Council asset owners including Asset Section Manager, Business Systems Support Section Manager, Community Services Section Manager, Emergency Management Co-ordinator and Property Services Section Manager are responsible for implementing the Policy.

RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- 3) Local Government Act 1993 and Guidelines.
- Strategic Asset Management Strategy.
- 5) Asset Management Guidelines.

CONTROLLED DOCUMENT INFORMATION:

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www.portstepricits.itsw.gov.du					
RM8 container No	PSC2005-3231	RM8 record No	17/237174		
Audience	Mayor and Councillors, Council Staff and Community				
Process owner	Asset Section Manager				
Author	Asset Section Manag	Asset Section Manager			
Review timeframe	Two years	Next review date	12 December 2019		
Adoption date	20 December 2011		·		

Policy			
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Issue Date: 20/11/2011	Printed: 13/02/2018	Review Date: 12/12/2019	Page: 3 of 4



Policy

VERSION HISTORY:

Version	Date	Author	Details	Minute No.
1	20 Dec 2011	Group Manager Facilities and Services	Adoption	459
2	8 Mar 2011	Group Manager Facilities and Services	Minor Amendments	064
3	12 Dec 2017	Asset Section Manager	Align to new Council Policy format and inclusion in IPWEA "must haves" as an asset management policy.	323



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Attachment 2: Capital Works Program 2019-2029

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 2	\$250,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – New Amenities Block – Orana Street Stage 1	\$200,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – Replace Concrete Slabs Stage 2	\$120,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Treescape – General Cabin Refurbishment	\$75,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – New Amenities Block	\$2,000,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Concrete Slab Replacement Program Stage 1	\$130,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Cabin Refurbishment Project	\$144,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Street Lighting	\$30,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax - New Amenities Block	\$2,000,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – General Cabin Refurbishment	\$175,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – Convert Six Holiday Van Sites to Five 1 – Bedroom Cabins – Stage 1	\$300,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – General Cabin Refurbishment Project	\$50,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Cabin Refurbishment Project – Stage 2	\$60,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – General Cabin Refurbishment	\$83,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Replace Light Posts	\$30,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halfax – Road Maintenance - Stage 2	\$50,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Water Service / Sewer Mains Upgrade	\$35,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – Boom Gates Upgrade	\$60,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Treescape – Fire Hydrant Works – Stage 1	\$100,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park - Thou Walla – Cabin Refurbishment	\$220,000
2019/2020	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tomaree Aquatic Centre - Replace fibreglass pool linear	\$250,000
2019/2020	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tilligerry Aquatic Centre - Remediate balance tank membrane	\$40,000
2019/2020	Aquatic Structures	Waterways Assets - Foreshore erosion and accretion management	\$50,000
2019/2020	Aquatic Structures	Waterways Assets - Little Beach Boat Ramp - Improvements	\$250,000
2019/2020	Drainage Assets	Morpeth Road, Wallalong: Improvement to the existing detention basin outlet Under High Street	\$400,000
2019/2020	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
2019/2020	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIP`s Various	\$50,000
2019/2020	Drainage Assets	Coolabah Road, Medowie: Construct a swale and a berm along the rear boundary of No 14 Coolabah Road and lower the pathway between 15 & 17 Coolabah Road.	\$430,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2019/2020	Drainage Assets	Sunset Boulervard, Soldiers Point: Construction of a new drainage system along the Street	\$400,000
2019/2020	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$1,394,318
2019/2020	ICT Assets	Desktop Infrastructure (PCs and Laptops) Rollover	\$180,000
2019/2020	ICT Assets	Server and Storage Infrastructure Replacement	\$150,000
2019/2020	ICT Assets	Structured Cabling Replacement	\$300,000
2019/2020	ICT Assets	Telephony System	\$20,000
2019/2020	Library Assets	Library Resource Agreement	\$250,000
2019/2020	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Tanilba Bay Hall - External repaint	\$15,000
2019/2020	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - NB Senior Citizens Hall - Switchboard upgrade, handrails, internal and external painting	\$75,000
2019/2020	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Hinton School of Arts- Concrete driveway access	\$7,500
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Henderson Park - BBQ replacement	\$25,000
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Shoal Bay Foreshore - Park furniture replacement	\$85,000
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserve Assets - Fingal Bay Foreshore - Replacement of bore pump	\$30,000
2019/2020	Pavement Assets	Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$158,648
2019/2020	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Tanilba Rd - Widening and Kerb and guttering construction from Bay Street to Mallabula Rd	\$1,508,728
2019/2020	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Italia Rd - SEG 90 - 301 Italia Rd to 393 Italia Rd, Balickera	\$500,000
2019/2020	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Abundance Road - From Ferodale Road south 400m	\$437,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2019/2020	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Warren St - SEG 130 - 13 to 55 Warren St, Seaham	\$674,352
2019/2020	Pavement Assets	Traffic project TBD	\$75,000
2019/2020	Pavement Reseals	Pavement Reseal	\$1,600,000
2019/2020	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Relocation of Fingal Bay Oval to Kiddies Corner - Replacements	\$80,000
2019/2020	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Bagnalls Beach West - Replacements	\$70,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Boat Harbour Amenities - external and internal painting	\$9,500
2019/2020	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Kangaroo Point Amenities - external and internal painting	\$7,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Roy Wood Amenities - external and internal painting	\$7,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Ocean Avenue Amenities - Relocation to Robinson Reserve	\$130,000
2019/2020	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Vi Barnett Amenities - Replace fascia and external painting	24,000
2019/2020	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Medowie Tennis Amenities - Replace roof coverings and asbestos removal	\$40,000
2019/2020	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Fingal Bay Oval - Replace access paths	\$20,000
2019/2020	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Mallabula Sports Complex - Light Tower replacement	\$85,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 3	\$250,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – New Amenities Block – Orana Street Stage 2	\$800,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets.	Holiday Park – Halifax – Fire Hydrant Works – Stage 1	\$100,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay Boom Gates Upgrade	\$60,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets.	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Water Service / Sewer Mains Upgrade	\$35,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Concrete Slab Replacement Program – Stage 2	\$50,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets.	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Cabin Refurbishment Project	\$144,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Street Lighting	\$50,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets.	Holiday Park – Halifax – General Cabin Refurbishment	\$175,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – Replace Concrete Slabs	\$50,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets.	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Establish Pool/Water Playground – Stage 1	\$200,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Fire Hydrant Works – Stage 1	\$100,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets.	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Convert Holiday Vans to Tourist Sites	\$150,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Boom Gates Upgrade	\$60,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets.	Holiday Park – Halifax – Street Light Upgrade	\$150,000
2020/2021	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - Rehab Leisure pool tank and pool hall upgrades	\$130,000
2020/2021	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tilligerry Aquatic Centre - 25m pool linear replacement	\$150,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2020/2021	Drainage Assets	Elizabeth Street, Raymond Terrace Construction of a new drainage system from Elizabeth Street to Phillip Street via Charles Street	\$550,000
2020/2021	Drainage Assets	LGA Wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$56,000
2020/2021	Drainage Assets	Stanley Street, LTP: Upgrading the drainage system near No 9 Stanley Street	\$270,000
2020/2021	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIP`s Various	\$59,000
2020/2021	Drainage Assets	Tregenna St, RAYMOND TERRACE Upgrading the drainage system at the intersection of Tregenna St and Adelaide St	\$650,000
2020/2021	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$2,056,201
2020/2021	ICT Assets	Desktop Infrastructure (PCs and Laptops) Rollover	\$120,000
2020/2021	ICT Assets	Server and Storage Infrastructure Replacement	\$200,000
2020/2021	ICT Assets	Structured Cabling Replacement	\$40,000
2020/2021	ICT Assets	Telephony System	\$20,000
2020/2021	Library Assets	Library Resource Agreement	\$250,000
2020/2021	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Childcare Assets - RT Kids Club - External painting and Repairs	\$15,000
2020/2021	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Williamtown Hall - Replace switchboard	\$30,000
2020/2021	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Mallabula Hall -Floor coverings and Internal lighting upgrade	\$25,000
2020/2021	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Church Street - Nelson Bay. 10 Church St to Government Road	\$320,000
2020/2021	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Fairlands Road - SEG 20 - Medowie	\$1,187,200
2020/2021	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Tomaree Road - Verona Road to Messines Street, Shoal Bay inc path construction	\$413,728

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2020/2021	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Fullerton Cove Rd - SEG 160 - 352 Fullerton Cove Road to 456 Fullerton Cove Road, Fullerton Cove	\$390,000
2020/2021	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. James Rd - SEG 30 - Boyd Bvd to 72 James Road, Medowie	\$275,000
2020/2021	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Regional Roads	\$360,000
2020/2021	Pavement Assets	LGA wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$150,000
2020/2021	Pavement Assets	Traffic project TBD	\$165,000
2020/2021	Pavement Reseals	Pavement reseal	\$1,600,000
2020/2021	Playground	Playground Assets - Boyd Oval- Replacement	\$80,000
2020/2021	Playground	Playground Assets - Seaham Park- Replace soft fall surround with a kids bike track	\$30,000
2020/2021	Playground	Playground Assets - Tomaree Sports Complex - Replacement	\$80,000
2020/2021	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Shoal Bay Amenities - Replacement	\$180,000
2020/2021	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Longworth Park Amenities - Replacement	\$130,000
2020/2021	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Victoria Pde Amenities - External and internal painting	\$17,000
2020/2021	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - King Park - Replace vehicle barriers	\$73,000
2020/2021	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - King Park - Replace Bill Bobbins Oval fence	\$60,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program - Stage 4	\$250,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Road Maintenance – Resurfacing – Stage 2	\$100,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Cabin Refurbishment Project	\$144,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – General Cabin Refurbishment	\$175,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Cabin Refurbishment Project – Stage 3	\$200,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Pool Amenities Upgrade	\$380,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – Replace Concrete Slabs	\$50,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Establish Pool/Water Playground – Stage 2	\$210,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Fire Hydrant Works – Stage 2	\$100,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Convert Holiday Vans to Tourist Sites	\$125,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Water Service / Sewer Mains Upgrade	\$35,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Parks – Fingal Bay – New Amenities Block – Orana Street – Stage 3	\$600,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – Road Maintenance	\$50,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Convert Holiday Van Sites to Tourist Sites	\$100,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park - Fingal Bay – Fire Hydrant Works	\$100,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – Fire Hydrant Works – Stage 2	\$100,000
2021/2022	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tomaree Aquatic Centre - Replace Grid mesh	\$20,000
2021/2022	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - Replace Grid mesh	\$20,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2021/2022	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tilligerry Aquatic Centre - Replace scupper drain linings	\$15,000
2021/2022	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tilligerry Aquatic Centre - Replace chemical controller	\$20,000
2021/2022	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tilligerry Aquatic Centre - Filter sand replacement	\$35,000
2021/2022	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tilligerry Aquatic Centre - Replace recirculation pumps	\$30,000
2021/2022	Aquatic Structures	Waterways Assets - Salamander Wharf - Handrails	\$10,000
2021/2022	Aquatic Structures	Waterways Assets - Karuah Wharf - Handrails	\$10,000
2021/2022	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIP`s Various	\$200,000
2021/2022	Drainage Assets	Warratah Ave, Soldiers Point Upgrading the drainage system and construction of a new drainage channel	\$400,000
2021/2022	Drainage Assets	Kingston Pde, Raymond Terrace: Upgrading the drainage system from Kingston Pde to the floodplain via 5 Kingston Pde	\$300,000
2021/2022	Drainage Assets	Abundance Road, Medowie: Construction of a new drainage system from Abundance road to Campvale Drain	\$600,000
2021/2022	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
2021/2022	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$1,810,591
2021/2022	ICT	Desktop Infrastructure (PCs and Laptops) Rollover	\$450,000
2021/2022	ICT	Server and Storage Infrastructure Replacement	\$600,000
2021/2022	ICT	Structured Cabling Replacement	\$40,000
2021/2022	ICT	Telephony System	\$100,000
2021/2022	Library Assets	Library Resource Agreement	\$250,000
2021/2022	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Seaham Hall - Upgrade driveway and disabled access	\$60,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2021/2022	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Longworth Park - Barbeque replacement	\$20,000
2021/2022	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Diemars Road - SEG 30 - Soldiers Point Road west 250m, Salamander Bay	\$213,000
2021/2022	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Ferodale Rd - SEG 100 - Medowie Road roundabout to Peppertree Rd, Medowie	\$140,000
2021/2022	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Swan Bay Road - SEG 30 - Swan Bay. 91 Swan Bay Road to Morten Road.	\$340,000
2021/2022	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Duns Creek Road- SEG 50 – Duns Creek. Forest Road to 291 Duns Creek Road.	\$835,728
2021/2022	Pavement Assets	Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$180,000
2021/2022	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Regional Roads Medowie Road seg 350 - Kindlebark Drive to Federation Drive	\$536,000
2021/2022	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Elizabeth Ave - Lemon Tree Passage. No 18 to John Parade.	\$100,000
2021/2022	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Mount Hall Rd - SEG 20 - Raymond Terrace. A4 Mount Hall Road to 24 Mount Hall Road.	\$241,000
2021/2022	Pavement Assets	Traffic project TBD	\$160,000
2021/2022	Pavement Reseals	Pavement Reseal	1,600,000
2021/2022	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Spencer Park - Replacement	\$150,000
2021/2022	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Kindlebark Oval - Replacement	\$150,000
2021/2022	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Tanilba Park Amenities - External and internal painting	\$6,000
2021/2022	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Nelson Bay Tennis - Fencing and Retaining Wall replacement	\$200,000
2021/2022	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Dick Burwell Oval - External repaint	\$9,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2021/2022	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Renewals and Replacements - Various	\$100,000
2021/2022	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Salamander Sports Complex - Playing surface renovation	\$80,000
2021/2022	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Brandon Park- Replacement of awnings, shade shelters, internal and external painting. Replace goal posts and remark netball courts	\$65,000
2022/2023	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 5	\$250,000
2022/2023	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Fire Hydrant Works	\$100,000
2022/2023	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Outdoor Recreation Facilities	\$450,000
2022/2023	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – Covert Holiday Van Sites to Tourist Sites	\$100,000
2022/2023	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - Replace Leisure pool expansion joints and grout	\$65,000
2022/2023	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tomaree Aquatic Centre - Amenities upgrade	\$200,000
2022/2023	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tomaree Aquatic Centre - Replace DE socks	\$27,000
2022/2023	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIPs Various	\$50,000
2022/2023	Drainage Assets	LGA Wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
2022/2023	Drainage Assets	Magnus Street, Nelson Bay: Investigation on an overflow pipe drainage system from Magnus Street to Victoria Pde via the reserve. If possible,Construct the overflow pipe drainage system	\$800,000
2022/2023	Drainage Assets	Campvale Drain, Medowie: Augmentation of Campvale Drain from pinch Point to the Pumping Station	\$500,000
2022/2023	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$3,246,971
2022/2023	ICT Assets	Desktop Infrastructure (PCs and Laptops) Rollover	\$150,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2022/2023	ICT Assets	Server and Storage Infrastructure Replacement	\$120,000
2022/2023	ICT Assets	Structured Cabling Replacement	\$40,000
2022/2023	ICT Assets	Telephony System	\$30,000
2022/2023	Library Assets	Library Resource Agreement	\$250,000
2022/2023	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Childcare Assets - RT Kids Club - Replace floor coverings	\$38,000
2022/2023	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Conroy Park - BBQ replacement	\$20,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction - Sturgeon Street SEG 90, Raymond Terrace Glenelg Street to Jacaranda Avenue inc Jacaranda intersection, Raymond Terrace	\$390,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Avenue of the Allies- Tanilba Bay. Widening, drainage, Kerb and guttering Poilus Pde to King Albert Ave Stage 1	\$1,103,728
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Sturgeon Street Seg 90, Glenelg Street to Jaccaranda Avenue inc Jaccaranda intersection, Raymond Terrace	\$465,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Ferodale - and 80m of Kindlebark Dr SEG 140 – Medowie From 93 Ferodale Rd to 131 Ferodale Rd	\$400,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Ferodale Road, Medowie. Access road full length and carpark reconstruction	\$360,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$140,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Regional Roads Repair	\$400,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Traffic project TBD	\$60,000
2022/2023	Pavement Reseals	Pavement Reseal	\$1,600,000
2022/2023	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Memorial Park - Relocation to Aliceton Reserve	\$150,000
2022/2023	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Seaham Park - Replace playground surrounds with bike track	\$30,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2022/2023	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Centennial Park - Replacements	\$70,000
2022/2023	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Memorial Park - Relocation to Aliceton Reserve	\$180,000
2022/2023	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Neil Carroll Park - Replacement	\$120,000
2022/2023	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Renewals and Replacements - Various	\$100,000
2023/2024	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 6	\$250,000
2023/2024	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tomaree Aquatic Centre - Remediate heat and filtration pumps	\$20,000
2023/2024	Depots	Raymond Terrace and Nelson Bay depot relocation	\$15,000,000
2023/2024	Drainage Assets	Enterprise Drive, Tomago: Upgrade Drainage System at Enterprise Drive and through the drainage easement between No 3 & 5 Enterprise Drive	\$350,000
2023/2024	Drainage Assets	Rigney St, Shoal Bay - Construct a new drainage system and kerb and guttering infront of No 55 Rigney Street from 55 Rigney Street to Fingal Street	\$300,000
2023/2024	Drainage Assets	Kindlebark Drive, Medowie: Upgrade pit and pipe capacities and lower the footpath for an overland flow path	\$100,000
2023/2024	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
2023/2024	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIPs Various	\$50,000
2023/2024	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$4,229,588
2023/2024	ICT Assets	Desktop Infrastructure (PCs and Laptops) Rollover	\$170,000
2023/2024	ICT Assets	Server and Storage Infrastructure Replacement	\$120,000
2023/2024	ICT Assets	Structured Cabling Replacement	\$40,000
2023/2024	ICT Assets	Telephony System	\$30,000
2023/2024	Libraries	Library Assets - Tomaree Library - AC replacement	\$400,000
2023/2024	Library Assets	Library Resource Agreement	\$250,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2023/2024	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Renewals and Replacements - Various	\$100,000
2023/2024	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Karuah Centre - Remove external asbestos and repaint	\$30,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Paterson Road - SEG 50 - 765 Paterson Road to 831 Paterson Road, Woodville	\$400,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Swan Bay Road - SEG 40 - Swan Bay. Morten Road to 214 Swan Bay Road	\$300,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Avenue of the Allies- Tanilba Bay. Widening, drainage, K&G Poilus Parade to King Albert Avenue STAGE 2	\$903,728
2023/2024	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Newline Road - seg 280 - East Seaham. Killaloe Lane to 1090 Newline Road	\$795,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets	Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$150,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Regional Roads	\$360,000
2023/2024	Pavement Reseals	Pavement Reseal	\$1,600,000
2023/2024	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Elkin Ave Reserve- Replacement	\$70,000
2023/2024	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Kittyhawk Park – Replacement	\$70,000
2023/2024	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Fingal Bay Amenities – Replacement	\$180,000
2023/2024	Public Facilities	Public Amenities Assets - Spencer Park Amenities - Replacement	\$130,000
2024/2025	Administration / Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 7	\$250,000
2024/2025	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - Replace recirculation pumps	\$30,000
2024/2025	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - Shade Shelter replacements	\$80,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2024/2025	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - External painting	\$30,000
2024/2025	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - 50m pool expansion joints and grout	\$135,000
2024/2025	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tilligerry Aquatic Centre - External repaint	\$10,000
2024/2025	Drainage Assets	Kent Gardens, Soldiers Point: upgrading the existing drainage system	\$200,000
2024/2025	Drainage Assets	John Pde, LTP- Construct a new drainage system through private properties from Beach rd.	\$300,000
2024/2025	Drainage Assets	Brocklesby Road, medowie: Upgrade Drainage system down to Medowie Road	\$200,000
2024/2025	Drainage Assets	President Wilson Walk, Tanilba Bay: Upgrading the drainage system from LTP road to Golf Corse via President Wilson Walk	\$300,000
2024/2025	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
2024/2025	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIPs Various	\$50,000
2024/2025	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$921,998
2024/2025	ICT Assets	Desktop Infrastructure (PCs and Laptops) Rollover	\$450,000
2024/2025	ICT Assets	Server and Storage Infrastructure Replacement	\$500,000
2024/2025	ICT Assets	Structured Cabling Replacement	\$40,000
2024/2025	ICT Assets	Telephony System	\$150,000
2024/2025	Libraries	Library Assets - Tomaree Library and Community Centre - Boronda and Acarca floor resealing	\$15,000
2024/2025	Libraries	Library Assets - Raymond Terrace Library - Installation of solar PV	\$50,000
2024/2025	Library Assets	Library Resource Agreement	\$250,000
2024/2025	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Park Furniture renewals and replacements	\$10,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Rigney Street- Shoal Bay. Reconstruction from Fingal Street to Messines Street	\$768,728

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2024/2025	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Wilga Road - SEG 10 - Medowie Kirrang Drive to Wellard Close	\$700,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets	Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$150,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction Mustons Road, Karuah - Road widening and shared path construction - Franklin Street to Boronia Road	\$625,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Regional Roads	\$350,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets	Traffic project TBD	\$160,000
2024/2025	Pavement Reseals	Pavement Reseal	\$1,600,000
2024/2025	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Kinross Park - Replacement	\$75,000
2024/2025	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Mallabula Sports Complex - Replacement	\$150,000
2024/2025	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Shoal Bay East - Replacement	\$165,000
2024/2025	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Bettles Park - Replacement	\$150,000
2024/2025	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Renewals and replacements	\$100,000
2025/2026	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 8	\$250,000
2025/2026	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tilligerry Aquatic Centre - Replace fencing	\$80,000
2025/2026	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Grahamstown Aquatic Centre - Upgrade disabled access, internal and external painting	\$80,000
2025/2026	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tomaree Aquatic Centre - Replace DE filter socks	\$27,000
2025/2026	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - Replace chlorine controller	\$15,000
2025/2026	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tomaree Aquatic Centre - External repaint	\$30,000
2025/2026	Aquatic Structures	Waterways Assets - Salamander Wharf - Decking board replacement	\$38,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2025/2026	Drainage Assets	Boyd Boulevard, Medowie: Upgrade the drainage system from Boyd Boulevard to the north via 42 Boyd Boulevard	\$150,000
2025/2026	Drainage Assets	Tanilba Road, Mallabulla: Construct kerb and guttering and install pipe drainage system along Tanilba Road. Outlet via Alfred Lane	\$300,000
2025/2026	Drainage Assets	Hart Ave, Mallabulla: Extend existing dish drain downstream along the southern side of Hart Ave to the existing culvert under Bay St	\$150,000
2025/2026	Drainage Assets	Pennington Rd, Raymond Terrace: Upgrading the pit capacity and construct overland flowpath	\$150,000
2025/2026	Drainage Assets	Brown Road, Raymond Terrace: Construction of a large detention basin and an overland flowpath within Landcom Land. Overland flowpath from Salamander Place to Mount Hall Road	\$500,000
2025/2026	Drainage Assets	LGA Wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
2025/2026	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIPs Various	\$50,000
2025/2026	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$4,522,399
2025/2026	ICT Assets	Desktop Infrastructure (PCs and Laptops) Rollover	\$170,000
2025/2026	ICT Assets	Server and Storage Infrastructure Replacement	\$550,000
2025/2026	ICT Assets	Structured Cabling Replacement	\$40,000
2025/2026	ICT Assets	Telephony System	\$30,000
2025/2026	Library Assets	Library Resource Agreement	\$250,000
2025/2026	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Soldiers Point Hall - External repaint	\$50,000
2025/2026	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Childcare Assets - Renewals and replacements	\$100,000
2025/2026	Parks and Reserves	Parks & Reserves Assets - Fly Point - Park furniture replacement	\$40,000
2025/2026	Parks and Reserves	Parks & Reserves Assets - Nelson Bay Foreshore - Park furniture replacement	\$40,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2025/2026	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Tumut Street - SEG 10 - Raymond Terrace	\$70,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Sunset Boulevard- Soldiers Point Ridgeway Avenue to Brown Avenue - Widening and K&G	\$753,728
2025/2026	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Watt Street - SEG 10 - Richardson Road to Troman Street, Raymond Terrace	\$375,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Swan Bay Road - SEG 50 - 214 Swan Bay Road to 250 Swan Bay Road, Swan Bay	\$220,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Grahamstown Road, Medowie. Seg 30. Wade Close west 600m	\$640,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets	Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$150,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Regional Roads	\$500,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets	Traffic project TBD	\$140,000
2025/2026	Pavement Reseals	Pavement Reseal	\$1,600,000
2025/2026	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Taylors Beach Foreshore Reserve - Replacement	\$150,000
2025/2026	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Bob Cairns Reserve - Replacement	\$150,000
2025/2026	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - One Mile Beach - Replacement	\$200,000
2026/2027	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 9	\$250,000
2026/2027	Drainage Assets	Soldier Point Road, Soldiers Point: Upgrading the trunk drainage system at the intersection of Fleet St and Soldiers Point Rd	\$300,000
2026/2027	Drainage Assets	Soldier Point Road, Soldiers Point: Pit upgrading and overflow pipe drainage system along Soldiers Point Road (from 211 Soldiers Point Road to Council's reserve between 225 & 227 Soldiers Point road)	\$250,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2026/2027	Drainage Assets	Nelson Bay Road, Anna Bay: Widening of Fern Tree Drain (600m)- subcatchment 2, 3, 10 near Nelson Bay road.	\$800,000
2026/2027	Drainage Assets	LGA Wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
2026/2027	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIPs Various	\$50,000
2026/2027	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$2,300,000
2026/2027	Library Assets	Library Resource Agreement	\$250,000
2026/2027	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Karuah Hall - Upgrade amenities and finish sewer connection	\$150,000
2026/2027	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - LTP Old School Centre - Upgrade amenities	\$200,000
2026/2027	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Renewals and replacements	\$100,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Mount Hall Road - SEG 30 - 24 Mount Hall Road to 44 Mount Hall Road, Raymond Terrace	\$250,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Newline Road - seg 290- East Seaham 1090 Newline Road to 1145 Newline Road	\$395,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Italia Road - SEG 120 – Balickera From 436 Italia Road to 474 Italia Road	\$341,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Marsh Rd - SEG 20 - Bobs Farm From MARSH RD to MARSH RD	\$215,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Gan Gan Road - Eucalyptus Drive to Reflections Drive - One Mile	\$600,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. President Poincare Parade, Tanilba Bay. Reconstruction inc widening and K&G. King Albert to Peace Parade	\$453,728
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$150,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Regional Roads	\$500,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Traffic project TBD	\$150,000
2026/2027	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Angophora Reserve - Replacement	\$70,000
2026/2027	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Korora Oval - Replacement	\$70,000
2026/2027	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - George's Reserve Amenities - Replacement	\$140,000
2026/2027	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Salt Ash Amenities - Replacement	\$120,000
2026/2027	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Boyd Oval - Internal renovation	\$150,000
2027/2028	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 10	\$250,000
2027/2028	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Renewals and replacements	\$150,000
2027/2028	Drainage Assets	Cookes Parade. LTP: Construction of a secondary drainage outlet from Cookes Pde reserve to the boat remp.	\$100,000
2027/2028	Drainage Assets	Stockton Street, Nelson Bay: Extending and upgrading the drainage system infront of Cinema complex to Donald Street drainage system	\$300,000
2027/2028	Drainage Assets	Heritage Avenue, Medowie: Upgrading the culvert Under Heritage Ave	\$200,000
2027/2028	Drainage Assets	Adelaide Street, Raymond Terrace: Upgrading the drainage system along Adelaide Street between Kio-Ora Street and Coonanbarra Street	\$300,000
2027/2028	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIPs Various	\$50,000
2027/2028	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Renewals and replacements	\$100,000
2027/2028	Parks and Reserve	Parks and Reserve Assets - Lemon Tree Passage Boardwalk upgrades	\$100,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Corrie Parade - SEG 10 - Drungall Avenue to Fame Avenue, Corlette	\$165,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Drungall Avenue - SEG 10 - Sandy Point Road to Corrie Parade, Corlette	\$52,500

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$150,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Regional Roads	\$500,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Traffic project TBD	\$150,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Bagnall Beach Road - SEG 170 - Corlette From Sergeant Baker Drive to 40 Bagnall Beach Road	\$370,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Elizabeth Avenue - SEG 20 - Raymond Terrace	\$130,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Wychewood Avenue- Mallabula. widening and K&G from Strathmore Road to Eagle Lane	\$560,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Gowrie Avenue - Shoal Bay Road to Kerrigan Street, Nelson Bay- widening and K&G	\$603,728
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Shared path construction. Sandy Point Road. Foreshore Drive to Worimi Drive, Salamander Bay.	\$295,000
2027/2028	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Boronia Gardens - Replacement	\$80,000
2027/2028	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Seaham Park - Replacement	\$150,000
2027/2028	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Garden Place Reserve - Replacement	\$80,000
2027/2028	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Fingal Bay Foreshore Amenities - Replacement	\$150,000
2027/2028	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Tanilba Park Amenities - Replacement	\$150,000
2027/2028	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Shoal Bay Tennis Clubhouse upgrades	\$40,000
2028/2029	Drainage Assets	Shearman Avenue, Lemon Tree Passage: Upgrade the drainage system along Shearman Ave and construction of a small detention basin	\$150,000
2028/2029	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$2,300,000
2029/2030	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 11	\$250,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2029/2030	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 12	\$250,000
2029/2030	Drainage Assets	George Street, Karuah: Construct a new drainage system	\$200,000
2029/2030	Drainage Assets	Salamander Place, raymond Terrace: Install a new Drainage system infront of No 22 Salamanader Place.	\$100,000
2029/2030	Drainage Assets	James Road, Medowie: Enlarge 200m of existing drain between 102 and 104 James Road, creation of trunk drainage system and easement etc.	\$900,000
2029/2030	Drainage Assets	LGA Wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
2029/2030	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIPs Various	\$50,000
2029/2030	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$2,300,000
2029/2030	Property Assets	Administration Building Raymond Terrace - Roofing upgrades/replacements as per Life Cycle Costing 2010-2029	\$100,000

Attachment 3: Capital Works Plus Plan

Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
Ancillary Assets	Council wide Bus Shelter Improvement Program	\$3,900,000
Ancillary Assets	Bus Shelters and associated works – Seaham	\$125,000
Ancillary Assets	Bus Shelters - Lemon Tree Passage Rd at Blanch St, Lemon Tree Passage	\$20,000
Ancillary Assets	Bus Shelters – Nelson Bay Rd at Lemon Tree Passage Rd, Salt Ash	\$20,000
Ancillary Assets	Bus Shelters- Elizabeth Ave at Bareena St, Raymond Terrace	\$20,000
Ancillary Assets	Bus Shelters- Fitzroy St at Campbell Ave, Anna Bay; Admiralty Dr at Caswell Cres, Tanilba Bay	\$40,000
Ancillary Assets	Bus Shelters- Nelson Bay Rd at Steel St, Williamtown	\$20,000
Ancillary Assets	Bus Shelters- Nelson Bay Rd Fern Bay	\$40,000
Ancillary Assets	Bus Shelters- Rees James Rd Near SES, Raymond Terrace	\$20,000
Ancillary Assets	Bus Shelters- Tarean Rd at Golf course, Karuah; Donald St, Nelson Bay	\$40,000
Ancillary Assets	Guardrail - Gan Gan Rd north Anna Bay	\$100,000
Ancillary Assets	Guardrail - Italia Rd east Boral entrance, culvert Six Mile Rd	\$100,000
Ancillary Assets	Guardrail - Masonite Rd west water board crossover, Adelaide St north Rees James Rd	\$100,000
Ancillary Assets	Guardrail - Newline Rd	\$100,000
Ancillary Assets	Guardrail- Anna Bay - Port Stephens Dr new- Anna Bay Drain	\$50,000
Ancillary Assets	Guardrail- Anna Bay - Port Stephens Dr Sth Holiday park west side	\$30,000
Ancillary Assets	Guardrail- Fullerton Cove - Coxs Lane under Nelson Bay Rd	\$50,000
Ancillary Assets	Guardrail- Kula Rd - near Karwin Rd	\$100,000
Ancillary Assets	Guardrail- Medowie - near Bull'n'Bush	\$30,000
Ancillary Assets	Guardrail- Newline Rd	\$50,000
Ancillary Assets	Guardrail Replacement	\$100,000
Ancillary Assets	Guardrail- Shoal Bay - Cnr Marine Dr and Tomaree Rd.	\$40,000
Ancillary Assets	Guardrail- Shoal Bay -Cnr Government Rd and Marine Dr	\$30,000
Ancillary Assets	Guardrail- Williamtown - near RAAF main gate.	\$20,000
Ancillary Assets	Guardrail- Woodville - near Dunmore bridge	\$100,000
Ancillary Assets	Guardrail - Brandy Hill Dr - Elouera and Warrigal Cl	\$100,000

Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
Ancillary Assets	Shoal Bay Rd Parking - Anzac Park	\$90,000
Ancillary Assets	Tanilba Bay Golf Club resurfacing.	\$120,000
Ancillary Assets	Grahamstown Sailing Club Carpark Carpark resurfacing	\$243,200
Ancillary Assets	Retaining Walls - Maintenance and Myan CI - Study	\$140,000
Ancillary Assets	Retaining Walls - Myan CI - Stage 1	\$610,000
Ancillary Assets	Retaining Walls - Myan CI - Stage 2	\$510,000
Ancillary Assets	Retaining Walls - Government Rd and Frost Rd	\$140,000
Ancillary Assets	Carpark Formalise – Lilli Pilli Park Car (Beach Road) Lemon Tree Passage	\$50,000
Ancillary Assets	Carpark Upgrade - Cook Parade Carpark Lemon Tree Passage	Unknown
Aquatic Centres	Sports Assets – Tomaree Aquatic Centre – Indoor heated program pool	\$15,000,000
Aquatic Centres	Sports Assets – Tomaree Aquatic Centre – Hydrotherapy pool	\$15,000,000
Aquatic Structures	Waterways Assets - Conroy Pk/Sandy Pt - Revetment works	\$8,000,000
Aquatic Structures	Waterways Assets – Shoal Bay West – Sand backpassing	\$150,000 annually
Aquatic Structures	Waterways Assets - Kangaroo Pt - Revetment works	\$200,000
Aquatic Structures	Waterways Assets - Little Beach Access Jetty - Replacement of decking boards	\$100,000
Aquatic Structures	Waterways Assets - Little Beach Boat Ramp – Facility and Carpark Upgrade	\$1,500,000
Aquatic Structures	Waterways Assets – Soldier's Point – Foreshore revetment and pathway west of Thou Walla Retreat (design and approvals)	\$80,000
Aquatic Structures	Waterways Assets – Soldier's Point – Foreshore revetment and pathway west of Thou Walla Retreat (construction)	\$300,000
Aquatic Structures	Waterways Assets – Tanilba Bay Boat Ramp area improvement.	Unknown
Bridges	Bridges - Replace Windeyers Creek Cycleway Bridge	\$100,000
Bridges	Bridges - Jimmy Scott Bridge Light Replacement, Seaham	\$150,000
Bridges	Victoria Pde pedestrian bridge analysis and needs assessment and works	\$400,000
Bridges	Bridges - Revetment Replacement Program	\$100,000
Bridges	Bridges - Old Punt Rd major culvert upgrades	\$600,000
Cemeteries	Cemetery Assets - Anna Bay Cemetery - Expansion	\$500,000

Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
Depots	Replacement/Relocation of Raymond Terrace and Nelson Bay	\$20,000,000
Depots	Safety Compliance for Raymond Terrace Depot and Nelson Bay Depot	\$25,000
Drainage Assets	Bourke Street, R/T: Construction of a New Drainage System through Raymond Terrace Oval from Adelaide Street to the shopping centre and upgrading the Carmichael Street drainage	\$2,000,000
Drainage Assets	Bourke Street, R/T : Construction of a new stormwater pumping system at the end of Bourke Street and rising main to the Hunter River	\$1,500,000
Drainage Assets	Bourke Street, R/T : Construction of a new stormwater pumping system, installation of pumps and rising main from Carmichael Street to the Hunter River at the end of Bourke Street and rising main to the Hunter River	\$2,500,000
Drainage Assets	Richardson Road/Halloran Way, Raymond Terrace: Detention Basin with pre-treatment	\$350,000
Drainage Assets	Glenelg St, Raymond Terrace: Drainage works along Glenelg St from the Hunter River to Port Stephens Street.	\$1,200,000
Drainage Assets	Glenelg St, Raymond Terrace: Drainage works along Glenelg St from Port Stephens Street to Sturgeon Street	\$1,500,000
Drainage Assets	Glenelg St, Raymond Terrace: Drainage works along Glenelg St from Sturgeon Street to Adelaide Street.	\$1,500,000
Drainage Assets	Glenelg St, Raymond Terrace: Drainage works along Glenelg St from Adelaide Street to Irrawang Street	\$800,000
Drainage Assets	Ballot Close, Medowie: Upgrade Ballot Close catchment's drainage- detention basin, culvert upgrading, easement acquisition, channel improvement etc.	\$1,500,000
Drainage Assets	Ryan Road, Kula Road: Upgrade culverts and upstream and downstream channel improvements.	\$1,500,000
Drainage Assets	Wellard/Wilga Road: Upgrade culverts, upstream and downstream channel improvements, easement acquisition.	\$2,000,000
Drainage Assets	CDIA Area: Hydraulic improvement to Campvale Drain, Upgrade Ferodale Road culvert and upstream channel, Construction of a new drain from Abundance Road to Campvale Drain, upgrade Lisadell Road culvert and easement acquisition	\$4,400,000
Drainage Assets	Catchment wide, Shoal Bay: Improvements to the street drainage system with kerb and guttering.	\$3,000,000
Drainage Assets	Horace Street, Shoal Bay: Major augmentation of trunk drainage system from Rigney Street to Shoal Bay Beach outlet and improvement to Bullecourt drainage system.	\$4,500,000
Drainage Assets	Dawson Drain,Williamtown: A new drainage outlet from Dawson Drain to Fullerton Cove including floodgates.	\$900,000

Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
Drainage Assets	Catchment Wide, Williamtown: Acquisition of easement for drain widening and access road.	\$1,100,000
Drainage Assets	Halloran Way, R/T: Acquisition of land and construction of a detention basin at Benjamin Lee Drive/Richardson Road intersection.	\$2,500,000
Drainage Assets	Halloran Way R/T: Improvements to the drainage system along Halloran Way, at the intersection of Benjamin Lee Drive and Richardson Road	\$1,000,000
Drainage Assets	Nelson Bay Road, Williamtown: Improvement to Nelson Bay Road trunk drainage system.	\$800,000
Drainage Assets	Cromarty Lane, Bobsfarm : Improvement to the existing drain, acquisition of easement, environmental assessment, augmentation to the existing outlet.	\$600,000
Drainage Assets	Morpeth Road, Wallalong : Improvements to the existing drainage system	\$600,000
Drainage Assets	Anna Bay CBD, Gan Gan Road:Upgrading the existing drainage system between Morna Point Road and McKinley Swamp and then to north to Fern Tree drain (Anna Bay flood Study)	\$4,705,000
Drainage Assets	Clark Street & Gan Gan Road, Anna Bay: Construction of a new drainage system from Gan Gan Road to Anna Bay Main Drain via Clark Street (Anna Bay flood Study)	\$13,065,000
Drainage Assets	Blanch Street & Gan Gan Road,Boat Harbour: Upgrading the drainage outlet from the reserve to the north (Anna Bay flood Study)	\$2,990,000
Drainage Assets	Tanilba Bay Urban Area: Upgrade the drainage system within Tanilba Bay Urban Area(Anna Bay flood Study)	\$2,268,000
Drainage Assets	LTP Urban Area: Upgrade the drainage system within LTP Urban Area (Anna Bay flood Study)	\$1,027,000
Emergency Services	Karuah - Erect new 2 bay RFS station and demolish existing station	\$750,000
Emergency Services	Corlette - Expand current Corlette SES building by three vehicle bays and convert existing vehicle bay to training room	\$300,000
Emergency Services	Eagleton/Kings Hill - Erect new 3 Bay RFS station at Kings Hill Estate	\$850,000
Emergency Services	Seaham - Enclose existing carport to provide a training room and kitchen facilities at Seaham RFS	\$80,000
Emergency Services	Lemon Tree Passage – Marine Rescue Building Co- Funding	\$150,000
Libraries	Library Assets - Medowie Library - Construction of a new library facility	\$1,800,000
Libraries	Library Assets - Tomaree Library - Upgrade of existing facility	\$400,000

Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
Libraries	Library Assets – Raymond Terrace Library - Upgrade of existing facility to include multi-purpose cultural/art space	\$1,600,000
Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Medowie Community and Recreation Facility - Construction	\$5,500,000
Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets – Anna Bay Multi-purpose Community and Recreation Facility - Construction	\$1,500,000
Multipurpose Community Facilities	Youth Centre Facility	Unknown
Parks and Reserves	Iris Moore reserve development – Anna Bay – Scoping and investigation	\$150,000
Parks and Reserves	Iris Moore reserve development – Anna Bay – Preliminary Works	\$3,700,000
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Apex Park - Implementation of the master plan	\$1,200,000
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Boomerang Park - Implementation of the master plan	\$1,500,000
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Shoal Bay Foreshore - Implementation of the master plan	\$2,500,000
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Birubi Point Aboriginal Place – Implementation of the master plan	\$10,000,000
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Nelson Bay Foreshore - Implementation of the master plan	\$2,500,000
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets – Shoal Bay West Accessible Beach Ramp	\$200,000
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets – Little Beach Accessible Beach Ramp	\$200,000
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets – Boomerang Park - Fenced off-leash dog exercise area and facilities	\$50,000
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets – Tilligerry Peninsula - Fenced off-leash dog exercise area and facilities	\$50,000
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets – Karuah Foreshore Beautification Works	\$75,000
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets – Tomaree - Fenced off-leash dog exercise area and facilities	\$50,000
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets – West Ward - Fenced off- leash dog exercise area and facilities	\$50,000
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets – Soldiers Point - Fenced off- leash dog exercise area and facilities	\$50,000
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets – Fisherman's Bay - Fenced off-leash dog exercise area and facilities	\$50,000

Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets – Medowie Town Centre – Acquisition and establishment of town square	\$500,000
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets – McCann Park Lemon Tree Passage master plan scoping.	\$30,000
Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets – LGA Wide Drinking Stations along popular walking tracks	Unknown
Pathway	Shared Path - Fly Point, Nelson Bay. Separation and enhancement of pedestrian path	\$200,000
Pathway	Shared Path - Gan Gan Rd missing link	\$200,000
Pathway	Shared Path - Gan Gan Rd Nelson Bay Rd to FWD access	\$380,000
Pathway	Shared Path - Nelson Bay Rd - Salamander Roundabout to Frost Rd	\$400,000
Pathway	Shared Path - RAAF to Medowie.	\$2,500,000
Pathway	Shared Path - Salamander Way to Frost Rd.	\$750,000
Pathway	Shared Path - Waropara Rd, Medowie.	\$200,000
Pathway	Shared Path Construction- Boat ramp to Barry Park, Fingal Bay	\$600,000
Pathway	Shared Paths - Nelson Bay Rd shared path Frost Rd to Salamander Way	\$400,000
Pathway	Shared Paths - Rosemount Dr to Joseph Sheen Dr under Pacific Hwy	\$400,000
Pathway	Shared Paths - Salamander Way - Town Centre Cct to existing Compass CI connection	\$400,000
Pathways	Foot/Shared Paths- Soldiers Point Rd- Gilchrist to George Rd (Sth), Salamander Bay	\$200,000
Pathways	Footpaths - Cnr Tomaree St and Yaccaba St Nelson Bay; Ped ramp compliance	\$100,000
Pathways	Shared Pathways – Lemon Tree Passage – scoping, investigation and works	Unknown
Pathway	Pathway – Brandy Hill Drive	\$2,500,000
Pathway	Pathway – Brandy Hill Drive to Seaham - Chichester Line	\$400,000
Pathway	Footpaths – Coles to Lemon Tree Passage	Unknown
Pavement Assets	Fingal Bay Link Rd Planning	\$3,000,000
Pavement Assets	Fingal Bay Link Rd Construction	\$90,000,000
Pavement Assets	Dean Parade – Lemon Tree Passage. Widening and kerb and gutter construction	\$400,000
Pavement Assets	Johnson Pde – Lemon Tree Passage - Widening and kerb and gutter	\$350,000
Pavement Assets	Kent Gardens- Soldiers Point, Widening inc kerb and gutter 0 to 0.5	\$600,000

Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
Pavement Assets	King Albert Ave- Tanilba Bay. Reconstruction from Ave of the Allies to School	\$653,728
Pavement Assets	Morna Point Rd- Anna Bay. Reconstruction nth Ocean Ave	\$550,000
Pavement Assets	Nelson Bay Town Centre - Expand 40km/hr area	\$440,000
Pavement Assets	Nelson St- Nelson Bay. Rehabilitation inc kerb and gutter from Sproule St to Moorooba Cr	\$230,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Beatty Blvd - SEG 10 - Tanilba Bay	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Brown Ave- Soldiers Point. Reconstruction inc kerb and gutter	\$50,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Christmas Bush Ave Nelson Bay.	\$553,728
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Fitzroy St and Pacific Ave Intersection- Anna Bay. Reconstruction inc kerb and gutter, widening and drainage.	\$200,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Gowrie Ave - Nelson Bay - widening and kerb and gutter	\$700,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Montevideo Pde - Nelson Bay - widening and kerb and gutter	\$700,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Mustons Rd, Karuah - Road widening and shared path construction - Franklin St to Boronia Rd	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Rankin Rd- Fern Bay. Widening inc kerb and gutter and Drainage. Nelson Bay Rd to Popplewell Rd	\$675,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Riverside PI - Carlsile Cr to Riverside Dr, Karuah	\$160,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Sunset Boulevard- Soldiers Point Ridgeway Ave to Brown Ave - Widening and kerb and gutter	\$353,728
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Vardon Rd- Fern Bay. Widening inc kerb and gutter and drainage from Nelson Bay Rd to Popplewell Rd	\$600,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Vardon Rd- Fern bay. Widening inc kerb and gutter and drainage from Nelson Bay Rd to Popplewell Rd	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Wychewood Ave- Mallabula. widening and kerb and gutter from Strathmore Rd to Eagle Lane,	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Avenue of the Allies- Tanilba Bay. Widening, drainage, kerb and gutter Poilus Pde to King Albert Ave Stage 1	\$200,000

Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Avenue of the Allies- Tanilba Bay. Widening, drainage, kerb and gutter Poilus Pde to King Albert Ave Stage 2	\$200,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Holdom Rd - SEG 10 and 20 – Karuah	\$210,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Rigney St- Shoal Bay. Reconstruction from Fingal St to Messines St	\$200,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Rocky Point Rd- Fingal Bay. Widening inc kerb and gutter construction from Surf CI to Lentara St	\$100,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Tanilba Road- Widening and kerb and gutter construction from Bay St to Mallabula Rd	\$200,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Tomaree Rd - Shoal Bay, Reconstruction from Garden PI to Verona stage 2	\$300,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Tomaree Rd - Shoal Bay, Reconstruction from Marine Dr to Garden PI Stage 1	\$500,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Rookes Road - Salt Ash	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Argyle CI- Anna Bay SEG 30	\$150,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Bagnall Beach Rd - SEG 170 – Corlette From Sergeant Baker Dr to 40 Bagnall Beach Rd	\$50,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Benjamin Lee Dr - SEG 50 - Raymond Terrace From 83 Benjamin Lee Dr to 92 Benjamin Lee Dr	\$50,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Blueberry Rd- Medowie	\$200,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Brandy Hill Dr - SEG 60 - Brandy Hill From 50 Brandy Hill Dr to 56 Brandy Hill Dr	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Cambridge Ave - SEG 10 - Raymond Terrace From Mount Hall Rd to end	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Cherry Tree CI - SEG 10 and 20 - Medowie	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Church St - SEG 20 - Nelson Bay	\$200,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Clarence Town Rd - SEG 190 - Seaham Riverflat south of Timbertops Road	\$1,000,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Clarence Town Rd - SEG 210 - Seaham Timbertops Road intersection	\$800,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Clarence Town Rd - SEG 270 - Seaham Langlands Rd to Tumbledown Creek	\$800,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Columbia CI - Nelson Bay	\$100,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Coolabah Rd - SEG 10 – Medowie	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Corrie Pde - SEG 10 - Corlette	\$50,000

Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Corrie Pde - SEG 20 - Corlette	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Dawson Rd - Holwell Cct to Woodlands PI- Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Dawson Rd - SEG 30 - Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Diemars Rd - SEG 30 - Salamander Bay	\$50,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Drungall Ave - SEG 10 - Corlette	\$50,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Elizabeth Ave - SEG 20 - Raymond Terrace	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Evans Rd - SEG 10 - Medowie From Kula Rd 0 to 350	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Fairlands Rd - SEG 10 – Medowie	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Fairlands Rd - SEG 20 – Medowie From 5 Fairlands Rd to 30 Fairlands Rd	\$250,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Ferodale - and 80m of Kindlebark Dr SEG 140 – Medowie From 93 Ferodale Rd to 131 Ferodale Rd	\$150,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Ferodale Rd - SEG 100 - Medowie	\$50,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Fullerton Cove Rd - SEG 160 - Fullerton Cove	\$100,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Gan Gan Rd - SEG 70 - Anna Bay	\$400,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Gan Gan Road - Eucalyptus Dr to Reflections Dr - One Mile	\$100,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Gloucester St - SEG 20 – Corlette	\$200,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Grahamstown Rd seg 30 Medowie	\$100,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Grey Gum St - SEG 10 - Medowie From 370 to end 620	\$50,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Hanna Parade SEG 10, One Mile	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Hinton Rd - SEG 10 - Hinton	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Hospital Hill - Raymond Terrace	\$190,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Hunter St - SEG 40 - Hinton	\$80,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Hunter St - SEG 40 - Hinton	To be determined

Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Italia Rd - SEG 120 - Balickera From 436 Italia RD to 474 Italia RD	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Italia Rd - SEG 30 and 40- Balickera	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Italia Rd - SEG 60 and 70- Balickera	\$490,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Italia Rd - SEG 90 - Balickera	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. James Rd - SEG 30 - Medowie	\$100,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Karwin Rd - SEG 10 - Medowie	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Kingsley Dr- Noamunga St to no 63 - Boat Harbour	\$220,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Kula Rd - SEG 10 - Medowie	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Laverick Ave - SEG 40 – Tomago	\$100,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Lewis Dr - SEG 10 - Medowie From Kirrang Dr to 18 Lewis Dr	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Links Dr - SEG 10 and 20 - Raymond Terrace	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Marsh Rd - SEG 180 - Bobs Farm From 724 Marsh Rd Rd to 777 Marsh Rd	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Marsh Rd - SEG 20 - Bobs Farm From Marsh Rd to Marsh Rd	\$50,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Mitchell St Seg 10 -Soldiers Point Kerb construction	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Morten Rd - Swan Bay	\$300,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Morton Rd - SEG 10 - Raymond Terrace	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Mount Hall Rd - SEG 20 - Raymond Terrace	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Mount Hall Rd - SEG 30 - Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Mount Hall Rd - SEG 40 - Raymond Terrace	\$230,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Myan CI - Corlette	\$226,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Newline Rd - SEG 40 - Raymond Terrace	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Newline Rd SEG 220 Eagleton	\$50,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Newline Road SEG 280 -290 East Seaham	\$50,000

Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Old Farm Rd - Medowie	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Oyster Cove Rd - SEG 10 - Oyster Cove From Lemon Tree Passage to 1 Oyster Cove Road	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Oyster Cove Rd - SEG 20 - Oyster Cove From 1 Oyster Cove Road to 139 Oyster Cove Road	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Oyster Cove Rd - SEG 50 - Oyster Cove From 139 Oyster Cove Rd to 139 Oyster Cove Rd	\$100,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Paterson Rd - SEG 50 – Woodville	\$200,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Paterson Rd - SEG 70 – Woodville	\$600,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Phillip St - SEG 20 - Raymond Terrace	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Popplewell Rd - Vardon to Braid Rd - SEG 10 - Fern Bay	\$430,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Scott CI - SEG 10. Raymond Terrace	\$300,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Soldiers Point Rd - SEG 20 - Soldiers Point	\$50,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Swan Bay Rd - SEG 100 - Swan Bay From 455 Swan Bay Rd to 513 Swan Bay Rd	\$100,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Swan Bay Rd - SEG 110 - Swan Bay From 513 Swan Bay Rd to 543 Swan Bay Rd	\$100,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Swan Bay Rd - SEG 60 - Swan Bay	\$50,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Swan Bay Rd - SEG 80 - Swan Bay	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Taylors Beach Rd - SEG 40 - Taylors Beach From Port Stephens Dr 0.00 to 450	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Tea Tree Dr - SEG 20 – Medowie	\$200,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Tomaree Rd - SEG 40 - Shoal Bay From 42 Tomaree Rd to 70 Tomaree Rd	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Tumut St - SEG 10 - Raymond Terrace	\$30,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Wade CI - SEG 10 and 20 – Medowie	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Waropara Rd - SEG 30 and 40 - Medowie	\$200,000

Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Waropara Rd - SEG 70 - Medowie	\$50,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Watt St - SEG 10 - Raymond Terrace	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Watt St - SEG 30 - Raymond Terrace	\$250,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Wilga Rd - SEG 10 - Medowie	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Yangoora CI - SEG 10 and 20 - Medowie	To be determined
Pavement Assets	Pavement Sealing Clarence St - SEG 10 - Wallalong	\$570,000
Pavement Assets	Pavement Sealing Ralstons Rd - Seaham Rd to 0.5	\$350,000
Pavement Assets	President Poincare Parade - Tanilba Bay. Reconstruction inc widening and kerb and gutter. King Albert to Peace Parade	\$100,000
Pavement Assets	Road Construction - Duns Creek Rd north of Forest Rd 500m	\$700,000
Pavement Assets	Road Reseals	\$1,600,000
Pavement Assets	Roundabout Construction - Haig Hexagon, Tanilba Bay	\$940,000
Pavement Assets	Roundabout Construction – Lemon Tree Passage Rd and Ave of the Allies, Tanilba Bay	\$990,000
Pavement Assets	Taylor Rd- Fern Bay. Widening inc kerb and gutter and Drainage. Nelson Bay Rd to Popplewell Rd	\$200,000
Pavement Assets	Road Rehabilitation Janet Parade, Salt Ash	\$530,000
Pavement Assets	Kuranga Avenue/DawsonRoad, Raymond Terrace: Upgrade intersection to Roundabout treatment	\$1,400,000
Pavement Assets	Richardson Road/Halloran Way, Raymond Terrace: Roundabout extension	\$1,200,000
Pavement Assets	Clarke Street, Anna Bay. Upgrade intersection to Roundabout treatment	\$1,350,000
Pavement Assets	East Seaham Road	\$6,000,000
Playgrounds	Playground Assets – Tomaree – Accessible Recreation Space	\$850,000
Playgrounds	Playground Assets – Tomaree – Regional Playground	\$3,000,000
Playgrounds	Playground Assets – Raymond Terrace – Accessible Recreation Space	\$850,000
Playgrounds	Playground Assets – Raymond Terrace – Regional Playground	\$3,000,000
Playgrounds	Playground Assets - – Anna Bay Recreation/Birubi Lane Reserve	\$130,000
Playgrounds	Playground Assets – Shoal Bay – Exercise Gym/Equipment	Unknown

Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
Playgrounds	Playground Assets – Lemon Tree Passage – Exercise Gym/Equipment	Unknown
Property Assets	Solar Farm land acquisition investigation, scoping and estimate.	Unknown
Property Assets	Koala Sanctuary	\$3,000,000
Property Assets	Administration Building – Solar Panel System	\$120,000
Property Assets	Fingal Bay Holiday Park – Solar Panel System	\$120,000
Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Birubi Lane Reserve - Installation	\$130,000
Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets – Hinton Foreshore Reserve	\$250,000
Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets – Medowie Town Centre	\$200,000
Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets – Lakeside Reserve No. 2	\$160,000
Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets – Little Beach	\$250,000
Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets – Mallabula Skate Park	Unknown
Skate Parks	Skate Park Assets – Nelson Bay Regional Skate Park Upgrade	\$600,000
Skate Parks	Skate Park Assets – Raymond Terrace Regional Skate Park Upgrade	\$600,000
Skate Parks	Skate Park Assets – LGA Additions of more Skate/Bike Facilities	Unknown
Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Anna Bay Recreation Area - Construction	\$2,500,000
Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Boyd Oval - Construction of a new multi- purpose amenities building	\$1,000,000
Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Brandon Park - Field Lighting Upgrades	\$200,000
Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Ferodale Oval - Implementation of masterplan	\$3,000,000
Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - King Park - Field Lighting Upgrades	\$200,000
Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Lakeside Sporting Complex - Implementation of master plan	\$2,000,000
Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Mallabula Sporting Complex - Field Lighting Upgrades	\$400,000
Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Raymond Terrace Tennis - Construction of Accessible Amenities	\$100,000
Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Salt Ash Tennis - Facility Upgrades	\$400,000
Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Stuart Park - Field Lighting Upgrades	\$200,000
Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Tomaree Sporting Complex - Construction of new multi-purpose amenities building	\$3,000,000
Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Tomaree Sporting Complex - Construction of two new Croquet lawns	\$250,000
Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Tomaree Sporting Complex - Implementation of master plan	\$5,000,000

Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Yulong Oval - Facility Upgrades and Accessible Amenities	\$200,000
Sports Facilities	Sports Assets – Port Stephens Yacht Club – Accessibility and fire safety upgrades	\$350,000
Town Centre Improvements	Utilities in Nelson Bay for events. Electricity, marquee anchor points, etc scoping, investigation and works	Unknown
Town Centre Improvements	Nelson Bay Stage area analysis and needs assessment and works	\$350,000
Town Centre Improvements	Nelson Bay car parking improvements scoping, investigation and works	Unknown
Town Centre Improvements	Nelson Bay multi-storey car park	\$5,445,000
Town Centre Improvements	Donald St and Church St round-a-bout design	\$80,000
Town Centre Improvements	Donald St and Stockton St consideration for traffic lights	\$1,500,000
Town Centre Improvements	CBD Improvements Shoal Bay,	\$2,000,000
Town Centre Improvements	CBD Improvements Williams St, Raymond Terrace	\$25,000,000
Town Centre Improvements	CBD Raymond Terrace Car Parking	Unknown
Town Centre Improvements	CBD Improvements Nelson Bay	\$15,000,000
Town Centre Improvements	CBD Improvements Anna Bay	Unknown
Town Centre Improvements	Town Entrance Signage replacement program	\$750,000
Town Centre Improvements	Smart Cities scoping, concepts, estimates, construction/installation	Unknown
Town Centre Improvements	Arts and Cultural Centre – investigation and scoping	Unknown
Town Centre Improvements	King Street Raymond Terrace Revitalisation – scoping, investigation and works	Unknown
Town Centre Improvements	Roadside Beautifications - entrance corridors	\$1,000,000
Transport	Transport Interchange - Medowie	Unknown
Transport	Transport Interchange – Anna Bay	Unknown
Transport	Transport Interchange – Nelson Bay	Unknown

Attachment 4: Capital Works Program 2019-2029 Including SRV

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 2	\$250,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – New Amenities Block – Orana Street Stage 1	\$200,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – Replace Concrete Slabs Stage 2	\$120,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Treescape – General Cabin Refurbishment	\$75,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – New Amenities Block	\$2,000,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Concrete Slab Replacement Program Stage 1	\$130,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Cabin Refurbishment Project	\$144,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Street Lighting	\$30,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax - New Amenities Block	\$2,000,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – General Cabin Refurbishment	\$175,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – Convert Six Holiday Van Sites to Five 1 – Bedroom Cabins – Stage 1	\$300,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – General Cabin Refurbishment Project	\$50,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Cabin Refurbishment Project – Stage 2	\$60,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – General Cabin Refurbishment	\$83,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Replace Light Posts	\$30,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halfax – Road Maintenance - Stage 2	\$50,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Water Service / Sewer Mains Upgrade	\$35,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – Boom Gates Upgrade	\$60,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Treescape – Fire Hydrant Works – Stage 1	\$100,000
2019/2020	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park - Thou Walla – Cabin Refurbishment	\$220,000
2019/2020	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tomaree Aquatic Centre - Replace fibreglass pool liner	\$250,000
2019/2020	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tilligerry Aquatic Centre - Remediate balance tank membrane	\$40,000
2019/2020	Drainage Assets	Morpeth Road, Wallalong: Improvement to the existing detention basin outlet Under High Street	\$400,000
2019/2020	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
2019/2020	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIP`s Various	\$50,000
2019/2020	Drainage Assets	Coolabah Road, Medowie: Construct a swale and a berm along the rear boundary of No 14 Coolabah Road and lower the pathway between 15 & 17 Coolabah Road.	\$430,000
2019/2020	Drainage Assets	Sunset Boulervard, Soldiers Point: Construction of a new drainage system along the Street	\$400,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2019/2020	Drainage Assets (SRV)	Shoal Bay Drainage Stage 2 – Detention Basin Horace/Government Road, kerb inlet and infiltration pits	\$2,000,000
2019/2020	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$1,394,318
2019/2020	ICT Assets	Desktop Infrastructure (PCs and Laptops) Rollover	\$180,000
2019/2020	ICT Assets	Server and Storage Infrastructure Replacement	\$150,000
2019/2020	ICT Assets	Structured Cabling Replacement	\$300,000
2019/2020	ICT Assets	Telephony System	\$20,000
2019/2020	Library Assets	Library Resource Agreement	\$250,000
2019/2020	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Tanilba Bay Hall - External repaint	\$15,000
2019/2020	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - NB Senior Citizens Hall - Switchboard upgrade, handrails, internal and external painting	\$75,000
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Parks and Reserves Assets - Henderson Park, Lemon Tree Passage - BBQs, shelter and seating	\$71,432
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Parks and Reserves Assets - Fingal Bay Foreshore - BBQs, shelter and seating	\$71,428
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Parks and Reserves Assets – Caswell Reserve, Mallabulla - BBQs, shelter and seating	\$71,428
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Parks and Reserves Assets - George Reserve, Soldiers Point - BBQs, shelter and seating	\$71,428
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Parks and Reserves Assets - Memorial Park, Karuah - BBQs, shelter and seating	\$71,428
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Parks and Reserves Assets - Boomerang Park, Raymond Terrace - BBQs, shelter and seating	\$71,428
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Parks and Reserves Assets - Medowie Town Centre - BBQs, shelter and seating	\$71,428
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Foreshore Improvements - Conroy Park, Corlette - Coastal Process Study - Precinct 1-4 outcomes	\$500,000
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Riverside Park - Stage 2 seawall replacement	\$200,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserve Assets - Foreshore erosion and accretion management	\$150,000
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Shoal Bay Foreshore - Park furniture replacement	\$85,000
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserve Assets - Fingal Bay Foreshore - Replacement of bore pump	\$30,000
2019/2020	Pathways (SRV)	Anna Bay – two missing links on Gan Gan Road	\$700,000
2019/2020	Pathways (SRV)	Medowie – Medowie Rd from Ferodale Rd to South St intersection AND Waropara Rd from Ferodale Rd to school	\$1,500,000
2019/2020	Pathways (SRV)	Raymond Terrace – multiple missing links across suburb	\$400,000
2019/2020	Pathways (SRV)	Tilligerry - The missing Mallabula to Lemon Tree Passage link, LTP Boat ramp to Rudd Reserve, shared waterfront path between Swan Street, Tanilba Bay and Tanilba Sailing Club	\$1,000,000
2019/2020	Pavement Assets	Project Design and Investigation	\$298,648
2019/2020	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Tomaree Road - Shoal Bay, Stage 2. Reconstruction from Garden Place to Verona Road	\$1,438,728
2019/2020	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Abundance Road - From Ferodale Road south 400m	\$417,000
2019/2020	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Italia Road - SEG 110 - Caswell Creek bridge west to 465 Italia Road, Balickera	\$450,000
2019/2020	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Lemon Tree Passage Road - Salt Ash 171 LTP Rd to Rookes Road	\$469,352
2019/2020	Pavement Assets	Traffic Committee road safety project	\$75,000
2019/2020	Pavement Reseals	Pavement Reseal	\$1,600,000
2019/2020	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$90,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2019/2020	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. SWAN BAY ROAD, Swan Bay	\$410,000
2019/2020	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Relocation of Fingal Bay Oval to Kiddies Corner - Replacements	\$82,500
2019/2020	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Bagnalls Beach West - Replacements	\$70,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Boat Harbour Amenities - external and internal painting	\$9,500
2019/2020	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Kangaroo Point Amenities - external and internal painting	\$7,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Roy Wood Amenities - external and internal painting	\$7,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Bettles Park, Raymond Terrace – Replacement	\$100,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Shoal Bay West Foreshore Public Amenities - Replacement	\$180,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Longworth Park, Karuah Amenities – Replacement	\$120,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Neil Carroll Park, Nelson Bay - Replacement	\$120,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Memorial Park, Karuah - Relocation to Aliceton Reserve	\$180,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Henderson Park, Lemon Tree Passage - Public Amenities - Replacement	\$120,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Fingal Bay North Foreshore Amenities – Replacement	\$180,000
2019/2020	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Vi Barnett Amenities - Replace fascia and external painting	\$24,000
2019/2020	Sports Facilities (SRV)	Sports Assets – Stuart Park, Hinton - Multipurpose sports amenities building	\$800,000
2019/2020	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Fingal Bay Oval - Replace access paths	\$20,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2019/2020	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Mallabula Sports Complex - Light Tower replacement	\$85,000
2019/2020	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and King Street – Upgrade William street between Sturgeon and King Street and King Street revitalisation	\$375,000
2019/2020	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Nelson Bay - Implement Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy	\$375,000
2019/2020	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Karuah – Mustons Road culvert widening and pedestrian walkway and provide main street vista	\$500,000
2019/2020	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Lemon Tree Passage – Implement McCann Park improvements and provide main street vista	\$500,000
2019/2020	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Seaham – Bus stop interchange	\$500,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 3	\$250,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – New Amenities Block – Orana Street Stage 2	\$800,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets.	Holiday Park – Halifax – Fire Hydrant Works – Stage 1	\$100,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay Boom Gates Upgrade	\$60,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets.	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Water Service / Sewer Mains Upgrade	\$35,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Concrete Slab Replacement Program – Stage 2	\$50,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets.	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Cabin Refurbishment Project	\$144,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Street Lighting	\$50,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets.	Holiday Park – Halifax – General Cabin Refurbishment	\$175,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – Replace Concrete Slabs	\$50,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets.	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Establish Pool/Water Playground – Stage 1	\$200,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Fire Hydrant Works – Stage 1	\$100,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets.	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Convert Holiday Vans to Tourist Sites	\$150,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Boom Gates Upgrade	\$60,000
2020/2021	Administration/ Property Assets.	Holiday Park – Halifax – Street Light Upgrade	\$150,000
2020/2021	Ancillary Assets (SRV)	Street Lighting – Lamp replacement program to LED	\$1,000,000
2020/2021	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - Rehab Leisure pool tank and pool hall upgrades	\$130,000
2020/2021	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tilligerry Aquatic Centre - 25m pool linear replacement	\$150,000
2020/2021	Aquatic Structures (SRV)	Foreshore Improvements - Little Beach, Nelson Bay - boat ramp upgrade and sand backpassing	\$1,400,000
2020/2021	Depots (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and Nelson Bay depot relocation	\$1,500,000
2020/2021	Drainage Assets	Elizabeth Street, Raymond Terrace Construction of a new drainage system from Elizabeth Street to Phillip Street via Charles Street	\$550,000
2020/2021	Drainage Assets	LGA Wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$56,000
2020/2021	Drainage Assets	Stanley Street, LTP: Upgrading the drainage system near No 9 Stanley Street	\$270,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2020/2021	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIP`s Various	\$59,000
2020/2021	Drainage Assets	Tregenna St, RAYMOND TERRACE Upgrading the drainage system at the intersection of Tregenna St and Adelaide St	\$650,000
2020/2021	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$2,056,201
2020/2021	ICT Assets	Desktop Infrastructure (PCs and Laptops) Rollover	\$120,000
2020/2021	ICT Assets	Server and Storage Infrastructure Replacement	\$200,000
2020/2021	ICT Assets	Structured Cabling Replacement	\$40,000
2020/2021	ICT Assets	Telephony System	\$20,000
2020/2021	Library Assets	Library Resource Agreement	\$250,000
2020/2021	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Building Assets - Tilligerry Arts Group - Roof Covering replacement	\$30,000
2020/2021	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Williamtown Hall - Replace switchboard	\$30,000
2020/2021	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Mallabula Hall -Floor coverings and Internal lighting upgrade	\$25,000
2020/2021	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Childcare Assets - Karingal Preschool - Colourbond Fence replacement	\$7,500
2020/2021	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Foreshore Improvements - Conroy Park, Corlette - Coastal Process Study - Precinct 1-4 outcomes	\$100,000
2020/2021	Pathways (SRV)	Shoal Bay Foreshore – missing link from Shoal Bay centre towards Nelson Bay past Anzac Park	\$2,000,000
2020/2021	Pathways (SRV)	Raymond Terrace – multiple missing links across suburb	\$600,000
2020/2021	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Church Street - Nelson Bay. 10 Church St to Government Road	\$300,000
2020/2021	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Tanilba Road- Widening and K&G construction from Bay Street to Mallabula Road, Mallabula	\$1,333,728
2020/2021	Pavement Assets	Project Design and Investigation	\$275,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2020/2021	Pavement Assets	Traffic Committee road safety project	\$165,000
2020/2021	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Fullerton Cove Road - SEG 160 - 352 Fullerton Cove Road to 456 Fullerton Cove Road, Fullerton Cove	\$365,000
2020/2021	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. James Road - SEG 30 - Boyd Bvd to 72 James Road, Medowie	\$275,000
2020/2021	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Lemon Tree Passage Road, Salt As 111 to 149 LTP Rd	\$310,000
2020/2021	Pavement Reseals	Pavement Reseal	\$1,600,000
2020/2021	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$150,000
2020/2021	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. EAST SEAHAM ROAD, East Seaham	\$850,000
2020/2021	Playground	Playground Assets - Boyd Oval- Replacement	\$80,000
2020/2021	Playground	Playground Assets - Seaham Park- Replace soft fall surround with a kids bike track	\$34,500
2020/2021	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Spencer Park - Replacement	\$150,000
2020/2021	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - George Reserve, Soldiers Point Amenities - Replacement	\$130,000
2020/2021	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Spencer Park, Soldiers Point Amenities - Replacement	\$140,000
2020/2021	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets – Little Beach, Nelson Bay - Replacement	\$200,000
2020/2021	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - One Mile Beach - Replacement	\$200,000
2020/2021	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Shoal Bay East Foreshore – Replacement	\$140,000
2020/2021	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets – Medowie Town Centre	\$190,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2020/2021	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - King Park - Replace vehicle barriers	\$73,000
2020/2021	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - King Park - Replace Bill Bobbins Oval fence	\$60,000
2020/2021	Sports Facilities	Sports Facility Assets - Dick Burwell Oval - Replace irrigation bore	\$30,000
2020/2021	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Nelson Bay Tennis - Fencing and Retaining Wall replacement	\$200,000
2020/2021	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and King Street – Upgrade William street between Sturgeon and King Street and King Street revitalisation	\$375,000
2020/2021	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Nelson Bay - Implement Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy	\$375,000
2020/2021	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Karuah – Mustons Road culvert widening and pedestrian walkway and provide main street vista	\$1,500,000
2020/2021	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Lemon Tree Passage – Implement McCann Park improvements and provide main street vista	\$1,500,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program - Stage 4	\$250,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Road Maintenance – Resurfacing – Stage 2	\$100,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Cabin Refurbishment Project	\$144,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – General Cabin Refurbishment	\$175,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Cabin Refurbishment Project – Stage 3	\$200,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Pool Amenities Upgrade	\$380,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – Replace Concrete Slabs	\$50,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Establish Pool/Water Playground – Stage 2	\$210,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Fire Hydrant Works – Stage 2	\$100,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Shoal Bay – Convert Holiday Vans to Tourist Sites	\$125,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Water Service / Sewer Mains Upgrade	\$35,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Parks – Fingal Bay – New Amenities Block – Orana Street – Stage 3	\$600,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – Road Maintenance	\$50,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Convert Holiday Van Sites to Tourist Sites	\$100,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park - Fingal Bay – Fire Hydrant Works	\$100,000
2021/2022	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – Fire Hydrant Works – Stage 2	\$100,000
2021/2022	Ancillary Assets (SRV)	Street Lighting – Lamp replacement program to LED	\$500,000
2021/2022	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tomaree Aquatic Centre - Replace Grid mesh	\$20,000
2021/2022	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - Replace Grid mesh	\$20,000
2021/2022	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tilligerry Aquatic Centre - Replace scupper drain linings	\$15,000
2021/2022	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tilligerry Aquatic Centre - Replace chemical controller	\$20,000
2021/2022	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tilligerry Aquatic Centre - Filter sand replacement	\$35,000
2021/2022	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tilligerry Aquatic Centre - Replace recirculation pumps	\$30,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2021/2022	Aquatic Structures	Waterways Assets - Salamander Wharf - Handrails	\$20,000
2021/2022	Aquatic Structures	Waterways Assets - Karuah Wharf - Handrails	\$20,000
2021/2022	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tomaree Aquatic Centre - Replace DE socks	\$27,000
2021/2022	Aquatic Structures (SRV)	Foreshore Improvements - Soldier's Point – Foreshore revetment and pathway west of Thou Walla Retreat	\$200,000
2021/2022	Depots (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and Nelson Bay depot relocation	\$2,000,000
2021/2022	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIP`s Various	\$200,000
2021/2022	Drainage Assets	Waratah Ave, Soldiers Point Upgrading the drainage system and construction of a new drainage channel	\$400,000
2021/2022	Drainage Assets	Kingston Pde, Raymond Terrace: Upgrading the drainage system from Kingston Pde to the floodplain via 5 Kingston Pde	\$300,000
2021/2022	Drainage Assets	Abundance Road, Medowie: Construction of a new drainage system from Abundance road to Campvale Drain	\$600,000
2021/2022	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
2021/2022	Emergency Services	Emergency Services Assets - Soldiers Point RFS - Roof covering replacement, including repitching roof	\$45,000
2021/2022	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$1,810,591
2021/2022	ICT	Desktop Infrastructure (PCs and Laptops) Rollover	\$450,000
2021/2022	ICT	Server and Storage Infrastructure Replacement	\$600,000
2021/2022	ICT	Structured Cabling Replacement	\$40,000
2021/2022	ICT	Telephony System	\$100,000
2021/2022	Library Assets	Library Resource Agreement	\$250,000
2021/2022	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Seaham Hall - Upgrade driveway and disabled access	\$60,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2021/2022	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Hinton School of Arts- Concrete driveway access	\$10,000
2021/2022	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Childcare Assets - RT Kids Club - External painting and Repairs	\$15,000
2021/2022	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Building Assets - Raymond Terrace Community Care Centre - Carpet replacement	\$76,000
2021/2022	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Building Assets - Renewals and Replacements - Various	\$100,000
2021/2022	Multipurpose Community Facilities (SRV)	Community Building Assets – Mallabula Hall, Mallabula - facilities upgrade	\$500,000
2021/2022	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Little Beach - Retaining Wall replacement	\$30,000
2021/2022	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Conroy Park - BBQ replacement	\$20,000
2021/2022	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Longworth Park - Barbeque replacement	\$20,000
2021/2022	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Foreshore Improvements - Conroy Park, Corlette - Coastal Process Study - Precinct 1-4 outcomes	\$100,000
2021/2022	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Parks and Reserves Assets – Gibber Point Reserve, Lemon Tree Passage and Tilligerry Habitat and Caswell Reserve, Mallabula - bank stabilisation, vegetation and repair	\$200,000
2021/2022	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Fairlands Road - SEG 20 - Medowie From 5 Fairlands Road to 30 Fairlands Road	\$1,182,200
2021/2022	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Tomaree Road - Verona Road to Messines Street, Shoal Bay inc path construction	\$413,728
2021/2022	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Swan Bay Road - SEG 30 - Swan Bay. 91 Swan Bay Road to Morten Road.	\$340,000
2021/2022	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Regional Roads Repair Medowie Road seg 350 - Kindlebark Dr to Federation Dr	\$445,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2021/2022	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Warren Street - SEG 130 - No13 to 55 Warren Street, Seaham	\$174,000
2021/2022	Pavement Assets	Project Design and Investigation	\$301,000
2021/2022	Pavement Assets	Traffic Committee road safety project	\$160,000
2021/2022	Pavement Reseals	Pavement Reseal	\$1,600,000
2021/2022	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$220,000
2021/2022	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. EAST SEAHAM ROAD, East Seaham	\$1,780,000
2021/2022	Pavement Reseals (SRV)	Pavement Reseal - Additional SRV program	\$500,000
2021/2022	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Centennial Park - Replacements	\$100,000
2021/2022	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Kindlebark Oval - Replacement	\$140,000
2021/2022	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Victoria Pde Amenities - External and internal painting	\$17,000
2021/2022	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Tanilba Park Amenities - External and internal painting	\$6,000
2021/2022	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Dick Burwell Oval - External repaint	\$9,000
2021/2022	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Salamander Sports Complex - Playing surface renovation	\$80,000
2021/2022	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and King Street – Upgrade William street between Sturgeon and King Street and King Street revitalisation	\$3,000,000
2021/2022	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Nelson Bay - Implement Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy	\$2,000,000
2021/2022	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Fingal Bay – Provide main street vista access along and to Market Street	\$500,000
2021/2022	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Fern Bay – Pathways for pedestrian access	\$1,000,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2021/2022	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Brandon Park- Replacement of awnings, shade shelters, internal and external painting. Replace goal posts and remark netball courts	\$65,000
2022/2023	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 5	\$250,000
2022/2023	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Fire Hydrant Works	\$100,000
2022/2023	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Fingal Bay – Outdoor Recreation Facilities	\$450,000
2022/2023	Administration/ Property Assets	Holiday Park – Halifax – Covert Holiday Van Sites to Tourist Sites	\$100,000
2022/2023	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - Replace Leisure pool expansion joints and grout	\$65,000
2022/2023	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tomaree Aquatic Centre - Amenities upgrade	\$200,000
2022/2023	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - External painting	\$30,000
2022/2023	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tilligerry Aquatic Centre - External repaint	\$10,000
2022/2023	Aquatic Structures (SRV)	Foreshore Improvements – Waterfront Road, Swan Bay - revetment wall upgrade	\$500,000
2022/2023	Ancillary Assets (SRV)	Street Lighting – Lamp replacement program to LED	\$500,000
2022/2023	Depots (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and Nelson Bay depot relocation	\$1,500,000
2022/2023	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIPs Various	\$50,000
2022/2023	Drainage Assets	LGA Wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
2022/2023	Drainage Assets	Magnus Street, Nelson Bay: Investigation on an overflow pipe drainage system from Magnus Street to Victoria Pde via the reserve. If possible, construct the overflow pipe drainage system	\$800,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2022/2023	Drainage Assets	Campvale Drain, Medowie: Augmentation of Campvale Drain from pinch Point to the Pumping Station	\$500,000
2022/2023	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$3,246,971
2022/2023	ICT Assets	Desktop Infrastructure (PCs and Laptops) Rollover	\$150,000
2022/2023	ICT Assets	Server and Storage Infrastructure Replacement	\$120,000
2022/2023	ICT Assets	Structured Cabling Replacement	\$40,000
2022/2023	ICT Assets	Telephony System	\$30,000
2022/2023	Library Assets	Library Resource Agreement	\$250,000
2022/2023	Libraries	Library Assets - Raymond Terrace Library - Installation of solar PV	\$50,000
2022/2023	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Childcare Assets - RT Kids Club - Replace floor coverings	\$38,000
2022/2023	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Building Assets - Renewals and Replacements - Various	\$75,000
2022/2023	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserve Assets - Renewals and Replacements - Various	\$62,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Diemars Road - SEG 30 - Soldiers Point Road west 250m, Salamander Bay	\$203,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Corrie Parade - SEG 10 - Drungall Avenue to Fame Avenue, Corlette	\$155,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Drungall Avenue - SEG 10 - Sandy Point Road to Corrie Parade, Corlette	\$76,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Ferodale Road - SEG 100 - Medowie Road roundabout to Peppertree Rd, Medowie	\$130,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Elizabeth Avenue - Lemon Tree Passage. No 18 to John Parade.	\$100,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Avenue of the Allies- Tanilba Bay. Widening, drainage, K&G Poilus Pde to King Albert Ave STAGE 1	\$1,003,728

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Wade Close - SEG 10 & 20 - Medowie 10000.013.0560	\$75,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Warren Street – SEG 130 – No 13 to 55 Warren Street, Seaham Stage 2	\$500,352
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Project Design and Investigation	\$296,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Ferodale Road & 80m of Kindlebark Dr – Medowie From 93 Ferodale Road to 131 Ferodale Road	\$430,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets	Traffic Committee road safety project	\$60,000
2022/2023	Pavement Reseals	Pavement Reseal	\$1,600,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Hinton Road - Guardrail construction - 840 to 842 Hinton Road, Hinton	\$180,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Tomaree Road - SRV for additional works to extend pavement life	\$200,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Ocean Ave Reserve carpark, ANNA BAY	\$42,614
2022/2023	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$220,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. SWAN BAY ROAD, Swan Bay	\$914,570
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. DUNS CREEK ROAD, Duns Creek – Stage 1	\$221,184
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. DUNS CREEK ROAD, Duns Creek – Stage 2	\$263,424
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Brandon Park Carpark. Seaham	\$64,176
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Bowthorne Park Carpark. Wallalong	\$15,360
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Lionel Morten Oval Carpark. Karuah	\$88,704

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Old Wharf Park Carpark. Salt Ash	\$3,840
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Williamtown Park Carpark. Williamtown	\$25,104
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Foster Park Carpark. Tanilba Bay	\$32,640
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Peace Park Carpark. Tanilba Bay	\$43,344
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Caswell Reserve Carpark. Mallabula	\$72,576
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Rookes Point Reserve Carpark. Mallabula	\$49,968
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Tilligerry Tennis Club Carpark. Mallabula	\$113,424
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Rudd Reserve Carpark. Lemon Tree Passage	\$29,424
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Nyrang Reserve Carpark. Lemon Tree Passage	\$33,024
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Lilli Pilli Park Carpark. Lemon Tree Passage	\$20,880
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. LTP Old School Centre Carpark. Lemon Tree Passage	\$15,744
2022/2023	Pavement Reseals (SRV)	Pavement Reseal - Additional SRV program	\$500,000
2022/2023	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Memorial Park - Relocation to Aliceton Reserve	\$150,000
2022/2023	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Elkin Ave Reserve- Replacement	\$90,000
2022/2023	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Kittyhawk Park – Replacement	\$90,000
2022/2023	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - George's Reserve Amenities - Replacement	\$140,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2022/2023	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and King Street – Upgrade William street between Sturgeon and King Street and King Street revitalisation	\$3,000,000
2022/2023	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Nelson Bay - Implement Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy	\$2,000,000
2022/2023	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Medowie – enhance the town centre as a focus for commercial and community activity and Review purchase of land for centrally located open space and drainage works	\$500,000
2022/2023	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Anna Bay – Provide main street vista	\$250,000
2023/2024	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 6	\$250,000
2023/2024	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tomaree Aquatic Centre - Remediate heat and filtration pumps	\$20,000
2023/2024	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - Shade Shelter replacements	\$70,000
2023/2024	Depots	Raymond Terrace and Nelson Bay depot relocation	\$15,000,000
2023/2024	Drainage Assets	Enterprise Drive, Tomago: Upgrade Drainage System at Enterprise Drive and through the drainage easement between No 3 & 5 Enterprise Drive	\$350,000
2023/2024	Drainage Assets	Rigney St, Shoal Bay - Construct a new drainage system and kerb and guttering infront of No 55 Rigney Street from 55 Rigney Street to Fingal Street	\$300,000
2023/2024	Drainage Assets	Kindlebark Drive, Medowie: Upgrade pit and pipe capacities and lower the footpath for an overland flow path	\$100,000
2023/2024	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
2023/2024	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIPs Various	\$50,000
2023/2024	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$4,229,588
2023/2024	ICT Assets	Desktop Infrastructure (PCs and Laptops) Rollover	\$170,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2023/2024	ICT Assets	Server and Storage Infrastructure Replacement	\$120,000
2023/2024	ICT Assets	Structured Cabling Replacement	\$40,000
2023/2024	ICT Assets	Telephony System	\$30,000
2023/2024	Libraries	Library Assets - Tomaree Library - AC replacement	\$400,000
2023/2024	Library Assets	Library Resource Agreement	\$250,000
2023/2024	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Renewals and Replacements - Various	\$100,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction - Sturgeon Street Seg 90, Glenelg to Jaccaranda inc Jaccaranda intersection, Raymond Terrace	\$400,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Swan Bay Road - SEG 40 - Swan Bay. Morten Road to 214 Swan Bay Road	\$300,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Avenue of the Allies- Tanilba Bay. Widening, drainage, K&G Poilus Pde to King Albert Ave STAGE 2	\$823,728
2023/2024	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Newline Road - seg 280 - East Seaham. Killaloe Lane to 1090 Newline Rd	\$725,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets	Project Design and Investigation	\$300,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Regional Roads	\$360,000
2023/2024	Pavement Reseals	Pavement Reseal	\$1,600,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Hinton Road -Driveway widening and drain reconstruction - 355 Hinton Road, Hinton	\$210,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. School Drive, Tomago.	\$300,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Campbell Avenue - Gan Gan Rd to old Main Road, Anna Bay inc kerb and drainage repairs	\$250,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Italia Road - SEG 130 - 467 Italia Road to 517 Italia Road, Balickera	\$400,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$320,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. FERODALE ROAD, Medowie	\$64,882
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. LORNA STREET, Fishermans Bay	\$17,280
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. ELIZABETH STREET (HIN), Hinton	\$16,042
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. OLD PUNT ROAD (HIN), Hinton	\$234,240
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. BORONIA ROAD, Karuah	\$33,869
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. BORONIA ROAD, Karuah	\$71,232
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. CARLISLE CRESENT, Karuah	\$43,392
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. FRANKLIN STREET, Karuah	\$114,816
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. THE PARKWAY, Mallabula	\$36,173
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. MALCOLM ROAD, Karuah	\$18,432
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. RIVERSIDE DRIVE, Karuah	\$161,741
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. ROUND HILL CRESENT, Karuah	\$104,602
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. BLANCH STREET (LTP), Lemon Tree Passage	\$5,184
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. PACIFIC AVENUE, Anna Bay	\$11,981
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. BAY STREET (MALL), Mallabula	\$19,392

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. WATERSLEIGH AVENUE, Mallabula	\$25,958
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. ANN STREET (HIN), Hinton	\$11,923
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. MIDDLE CRESENT, Seaham	\$80,755
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. SCOTT STREET (SEAH), Seaham	\$44,160
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. TORRENCE STREET, Seaham	\$140,122
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Boomerang Park 1 Carpark. Raymond Terrace	\$113,472
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Tomago Boat Ramp Carpark. Tomago	\$125,232
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Bettles Park 2 Carpark. Raymond Terrace	\$32,256
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Bettles Park 1 Carpark. Raymond Terrace	\$4,944
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Ferodale Sports Complex Carpark. Medowie	\$273,216
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Boyd Oval Carpark. Medowie	\$38,304
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Elaine Hurst Oval Carpark. Medowie	\$148,128
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Medowie Community Pre School Carpark. Medowie	\$7,248
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Medowie RFS 2 Carpark. Medowie	\$21,024
2023/2024	Pavement Reseals (SRV)	Pavement Reseal - Additional SRV program	\$500,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2023/2024	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Kinross Park - Replacement	\$75,000
2023/2024	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Mallabula Sports Complex - Replacement	\$150,000
2023/2024	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Shoal Bay East - Replacement	\$140,000
2023/2024	Sports Facilities (SRV)	Sports Assets – Tomaree Sports Complex, Salamander Bay - Masterplan projects	\$3,000,000
2023/2024	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and King Street – Upgrade William street between Sturgeon and King Street and King Street revitalisation	\$1,500,000
2023/2024	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Nelson Bay - Implement Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy	\$2,500,000
2023/2024	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Medowie – enhance the town centre as a focus for commercial and community activity and Review purchase of land for centrally located open space and drainage works	\$2,250,000
2023/2024	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Anna Bay – Provide main street vista	\$1,000,000
2024/2025	Administration / Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 7	\$250,000
2024/2025	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - Replace recirculation pumps	\$30,000
2024/2025	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - 50m pool expansion joints and grout	\$135,000
2024/2025	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tilligerry Aquatic Centre - Replace fencing	\$80,000
2024/2025	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Grahamstown Aquatic Centre - Upgrade disabled access, internal and external painting	\$80,000
2024/2025	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tomaree Aquatic Centre - External repaint	\$30,000
2024/2025	Aquatic Structures	Waterways Assets - Salamander Wharf - Decking board replacement	\$55,000
2024/2025	Drainage Assets	Kent Gardens, Soldiers Point: upgrading the existing drainage system	\$200,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2024/2025	Drainage Assets	John Pde, LTP- Construct a new drainage system through private properties from Beach rd.	\$300,000
2024/2025	Drainage Assets	Brocklesby Road, Medowie: Upgrade Drainage system down to Medowie Road	\$200,000
2024/2025	Drainage Assets	President Wilson Walk, Tanilba Bay: Upgrading the drainage system from LTP road to Golf Corse via President Wilson Walk	\$300,000
2024/2025	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
2024/2025	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIPs Various	\$50,000
2024/2025	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$921,998
2024/2025	ICT Assets	Desktop Infrastructure (PCs and Laptops) Rollover	\$450,000
2024/2025	ICT Assets	Server and Storage Infrastructure Replacement	\$500,000
2024/2025	ICT Assets	Structured Cabling Replacement	\$40,000
2024/2025	ICT Assets	Telephony System	\$150,000
2024/2025	Libraries	Library Assets - Tomaree Library and Community Centre - Boronda and Acarca floor resealing	\$15,000
2024/2025	Library Assets	Library Resource Agreement	\$250,000
2024/2025	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Soldiers Point Hall - External repaint	\$50,000
2024/2025	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Park Furniture renewals and replacements	\$100,000
2024/2025	Parks and Reserves	Parks & Reserves Assets - Nelson Bay Foreshore - Park furniture replacement	\$40,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Duns Creek Road- SEG 50 – Duns Creek. Forest Road to 291 Duns Creek Road.	\$788,728
2024/2025	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Wilga Rd - SEG 10 - Medowie	\$540,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets	Project Design and Investigation	\$290,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2024/2025	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction Mustons Road, Karuah - Road widening and shared path construction - Franklin St to Boronia Rd	\$625,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Regional Roads	\$350,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets	Traffic Committee road safety project	\$160,000
2024/2025	Pavement Reseals	Pavement Reseal	\$1,600,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Tuna Crescent and Market Street, Fingal Bay.	\$800,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Foster Park carpark, TANILBA BAY	\$75,072
2024/2025	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Phillip Street - SEG 20 - Anne Street to Elizabeth Avenue, Raymond Terrace	\$300,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$320,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. DUNS CREEK ROAD, Duns Creek – Stage 3	\$858,394
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. WIGHTON STREET, Seaham	\$552,115
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. HOLDOM ROAD, Karuah	\$30,720
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. PRESIDENT POINCARE PARADE, Tanilba Bay	\$58,675
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. TROTTERS ROAD, Bobs Farm	\$44,640
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. CROMARTY LANE, Bobs Farm	\$100,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Salt Ash Sportsground Carpark. Salt Ash	\$108,816
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Anna Bay Oval Carpark. Anna Bay	\$148,224

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Nelson Bay Pony Club Carpark. Anna Bay	\$31,824
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Korora Oval Carpark. Salamander Bay	\$56,736
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Bob Cairns Reserve Carpark. Salamander Bay	\$14,784
2024/2025	Pavement Reseals (SRV)	Pavement Reseal - Additional SRV program	\$500,000
2024/2025	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Taylors Beach Foreshore Reserve - Replacement	\$150,000
2024/2025	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Bob Cairns Reserve - Replacement	\$150,000
2024/2025	Sports Facilities (SRV)	Sports Assets – King Park Sports Complex, Raymond Terrace - Masterplan projects	\$2,000,000
2024/2025	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and King Street – Upgrade William street between Sturgeon and King Street and King Street revitalisation	\$1,750,000
2024/2025	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Nelson Bay - Implement Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy	\$2,750,000
2024/2025	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Medowie – enhance the town centre as a focus for commercial and community activity and Review purchase of land for centrally located open space and drainage works	\$2,250,000
2024/2025	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Anna Bay – Provide main street vista	\$750,000
2025/2026	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 8	\$250,000
2025/2026	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tomaree Aquatic Centre - Replace DE filter socks	\$30,000
2025/2026	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - Replace chlorine controller	\$30,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2025/2026	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Tomaree Aquatic Centre - Replace western end windbrakes	\$150,000
2025/2026	Drainage Assets	Boyd Boulevard, Medowie: Upgrade the drainage system from Boyd Boulevard to the north via 42 Boyd Boulevard	\$150,000
2025/2026	Drainage Assets	Tanilba Road, Mallabulla: Construct kerb and guttering and install pipe drainage system along Tanilba Road. Outlet via Alfred Lane	\$300,000
2025/2026	Drainage Assets	Hart Ave, Mallabulla: Extend existing dish drain downstream along the southern side of Hart Ave to the existing culvert under Bay St	\$150,000
2025/2026	Drainage Assets	Pennington Rd, Raymond Terrace: Upgrading the pit capacity and construct overland flowpath	\$150,000
2025/2026	Drainage Assets	Brown Road, Raymond Terrace: Construction of a large detention basin and an overland flowpath within Landcom Land. Overland flowpath from Salamander Place to Mount Hall Road	\$500,000
2025/2026	Drainage Assets	LGA Wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
2025/2026	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIPs Various	\$50,000
2025/2026	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$4,522,399
2025/2026	ICT Assets	Desktop Infrastructure (PCs and Laptops) Rollover	\$170,000
2025/2026	ICT Assets	Server and Storage Infrastructure Replacement	\$550,000
2025/2026	ICT Assets	Structured Cabling Replacement	\$40,000
2025/2026	ICT Assets	Telephony System	\$30,000
2025/2026	Library Assets	Library Resource Agreement	\$250,000
2025/2026	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Childcare Assets - Renewals and replacements	\$100,000
2025/2026	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - LTP Old School Centre - Upgrade amenities	\$200,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2025/2026	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Karuah Hall - Upgrade amenities and finish sewer connection	\$150,000
2025/2026	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserves Assets - Renewals and replacements	\$100,000
2025/2026	Pathways (SRV)	Shoal Bay Foreshore – missing link from Shoal Bay centre towards Nelson Bay past Anzac Park	\$500,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction. Rigney Street- Shoal Bay. Reconstruction from Fingal Street to Messines Street	\$1,098,728
2025/2026	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Swan Bay Road - SEG 50 - 214 Swan Bay Road to 250 Swan Bay Road, Swan Bay	\$220,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Grahamstown Rd seg 30 Medowie	\$600,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets	Project Design and Investigation	\$290,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Regional Roads	\$500,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets	Traffic Committee road safety project	\$140,000
2025/2026	Pavement Reseals	Pavement Reseal	\$1,600,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. John Parade, LTP 10 to 22 John Parade	\$240,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Longworth Park carpark, KARUAH	\$183,021
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Stuart Park carpark, HINTON	\$104,328
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Karuah RFS carpark, KARUAH	\$14,683
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Boyd Oval carpark, MEDOWIE	\$57,456
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Bagnalls Beach Reserve 1 carpark, CORLETTE	\$106,790
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Marsh Road - SEG 180 - Bobs Farm From 724 MARSH RD to 777 MARSH RD	\$395,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Old Farm Road - Medowie	\$100,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Yangoora Close - SEG 10 & 20 - Medowie	\$140,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Grey Gum Street - SEG 10 - Medowie From 370 to end 620	\$160,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Hanna Parade seg 10, One Mile	\$100,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Morna Point Road- Anna Bay. Reconstruction nth to Ocean Avenue	\$563,728
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$340,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. OLD SWAN BAY ROAD, Ferodale	\$1,994,994
2025/2026	Pavement Reseals (SRV)	Pavement Reseal - Additional SRV program	\$500,000
2025/2026	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Angophora Reserve - Replacement	\$90,000
2025/2026	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Korora Oval - Replacement	\$90,000
2025/2026	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Salt Ash Amenities - Replacement	\$120,000
2025/2026	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets - Shoal Bay Tennis Clubhouse upgrades	\$40,000
2025/2026	Sports Facilities (SRV)	Sports Assets – King Park Sports Complex, Raymond Terrace - Masterplan projects	\$1,000,000
2025/2026	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and King Street – Upgrade William street between Sturgeon and King Street and King Street revitalisation	\$1,000,000
2025/2026	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Nelson Bay - Implement Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy	\$2,500,000
2026/2027	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 9	\$250,000
2026/2027	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Renewals and replacements	\$100,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2026/2027	Drainage Assets	Soldier Point Road, Soldiers Point: Upgrading the trunk drainage system at the intersection of Fleet St and Soldiers Point Rd	\$300,000
2026/2027	Drainage Assets	Soldier Point Road, Soldiers Point: Pit upgrading and overflow pipe drainage system along Soldiers Point Road (from 211 Soldiers Point Road to Council's reserve between 225 & 227 Soldiers Point road)	\$250,000
2026/2027	Drainage Assets	Nelson Bay Road, Anna Bay: Widening of Fern Tree Drain (600m)- sub catchment 2, 3, 10 near Nelson Bay road.	\$800,000
2026/2027	Drainage Assets	LGA Wide: Future designs, planning and easements Tomaree, Tilligerry and Raymond Terrace	\$50,000
2026/2027	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIPs Various	\$50,000
2026/2027	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$2,300,000
2026/2027	Library Assets	Library Resource Agreement	\$250,000
2026/2027	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Renewals and replacements	\$90,000
2026/2027	Multipurpose Community Facilities (SRV)	Community Building Assets – Birubi Point Tourist Information Centre/Interchange, Anna Bay	\$3,000,000
2026/2027	Parks and Reserve	Parks and Reserve Assets - Lemon Tree Passage Boardwalk upgrades	\$180,000
2026/2027	Pathways (SRV)	Medowie – Medowie Rd from Ferodale Rd to South St intersection AND Waropara Rd from Ferodale Rd to school	\$500,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Ferodale Road, Medowie. Access road full length and carpark reconstruction	\$330,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Tumut Street - SEG 10 - Raymond Terrace	\$70,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Watt Street - SEG 10 - Richardson Road to Troman Street, Raymond Terrace	\$355,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Newline Road - seg 290- East Seaham 1090 Newline Rd to 1145 Newline Rd	\$458,728
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Italia Road - SEG 120 - Balickera From 436 ITALIA RD to 474 ITALIA RD	\$341,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Gan Gan Road - Eucalyptus Dr to Reflections Dr - One Mile	\$550,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Project Design and Investigation	\$300,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Regional Roads	\$500,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets	Traffic Committee road safety project	\$150,000
2026/2027	Pavement Reseals	Pavement Reseal	\$1,600,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Gan Gan Road - 300m N Hanna Parade to Frost Road - One Mile (excl. Eucalyptus Drive to Reflections Drive)	\$600,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Boomerang Park 2 carpark, RAYMOND TERRACE	\$271,187
2026/2027	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. King Park Sports Complex 2 carpark, RAYMOND TERRACE	\$273,836
2026/2027	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Nelson Bay Pony Club carpark, ANNA BAY	\$73,195
2026/2027	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation Clarencetown Road Seg 40, Woodville	\$250,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Paterson Road - SEG 70 – Woodville	\$600,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Hunter Street - SEG 40 - Hinton	\$80,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$350,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. DAVIS ROAD, Swan Bay	\$372,614
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. DANIEL CRESENT, Lemon Tree Passage	\$29,101

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. SIR KEITH PLACE, Karuah – Stage 1	\$31,066
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. SIR KEITH PLACE, Karuah – Stage 2	\$20,006
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. RINGWOOD ROAD, Ferodale – Stage 1	\$96,154
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. RINGWOOD ROAD, Ferodale – Stage 1	\$928,627
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. KILLALOE LANE, Eagleton	\$382,454
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Bagnalls Beach Reserve 3 Carpark. Corlette	\$63,312
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Gibber Point Reserve Carpark. Lemon Tree Passage	\$78,448
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	Pavement Reseal - Additional SRV program	\$500,000
2026/2027	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Boronia Gardens - Replacement	\$90,000
2026/2027	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Seaham Park - Replacement	\$150,000
2026/2027	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Garden Place Reserve - Replacement	\$90,000
2026/2027	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Conroy Park - Replacement	\$150,00
2026/2027	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Fingal Bay Foreshore Amenities - Replacement	\$150,000
2026/2027	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and King Street – Upgrade William street between Sturgeon and King Street and King Street revitalisation	\$1,000,000
2026/2027	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Nelson Bay - Implement Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy	\$2,500,000
2027/2028	Administration/ Property Assets	Property - Administration Building - Refurbishment Program – Stage 10	\$250,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2027/2028	Aquatic Centres	Swimming Pool Assets - Renewals and replacements	\$100,000
2027/2028	Drainage Assets	Cookes Parade. LTP: Construction of a secondary drainage outlet from Cookes Pde reserve to the boat remp.	\$100,000
2027/2028	Drainage Assets	Stockton Street, Nelson Bay: Extending and upgrading the drainage system infront of Cinema complex to Donald Street drainage system	\$300,000
2027/2028	Drainage Assets	Heritage Avenue, Medowie: Upgrading the culvert Under Heritage Ave	\$200,000
2027/2028	Drainage Assets	Adelaide Street, Raymond Terrace: Upgrading the drainage system along Adelaide Street between Kio-Ora Street and Coonanbarra Street	\$300,000
2027/2028	Drainage Assets	LGA wide: Rehabilitation of KIPs Various	\$50,000
2027/2028	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Hall Assets - Renewals and replacements	\$100,000
2026/2027	Multipurpose Community Facilities (SRV)	Community Building Assets – Arts Centre Development, Raymond Terrace	\$500,000
2027/2028	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserve Assets - Corlette Point Park - Bore replacement	\$20,000
2027/2028	Parks and Reserves	Parks and Reserve Assets - Renewals and replacements	\$100,000
2027/2028	Pathways (SRV)	Medowie – Medowie Rd from Ferodale Rd to South St intersection AND Waropara Rd from Ferodale Rd to school	\$500,000
2027/2028	Pathways (SRV)	Brandy Hill – New pathways connection	\$2,000,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Paterson Road - SEG 50 - 765 Paterson Road to 831 Paterson Road, Woodville	\$370,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction Sunset blvd- Soldiers Point Ridgeway Ave to Brown Ave - Widening and K&G	\$756,228

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Mount Hall Road - SEG 30 - 24 Mount Hall Rd to 44 Mount Hall Road, Raymond Terrace	\$230,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Marsh Road - SEG 20 - Bobs Farm From MARSH RD to MARSH RD	\$195,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Project Design and Investigation	\$290,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Regional Roads	\$500,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Traffic Committee road safety project	\$150,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Elizabeth Ave - SEG 20 - Raymond Terrace	\$130,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets	Shared path construction - Sandy Point Road. Foreshore Drive to Worimi Drive, Salamander Bay.	\$355,000
2027/2028	Pavement Reseals	Pavement Reseal	\$1,600,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Little Beach Reserve 1 carpark, NELSON BAY	\$812,632
2027/2028	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Robinson Reserve carpark, ANNA BAY	\$232,502
2027/2028	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Watt Street - SEG 30 - Raymond Terrace	\$250,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Nobles Road - Seg 10 to 40 widen and seal	\$352,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Clarencetown Road - SEG 270 - Seaham Langlands Rd to Tumbledown Creek	\$800,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Gloucester Street - SEG 20 - Corlette	\$200,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$350,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. RALSTONS ROAD, Nelsons Plains – Stage 1	\$90,624
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. RALSTONS ROAD, Nelsons Plains – Stage 2	\$699,586

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Bagnalls Beach Reserve 2 Carpark. Corlette	\$97,632
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Bagnalls Beach Reserve 1 Carpark. Corlette	\$59,328
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Laidler Walk Reserve Carpark. Nelson Bay	\$11,040
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. One Mile Beach Reserve 1 Carpark. One Mil	\$112,896
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Birubi Beach Reserve (Birubit Point Carpark) Carpark. Anna Bay	\$228,720
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Noamunga Reserve Carpark. Boat Harbour – Stage 1	\$42,144
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Noamunga Reserve Carpark. Boat Harbour – Stage 2	\$42,144
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Little Beach Reserve 2 Carpark. Nelson Bay	\$63,168
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Soldiers Point Car Parking	\$500,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Donald St Car Park 2 Carpark. Nelson Bay	\$55,584
2027/2028	Pavement Reseals (SRV)	Pavement Reseal - Additional SRV program	\$500,000
2027/2028	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Birubi Sands - Replacement	\$90,000
2027/2028	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Longworth Park - Replacement	\$150,000
2027/2028	Playgrounds	Playground Assets - Georges Reserve - Replacement	\$150,000
2027/2028	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Tanilba Park Amenities - Replacement	\$150,000
2027/2028	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Fern Bay Amenities – Replacement	\$140,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2028/2029	Aquatic Centres	Aquatic Centre Assets - Lakeside Leisure Centre - Heat pump replacements	\$200,000
2028/2029	Aquatic Centres	Aquatic Centre Assets - Tomaree Aquatic Centre - Repairs and replacements	\$150,000
2028/2029	Aquatic Structure	Aquatic Structure Assets - Little Beach Jetty - Retaining wall replacement	\$40,000
2028/2029	Drainage Assets	Shearman Avenue, Lemon Tree Passage: Upgrade the drainage system along Shearman Ave and construction of a small detention basin	\$150,000
2028/2029	Fleet Assets	Fleet Replacement	\$2,300,000
2028/2029	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Building Assets - RTCC Centre - Repairs and replacements	\$75,000
2028/2029	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Building Assets - Emergency Services - Repairs and replacements	\$55,000
2028/2029	Multipurpose Community Facilities	Community Building Assets - Raymond Terrace Activity Van - Roof replacement	\$30,000
2028/2029	Multipurpose Community Facilities (SRV)	Community Building Assets – Arts Centre Development, Raymond Terrace	\$1,500,000
2028/2029	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction President Poincare Parade, Tanilba Bay. Reconstruction inc widening and K&G. King Albert to Peace Parade	\$423,728
2028/2029	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Bagnall Beach Road - SEG 170 – Corlette From SERGEANT BAKER DR to 40 BAGNALL BEACH RD	\$340,000
2028/2029	Pavement Assets	Project Design and Investigation	\$290,000
2028/2029	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Regional Roads	\$500,000
2028/2029	Pavement Assets	Traffic Committee road safety project	\$150,000
2028/2029	Pavement Assets	Pavement Reconstruction Montevideo Parade - Nelson Bay - widening and K&G	\$705,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2028/2029	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Swan Bay Road - SEG 60 - 250 Swan Bay Road to 299 Swan Bay Road, Swan Bay	\$260,000
2028/2029	Pavement Assets	Pavement Rehabilitation. Benjamin Lee Drive - SEG 50 - Raymond Terrace From 83 BENJAMIN LEE DR to 92 BENJAMIN LEE DR	\$180,000
2028/2029	Pavement Reseals	Pavement Reseal	\$1,600,000
2028/2029	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Tomaree Sports Complex 1 carpark, NELSON BAY	\$586,114
2028/2029	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Tomaree Sports Complex 4 carpark, NELSON BAY	\$546,480
2028/2029	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Tomaree Sports Complex 3 carpark, NELSON BAY	\$742,550
2028/2029	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Mount Hall Road - SEG 40 - Raymond Terrace	\$230,000
2028/2029	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction King Albert Avenue- Tanilba Bay. Reconstruction from Ave of the Allies to School	\$653,728
2028/2029	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$250,000
2028/2029	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. IBIS LANE, Mallabula	\$26,870
2028/2029	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. LILLIES ROAD, Swan Bay	\$935,605
2028/2029	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. FOREST ROAD, Duns Creek – Stage 1	\$216,461
2028/2029	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. FOREST ROAD, Duns Creek – Stage 2	\$84,480
2028/2029	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Anzac Park (Shoal Bay) Carpark. Shoal Bay	\$227,712
2028/2029	Pavement Reseals (SRV)	Pavement Reseal - Additional SRV program	\$500,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2028/2029	Playground	Playground Assets - Little Beach, Nelson Bay - Replacement	\$150,000
2028/2029	Playground	Playground Assets - Feeney Park, Raymond Terrace - Replacement	\$80,000
2028/2029	Public Amenities	Public Amenities Assets - Tomago Amenities - Replacement	\$120,000
2028/2029	Sports Facilities	Sports Assets – Tomaree Sports Complex - Irrigation upgrades	\$100,000

Attachment 5: Capital Works Program 2019-2029 SRV Only

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2020/2021	Ancillary	Street Lighting – Lamp replacement	\$1,000,000
0004/0000	Assets (SRV)	program to LED	* =00.000
2021/2022	Ancillary	Street Lighting – Lamp replacement	\$500,000
2022/2023	Assets (SRV) Ancillary	program to LED Street Lighting – Lamp replacement	\$500,000
2022/2023	Assets (SRV)	program to LED	\$500,000
2020/2021	Aquatic	Foreshore Improvements - Little	\$1,400,000
2020/2021	Structures	Beach, Nelson Bay - boat ramp	ψ1,+00,000
	(SRV)	upgrade and sand backpassing	
2021/2022	Aquatic	Foreshore Improvements - Soldier's	\$200,000
	Structures	Point – Foreshore revetment and	+
	(SRV)	pathway west of Thou Walla Retreat	
2022/2023	Aquatic	Foreshore Improvements – Waterfront	\$500,000
	Structures	Road, Swan Bay - revetment wall	
	(SRV)	upgrade	
2020/2021	Depot (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and Nelson Bay	\$1,500,000
		depot relocation	
2021/2022	Depot (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and Nelson Bay	\$2,000,000
	- (depot relocation	.
2022/2023	Depot (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and Nelson Bay	\$1,500,000
0040/0000		depot relocation	* 0.000.000
2019/2020	Drainage	Shoal Bay Drainage Stage 2 –	\$2,000,000
	Assets (SRV)	Detention Basin Horace/Government	
2020/2021	Multipurpaga	Road, kerb inlet and infiltration pits	\$500,000
2020/2021	Multipurpose Community	Community Building Assets – Mallabula Hall, Mallabula - facilities	\$500,000
	Facilities	upgrade	
	(SRV)	apgrado	
2026/2027	Multipurpose	Community Building Assets – Birubi	\$3,000,000
	Community	Point Tourist Information	
	Facilities	Centre/Interchange, Anna Bay	
	(SRV)		
2027/2028	Multipurpose	Community Building Assets – Arts	\$500,000
	Community	Centre Development, Raymond	
	Facilities	Terrace	
	(SRV)		* 4 = 00 000
2028/2029	Multipurpose	Community Building Assets – Arts	\$1,500,000
	Community Facilities	Centre Development, Raymond Terrace	
	(SRV)	Tenace	
2019/2020	Parks and	Parks and Reserves Assets -	\$71,432
2010/2020	Reserves	Henderson Park, Lemon Tree Passage	φ11,432
	(SRV)	- BBQs, shelter and seating	
2019/2020	Parks and	Parks and Reserves Assets - Fingal	\$71,428
_	Reserves	Bay Foreshore - BBQs, shelter and	, , –
	(SRV)	seating	

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Parks and Reserves Assets -Caswell Reserve, Mallabulla - BBQs, shelter and seating	\$71,428
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Parks and Reserves Assets - George Reserve, Soldiers Point - BBQs, shelter and seating	\$71,428
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Parks and Reserves Assets - Memorial Park, Karuah - BBQs, shelter and seating	\$71,428
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Parks and Reserves Assets - Boomerang Park, Raymond Terrace - BBQs, shelter and seating	\$71,428
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Parks and Reserves Assets - Medowie Town Centre - BBQs, shelter and seating	\$71,428
2019/2020	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Foreshore Improvements - Conroy Park, Corlette - Coastal Process Study - Precinct 1-4 outcomes	\$500,000
2020/2021	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Foreshore Improvements - Conroy Park, Corlette - Coastal Process Study - Precinct 1-4 outcomes	\$100,000
2021/2022	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Foreshore Improvements - Conroy Park, Corlette - Coastal Process Study - Precinct 1-4 outcomes	\$100,000
2021/2022	Parks and Reserves (SRV)	Parks and Reserves Assets – Gibber Point Reserve, Lemon Tree Passage and Tilligerry Habitat and Caswell Reserve, Mallabula - bank stabilisation, vegetation and repair	\$200,000
2019/2020	Pathways (SRV)	Anna Bay – two missing links on Gan Gan Road	\$700,000
2019/2020	Pathways (SRV)	Medowie – Medowie Rd from Ferodale Rd to South St intersection AND Waropara Rd from Ferodale Rd to school	\$1,500,000
2019/2020	Pathways (SRV)	Raymond Terrace – multiple missing links across suburb	\$400,000
2019/2020	Pathways (SRV)	Tilligerry - The missing Mallabula to Lemon Tree Passage link, LTP Boat ramp to Rudd Reserve, shared waterfront path between Swan Street, Tanilba Bay and Tanilba Sailing Club	\$1,000,000
2020/2021	Pathways (SRV)	Shoal Bay Foreshore - missing link from Shoal Bay centre towards Nelson Bay past Anzac Park	\$2,000,000
2020/2021	Pathways (SRV)	Raymond Terrace – multiple missing links across suburb	\$600,000
2025/2026	Pathways (SRV)	Shoal Bay Foreshore - missing link from Shoal Bay centre towards Nelson Bay past Anzac Park	\$500,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2026/2027	Pathways (SRV)	Medowie – Medowie Rd from Ferodale Rd to South St intersection AND Waropara Rd from Ferodale Rd to school.	\$500,000
2027/2028	Pathways (SRV)	Medowie – Medowie Rd from Ferodale Rd to South St intersection AND Waropara Rd from Ferodale Rd to school.	\$500,000
2027/2028	Pathways (SRV)	Brandy Hill – New pathways connection	\$2,000,000
2019/2020	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$90,000
2020/2021	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$150,000
2021/2022	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$220,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Hinton Road - Guardrail construction - 840 to 842 Hinton Road, Hinton	\$180,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Tomaree Road - SRV for additional works to extend pavement life	\$200,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Ocean Ave Reserve carpark, ANNA BAY	\$42,614
2022/2023	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$220,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Hinton Road -Driveway widening and drain reconstruction - 355 Hinton Road, Hinton	\$210,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. School Drive, Tomago.	\$300,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Campbell Avenue - Gan Gan Rd to old Main Road, Anna Bay inc kerb and drainage repairs	\$250,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Italia Road - SEG 130 - 467 Italia Road to 517 Italia Road, Balickera	\$400,000
2023/2024	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$320,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Tuna Crescent and Market Street, Fingal Bay.	\$800,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Foster Park carpark, TANILBA BAY	\$75,072
2024/2025	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Phillip Street - SEG 20 - Anne Street to Elizabeth Avenue, Raymond Terrace	\$300,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2024/2025	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$320,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. John Parade, LTP 10 to 22 John Parade	\$240,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Longworth Park carpark, KARUAH	\$183,021
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Stuart Park carpark, HINTON	\$104,328
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Karuah RFS carpark, KARUAH	\$14,683
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Boyd Oval carpark, MEDOWIE	\$57,456
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Bagnalls Beach Reserve 1 carpark, CORLETTE	\$106,790
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Marsh Road - SEG 180 - Bobs Farm From 724 MARSH RD to 777 MARSH RD	\$395,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Old Farm Road - Medowie	\$100,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Yangoora Close - SEG 10 & 20 - Medowie	\$140,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Grey Gum Street - SEG 10 - Medowie From 370 to end 620	\$160,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Hanna Parade seg 10, One Mile	\$100,000
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Morna Point Road- Anna Bay. Reconstruction nth to Ocean Avenue	\$563,728
2025/2026	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$340,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Gan Gan Road - 300m N Hanna Parade to Frost Road - One Mile (excl. Eucalyptus Drive to Reflections Drive)	\$600,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Boomerang Park 2 carpark, RAYMOND TERRACE	\$271,187
2026/2027	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. King Park Sports Complex 2 carpark, RAYMOND TERRACE	\$273,836
2026/2027	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Nelson Bay Pony Club carpark, ANNA BAY	\$73,195
2026/2027	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation Clarencetown Road Seg 40, Woodville	\$250,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Paterson Road - SEG 70 – Woodville	\$600,000
2026/2027	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Hunter Street - SEG 40 - Hinton	\$80,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2026/2027	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$350,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Little Beach Reserve 1 carpark, NELSON BAY	\$812,632
2027/2028	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Robinson Reserve carpark, ANNA BAY	\$232,502
2027/2028	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Watt Street - SEG 30 - Raymond Terrace	\$250,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Nobles Road - Seg 10 to 40 widen and seal	\$352,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Clarencetown Road - SEG 270 - Seaham Langlands Rd to Tumbledown Creek	\$800,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Gloucester Street - SEG 20 - Corlette	\$200,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$350,000
2028/2029	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Tomaree Sports Complex 1 carpark, NELSON BAY	\$586,114
2028/2029	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Tomaree Sports Complex 4 carpark, NELSON BAY	\$546,480
2028/2029	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction. Tomaree Sports Complex 3 carpark, NELSON BAY	\$742,550
2028/2029	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Rehabilitation. Mount Hall Road - SEG 40 - Raymond Terrace	\$230,000
2028/2029	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Pavement Reconstruction King Albert Avenue- Tanilba Bay. Reconstruction from Ave of the Allies to School	\$653,728
2028/2029	Pavement Assets (SRV)	Future works investigation, survey and design	\$250,000
2019/2020	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. SWAN BAY ROAD, Swan Bay	\$410,000
2020/2021	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. EAST SEAHAM ROAD, East Seaham	\$850,000
2021/2022	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. EAST SEAHAM ROAD, East Seaham	\$1,780,000
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. SWAN BAY ROAD, Swan Bay	\$914,570
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. DUNS CREEK ROAD, Duns Creek	\$221,184

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. DUNS CREEK ROAD, Duns Creek	\$263,424
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Brandon Park Carpark. Seaham	\$64,176
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Bowthorne Park Carpark. Wallalong	\$15,360
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Lionel Morten Oval Carpark. Karuah	\$88,704
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Old Wharf Park Carpark. Salt Ash	\$3,840
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Williamtown Park Carpark. Williamtown	\$25,104
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Foster Park Carpark. Tanilba Bay	\$32,640
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Peace Park Carpark. Tanilba Bay	\$43,344
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Caswell Reserve Carpark. Mallabula	\$72,576
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Rookes Point Reserve Carpark. Mallabula	\$49,968
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Tilligerry Tennis Club Carpark. Mallabula	\$113,424
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Rudd Reserve Carpark. Lemon Tree Passage	\$29,424
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Nyrang Reserve Carpark. Lemon Tree Passage	\$33,024
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Lilli Pilli Park Carpark. Lemon Tree Passage	\$20,880
2022/2023	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. LTP Old School Centre Carpark. Lemon Tree Passage	\$15,744
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. FERODALE ROAD, Medowie	\$64,882

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. LORNA STREET, Fishermans Bay	\$17,280
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. ELIZABETH STREET (HIN), Hinton	\$16,042
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. OLD PUNT ROAD (HIN), Hinton	\$234,240
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. BORONIA ROAD, Karuah	\$33,869
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. BORONIA ROAD, Karuah	\$71,232
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. CARLISLE CRESENT, Karuah	\$43,392
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. FRANKLIN STREET, Karuah	\$114,816
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. THE PARKWAY, Mallabula	\$36,173
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. MALCOLM ROAD, Karuah	\$18,432
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. RIVERSIDE DRIVE, Karuah	\$161,741
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. ROUND HILL CRESENT, Karuah	\$104,602
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. BLANCH STREET (LTP), Lemon Tree Passage	\$5,184
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. PACIFIC AVENUE, Anna Bay	\$11,981
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. BAY STREET (MALL), Mallabula	\$19,392
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. WATERSLEIGH AVENUE, Mallabula	\$25,958
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. ANN STREET (HIN), Hinton	\$11,923

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. MIDDLE CRESENT, Seaham	\$80,755
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. SCOTT STREET (SEAH), Seaham	\$44,160
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. TORRENCE STREET, Seaham	\$140,122
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Boomerang Park 1 Carpark. Raymond Terrace	\$113,472
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Tomago Boat Ramp Carpark. Tomago	\$125,232
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Bettles Park 2 Carpark. Raymond Terrace	\$32,256
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Bettles Park 1 Carpark. Raymond Terrace	\$4,944
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Ferodale Sports Complex Carpark. Medowie	\$273,216
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Boyd Oval Carpark. Medowie	\$38,304
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Elaine Hurst Oval Carpark. Medowie	\$148,128
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Medowie Community Pre School Carpark. Medowie	\$7,248
2023/2024	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Medowie RFS 2 Carpark. Medowie	\$21,024
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. DUNS CREEK ROAD, Duns Creek – Stage 3	\$858,394
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. WIGHTON STREET, Seaham	\$552,115
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. HOLDOM ROAD, Karuah	\$30,720
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. PRESIDENT POINCARE PARADE, Tanilba Bay	\$58,675

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. TROTTERS ROAD, Bobs Farm	\$44,640
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. CROMARTY LANE, Bobs Farm	\$100,000
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Salt Ash Sportsground Carpark. Salt Ash	\$108,816
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Anna Bay Oval Carpark. Anna Bay	\$148,224
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Nelson Bay Pony Club Carpark. Anna Bay	\$31,824
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Korora Oval Carpark. Salamander Bay	\$56,736
2024/2025	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Bob Cairns Reserve Carpark. Salamander Bay	\$14,784
2025/2026	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. OLD SWAN BAY ROAD, Ferodale	\$1,994,994
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. DAVIS ROAD, Swan Bay	\$372,614
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. DANIEL CRESENT, Lemon Tree Passage	\$29,101
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. SIR KEITH PLACE, Karuah – Stage 1	\$31,066
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. SIR KEITH PLACE, Karuah – Stage 2	\$20,006
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. RINGWOOD ROAD, Ferodale – Stage 1	\$96,154
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. RINGWOOD ROAD, Ferodale – Stage 1	\$928,627
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. KILLALOE LANE, Eagleton	\$382,454
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Bagnalls Beach Reserve 3 Carpark. Corlette	\$63,312

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Gibber Point Reserve Carpark. Lemon Tree Passage	\$78,448
2026/2027	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	Pavement Reseal - Additional SRV program	\$500,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. RALSTONS ROAD, Nelsons Plains – Stage 1	\$90,624
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. RALSTONS ROAD, Nelsons Plains – Stage 2	\$699,586
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Bagnalls Beach Reserve 2 Carpark. Corlette	\$97,632
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Bagnalls Beach Reserve 1 Carpark. Corlette	\$59,328
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Laidler Walk Reserve Carpark. Nelson Bay	\$11,040
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. One Mile Beach Reserve 1 Carpark. One Mil	\$112,896
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Birubi Beach Reserve (Birubit Point Carpark) Carpark. Anna Bay	\$228,720
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Noamunga Reserve Carpark. Boat Harbour – Stage 1	\$42,144
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Noamunga Reserve Carpark. Boat Harbour – Stage 2	\$42,144
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Little Beach Reserve 2 Carpark. Nelson Bay	\$63,168
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Soldiers Point Car Parking	\$500,000
2027/2028	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Donald St Car Park 2 Carpark. Nelson Bay	\$55,584
2028/2029	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. IBIS LANE, Mallabula	\$26,870
2028/2029	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. LILLIES ROAD, Swan Bay	\$935,605

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2028/2029	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. FOREST ROAD, Duns Creek – Stage 1	\$216,461
2028/2029	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. FOREST ROAD, Duns Creek – Stage 2	\$84,480
2028/2029	Pavement Assets First Seal (SRV)	First Seal. Anzac Park (Shoal Bay) Carpark. Shoal Bay	\$227,712
2021/2022	Pavement Reseals (SRV	Pavement Reseal - Additional SRV program	\$500,000
2022/2023	Pavement Reseals (SRV)	Pavement Reseal - Additional SRV program	\$500,000
2023/2024	Pavement Reseals (SRV)	Pavement Reseal - Additional SRV program	\$500,000
2024/2025	Pavement Reseals (SRV)	Pavement Reseal - Additional SRV program	\$500,000
2025/2026	Pavement Reseals (SRV)	Pavement Reseal - Additional SRV program	\$500,000
2027/2028	Pavement Reseals (SRV)	Pavement Reseal - Additional SRV program	\$500,000
2028/2029	Pavement Reseals (SRV)	Pavement Reseal - Additional SRV program	\$500,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Bettles Park, Raymond Terrace – Replacement	\$100,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Shoal Bay West Foreshore Public Amenities - Replacement	\$180,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Longworth Park, Karuah Amenities – Replacement	\$120,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Neil Carroll Park, Nelson Bay - Replacement	\$120,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Memorial Park, Karuah - Relocation to Aliceton Reserve	\$180,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Henderson Park, Lemon Tree Passage - Public Amenities - Replacement	\$120,000
2019/2020	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Fingal Bay North Foreshore Amenities – Replacement	\$180,000
2020/2021	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - George Reserve, Soldiers Point Amenities - Replacement	\$130,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2020/2021	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Spencer Park, Soldiers Point Amenities - Replacement	\$140,000
2020/2021	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets – Little Beach, Nelson Bay - Replacement	\$200,000
2020/2021	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - One Mile Beach - Replacement	\$200,000
2020/2021	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets - Shoal Bay East Foreshore – Replacement	\$140,000
2020/2021	Public Amenities (SRV)	Public Amenities Assets – Medowie Town Centre	\$190,000
2019/2020	Sports Facilities (SRV)	Sports Assets – Stuart Park, Hinton - Multipurpose sports amenities building	\$800,000
2023/2024	Sports Facilities (SRV)	Sports Assets – Tomaree Sports Complex, Salamander Bay - Masterplan projects	\$3,000,000
2024/2025	Sports Facilities (SRV)	Sports Assets – King Park Sports Complex, Raymond Terrace - Masterplan projects	\$2,000,000
2025/2026	Sports Facilities (SRV)	Sports Assets – King Park Sports Complex, Raymond Terrace - Masterplan projects	\$1,000,000
2019/2020	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and King Street – Upgrade William street between Sturgeon and King Street and King Street revitalisation	\$375,000
2019/2020	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Nelson Bay - Implement Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy	\$375,000
2019/2020	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Karuah – Mustons Road culvert widening and pedestrian walkway and provide main street vista	\$500,000
2019/2020	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Lemon Tree Passage – Implement McCann Park improvements and provide main street vista	\$500,000
2019/2020	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Seaham – Bus stop interchange	\$500,000
2020/2021	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and King Street – Upgrade William street between Sturgeon and King Street and King Street revitalisation	\$375,000
2020/2021	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Nelson Bay - Implement Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy	\$375,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2020/2021	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Karuah – Mustons Road culvert widening and pedestrian walkway and provide main street vista	\$1,500,000
2020/2021	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Lemon Tree Passage – Implement McCann Park improvements and provide main street vista	\$1,500,000
2021/2022	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and King Street – Upgrade William street between Sturgeon and King Street and King Street revitalisation	\$3,000,000
2021/2022	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Nelson Bay - Implement Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy	\$2,000,000
2021/2022	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Fingal Bay – Provide main street vista and access along and to Market Street	\$500,000
2021/2022	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Fern Bay – Pathways for pedestrian access	\$1,000,000
2022/2023	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and King Street – Upgrade William street between Sturgeon and King Street and King Street revitalisation	\$3,000,000
2022/2023	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Nelson Bay - Implement Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy	\$2,000,000
2022/2023	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Medowie – enhance the town centre as a focus for commercial and community activity and Review purchase of land for centrally located open space and drainage works	\$500,000
2022/2023	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Anna Bay – Provide main street vista	\$250,000
2023/2024	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and King Street – Upgrade William street between Sturgeon and King Street and King Street revitalisation	\$1,500,000
2023/2024	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Nelson Bay - Implement Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy	\$2,500,000
2023/2024	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Medowie – enhance the town centre as a focus for commercial and community activity and Review purchase of land for centrally located open space and drainage works	\$2,250,000
2023/2024	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Anna Bay – Provide main street vista	\$1,000,000

Year	Asset Category	Project Description	Estimate
2024/2025	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and King Street – Upgrade William street between Sturgeon and King Street and King Street revitalisation	\$1,750,000
2024/2025	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Nelson Bay - Implement Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy	\$2,750,000
2024/2025	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Medowie – enhance the town centre as a focus for commercial and community activity and Review purchase of land for centrally located open space and drainage works	\$2,250,000
2024/2025	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Anna Bay – Provide main street vista	\$750,000
2025/2026	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and King Street – Upgrade William street between Sturgeon and King Street and King Street revitalisation	\$1,000,000
2025/2026	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Nelson Bay - Implement Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy	\$2,500,000
2026/2027	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Raymond Terrace and King Street – Upgrade William street between Sturgeon and King Street and King Street revitalisation	\$1,000,000
2026/2027	Town Centre Improvements (SRV)	Nelson Bay - Implement Nelson Bay Town Centre and Foreshore Strategy	\$2,500,000